BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Tom Kever Finance Director

Miguel Gutierrez Elizabeth Mariano Erika Rodriguez

AUDITORS

McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman Accountants and Consultants 150 Cayuga Street, Suite 1 Salinas, CA 93901

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA Basic Financial Statements Table of Contents

enderen in der eine der eine eine eine eine eine eine eine ei	<u>je</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Transmittal Letter	i
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report1	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3
Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets	
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:22 Balance Sheet24	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Assets	6 3
In Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	1
Statement of Cash Flows	1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	3 5
#1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	5 9
#4. Taxes Receivable	9
#7. Interfund Transactions66 #8. Loans Receivable64 #9. Land Held for Resale	4
#10. Capital Assets	6 9
#13. Deferred Compensation Plan	9

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA Basic Financial Statements Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
#15. Post Employment Benefits	75
#16. Self-Insurance	
#17. Lease Obligations	76
#18. Long Term Debt	77
#19. Legal Liability on Assessment Bonds Payable	89
#20. Restricted Net Assets	
#21. Deficit Fund Equities	
#22. Joint Venture – Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority	y90
#23. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities	91
#24. Subsequent Events	93
Required Supplementary Information	95
Budgetary Policy and Control	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund & Measure	V102
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - HUD Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Development Fees Fund	104
Schedule of Funding Progress – Retirement Programs	105
California Public Employees' Retirement Plan	107
New York Life Retirement Plan	108
Claims Development – Self-Insurance Programs:	109
Health Insurance	110
Worker's Compensation Insurance	111
Liability Insurance	112
Supplementary Information	113
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	115
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	124
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	130
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes i	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Etdenten Franke	
Agency Funds:	133
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
"Rally Salinas" Library Donations:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	136
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	137
General and Measure V Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	140
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes	in Fund Bal141

January 29, 2008

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Salinas, California

We are pleased to submit the City of Salinas (City) Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all notes and disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

While traditionally addressed to the governing body of the City, this report is intended to provide relevant financial information to the residences of the City of Salinas, City staff, creditors, investors and other concerned readers. We encourage all readers to contact the Department of Finance with any questions or comments concerning this report.

McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman, a firm of certified public accountants have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

This report is divided into two sections:

- The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal and an organizational overview of the City government.
- The **Financial Section** consists of the independent auditors' report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements (which include the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements, Notes to Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information) and other supplementary information.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

In defining the reporting entity, we have included the City's component unit, the Salinas Redevelopment Agency, because the City Council has financial accountability for this entity. Please refer to the Notes to Financial Statements for a more detailed discussion of the component units. There are no other governmental units over which the City Council has financial accountability.

The City of Salinas acts as fiscal agent for Sunrise House and the Second Chance Youth Program. Therefore, the financial information of these agencies is included in the Fiduciary Funds in the accompanying financial statements.

The City of Salinas was incorporated as a charter city on March 4, 1874, and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City is governed by a six member Council elected by districts for four-year alternating terms and a Mayor elected at large for a two-year term. The Council appoints the City Attorney and the City Manager who is responsible for day-to-day administration of the City under the policy direction of the Council.

The City of Salinas is the county seat of Monterey County, and is located in the Central Coast region of California, 17 miles inland from the Monterey Bay, 325 miles north of Los Angeles and 106 miles south of San Francisco. Salinas is a charter city providing all typical City services: Public safety-police and fire, Public Works-maintenance services (streets, lighting, signals, facilities, parks and trees), development and permit services, current and advanced planning and traffic and facilities engineering, Library, Recreation and General administrative services. Business-type City services include: a Municipal Airport, Industrial Waste system, Golf (two municipal golf courses), Sanitary Sewer and Storm Drain systems, Water Utility and a Downtown Parking District. The State Department of Finance reports the City's population at 149,539, as of January 1, 2007. The City employs about 659 persons on a full time basis.

Salinas is served by three elementary school districts, a unified high school district and several private schools at both the primary and secondary level. Hartnell College, a State Community College, offers two-year degrees and occupational certificate programs. California State University Monterey Bay is located less than 15 miles away on the former Fort Ord site. Graduate studies through Golden Gate University, Monterey Institute of International Studies and Chapman College are available nearby. Also in the area are Moss Landing Marine Laboratory, Monterey College of Law, Stanford University's Hopkins Marine Station and San Jose State University.

Salinas has extensive health and medical services with two of Monterey County's four hospitals located within the City. Salinas also offers skilled nursing and convalescent homes and residential retirement facilities for seniors, as well as over 200 practicing physicians.

Fire protection and basic and advanced life support are provided by the City's full service Fire Department. Advanced life support services are provided by the Fire Department's paramedic program with new funding being provided from a countywide ambulance contract. The City of

Salinas has a well-equipped, fully staffed Police Department and receives additional support, as required, from the Monterey County Sheriff's Office.

The City's moderate climate encourages year-round use of its 550 plus acres of municipal parks, which include golf courses, tennis courts and swimming pools. The Salinas Community Center regularly hosts symphonies, ballets, concerts and conventions. Salinas is host to the annual Steinbeck Festival, the California Rodeo, and the California International Airshow. Salinas has a modern California Sports Complex and the National Steinbeck Center. Surrounding Salinas are diverse recreational opportunities including beautiful beaches and the world famed golf courses of the Monterey Bay Peninsula.

As the retail hub of the Central Coast, Salinas enjoys a wide selection and diversity in its stores. Northridge Shopping Center contains over 120 specialty shops and four major department stores – Macy's, Sears, J.C. Penney and Mervyns. Best Buy opened during July 2006 at the Northridge Shopping Center. Harden Ranch Plaza includes Target, Safeway, specialty stores, restaurants, and banking institutions. The Westridge Shopping Center is home to Costco, Wal-Mart, Office Max, Save mart and a variety of national chain restaurants. The Salinas Auto Center houses nine local dealers. In October 2007, Home Depot and Circuit City moved their operations from Harden Ranch Plaza to the Auto Center area to join the newly open Kohl's and other specialty stores. Additionally, Salinas' location allows quick access to the Monterey Peninsula, as well as the San Jose area.

The City utilizes various Boards and Commissions in the conduct of its affairs. Commissions established by City Ordinance are:

- Equal Opportunity Commission
- Airport Commission
- Recreation-Parks Commission
- Library Commission
- Traffic and Transportation Commission
- Planning Commission
- Youth Commission
- Measure V Committee

Boards and committees established by Resolution of the City Council are:

- Police Community Advisory Committee
- Animal Shelter Committee
- Design Review Board
- Board of Appeals
- Grievance Advisory Board

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting and budgeting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable. Expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received or the liabilities incurred. Accounting and budgeting for the City's proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis.

The City Council approves operating appropriations at the department and fund level prior to July 1, each year and may amend the budget during the fiscal year. Please refer to Required Supplementary Information to the financial statements for a more detailed discussion of budget policy and control.

Annual Financial Report

The purpose of the City's Annual Financial Report is to summarize the administrative and operational performance of the City during the previous fiscal year. The report is intended to highlight significant accomplishments that were achieved during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and to provide a financial analysis of City performance.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

As of June 30, 2007, capital assets, including infrastructure assets, of the City of Salinas totaled \$546.4 million; accumulated depreciation totaled \$240.6 million, with the difference providing net capital assets of \$305.8 million. Net capital assets of the City's governmental activities (general government) are \$157.5 million and net capital assets for the City's business-type activities (enterprise funds) are \$148.3 million.

Capital assets include buildings, infrastructure (streets, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, bridges, streetlights, traffic signals, etc.), improvements other than buildings (park improvements, etc.), and machinery and equipment.

During fiscal year 2006-07, depreciation expense on capital assets of the City's governmental activities (general government) was \$7.4 million and depreciation expense on capital assets of the City's business-type activities (enterprise funds) was \$6.0 million. Depreciation expense represents the amount at which assets are being used-up annually. Due to budget constraints over the years, the City has been unable to invest in the maintenance of capital assets at anywhere near the annual depreciation amount.

Please refer to the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for a complete discussion of the City's Capital Assets.

Long-term Debt Payable

At June 30, 2007, the City had \$102.2 million in long-term debt. Long-term debt includes liabilities for annual leave, long-term portion of Worker's Compensation claims payable, capital leases and notes and bonds payable. While the General Fund guarantees most of the City's long-term debt, other funds, agencies or property owners make the majority of principal and interest payments. Examples of other funds, agencies or property owners include, the Industrial Waste Fund, Golf Courses Fund, the Steinbeck Center, the Sanitary Sewer Fund, Salinas Redevelopment Agency property tax increments, payments from the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority for the installment sale of Crazy Horse landfill and payments from property owners who are included in the City's various assessment districts.

Please refer to the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for a complete discussion of the City's Long-term Debt.

Fund Financial Statements-General Government Fund Balances

Fiscal operations of the City are reflected in the Governmental Fund Types (General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects). Total resources available during the fiscal year of \$208,625,954, consists of fund balances at July 1, 2006 of \$81,045,874 and revenues of \$127,580,080. Other net financing sources totaled, \$1,292,536, including sources of \$1,084,000 from the Interfund loans and net transfers in of \$208,536 from non-governmental funds. Total resources expended during the fiscal year for governmental services were \$115,933,723. Fund balances were increased by \$12,938,893 to a total of \$93,984,767. This increase in fund balances is due to changes in the following governmental funds.

The General and Measure V Fund fund balance increased \$11,001,319 to \$36,193,669, of which \$23,871,001 is reserved and \$12,322,668 is unreserved. Unreserved fund balances total \$12,322,668, including the General Fund at \$10,243,212 and the Measure V Fund at \$2,079,456.

Measure V transactions and use tax is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund.

The General Fund unreserved fund balance of \$10,243,212 includes designated funds of \$7,316,669 and undesignated funds of \$2,926,543. The designated fund balance of \$7,316,669 includes taxes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable and other accrued resources, less long-term liabilities. These funds are designated for future year budgets: when the funds are available for expenditure or when the long-term liabilities become payable.

The General Fund undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543 is available for allocation and

expenditure at June 30, 2007. General Fund resources available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 total \$14,480,443, including the operating reserve of \$5,200,000, the capital projects reserve of \$6,353,900 and the undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543. General Fund reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes.

During the mid-year budget review in February 2008 staff will recommend the allocation of the June 30, 2007 General Fund budget carryover of \$2,906,410 as follows; 1) \$2,000,000 to the Operating Reserve; and 2) \$906,410 to the Capital Projects Reserve.

After the allocation of the June 30, 2007 budget carryover, General Fund reserves available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 are \$14,480,443, inclusive of a capital projects reserve for projects budgeted in both fiscal years 2007-08 and 2008-09 of \$7,260,310, an operating reserve of \$7,200,000 and an unreserved balance of \$20,133.

The City's three-year (2007-08 through 2009-10) budget projections assumes the \$7.2 million operating reserve will be exhausted as expenses will exceed revenues during this period. This fact was discussed with the recent approvals of MOUs adjusting employee compensation and further discussed with the policy determination to focus on economic development to enhance the City's revenue base.

The Measure V fund balance increased \$4,167,127 to \$6,370,030, of which \$4,290,574 is reserved and \$2,079,456 is unreserved but designated.

The Measure V unreserved fund balance of \$2,079,456 is designated. The designated fund balance includes taxes receivable and interest receivable. These funds are designated for future year budgets: when the funds are available for expenditure.

Measure V reserved fund balance at June 30, 2007 totals \$4,290,574, including reserves for encumbrances of \$2,296,816, capital projects of \$1,268,732 and carryover capital projects of \$725,026. Measure V reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes.

All Measure V funds collected in fiscal year 2006-07 have been spent, encumbered or budgeted for capital projects to be completed in fiscal year 2007-08.

The Housing and Urban Development Fund showed a slight decrease in fund balance of \$5,869 in fiscal year 2007. This fund tends to have minimal changes since grant revenues offset most of the expenditures.

The Development Fees Fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$360,059 reflecting the receipt of \$5,842,960 in fees and interest and spending \$5,482,901 on capital projects during fiscal year 2007. The Development Fees Fund Balance of \$17.8 million is budgeted in the City's six-year Capital Improvement Program budget for sewer, storm drain, park and street improvement projects related to the impact of development.

The Special Construction Assistance Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$777,187 due to expenditure of funds collected in the prior year for street rehabilitation projects.

The Capital Projects Fund is a \$2.0 million revolving fund used to advance capital project expenditures pending reimbursement from federal, state and other construction grants.

The Assessment District Debt Service Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$183,311 due to debt service payments made during the fiscal year from funds collected in the prior year.

Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in fund balances of \$2,543,822. Increases reported in the Central City and Sunset Avenue Debt Service and Housing funds of \$874,508 and \$1,450,291 respectively are the result of strong tax increments received during the year.

The combined fund balances for the governmental fund types aggregated \$93,984,767 at June 30, 2007. Portions of these fund balances were designated for certain services and multi-year capital projects. In addition, City policy and Federal/State mandates restrict the majority of these funds for specific purposes. Please refer to the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet for a detailed listing of reserved fund balances.

Fund Financial Statements-General Governmental Revenues

The current governmental operations of the City are accounted for in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project Funds. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, total revenues for general governmental functions totaled \$127,580,080, an increase of 17.72% over the previous fiscal year.

Property Tax revenue was the largest single category of revenue during this fiscal year, producing 20.75% of the combined governmental fund type revenues and 29.46% of General and Measure V Fund revenues. Property Tax revenue includes Property Tax-In-Lieu of VLF (2/3 of vehicle license fees) of \$11,281,580 that is now determined by the City's growth in assessed property values. In previous fiscal years, the vehicle license fee was determined by the City's population and reported in the Intergovernmental category.

Sales Tax was the second largest source of revenue this fiscal year producing 19.04% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Transactions and Use Tax (Measure V) represents 8.06% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Measure V transactions and use tax is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund. Combined, sales tax and transactions and use tax revenue total \$34,576,666 or 38.49% of General and Measure V Fund revenues.

Intergovernmental revenue was the third largest single category of revenue during the fiscal year producing 15.56% of the combined governmental fund revenues. Intergovernmental revenues consist of Vehicle Licenses Fees (1/3 of VLF), Federal and State Public Safety Funds, Federal Block Grants, State Gas Taxes and Federal and State Construction Grants.

Other Taxes produced 7.29% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Other Taxes include business license tax and franchise fees among others.

Utility User's Tax produced 6.83% of combined governmental fund type revenues. Utility User's Tax totals \$8,714,661 or 9.7% of General and Measure V Fund revenues.

Revenues are presented on the modified accrual basis: revenues are recorded in the accounting period when due. For example, sales tax is collected one quarter in arrears. The final payment of sales tax for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 (representing 2.45% decrease over the quarter ending June 30, 2006) was received in September 2007. Payments from the State Board of Equalization received in July 2007, August 2007 and September 2007 for the quarter ending June 30, 2007 totaled \$3,308,075 and are recorded as revenue and sales tax receivable for the year ended June 30, 2007.

As of July 1, 2004, the State of California has implemented the "Triple Flip" and thereby reduced the local allocation of the 1% Bradley-Burns statewide sales tax by .25% and used this .25% as security for the State's "Economic Recovery Bonds." The State has replaced this .25% of sales tax with a dollar-for-dollar allocation of local property tax from County Educational Relief Augmentation Fund (ERAF) funds. Counties distribute these funds to cities based on sales tax estimates in two equal installments in January and May. In January of the following year a "true-up" payment is made for the difference between estimated and actual sales tax.

The sales tax due from the State of California for fiscal year 2006-07 totaled \$1,759,946 and is recorded as revenue and in-lieu sales tax receivable for the year ended June 30, 2007.

On November 8, 2005, the voters of Salinas approved Measure V, a 0.50% transactions and use tax. Measure V is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund, although the tax is accounted for in a separate sub-fund of the General Fund.

Like sales tax, Measure V revenues are presented on the modified accrual basis: revenues are recorded in the accounting period when due. Measure V taxes are collected one quarter in arrears. The final payment of Measure V taxes for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 was received in September 2007. Payments from the State Board of Equalization received in July 2007, August 2007 and September 2007 for the quarter ending June 30, 2007 totaled \$2,009,450 and are recorded as revenue and Measure V tax receivable for the year ended June 30, 2007. Measure V

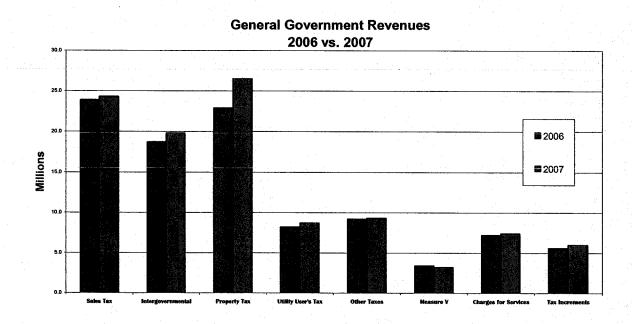
tax revenue was \$10,279,477 during fiscal year 2006-07.

Taxes receivable total \$8,970,963 for the year ended June 30, 2007 and are further explained in footnote number 4 to the financial statements.

The City's budget is prepared on a cash basis: when the revenues are received and available for expenditure. For example, cash basis sales tax receipts are as follows: 2002-03 \$20,725,724; 2003-04 \$20,683,583; 2004-05 \$22,694,294; 2005-06 \$23,519,860 and 2006-07 \$24,132,495. Cash basis sales tax receipts declined in fiscal years 2002-03 and 2003-04. On a cash basis, sales tax increased 2.6% in FY 2006-07.

Revenues from various sources and the resulting changes over last year are shown below.

				2006 vs. 2	2007
	2007	Percent	2006	Increase/(De	crease)
Source of Revenues	Amounts	of Total	Amounts	Dollars	Percent
Assessment District:		-			
Taxes	\$ 3,169,602	2.48%	\$ 3,432,591	\$ (262,989)	-7.66%
Property Tax	26,465,497	20.75%	24,397,365	2,068,132	8.48%
Sales Tax	24,297,189	19.04%	23,948,462	348,727	1.46%
Intergovernmental	19,854,380	15.56%	18,702,506	1,151,874	6.16%
Other Taxes	9,297,142	7.29%	9,206,137	91,005	0.99%
Utility User's Tax	8,714,661	6.83%	8,228,800	485,861	5.90%
Charges for Service	7,399,973	5.80%	7,232,366	167,607	2.32%
Property Tax Increment	5,993,830	4.70%	5,550,280	443,550	7.99%
Interest	3,784,643	2.97%	2,474,873	1,309,770	52.92%
Measure V	10,279,477	8.06%	2,202,903	8,076,574	366.63%
Growth/Dev Fees	4,914,155	3.85%	1,784,204	3,129,951	175.43%
Miscellaneous	1,800,366	1.41%	1,528,516	271,850	17.79%
Fines/Forfeitures	913,730	0.72%	841,112	72,618	8.63%
Developer Contributions	669,561	0.52%	382,706	286,855	74.95%
State ERAF Shift	-	0.00%	(1,549,336)	1,549,336	-
License & Permits	25,874	0.02%	13,881	11,993	86.40%
TOTAL	\$ 127,580,080	100.00%	\$ 108,377,366	\$ 19,202,714	17.72%

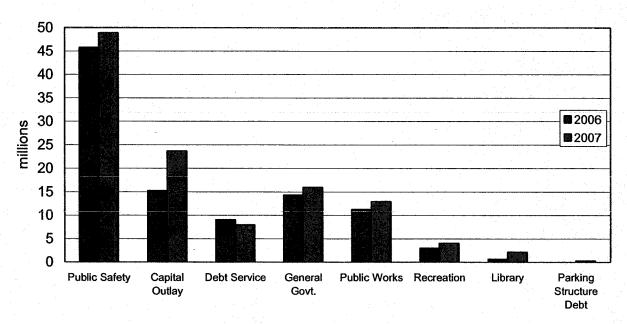


Fund Financial Statements-General Governmental Expenditures

Expenditures for governmental operations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, were \$115,933,723, an increase of 12.4% in operations and a net increase of 16.7% in total expenditures over the previous year. Changes in expenditures by major function are as follows:

		Percent		2006 vs.	
-	0007	of	0000	Increase/(De	
Function	2007	Total	2006	Dollars	Percent
General Government	\$ 15,973,376	13.8%	\$ 13,953,875	\$ 2,019,501	14.5%
Public Safety	48,887,790	42.2%	45,779,987	3,107,803	6.8%
Public Works	12,945,483	11.2%	11,264,475	1,681,008	14.9%
Recreation	4,056,353	3.5%	2,985,058	1,071,295	35.9%
Library	2,167,342	1.9%	635,884	1,531,458	240.8%
Parking Structure Debt	275,000	0.2%		275,000	100.0%
Education (ERAFpayment)	***	0.0%	373,526	(373,526)	100.0%
Subtotal Operations	84,305,344	72.6%	74,992,805	9,312,539	12.4%
Capital Outlay	23,660,906	20.4%	15,266,285	8,394,621	55.0%
Debt Service:					
Principal	4,214,267	3.6%	5,267,604	(1,053,337)	-20.0%
Interest	2,909,173	2.5%	3,066,179	(157,006)	-5.1%
Pass thru Tax	844,033	0.7%	750,703	93,330	12.4%
Total	\$ 115,933,723	99.8%	\$ 99,343,576	\$ 16,590,147	16.7%

General Government Expenditures 2006 vs. 2007



Operating Expenditures increased by \$9,312,539 or 12.4% from \$74,992,805 in fiscal year 2005-06 to \$84,305,344 in fiscal year 2006-07.

General Government expenditures increased \$2,019,501 or 14.5% from the prior year. Increases include \$535,148 in senior and low-income housing projects provided with Block Grant Funds and General and Measure V Fund increases of \$1,396,301 due to the restoration of administrative support and neighborhood services provided by Measure V.

Public Safety expenditures increased \$3,107,803 or 6.8% from the prior year. Increases include continued hiring of sworn police officers to fill vacant positions, negotiated Police salary increases effective July 1, 2006 (3.0%) and the restoration of services, including the crossing guard program, provided by Measure V.

Expenditures in Public Works, Recreation and Library functions increased \$ 4,283,761 or 28.8% from the prior year. Measure V provided restoration of library services, the reopening of recreation centers and restoration park and facilities maintenance including the graffiti abatement program. Additional after school programs were provided by Measure V funding.

Principal and interest payments decreased \$1,210,343 due to the reclassification of the 2004 Monterey Street Parking Structure Certificates of Participation to the Business-Type Funds.

Capital Outlay (Project) expenditures increased \$8,394,621or 55% from \$15,266,285 in fiscal year 2005-06 to \$23,660,906 in fiscal year 2006-07. Capital projects expenditures during fiscal year 2006-07 include: 1) General and Measure V Fund investments of about \$3.5 million in police and fire vehicle replacements, street and park maintenance equipment, sidewalk and street tree repairs, fire vehicle lease payments, fire stations repairs and computer replacements; 2) Block Grant investments of over \$1.3 million for projects such as the Breadbox Recreation Center parking lot improvements, Williams Ranch child care facility, East Salinas traffic signals and street lights and ADA modifications; 3) Development Impact Fee investments of about \$5.2 million for improvements to Sanborn Road, North Main Street, West Laurel Drive, South Main and Blanco Intersection and sewer improvements and sewer main replacements; 4) Gas Tax investments of over \$1.7 million for street maintenance, traffic signals and NPDES storm drain projects; 5) Federal and State Grants and developer paid investments of over \$7.5 million for cost associated with annexation of future growth areas, road improvements, street improvements, bicycle lanes and street light improvements.

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are the City's business-type activities (activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges) and include the Salinas Municipal Airport, the Industrial Waste Facility, the Municipal Golf Courses (Fairways and Twin Creeks), the Storm Sewer System, the Sanitary Sewer System, the Hitchcock Road water utility, the Downtown Parking District and the Crazy Horse Landfill Fund (which is used to account for the proceeds of the installment sale of the landfill to the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority).

The Enterprise Funds net assets totals \$115,606,460 at June 30, 2007.

Net assets in the Municipal Airport Fund total \$11,577,827. Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$10,859,321. Capital assets include buildings, runways and lights, furniture and equipment and land.

Net assets in the Industrial Waste Fund total \$6,542,268. Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$5,703,822. Capital assets include percolation ponds, aeration lagoons, irrigation beds and pipelines, buildings, pump station and road improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Deficit net assets in the Municipal Golf Courses Fund total (\$6,240,658). Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$7,217,824. Fixed assets include buildings, course improvements, furniture and equipment.

During March 1999, Certificates of Participation (Certificates), Series A-1999, totaling \$13,064,662, were issued for the construction of Twin Creeks Golf Course (\$8,221,604) and the renovation of

Fairways Golf Course (\$4,843,058). During September 2005, Refunding Certificates Series 2005 A, totaling \$8,005,000, were issued to refinance the Twin Creeks portion of Certificates Series A-1999. The deficit net assets in Municipal Golf Courses Fund of \$6,240,658 represents the amount that debt issued for the purchase of capital assets exceed the value of those capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.

On August 24, 2004 the City Council entered into a lease agreement with First Tee of Monterey County to operate and manage the Twin Creek golf course. The lease term and annual payments coincides with Twin Creeks' debt payments and runs for 20 years (15 years with a 5-year option) with base annual rent of \$575,000. The lease provides for City participation in annual golf course revenues, beginning in years six through the last year of the option in 20 years. The Monterey Peninsula Foundation guarantees the lease payments to the City and First Tee of Monterey County operates the golf course. This lease arrangement has eliminated the General Fund subsidy of Twin Creeks Golf Course. The value (capital assets, net of depreciation) of Twin Creeks Golf Course is \$4.3 million.

Cash flow advances totaling \$3,735,000 have been made from the City's General Fund to cover operating losses at Fairways Golf Course in fiscal years 2001-02 through 2006-07. City Council continues to explore alternatives to continuing the Fairways Golf Courses subsidy. "Special rates" have lead to increases in the number of rounds played with green fee revenue increasing 14% in fiscal year 2006-07. During May 2007, grounds maintenance was contracted to a private operator with savings estimated \$200,000 annually. Staff is exploring privatizing the entire operations of the golf course.

The value (capital assets, net of depreciation) of Fairways Golf Course is \$2.9 million.

Net assets in the Sanitary Sewer Fund totals \$32,342,731. Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$42,799,479. Capital assets include sewer lines; lift stations, pumps and generators, rolling equipment and land.

The Sanitary Sewer Fund was established to account for the financial activities of the City's sewer collection system. During July 1998, Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, totaling \$16,000,000 were issued to fund a six-year sewer replacement program. The City levies a sewer fee on the users of the sewer system to pay for sewer related expenses and debt service on the bonds.

Net assets in the Storm Sewer Fund total \$66,845,013. Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$65,971,201. Capital assets include storm sewer lines, lift stations, pumps and generators, rolling equipment and land.

The Storm Sewer Fund was established to account for the financial activities of the City's storm sewer system. The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program is an unfunded Federal mandate. During June 1999, the City adopted an ordinance establishing a storm sewer utility fee. The City levied this fee on the users of the storm sewer system to pay for the mandated NPDES program costs and other storm sewer related expenses. During August 2002, the California Supreme Court concluded that the storm sewer fee is subject to voter approval under the meaning of Proposition 218. The City suspended collection of the storm sewer fee of \$1,100,000 during fiscal year 2002-003. The City intends to seek alternative funding for the storm sewer program. During fiscal year 2000-01, the City's street sweeping program and the revenue collected for street sweeping was incorporated into this enterprise.

With the loss of the Storm Sewer Utility Fee, annual expenditures of \$1.5 million are paid for with a combination of Gas Tax (\$1.1 million) and General Fund (\$0.4 million) monies. Increased compliance requirements and costs associated with the City's new 5-year NPDES permit are expected to double over the next five years. Cost increases include increased manpower, contract engineering services, GIS mapping of the storm system, staff services to prepare inventories and updates for all commercial/industrial business, advertising expenses, contract services for water monitoring, laboratory costs for monitoring and to follow-up on toxicity reduction evaluations, and contract services for public education curriculum development and implementation. If the Storm

Utility Fee is not replaced, funding of the Federally mandated NPDES program would require a substantial increase in funding from the General Fund and Gas Tax resources.

Net assets in the Crazy Horse Landfill Fund total \$3,875,837. This amount is due from the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority for the purchase of Crazy Horse Canyon Landfill over the remaining installment period (\$385,097 annual payments for 21 years, including 7.91% interest). These payments are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and used to offset annual debt service on the 1997 Crazy Horse COPs (Refunded by COP Series 2005 B in September 2005).

Net assets in the Water Utility total \$179,878. Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$169,416.

The Water Utility Fund was established to account for the repairs, maintenance and operations of the water well located on Hitchcock Road. This project started in September 2003, after the well shaft had collapsed and emergency repairs were required. The Water Utility is funded by the users of the system including, the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA), the Monterey County Animal Shelter and the City of Salinas' Animal Shelter and Industrial Waste treatment plant.

Net assets in the Downtown Parking District total \$483,564. Capital assets, net of depreciation are \$15,563,335.

The Downtown Parking District includes City owned parking lots in the downtown area, the Salinas Street parking garage and the Monterey Street parking structure (a 5-level, 435-space parking garage adjacent to the Steinbeck Center and Maya Multiplex Theater). The Monterey Street parking structure was funded with Certificates of Participation financing and a \$2.0 million Economic Development Administration (EDA) grant. On December 17, 2003, the City sold Certificates in the amount of \$16,630,000 at 4.68% interest for a term of thirty (30) years.

Debt service payments were made during fiscal year 2006-07 using the balance of capitalized interest, investment earnings and \$275,000 of Redevelopment Agency (Central City Project) funds. Beginning in fiscal year 2007-08, maximum annual debt service payments are \$1,091,950. At June 30, 2007, the Agency has reserved \$1,135,000 of fund balance for the purpose of making debt service payments.

It is anticipated that the Downtown Parking District including debt service will be funded with a combination of off-street paid parking, Central City tax increment growth (with the planned Hotel development) and lastly (if required) the General Fund.

The City's General Fund is ultimately responsible for the parking structure debt (subject to repayment by the Agency) if the Agency is financially unable to make the bond payments.

Please refer to Statements of Proprietary Funds Net Assets and Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets presented in the financial statements for a more detailed discussion and financial presentation of Enterprise Funds.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the City's risk management program which administers employee benefits and the City's insurance programs including; 1) General Insurances-employee assistance program, unemployment claims, biennial physical exams and property insurance; 2) Worker's Compensation self-insurance program; and 3) General Liability self-insurance program.

At June 30, 2007, the Internal Service Funds liabilities for estimated claims payable totaled \$9,009,055, with \$8,524,057 representing Worker's Compensation and \$484,998 representing General Liability.

Total Worker's Compensation insurance claims liabilities are \$10,016,836 at June 30, 2007. A portion of the liability is reported in the Internal Service Fund (\$8,524,057) and a portion is treated as long-term debt (\$1,492,779). The long-term debt portion represents future obligations of the

Worker's Compensation Plan. The Worker's Compensation fund shortfall is \$1,492,779 at June 30, 2007.

Please refer to Combining Statements of Internal Service Funds Net Assets and Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets presented in the financial statements for a more detailed discussion and financial presentation of Internal Service Funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in trust for others and cannot be used for general government purposes. The City maintains the following Fiduciary Funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds include net assets (deposits) of \$1,640,298 held by the City for Community Center and Sherwood Hall activities, MRWPCA Fees, Sales Tax, Payroll Taxes, "Rally Salinas" Library donations, Developer Deposits, Construction Bonds and the like.

Pension Trust Funds held by the City of \$41,935,970 are employee deferred compensation funds.

Agency Funds are assets held by the City for Sunrise House, Second Chance Youth Program, Sherwood Hall Box Office, Employee Cafeteria Plan and Retired Employees Health Insurance Program. Agency assets held by the City total \$378,218.

Please refer to Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Net Assets presented in the financial statements for a more detailed discussion and financial presentation of Fiduciary Funds.

Cash Management

In accordance with the provisions of California Government Code Section 53600 et. seq., the City is restricted to certain types of legal investments. These investments are included in the City's investment policy and are approved by City Council annually. The City's investment policy was last approved on November 8, 2005. In addition, the City's investment activity is reported to the City Council monthly pursuant to the California Government Code.

The City invests all idle funds daily. The cash management system of the City is designed to monitor revenues and expenditures to ensure the investment of monies to the fullest extent possible. The criteria, in order of priority, for selecting investments are safety, liquidity, and yield.

The majority of City funds (about 60%) are invested in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF yielded average returns of 2.26% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, 1.55% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, 2.10% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, 3.71% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, and 5.07% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31 requires fair value reporting of investments on the City's balance sheet. The City's investment in the State Local Agency Investment Fund is required to be presented at fair value, not cost. The City's investment in certificates of deposit and investment contracts are reported at cost, which is fair value. While recorded at fair market value in the financial statements, the City's investments are redeemable at 100% of cost.

The City's investment in the State Local Agency Investment Fund at June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Balance at cost – June 30, 2007 \$ 84,672,212
Unrealized Loss (38,524)

Balance at fair value – June 30, 2007 <u>\$ 84,633,688</u>

Please refer to the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for a complete discussion of the City's Cash and Investments.

Risk Management

The City is self-insured for general liability claims to the first \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The City has general liability insurance with Markel America Insurance Company/ Interstate Fire and Casualty

Company, with coverage to \$10,000,000 per occurrence, after the \$1,000,000 self-insured retention.

The City is self-insured for worker's compensation claims to the first \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The City has excess workers' compensation insurance with ACE American Insurance Company, with statutory coverage (pursuant to California Workers' Compensation Act), after the \$1,000,000 self-insured retention.

The City has property insurance coverage with Travelers Insurance Company, with coverage for City buildings totaling \$117,253,664 and other property totaling \$18,715,800, after a \$10,000 deductible. Coverage amounts are based on estimated cost to replace.

All costs associated with insurances are recorded in the Internal Service Funds.

Property Assessment

Assessed valuation of citywide taxable properties grew to \$10,645,974,648 and represents an increase of 7.25% over fiscal year 2006-07. The following table summarizes the growth in assessed valuation.

	Before Redevelopment Increment	After Redevelopment Increment	Percent Increase
2007-08	\$10,645,974,648	\$10,041,676,722	7.10%
2006-07	9,926,023,729	9,375,130,314	12.88%
2005-06	8,806,009,783	8,305,434,488	12.64%
2004-05	7,799,653,100	7,373,407,370	10.98%
2003-04	7,045,521,979	6,643,698,145	6.90%
2002-03	6,590,542,785	6,284,551,441	10.31%
2001-02	5,989,470,269	5,697,145,117	9.08%
2000-01	5,488,912,290	5,222,902,081	9.39%
1999-00	5,029,395,502	4,774,694,999	7.08%
1998-99	4,709,447,645	4,458,969,474	4.77%
1997-98	4,506,337,033	4,255,858,862	4.79%
1996-97	4,327,830,573	4,061,240,315	2.93%
1995-96	4,177,587,864	3,945,454,648	6.59%
1994-95	3,926,957,420	3,701,663,409	4.16%
1993-94	3,773,131,297	3,553,767,999	3.15%

Source: Monterey County Assessor's Certified Valued Report.

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CALPERS)

During fiscal year 2004-05, most public agencies through out California faced significant budget shortfalls due, in large part; to increases in health and retirement rates coupled with flat revenue and State revenue shifts.

What caused the large increases in employer retirement contribution rates? The short answer – investment returns. During the mid- to late 1990's, the U.S. stock market experienced a tremendous boom. The compound annual investment return at CalPERS was 15.6% between July 1, 1994 and June 30, 2000.

However, the great boom ended with three fiscal years of returns considerably less than the 8.25% assumed in CalPERS actuarial calculations: -7.23% for fiscal year 2000-01; -5.9% for fiscal year 2001-02; and 3.9% for fiscal year 2002-03. Because of asset smoothing (three-year lag in posting gains and losses), CalPERS investment losses were not reflected in the City's contribution rates until fiscal years 2004-05 and 2005-06.

City of Salinas rates and contributions for fiscal years 2002-03, and 2007-08 are compared as follows:

	Fiscal year	Fiscal Year
	<u>2002-03</u>	<u>2007-08</u>
Police	12.031%	26.700%
Fire	0.000%	34.579%
Miscellaneous	3.081%	10.834%
City Contribution	\$1,946,800	\$9,547,200

CalPERS investment performance provides hope to see a reversal of past trends of rising employer contribution rates. After suffering three years of losses during the stock market downturn, CalPERS recorded a 13.4% return in 2003-04, an 11.2% return in 2004-05, an 12.3% return in 2005-06, and a 19.1% return in 2006-07. Since these actual returns are higher than the 7.75% returns currently assumed by CalPERS actuaries, CALPERS estimates that rates have peaked in fiscal year 2007-08.

Where might employer contribution rates be in five years? Due to the large swings in employer contribution rates, difficulty in state and local agency budget planning and the need to reduce volatility in rates, during April 2005, the CalPERS board adopted new rate stabilization methods. In order to smooth employer contribution rates, CalPERS will now spread investment gains and losses over fifteen (15) years rather than three (3) years. Given the new rate stabilization method and CalPERS positive investment returns, staff believes CalPERS rates have peaked and will remain at fiscal year 2007-08 levels over the next five years. Fiscal year 2008-09 rates for the City of Salinas are estimated as follows:

	Fiscal Year
	2008-09
Police	26.30%
Fire	34.70%
Miscellaneous	10.70%
City contribution	\$10,158,200

Effective June 1, 2001, retirement formulas for police officers are 3% @ 50 and miscellaneous employee are 2% @ 55. Effective December 1, 2005, retirement formula for firefighters are 3% @ 50. In addition to the City contributions, public safety employees contribute 9% and miscellaneous employees contribute 7%.

For fiscal year 2006-07, CalPERS pension cost was \$11,994,272. The City of Salinas actually contributed \$8,027,839 (12.7% higher than previous year's cost) while City employees contributed \$2,966,433.

New York Life Retirement Plan (NYL)

The New York Life Retirement Plan is a closed defined benefit pension plan that covers non-public safety employees. As of June 19, 1995, all new non-public safety employees are required to enroll in PERS. The NYL plan is based on a 2% at 60 years of age formula and provides for a monthly annuity or a lump sum retirement benefit. Employees contribute 4.5% of their compensation to the plan.

The City's annual pension costs expressed as a percentage of covered payrolls is as follows; FY 2002-03 (16.44%); FY2003-04 (17.90%); FY 2004-05 (15.36%); FY 2005-06 (22.02%); FY 2006-07 (26.5%); and FY 2007-08 (29.2%) Due to the conservative nature of the plan's investments, NYL rates are consistent, although the NYL retirement plan continues to be more expensive than PERS (FY 2007-08 miscellaneous employee rate of 10.834%).

During fiscal year 2006-07, the City contributed \$1,309,379 (7.9% higher than previous year's cost) to the New York Life retirement plan while the employees contributed \$152,197. The City paid

member contributions on behalf of SEIU employees of \$54,671.

Health Insurance

City employees are covered for health, dental and vision costs under PERS Choice, Delta Dental and MES Vision. The City pays one hundred (100%) percent of the health insurance premiums for employees. Health insurance premiums increased 18.0% in calendar year 2004, 10.0% in calendar year 2005, 9.5% in calendar year 2006,12.5% in calendar year 2007 and 6.0% in calendar year 2008. The City's health insurance costs are budgeted at \$8.6 million in 2007-08 and \$9.4 million in 2008-09.

State Budget Impacts

Beginning in 1992, the State of California began a shift of property tax revenues from cities, counties and redevelopment agencies to schools and reduced its spending on education by an equal amount. Each dollar of property tax transferred by the State to the Educational Relief Augmentation Fund (ERAF), allows the State to reduce its General Fund commitment to schools. For the City of Salinas, the ERAF (I & II) shift beginning in 1992 is an annual property tax "take" from Salinas' taxpayers of \$3.9 million. The State, to balance its own budgets took these resources from the taxpayers of Salinas. This is an on-going property tax shift, it is not protected by Proposition 1A, and the State will continue to take a minimum of \$3.9 million of Salinas' tax dollars year after year.

The next ERAF (III) shift was a compromise made with Governor Schwarzenegger by local governments for the Governor's support of Proposition 1A. State Proposition 1A was approved (by over 70%) at the November 2004 election and constitutionally protects local government revenue from State takes in the future. For the City of Salinas this latest ERAF (III) property tax shift totaled \$3,098,672 over two years (FY04-05 \$1,549,336 and FY05-06 \$1,549,336).

In November 2003, Governor Schwarzenegger permanently reduced Vehicle License Fees (VLF) by 67% and replaced the reduction of the City's VLF with an increase in the City's property tax. Currently, in fiscal year 2007-08, the City's VLF distributed with property tax totals \$12,100,832 (12.7% AV increase) and the remaining 33% of \$1,100,000 is collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles and is distributed based on population. It is important to note that the City's 67% share of VLF is now considered property tax and increases based on increases in property (AV) assessed valuation.

What is the "Triple Flip" of local sales tax? On March 2, 2004, California voters approved a \$15 billion bond issue (Economic Recovery Bonds) to finance the State's fiscal years 2002-03 and 2003-04 budget deficits. To issue the bonds at a more favorable interest rate, the State pledged one-quarter cent of local governments sales tax to guarantee the debt. To compensate, the State has reallocate in-lieu sales tax dollars that are distributed by the County auditor with property tax distributions. This creates a cash flow problem, as "backfill" of sales tax is now paid by the State (through the County) twice a year in January and May/June rather than our normal monthly allocation of sales tax. For the City of Salinas, the one-quarter cent sales tax is about \$6.3 million annually. The "Triple Flip" of local sales tax ends with the repayment of the \$15 billion Economic Recovery Bonds. The State had planned to retire these bonds in 2009-10.

In November 2004, the voters of California approved Proposition 1A, an amendment to the California state constitution intended to restore predictability and stability to local government budgets. The measure protects local property tax, sales tax and vehicle license fee (VLF) revenues. Additionally Proposition 1A requires the Legislature to either fund or suspend state mandates. Although Proposition 1A will lessen the frequency and ability of the State to shift resources away from local governments, the State legislature will still have the ability, upon a two-thirds vote, to "borrow" from allocations to local governments twice during a 10-year period and any "borrowing" must be repaid within three years-with interest.

Additionally, the State legislature, upon a two-thirds vote, has the ability to reallocated property taxes between counties, cities and special districts, with the potential of reducing state budget commitments.

In addition to ERAF property tax shifts from the City, ERAF shift of property tax increments from Redevelopment Agencies began in fiscal year 2002-03. Payments have been made to the Monterey County Auditor as follows: May 2003 (\$123,344), May 2004 (\$212,756), May 2005 (\$401,183) and May 2006 (\$373,526). The State's take of property tax from the taxpayers of the Central City and Sunset project areas totaled \$1,110,807 over the four-year period. The State's approved fiscal year 2006-07 budget did not include ERAF shits from redevelopment agencies. Proposition 1A does not protect redevelopment agencies from future State ERAF shifts.

While Proposition 1A protects local government from State takes of property tax, sales tax and vehicle license fees, the real issue may be sources of revenue not covered under 1A, such as COPs grants and other statutory relationships between state and local government that in time of difficulty are placed under additional review. Examples of City of Salinas funding not protected by 1A are:

- The City receives an annual allocation of COPs program funds (\$280,000) that funds police overtime. The COPs program costs the State about \$200 million annually.
- Effective July 1, 2007, the State altered the booking fee procedure (AB 1805). In lieu of charging booking fees, counties through out the State will receive \$35 million to operate, remodel or construct local detention facilities. If the State amends the booking fee program and allows Monterey County to charge booking fees, costs to the City could be increased over \$650,000 annually.
- As the State puts pressure on Monterey County's budget, allocations of SB 172 funds to local cities will be discussed. Beginning in 2003-04, in response to County budget shortfalls, the Board of Supervisors reduced the City's allocation from \$1,120,874 to \$562,318. The allocation to the City of Salinas for 2007-08 is \$601,100. A new funding agreement will have to be negotiated for 2008-09 and as history has proven, the County's commitment to continue the City's SB172 funding is not guaranteed.
- ERAF shifts of property tax increments from Redevelopment Agencies could be reinstated by the State. In 2005-06, ERAF shifts from the Central City project area totaled \$190,123 and the Sunset Avenue project area totaled \$183,401.

Potential losses to the City's General Fund exceed \$1.5 million annually. Potential losses to the Salinas Redevelopment Agency could be at least \$400,000 annually.

Proposition 42 of 2002 earmarked revenues from the State sales tax on gasoline for transportation purposes including local streets and roads. The City of Salinas is scheduled to receive \$1,523,500 in 2008-09. These funds are used in the City's street rehab program. In November 2006, the voters of California approved (by 77%) another Proposition 1A, this one providing protections for the Proposition 42 transportation sales taxes. Similar to the revenue protections in Proposition 1A of 2004, Proposition 1A of 2006 provides that the State may borrow Proposition 42 funds, but only under the same stipulations of Proposition 1A (2004) discussed above.

The housing downturn, lower property tax revenues and the economic slowdown have put California's State Budget under severe pressure. Estimates place a projected state budget shortfall of \$14.5 billion in the 2007-08 fiscal year. The Governor's proposed budget for 2008-09 was released January 10, 2008. The Governor declared a "fiscal emergency" that will require the Legislature to develop a plan in the next 45 days to reduce deficits in the current fiscal year, and proposed a constitutional amendment intended to reduce or avoid budget shortfalls in future years.

The Governor outlined a two-pronged approach to deal with both the projected deficit in the current

fiscal year, 2007-08 and the structural deficit in 2008-09.

Governor's Proposed Solution to FY 2007-08 Imbalance: 1) Sell the remaining \$3.3 billion in economic recovery bonds by February 2008. This will delay the sunset of the triple flip several years to 2012 or beyond. 2) Delay payment of about \$500 million of local gas tax funds. The City of Salinas will have to wait five-months (April-August 2008) for receipt of \$1.2 million in gas tax funds. The State will not pay interest on this loan. 3) Delay payment of \$6.24 billion to schools and various Medi-Cal and other health programs. 4) Cutting \$217 million from state agencies.

Governor's Proposed Solution to FY 2008-09 Imbalance: For the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2008, the Governor proposes to cut funding across all state agencies by 10 percent. These cuts have many significant impacts on state programs, including education. The Governor has not proposed to take property taxes from local government under Proposition 1A (2004), nor has he proposed to take any transportation funds under Proposition 42, Proposition 1A (2006). The Governor's budget does not propose taking Redevelopment Agency funds.

Across the Board Cuts Impact to City of Salinas

- 1) Citizens Option for Public Safety (COP) Grants would be reduced by 10%. The City of Salinas received \$287,671 in 2007-08 that funds front line police services. A 10% cut in funding is \$28,800.
- 2) Booking Fees reimbursements to Counties would be reduced by 10%. Counties will be able to increase booking fee charges to cities to compensate for his reduction. The City of Salinas booking fee charges may increase about \$50,000.
- 3) Public Library Funds would be reduced by 10%. The Salinas Library received \$57,018 in 2007-08 that funds library improvements. A 10% cut in funding is \$5,700.

Labor Relations

As of December 2007, all employee groups have approved Memorandum of Understandings (MOUs) with the City. Police Management Association (PMA) and Salinas Police Officers Association (SPOA) MOUs expire December 31, 2009. Fire Supervisors Association (FSA) and International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) MOUs expire June 30, 2009. MOUs for Association of Management Personnel of Salinas (AMPS), Salinas Municipal Employees Association (SMEA), Service Employees International Union (SEIU) and SEIU Crew Supervisors have been extended through December 31, 2011. Confidential Compensation Plans (Management and Nonmanagement) have been extended through December 31, 2011.

MOU increases per bargaining unit are as follows: PMA and SPOA (5.0% 4/1/07, 5.0% 10/1/07, 5.0% 4/1/08, 5.0% 10/1/08 and 5.0% 4/1/09); FSA and IAFF (6.0% 7/1/07 and 6.0% 7/1/08); and AMPS, SMEA, SEIU, SEIU Crew Supervisors, and Confidential Management and Nonmanagement (5.0% 10/1/07, 5.0% 11/1/08, 4.0% 12/1/09 and 4.0% 1/1/11).

The City's three-year (2007-08 through 2009-10) budget projections assumes the General Fund \$7.2 million operating reserve will be exhausted as expenses will exceed revenues during this period. This fact was discussed with the recent approvals of MOUs adjusting employee compensation and further discussed with the policy determination to focus on economic development to enhance the City's revenue base.

Over a period of three fiscal years beginning in April 2003, the Salinas City Council reduced City programs and services funded by the General Fund budget a total of \$15.3 million or 24%. The required reductions included the elimination of 123.50 authorized positions, the layoff of employees and broadly impacted services throughout the City. The reductions were required to maintain the City's financial solvency. The financial crisis was the result of a combination of factors including a weak economy evidenced by sales tax actually decreasing for two years, State raids on local revenue, increasing charges assessed by the County of Monterey, increasing retirement costs and increasing employee health insurance costs.

On November 8, 2005, the voters of Salinas approved (61.74%) the ordinance establishing a Temporary Transactions and Use Tax at the rate of one-half of one percent (0.50%) to be in effect for a period of ten (10) years. Initial collection of the tax began April 1, 2006 with the first receipt of revenues from the tax occurring in June 2006. The tax generates approximately \$10.0 million annually and began in fiscal year 2006-07.

The tax approved by the voters is a general tax. As such, the City may use the revenue from the tax for any general governmental purpose. In order to assure full compliance with the intent of the ordinance, the tax proceeds from this ordinance will be separately received and accounted for in the City's financial reporting system. The tax is reported as part of the General Fund in the Basic Financial Statements.

The Oversight Committee is a fundamental provision in the voter-approved ordinance. The ordinance states that: "The Mayor and City Council shall each annually appoint one member of the public to serve as an oversight committee for the revenue that the City receives from the tax. The committee shall prepare an annual report on the revenue received and recommend the use thereof. The City Manager shall provide staff for the committee, and the Finance Director shall provide all relevant data regarding revenue from the tax and expenditure thereof."

During May 2006, the Measure V Oversight Committee completed its work identifying \$10,000,000 in on-going programs and services to be funded by Measure V revenue.

At its April 16, 2007 meeting, the Measure V Oversight Committee approved the continuation of the original \$10,000,000 operating budget allocation for 2007-08 with two exceptions. The Measure V Committee recommended the elimination of the five vacant police officer positions included in the prior year budget, the addition of a Librarian II (Children's Services Coordinator) position to the Library budget and to set-aside \$400,000 for a Community Safety Initiative. A reserve for the Community Safety Initiative was established pending specific program budget requests.

Administration	\$ 334,400
Development & Engineering	
& Permit Services	289,400
Street Maintenance	212,500
Sidewalk Maintenance	125,000
Finance	192,300
Fire	191,900
Paramedic Program	147,500
Legal	198,000
Library	3,693,200
Maintenance Services	920,800
Parks and Recreation	1,146,400
Police	 2,335,400
Total Budget Appropriation	\$ 9,786,800
Reserved for:	
Community Safety Initiative	400,000
Contingencies	 113,200
Total 2007-08 Measure V	\$ 10,300,000

Significant savings were forecasted during the first year (FY 2006-07) of Measure V funding. The primary reason for the savings was the time necessary to complete the hiring process required to restore services. It was essential these one-time savings be used for one-time capital outlay or capital improvement investments.

The approved departmental use of the one-time savings is as follows:

Administration		
Recruitment Advertising	\$	40,000
City Web Page Redesign		75,000
Community Outreach Trailer		35,000
Engineering & Maintenance Services		
Street Trees		50,000
Street Maintenance		1,175,000
Sidewalk Maintenance		1,795,000
Median Landscape Maintenance		203,000
Fire		
Fire Mobile Command Vehicles		170,000
Fire Wild Land Engine		285,000
Library		
Delivery Van		25,000
Computer Equipment		243,000
Planning		50,000
Capital Improvements		250,000
Bathrooms		500,000
Chavez Library Roof Replacement		200,000
Park Maintenance		
Turf Mower		80,000
Five Pick-up Trucks		80,000
Parks Lights Replacement		100,000
Paint Hebbron Heights Rec Center		10,000
Police		
Equipment, Uniforms and Academy		50,000
Seven Patrol Vehicles		350,000
Crime Scene Investigation Vehicle		225,000
Two (2) Animal Control Trucks		65,000
Tatal	•	0.050.000
Total	φ	6,056,000

During May 2006, the Measure V Committee recommended and Council approved allocating \$1,000,000 for Library capital improvements over a four-year period and \$250,000 was appropriated in 2006-07. The \$250,000 was not used in 2006-07 and the funds were carried-over to the 2007-08 budget. The source of funds will be Measure V savings that will accrue from hiring lags and vacancies during the next four years.

During May 2007, the Measure V Committee recommended and Council approved using \$300,000 of estimated annual one-time funds (on-going vacancies) for sidewalk repair. The Measure V Committee has also recommended an annual \$125,000 investment in sidewalk repair as part of the overall \$10,300,000 Measure V budget. Staff estimates that \$425,000 per year will be sufficient to repair all existing residential request for repairs within the ten-year life of Measure V.

The number of positions funded by Measure V during fiscal year 2007-08 is summarized as follows:

Administration	2.5
Development & Engineering	3.0
Finance	2.5
Fire	1.0
Legal	1.5
Library	40.5
Maintenance Services	11.0
Parks and Recreation	4.0
Police	19.0
Total	85.0

Fiscal Year 2007-08 and 2008-09 Budgets

On May 22, 2007, the City Council was presented and reviewed a two-year budget (2007-08 and 2008-09) with staff recommending approval of a one (1) year operating budget for the City of Salinas and Salinas Redevelopment Agency. The Salinas City Council and Salinas Redevelopment Agency unanimously adopted fiscal year 2007-08 Annual Operating Budgets on May 22, 2007. An updated Six-Year Capital Improvement Budget for fiscal year 2007-08 was adopted on May 22, 2007. The Capital Improvement Budget is generally updated every two years.

The City of Salinas 2007-08 approved operating budget reflects continued modest improvements in service delivery and programs as the City restores programs and services using Measure V funds and the modest growth in General Fund revenues recognized in 2006-07. The restoration of services that began in 2006-07 reflects an intense six-month process involving the community, the Measure V Committee, City Commissions, City staff and the City Council. The 2006-07 operating budget (developed during this six-month process) was carried forward to 2007-08.

The approved 2007-08 budget includes a limited number of new initiatives approved by Council during the 2006-07 mid-year budget review as well as other small investments geared specifically to implementing Council goals including; a Community Safety program, Economic Development program, Police and Fire Reserves programs, an increase in Paramedic service levels, a Storm Water (NPDES) Compliance Inspector position and an increase in contract park and tree maintenance.

Even with only very modest additions, the approved 2007-08 General Fund budget draws on reserves in order to maintain current service levels and to recognize the required investment in sworn police officer, firefighter and non-safety employee compensation levels. It is anticipated that reserves will be needed in each on the next three (3) fiscal years (2007-08, 2008-09 & 2009-10) in

order to maintain services. Consequently, there will be very little discretion in the next couple of years to increase service levels. The use of reserves is a necessity in the short term and provides further emphasis to the critical importance of the economic development initiative included in the 2007-08 budget.

Staff remains confident that the direction established by the City Council can result in long-term stability for the City's finances. However, the next two (2) years will require close monitoring and will present significant risks if outside influences impact the budget. Three potential impacts include an economic downturn, State budget impacts and Monterey County budget impacts. These will be closely monitored.

General Fund Reserves

The June 30, 2007 undesignated fund balance estimated in fiscal year 2006-07 budget was \$20,133. The undesignated fund balance at June 30, 2007 pursuant to the audited financial statements is \$2,926,543. The difference of \$2,906,410 is the General Fund carryover at June 30, 2007. The General Fund carryover of \$2,906,410 was reported to Council with the year-end budget review during October 2007.

The General Fund undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543 is available for allocation and expenditure at June 30, 2007. General Fund resources available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 total \$14,480,443, including the operating reserve of \$5,200,000, the capital projects reserve of \$6,353,900 and the undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543. General Fund reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes.

As part of the 2007-08 mid-year budget review staff recommends the allocation of the June 30, 2007 General Fund budget carryover of \$2,906,410 as follows; 1) \$2,000,000 to the Operating Reserve; and 2) \$906,410 to the Capital Projects Reserve, with first priority to the Municipal Poll construction if a shortfall exits.

After the allocation of the June 30, 2007 budget carryover, General Fund reserves available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 are \$14,480,443, inclusive of a capital projects reserve for projects budgeted in both fiscal years 2007-08 and 2008-09 of \$7,260,310, an operating reserve of \$7,200,000 and an unreserved balance of \$20,133.

The City's three-year (2007-08 through 2009-10) budget projections assumes the \$7.2 million operating reserve will be exhausted as expenses will exceed revenues during this period. This fact was discussed with the recent approvals of MOUs adjusting employee compensation and further discussed with the policy determination to focus on economic development to enhance the City's revenue base.

Financial Policies

The financial policies of the City were adopted during December 1991 and are included with the adoption of the annual City budget. The policies provide a framework for managing the day-to-day, as well as the long-term fiscal affairs of the City. The policies include accounting, reserves, administrative fees, revenues, operating budget, capital improvement program, debt, assessment districts, fixed asset maintenance and replacement and risk management.

One key element of the City's financial policies governs the allocation of General Fund Year-end carryover balances. The policy states "General Fund Year-end carryover balances shall be allocated to reserves in the following priority order; 1) Insurance Reserves; 2) Operating Budget Reserve and 3) Capital Improvement Program Reserve."

Council's adherence to this financial policy increased the City's General Fund Reserve from its \$256 level on June 30, 1992 to the \$10,363,291 that was available in April 2003 when Council approved a

multi-pronged three-year budget balancing strategy. The strategy included service level reductions, employee concessions, revenue increases and using reserves over the three-year period. While ultimately, General Fund budget reductions of \$15.3 million (24%) were required, imagine the budget cuts that would have been necessary without this reserve. There would have been no time to phase reductions, negotiate employee concessions, increase fees, transfer Twin Creeks golf course to First Tee or pass the Business License Tax increase. The budget cuts would have been immediate and would have certainly included public safety.

Bond Issuer Credit Rating

The City of Salinas received an Issuer Credit Rating (ICR) of A+ from Standard and Poor's when the Golf Course bonds were issued in 1999. Standard and Poor's affirmed the City's A+ ICR on November 26, 2003 in conjunction with the issuance of the Monterey Street Parking Structure financing. On August 25, 2005, Standard and Poor's again awarded the City an A+ ICR in connection with the refunding of the 1999A Golf Course and the 1997A Capital Projects financings. The City's A+ ICR is widely published and will be instrumental in securing the lowest possible interest rates on future bond issues.

The rationale for this strong A+ ICR on City of Salinas debt, as stated by Standard and Poor's, reflects the City's:

- Strong local economy centered around agricultural production,
- Sustained growth in assessed property valuations,
- Sound financial management and reserve policies, and
- Low General Fund supported debt burden.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated service of the staff of the Finance Department. In particular I would like to express my appreciation to our professional accountants: Miguel Gutierrez, Elizabeth Mariano and Erika Rodriguez. The entire Finance staff deserves a special word of thanks for another year of hard work and quality performance. We also wish to thank our auditors, McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman, Accountants & Consultants, for their cooperation and assistance.

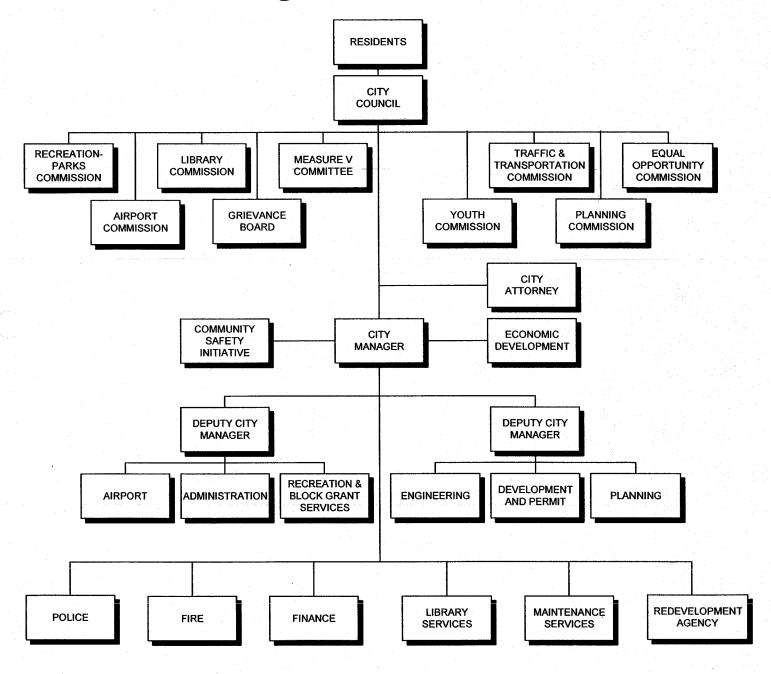
Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Tom L. Kever

Director of Finance

CITY OF SALINAS Organization Chart



CITY OF SALINAS

List of Principal Officials



Dennis Donohue Mayor

Sergio Sanchez

Councilmember District 1

Tony Barrera

Councilmember District 2

Janet Barnes

Councilmember District 3

Dave Mora City Manager

Jorge Rifa
Deputy City Manager

Daniel Ortega

Police Chief

Tom Kever

Director of Finance

Denise Estrada

Director of Maintenance Service

Gloria De La Rosa

Councilmember District 4

Steven Villegas

Councilmember District 5

Jyl Lutes

Councilmember District 6

Vanessa Vallarta

City Attorney

Rob Russell

Deputy City Manager

Edward Montez

Fire Chief

Alan Stumpf

Director of Redevelopment

Elizabeth Martinez

Library Director

McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman

Accountants & Consultants

2511 Garden Road, Suite A180 Monterey, CA 93940-5301 831-373-3337 Fax 831-373-3437 Toll Free 866-373-2511 150 Cayuga Street, Suite #1 Salmas, CA 93901 831-424-2737 Fax 831-424-7936

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable City Council of the City of Salinas State of California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Salinas, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Daniel M. McGilloway, Jr., CPA, CVA, Gerald C. Ray, CPA, Clyde W. Brown, CPA, Patricia M. Kaufman, CPA, Larry W. Rollins, CPA

This analysis of the City of Salinas (City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

A. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2007, the City's net assets (excess of assets over liabilities) were \$317.5 million. Of this
 amount, \$38.8 million are unrestricted assets.
- During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the City's total net assets increased by \$25.6 million.
 This change results from an increase of \$30.4 million in governmental activities net assets, and a decrease of \$4.8 million in business-type activities net assets.
- During the fiscal year cash flow advances were made from the City's General Fund to Fairways Golf Course (\$900,000) and Downtown Parking (\$250,000) enterprise funds.
- During the fiscal year governmental funds fund balances increased \$13.0 million to \$94.0 million, of which \$70.9 million is reserved and thus unavailable.
- During the fiscal year the General Fund fund balance increased \$6.8 million (9.6% of operating expenditures) to \$29.8 million of which \$19.6 million is reserved. Unreserved General Fund balance of \$10.2 million includes designated funds (\$7.3 million) and undesignated (carryover) funds (\$2.9 million).
- The City's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$3.9 million (3.7%) during the current fiscal year.
 The decrease is the result of regularly schedule debt service repayments in both governmental and business-type activities.
- The City's capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$12.3 million to \$305.7 million.
- The Measure V fund had its first full year of operations ending with a fund balance of \$6.4 million of which \$4.3 is reserved. The Measure V has \$2.1 million in unreserved but designated (carryover) funds.

B. OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities (component units) for which the government is financially accountable. The Salinas Redevelopment Agency (Agency) is a component unit of the City, and for practical purposes is a, department of the City and has been included in the basic financial statements as an integral part of the primary government using the blended method.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements for further information and analysis.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances. These statements present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain interfund receivables, payables and other interfund activity have been eliminated as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34.

B. OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, we separate the City activities as follows:

Governmental Activities—All of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including general government, public safety, community development, public works, recreation, and library. Property taxes, sales taxes, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, state grants and federal grants finance these activities. The City's insurance programs (health, worker's compensation, liability and property damage) are accounted for in internal service funds, but are reported as part of governmental activities since these programs are used primarily for governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities—The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Industrial Wastewater System, Airport, Golf Courses, Sanitary Sewer, Hitchcock Water Utility, Storm Sewer, Landfill and Parking District activities are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The governmental funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary funds are agency funds, pension trust fund and private purpose trust funds, which only report assets and liabilities and do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental Funds—The Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on current financial resources, which emphasize near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is essential in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

In order to better understand the City's long-term and short-term requirements, it is useful to compare the City's Governmental Funds Statements with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A reconciliation is provided for the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the

B. OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to facilitate this comparison. The major governmental funds include the General and Measure V Funds, Housing and Urban Development Special Revenue Fund, Development Fees Special Revenue Fund, Special Construction Assistance Fund, Capital Project Fund and Assessment Districts Debt Service Fund, which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary Funds—The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Industrial Wastewater System, Airport, Golf Courses, Sanitary Sewer, Downtown Parking, Hitchcock Water Well Utility, Storm Sewer and Landfill activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its general city insurance operations. Because these services predominantly benefit the governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. All enterprise funds are presented in detail as major enterprise funds. The internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds—The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information including the City's budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, the Housing and Urban Development and Development Fees major special revenue funds, and information concerning the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Other Supplementary Information

Combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds and agency funds are presented immediately following the Required Supplementary Information as supplementary information.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) includes comparative data for analysis.

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets are a good indicator of the City's financial position. During this fiscal year, net assets of the City were \$317.5 million, which is an increase of \$25,585,233 (8.8%) from the prior year.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The following is the condensed Statement of Net Assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

City of Salinas Condensed Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2007

*	Governmental Activities		 Business-type Activities				Total				Percent of	
		2007	2006	2007		2006		2007		2006		Total
Assets: Current Assets Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$	104,058,908 42,753,594 157,477,528	\$ 90,055,366 44,780,068 142,521,869	\$ 13,858,115 (2,008,688) 148,284,398		15,318,716 (750,861) 150,944,071	\$	117,917,023 40,744,906 305,761,926	\$	105,374,082 44,029,207 293,465,940		25.4 % 8.8 % 65.8 %
Total Assets	_	304,290,030	 277,357,303	 160,133,825	-	165,511,926		464,423,855		442,869,229		100.0 %
Liabilities: Current Liabilities Other Liabilities Long-term Liabilities, Net	. :	9,643,462 33,597,240 59,204,556	 8,940,424 34,702,251 62,265,583	 1,482,164 - 43,045,201		1,429,235 - 43,665,737		11,125,626 33,597,240 102,249,757		10,369,659 34,702,251 105,931,320	4 (1) 1 (1) 1 (1)	7.6 % 22.9 % 69.6 %
Total Liabilities		102,445,258	105,908,258	 44,527,365		45,094,972		146,972,623		151,003,230		100.0 %
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets,												
Net of Related Debt		108,982,267	90,720,790	105,239,197		107,278,334		214,221,464		197,999,124		67.5 %
Restricted Unrestricted		60,901,473 31,961,032	60,073,968 20,654,287	3,283,389 7,083,874		3,434,784 9,703,836		64,184,862 39,044,906		63,508,752 30,358,123		20.2 % 12.3 %
Total Net Assets	\$	201,844,772	\$ 171,449,045	\$ 115,606,460	\$	120,416,954	\$	317,451,232	\$	291,865,999		100.0 %
A										V .		·

At June 30, 2007, the largest portion of net assets (67.6%) consists of the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt. This component portrays the total amount of funds required to acquire those assets less any related outstanding debt used for such acquisition. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to residents. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Debt service payments are funded from other resources available to the City.

Other assets in the business type activities show a negative balance because they represent, among other things, long-term internal balances. These balances are amounts due from the business-type activities (Golf Course) to the governmental activities (General Fund) that are designed to be repaid over a longer period of time.

A portion of the City's net assets (20.2%) is subject to restrictions imposed by external parties and their use is determined by those restrictions and agreements. The remainder of net assets, \$38.8 million represents unrestricted net assets. For the years ended June 30, 2007, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net assets.

Governmental Activities reports an increase of \$14.0 million in current assets and an increase of \$14.9 million in the capital assets, net, and a decrease of \$3.1 million in the long-term liabilities, net. The majority of the current assets increase is due to a higher amount of taxes received and an increase in capital assets, net represented by considerable investment made during the year in street and road improvements, coupled with a decrease in long-term liabilities, net, which is the result of the principal payments in debt service obligations.

The City's net assets increased by \$25.6 million during the current year. The increase reflects infrastructure and other capital assets funded by grants or developers, including, the grant funded portion of the Sanborn Road Improvements and North Main Street Bike Lane of \$5.2 million coupled with arterial developer fees of \$3.3 million, grant funded improvement projects at the Airport and rolling equipment acquisitions.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Statement of Activities

Total revenues increased \$17.8 million due primarily to increases in capital grants and contributions of \$3.6 million (Streets and other infrastructure improvements contributed by developers and state capital grants, coupled with increases in general revenues of \$13.5 million due to increases in property taxes and vehicle license in-lieu (related to continued property value increases), full year collection of new transactions and use tax (Measure V) of \$10.3 million and increases in unrestricted investment earnings of \$0.9 million due to higher yield return on investments.

Total expenditures increased \$3.7 million including an increases in general government of \$3.5 million due to increase investments to provide more low income housing opportunities and as a result of filling vacant positions funded by Measure V; an increase of \$3.5 million in public safety due to increased employee costs and filling of vacant positions funded by Measure V; a decrease in public works of \$5.0 million due to a reduced capital project activity and an increase in library expenditures of \$1.5 million reflecting the return of Library services provided with Measure V funding.

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006:

City of Salinas

Condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

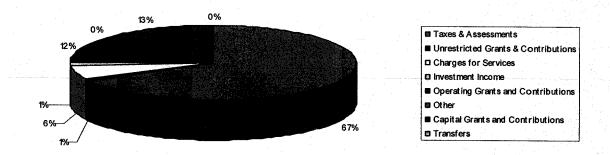
	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Tot	Total			
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006			
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 7,364,841	\$ 7,172,391	\$ 6,152,859	\$ 6,124,625	\$ 13,517,700	\$ 13,297,016			
Operating Grants & Contributions	14,921,433	15,072,422	502,953	946,659	15,424,386	16,019,081			
Capital Grants & Contributions	16,495,488	11,202,559	1,752,805	3,513,236	18,248,293	14,715,795			
General Revenues:									
Taxes	84,633,831	71,124,516	-	- · · · · · -	84,633,831	71,124,516			
Licenses & Permits	25,874	13,881	-	-	25,874	13,881			
Grants & Contributions									
not Restricted	1,040,841	1,062,899		-	1,040,841	1,062,899			
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,894,897	954,210	869,826	913,874	2,764,723	1,868,084			
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	63,753	10,261		ā.	63,753	10,261			
General Fund Advance Forgiven	(18,000)	(1,555,000)		1,555,000	(18,000)	•			
Miscellaneous	342,186	93,099	, -	·	342,186	93,099			
Total Revenues	126,765,144	105,151,238	9,278,443	13,053,394	136,043,587	118,204,632			
Expenses									
General Government	17,233,477	13,820,028	1,339,952	1,231,111	18,573,429	15,051,139			
Public Safety	49,917,717	46,432,796	1,000,002	1,201,111	49,917,717	46,432,796			
Public Works	19,307,628	24,540,453	10,205,207	10.018.819	29,512,835	34.559.272			
Recreation	4,727,296	3,648,214	2,590,575	2,610,943	7,317,871	6.259.157			
Library	2,252,923	706,967	2,000,070	2,010,040	2,252,923	706,967			
Education (ERAF)	2,202,020	373,526	_		2,232,523	373,526			
Interest	2,883,579	3,330,858	_		2,883,579	3,330,858			
Total Expenses	96,322,620	92,852,842	14,135,734	13,860,873	110,458,354	106,713,715			
Increase in Net Assets									
before Transfers	30,442,524	12,298,396	(4,857,291)	(807,479)	25,585,233	11,490,917			
Transfers	228,203	645,265	(228,203)	(645,265)		<u> </u>			
Increase in Net Assets	30,670,727	12,943,661	(5,085,494)	(1,452,744)	25,585,233	11,490,917			
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	171,449,045	161,098,472	120,416,954	119,018,412	291,865,999	280,116,884			
Transfer Parking Net Assets to Business-type Activities	(275,000)	(2,851,286)	275,000	2,851,286					
Prior Year Adjustment (Note #25)		258,198				258,198			
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 201,844,772		\$ 115,606,460	\$ 120,416,954	\$ 317,451,232	\$ 291,865,999			

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities:

Governmental activities revenues (resources) total \$126.7 million including general revenues of \$88.0, program revenues of \$38.8 million and transfers-in/out (inflows/outflows) of \$0.05 million. Governmental activities expenses total \$96.3 million. The City's governmental activities increased net assets by \$30.4 million. The following charts highlight the sources of revenues and purpose of expenses:

Governmental Activities Revenues by Source June 30, 2007



Total expenses for governmental activities were \$96.3 million including interest on long-term debt of \$2.9 million. Program revenues offset total expenditures as follows:

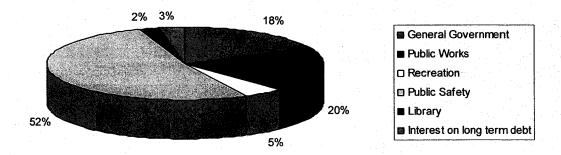
- Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$7.4 million in charges for services.
- The City was able to fund some of its programs through operating grants and contributions from outside sources or other governments for a total amount of \$14.9 million.
- A total of \$16.5 million in capital projects was funded by outside agencies through capital grants and contributions.

As a result, total expenditures that were funded by tax revenues, investment income and other general revenues were \$57.5 million.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities, Continued

Governmental Activities
Expenses by Function/Program
June 30, 2007



Functional expenses for the year ended June 30, 2007 were as follows:

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Percent 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Percentage 2007
Public Works	19,307,628	20.0%	(2,010,361)	(3.5)%
General Government	17,233,477	17.9%	4,298,544	7.5 %
Recreation	4,727,296	4.9%	4,021,803	7.0 %
Library	2,252,923	2.3%	1,832,323	3.2 %
Interest on long term debt	2,883,579	3.0%	2,883,579	5.0 %
Total	\$ 96,322,620	100 %	\$ 57,540,858	100 %

Public safety continues to be the single highest expense for the City followed by public works. Net cost of services, after subtracting fees and grant revenues total \$57.5 million.

CITY OF SALINAS

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal year ended June 30, 2007

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Business Type Activities

The City's business-type activities net assets decreased by \$4.8 million. The decrease was made up of the following:

Revenue Highlights:

- Resources in business-type activities totaled \$10.1 million, a decrease of \$4.0 million. The decrease
 is the result of a reduction in contributed assets (\$1.7 million) and the preceding year General Fund
 advance forgiven to the Golf Course (\$1.6 million).
- Charges for services remained constant showing a modest overall increase of \$28,234. Airport charges increased \$78,317 due to adjustments made to the ground leases and hangar rents, Industrial Waste charges decreased (\$380,157) due to a reduction in the number of users, and Municipal Golf Courses charges increased \$249,646 reflecting the growth in the number of rounds played at the Fairways Golf Course. The Downtown Parking District collected \$371,186 in parking fees an increase of \$53,083 over last year's collection.
- Interest earnings decreased modestly by \$44,048 due to lower cash balances maintain throughout the year and other non-operating revenue decreased \$0.3 million reflecting a prior year recognition of a payment from MRWPCA into the Sanitary Sewer.
- Capital Contributions decreased \$1.7 million due to a decrease in airport improvements funded by federal grants.
- General Fund provided advances of \$0.9 million to the Fairways Golf Course and \$0.25 to the Downtown Parking District Fund.

Expense Highlights:

- Expenditures and transfers out in business-type activities totaled \$14.9 million, a decrease of \$0.7 million.
- Operating expenses increased a modest \$0.3 million reflecting an increase in depreciation of \$0.3 million.
- Interest expense increased by \$0.1 million reflecting interest payments on bonds issued for the new Downtown Parking District.
- Transfer out the Capital Projects Fund decreased \$1.1 million reflecting the reduction in costs related to the maintenance of capital assets in the Industrial Waste and Fairways Municipal Golf Course.

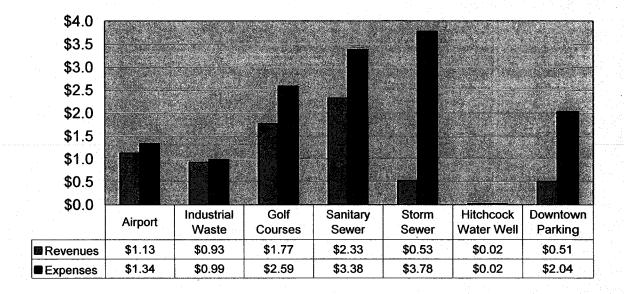
Losses Before Contributions and Transfers:

- The airport, industrial waste, golf course, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, water utility and downtown parking activities had combined losses of \$6.9 million. While the losses in the airport, industrial waste, sanitary sewer and water utility activities totaling \$1.3 million can be attributed to depreciation and other non-operating expenses, the same is not true of the golf course, storm sewer and downtown parking activity.
- The golf courses incurred a net loss of \$0.8 million (\$1.0 million the prior year) due primarily to lower than projected user fees and depreciation cost coupled with debt services requirements. Fairways golf course losses will be reduced as a result of the Council action contracting out the maintenance of the course to a private party.
- The storm sewer incurred a net loss of \$3.3 million including depreciation expense of \$2.7 million.
 Gas Tax (\$0.5 million) funded the balance of storm sewer activities. The cost of storm sewer operations has increased due to Federal unfunded mandates.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

• The downtown-parking district incurred a net loss of \$1.5 million including depreciation expense of \$0.6 million and interest expense of \$1.0 million. The General Fund advanced \$250,000 to the district during the year.

Business Type Activities Revenues and Expenses (in millions) June 30, 2007



D. FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of fiscal year 2007, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$94.0 million. Of this amount, \$70.9 million is reserved to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it has already been committed for various purposes as shown in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Unreserved fund balances total \$23.0 million, and are available for spending. Unreserved fund balances include General/Measure V Fund of \$12.3 million, Special Revenue Funds of \$3.4 million and Capital Projects Funds of \$7.2 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The General Fund fund balance increased by \$6.8 million in fiscal year 2007 to \$29.8 million, of which \$19.6 million is reserved, \$2.9 million is undesignated and \$7.3 million is designated for subsequent years' expenditures. The designated fund balance of \$7.3 million includes taxes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable and other

D. FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS, Continued

accrued resources, less long-term liabilities. These funds are designated for future year budgets: when the funds are available for expenditure or when the long-term liabilities become payable.

The General Fund undesignated fund balance of \$2.9 million is available for allocation and expenditure at June 30, 2007. General Fund reserves available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 total \$11.6 million, including the operating reserve of \$5.2 million, and the capital projects reserve of \$6.4 million. General Fund reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes.

The Measure V fund records the transactions related to the half-cent transaction and use tax approved by the voters on November 8, 2005. The Measure V fund balance increased by \$4.2 million in fiscal year 2007 to \$6.4 million, of which \$4.3 million is reserved and \$2.1 million is designated for subsequent years' expenditures.

The Housing and Urban Development Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$5,869. This fund tends to have minimal changes since grant revenues offset most of the expenditures.

The Development Fees Fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$360,059. The Development Fees Fund Balance of \$17.8 million is budgeted in the City's six-year Capital Improvement Program budget for sewer, storm drain, park and street improvement projects related to the impact of development.

The Construction Assistance Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$0.8 million. The fund balance at June 30, 2007 is \$3.1 million and is reserved for payment of encumbrances.

The Capital Project fund was reclassified this year as a Major Fund due to it level of expenditures (\$13.8 million). The Capital Projects fund accounts for all capital project expenditures. Funds are transferred in from various other funds after expenditures are made. The revolving fund was established with \$2.0 million and is used to advance capital project expenditures prior to reimbursement of Federal, State or other construction grants and bond financings.

The Assessment District Debt Service Fund showed a decrease of \$183,311 due to debt service payments made during the fiscal year from funds collected in the prior year.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Factors concerning these funds have been addressed in the discussion of Government-wide Financial Analysis.

E. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City budget a number of times. These budget amendments fall into two categories:

- Appropriations recorded after the beginning of the year to reflect encumbrance appropriations and capital project and grant program carryover budgets that reflect unspent appropriations from the prior year.
- New appropriations approved by City Council.

Actual expenditures (outflows) for the fiscal year were \$5.3 million under the amended budget. About \$2.9 million of the unspent capital project funds and encumbrances of \$577,640 will be appropriated in the carryover process for fiscal year 2007.

Resources (inflows) available for appropriations were \$2.7 million above budgeted amounts primarily due to continued property and sales tax growth and higher than anticipated issuance of building permits and investment earnings.

Cash basis (budget basis) General Fund results produced a surplus for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Cash basis revenue exceeded budget estimates by \$2,417,945 and expenditures were less than

E. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, Continued

budget by \$488,465, producing a budget carryover of \$2,906,410 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Increases in property tax (increased property assessed values) and building related permits, fees (relocation of Home Depot coupled with new commercial development) and investment earnings accounts for most of the revenue increase and the modest expenditure savings were achieved because of vacant positions carried during the year along with other operating budget savings.

The June 30, 2007 undesignated fund balance estimated in fiscal year 2006-07 budget was \$20,133. The undesignated fund balance at June 30, 2007 pursuant to the audited financial statements is \$2,926,543. The difference of \$2,906,410 is the General Fund carryover at June 30, 2007.

The General Fund undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543 is available for allocation and expenditure at June 30, 2007. General Fund resources available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 total \$14,480,443, including the operating reserve of \$5,200,000, the capital projects reserve of \$6,353,900 and the undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543.

As part of the 2007-08 mid-year budget review staff will recommend the allocation of the June 30, 2007 General Fund budget carryover of \$2,906,410 as follows; 1) \$2,000,000 to the Operating Reserve; and 2) \$906,410 to the Capital Projects Reserve, with first priority to the Municipal Poll construction if a shortfall exits.

After the allocation of the June 30, 2007 budget carryover, General Fund reserves available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 are \$14,480,443, inclusive of a capital projects reserve for projects budgeted in both fiscal years 2007-08 and 2008-09 of \$7,260,310, an operating reserve of \$7,200,000 and an unreserved balance of \$20,133.

The City's three-year (2007-08 through 2009-10) budget projections assumes the \$7.2 million operating reserve will be exhausted as expenses will exceed revenues during this period. This fact was discussed with the recent approvals of MOUs adjusting employee compensation and further discussed with the policy determination to focus on economic development to enhance the City's revenue base.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Capital Assets Including Infrastructure

Capital assets including infrastructure assets of the City are those assets, which are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2007, net capital assets of the governmental activities totaled \$157.5 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$148.3 million. During FY 2002-03, American Appraisal Associates were hired to conduct an inventory and valuation of all the City's capital assets. Finance' staff maintains and updates the Capital Assets inventory by recording all assets acquired or retired at the end of every fiscal year.

The City has elected to report and depreciate all infrastructures.

Governmental activities acquired \$22.4 million of capital assets during the year. The majority of which, \$16.6 million were infrastructure improvements. Of the remaining balance \$5.8 million, \$3.7 million is machinery and equipment and \$2.1 million is improvements other than buildings, land and construction in progress.

Business-type activities acquired \$3.4 million of capital assets during the year. The Federal Aviation contributed \$0.5 million to the Airport Fund while the Airport itself dedicated \$0.6 million for Airport runway improvements. The Sanitary Sewer had an additional \$1.2 million for replacements/improvement of the sewer lines. The Storm Sewer Fund received \$0.4 million in donated assets from developers. Other additions of capital assets were routine replacements of current capital assets.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

The following is a summary of the City's capital assets as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

City of Salinas' Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Land	\$ 22,006,573	\$ 20,665,070	\$ 3,629,739	\$ 3,629,739	\$ 25,636,312	\$ 24,294,809	
Buildings	27,561,600	27,532,322	26,141,635	25,216,747	53,703,235	52,749,069	
Improvements	9,413,856	9,225,921	15,084,319	14,483,658	24,498,175	23,709,579	
Equipment	21,021,322	17,385,575	6,111,357	5,628,383	27,132,679	23,013,958	
Infrastructure	201,181,816	184,710,894	212,685,598	211,332,119	413,867,414	396,043,013	
Construction in Progress	1,572,091	875,969			1,572,091	875,969	
	282,757,258	260,395,751	263,652,648	260,290,646	546,409,906	520,686,397	
Accumulated Depreciation	(125,279,730)	(117,873,882)	(115,368,252)	(109,346,575)	(240,647,982)	(227,220,457)	
	\$ 157,477,528	\$ 142,521,869	\$ 148,284,396	\$ 150,944,071	\$ 305,761,924	\$ 293,465,940	

Long-Term Obligations

As of June 30, 2007, the City had \$93,171,476 in long term debt as shown below:

City of Salinas' Outstanding Debt

		Governm	ental /	Activities	-	Business-type Activities			Totals			
		2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006
Loans and Notes	\$	351,269	\$	380,123	\$		\$		\$	351,269	\$	380,123
Revenue Bonds						14,165,000		14,565,000		14,165,000		14,565,000
Tax Allocation Bonds		9,905,207		10,636,515						9,905,207		10,636,515
Certificates of Participation		15,024,895		15,445,000		28,480,105		28,860,000		43,505,000		44,305,000
Assessment District Bonds		25,245,000		27,195,000		-		· · · · · ·		25,245,000		27,195,000
	<u>\$</u>	50,526,371	\$	53,656,638	\$	42,645,105	\$	43,425,000	\$	93,171,476	\$	97,081,638

G. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

On May 22, 2007, the City Council was presented and reviewed a recommended one (1) year operating budget for the City of Salinas and Salinas Redevelopment Agency. The Salinas City Council and Salinas Redevelopment Agency unanimously adopted fiscal year 2007-08 Annual Operating Budgets on that day. An updated Six-Year Capital Improvement Budget for fiscal year 2007-08 was also adopted on May 22, 2007. The Capital Improvement Budget is generally updated every two years. As is customary, the focus of the budget discussions was on the City's General Fund and reflected continued modest improvements in service delivery and programs as the City restores programs and services using Measure V funds and the modest growth in General Fund revenues recognized in FY 2006-07. Even with only very modest additions, the fiscal year 2007-08 budget draws on reserves in order to maintain current service levels and to recognize the required investment by the City in its workforce compensation levels resulting from negotiated employee agreements. The agreements made with the City's workforce will not expire until June 30, 2009 for the fire group, December 31, 2009 for the police group and until December 31, 2011 for miscellaneous employees. This strategy guarantees to the City that for the next two fiscal years, the most significant cost to the City is certain and manageable. It is anticipated that reserves will be needed in each of the next three (3) fiscal years in order to maintain services. Consequently, there will be very little discretion over the next years to increase service levels. The use of reserves is a necessity in the short term.

H. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Salinas Finance Department, 200 Lincoln Avenue, Salinas, California 93901.



This page is intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



This page is intentionally left blank.

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2007

		t		
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 80,649,231	\$ 6,196,970	\$ 86,846,201	
Cash and Investments Restricted	6,422,157	3,283,389	9,705,546	
Taxes Receivable	8,970,963	• •	8,970,963	
Accounts Receivable	451,953	461,294	913,247	
Interest Receivable	1,261,391	107,876	1,369,267	
Due from Other Agencies	6,183,649	3,875,837	10,059,486	
Due from Fiduciary Funds	48,241		48,241	
Short-term Internal Balances	71,323	(67,251)	4,072	
Long-term Internal Balances	4,335,000	(4,335,000)		
Assessments Receivable	23,325,000		23,325,000	
Loans Receivable	11,272,095		11,272,095	
Inventory	12,495		12,495	
Deferred Charges	2,725,520	2,326,312	5,051,832	
Capital Assets:				
Land and Nondepreciable Assets	23,578,664	3,629,739	27,208,403	
Depreciable Assets-Net	133,898,864	144,654,659	278,553,523	
Land Held for Resale	1,083,484		1,083,484	
Total Assets	304,290,030	160,133,825	464,423,855	
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	8,606,043	265 465	0.074.500	
Accrued Leave	24,419	265,465 239,625	8,871,508	
Prepaid Deposits	24,413	44,527	264,044	
Matured Bonds & Interest Payable	85,000	44,521	44,527 85,000	
Accrued Interest Payable	928,000	932,547	1,860,547	
Deferred Revenues	24,588,185	902,047	24,588,185	
Insurance Claims Payable	9,009,055		9,009,055	
Unamortized Discount on Bonds	(151,620)		(151,620)	
Long Term Debt-Due Within One Year	4,668,071	, 1,319,380	5,987,451	
Long Term Debt-Due in More than One Year	54,688,105	41,725,821	96,413,926	
Total Liabilities	102,445,258	44,527,365	146,972,623	
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	108,982,267	105,239,197	214,221,464	
Housing	16,113,300		16,113,300	
Capital Projects	15,118,228		15,118,228	
Highways and Streets	16,122,177		16,122,177	
Debt Service	12,993,974	3,283,389	16,277,363	
Special Programs	553,794		553,794	
Total Restricted Assets	60,901,473	3,283,389	64,184,862	
Unrestricted	31,961,032	7,083,874	39,044,906	
Total Net Assets	\$ 201,844,772	\$ 115,606,460	\$ 317,451,232	

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 17,233,477	\$ 5,539,416	Ф 7.2E4.E2O	¢ 40.070				
Public Safety	,		\$ 7,354,539	\$ 40,978				
Public Works	49,917,717	1,084,969	2,310,558	7,220				
	19,307,628	155,554	4,796,639	16,365,796				
Recreation	4,727,296	560,372	145,121					
Library	2,252,923	24,530	314,576	¹ 81,494				
Interest on long-term debt	2,883,579	:						
Total Governmental Activities	96,322,620	7,364,841	14,921,433	16,495,488				
Business-Type Activities:								
Airport	1,339,952	1,035,806	23,348	470,753				
Industrial Waste	989,269	856,719	438	170,700				
Golf Courses	2,590,575	1,244,228	479,167					
Sanitary Sewer	3,375,971	2,165,763		663,391				
Storm Sewer	3,779,788	462,815		618,661				
Water Utility	18,322	16,342		0.0,001				
Downtown Parking	2,041,857	371,186						
Total Business-Type Activities	14,135,734	6,152,859	502,953	1,752,805				
Total Primary Government	\$ 110,458,354	\$ 13,517,700	\$ 15,424,386	\$ 18,248,293				

General Revenues and Transfers:

Taxes Licenses and Permits

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets/Debt

Loans Receivable Forgiven

Transfer of Assets to Parking District

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of Year

Net Assets - End of Year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

. (Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$	(4,298,544)	\$	\$ (4,298,544)
	(46,514,970)		(46,514,970)
	2,010,361		2,010,361
	(4,021,803)		(4,021,803)
	(1,832,323)		(1,832,323)
	(2,883,579)		(2,883,579)
	(57,540,858)		(57,540,858)
		189,955	189,955
		(132,112)	(132,112)
		(867,180)	(867,180)
		(546,817)	(546,817)
		(2,698,312)	(2,698,312)
		(1,980)	(1,980)
		(1,670,671)	(1,670,671)
***		(5,727,117)	(5,727,117)
	(57,540,858)	(5,727,117)	(63,267,975)
	84,633,831		84,633,831
	25,874		25,874
	1,040,841		1,040,841
	1,894,897	869,826	2,764,723
	342,186		342,186
	63,753		63,753
	(18,000)		(18,000)
	(275,000)	275,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	228,203	(228,203)	
-	87,936,585	916,623	88,853,208
	30,395,727	(4,810,494)	25,585,233
	171,449,045	120,416,954	291,865,999
\$	201,844,772	\$ 115,606,460	\$ 317,451,232

Governmental Funds

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is always classified as a major fund. It accounts for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund supports essential City services such as police and fire protection, street maintenance, libraries, and parks and open space maintenance.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for a particular purpose. The following Special Revenue funds have been classified as major funds:

Community Development Block Grant Fund (Housing and Urban Development)

This fund accounts for the use of community development block grant funds received from the federal government. Other revenues in this fund include repayments of commercial and residential loans and rental income from City property. Funds are used for programs or projects that increase affordable housing and benefit people with special needs such as senior and handicapped citizens.

Development Fees Fund

By Resolution 3823 (N.C.S.), subdividers and developers of property are required to pay established fees covering traffic impact, annexation, use of existing or new sewers, storm drains, park facilities, library facilities and street trees.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other that those financed by Proprietary Funds).

Special Construction Assistance

The proceeds of long-term borrowings resulting from the sale of Certificates of Participation to finance the acquisition and construction of capital projects are reported under this fund.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for all capital projects expenditures. Funds are transferred in from various other funds after expenditures are made. This revolving fund was established with \$2,000,000 and is used to advance capital project expenditures

Governmental Funds

prior to reimbursement of Federal, State and other construction grants and bond financings.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used primarily to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt of the City and the Redevelopment Agency. The following fund has been classified as a major fund.

Assessment District Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to accumulate monies for payment of the City's Assessment Districts Improvement Bonds. Debt service is financed with special assessments levied against property owners within the respective improvement districts.

CITY OF SALINAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2007

		General and Measure V	D	Housing & Urban evelopment	D	evelopment Fees
Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$	24,360,829	\$	452,563	\$	17,797,955
Cash and Investments Restricted		- '		-		304,124
Taxes Receivable		8,970,963		·		<u>-</u>
Accounts Receivable		131,625		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		313,200
Interest Receivable		443,747		890		201,339
Assessments Receivable		•		• -		
Due from Other Agencies				312,961		
Due from Fiduciary Funds		48,241				-
Due from Other Funds		4,108,480		•		
Advances to Other Funds		4,335,000		-		
Loans Receivable		29,800		5,353,739		-
Inventory		12,495		*		<u>-</u>
Land Held for Resale		_				_
Total Assets	\$	42,441,180	\$	6,120,153	\$	18,616,618
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	5,158,974	\$	163,397	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		1,088,537		197,334		815,435
Advance from Other Funds		· •		S .		<u> </u>
Deferred Revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5,382,950		· . · · · -
Matured Bonds & Interest Payable				_		, , -
Total Liabilities		6,247,511	_	5,743,681		815,435
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for:		E 200 000				
Operations		5,200,000		- · · · -		-
Capital Projects		6,353,900		-		•
Capital Projects-Measure V		1,268,732		070 470		-
Encumbrances Loans Receivable		2,874,457		376,472		242,566
		29,800		-		-
Advances		4,335,000				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Inventory		12,495		 :		
Condemnation Deposits		137,673		-		- 0 474 400
Carryover Appropriations Future Budgets		3,658,944				8,174,130
_		- -				9,384,487
Land Held for Resale		- •		- -		•
Parking Structure		-		. · · ·		
Plaza Grande Operations		•				-
Debt Service		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-		·
Unreserved, reported in:						
General Fund		0.206.405				
Designated		9,396,125		-		-
Undesignated		2,926,543		- -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Special Revenue Funds		-		· -		
Capital Projects Funds Total Fund Balances	_	26 102 660	_	276 470	-	17 004 400
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	-	36,193,669	<u>-</u>	376,472 6 120 153	_	17,801,183
TOTAL LIADINITES AND PUND DAIANCES	\$	42,441,180	<u>\$</u>	6,120,153	\$	18,616,618

onstruction Assistance	 Capital Projects	Assessment District Debt Service		G	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$ 1,032,193	\$ 1,197,647	\$	2,938,860	\$	22,052,097	\$	69,832,144
2,367,071			85,000		3,162,804		5,918,999
-			• •		•		8,970,963
			- .		7,128		451,953
58,638					447,260		1,151,874
· •			23,325,000		• .		23,325,000
4,667,041			•		1,203,647		6,183,649
-			· -		-		48,241
· -	3,315,571		-		-		7,424,051
					172,571		4,507,571
-			-		5,888,556		11,272,095
- *			-		-		12,495
 <u> </u>	 		-		1,083,484		1,083,484
\$ 8,124,943	\$ 4,513,218	<u>\$</u>	26,348,860	<u>\$</u>	34,017,547	\$	140,182,519
\$ 384,723	\$ 2,513,245	\$	······································	\$	333,841	\$	8,554,180
3,530,169			_		1,721,253	•	7,352,728
-			_		172,571		172,571
1,081,065			23,325,000		244,258		30,033,273
-	<u>-</u>		85,000				85,000
 4,995,957	 2,513,245		23,410,000		2,471,923		46,197,752
-			-		· -		5,200,000
•			-				6,353,900
							1,268,732
949,794			· •		211,651		4,654,940
•			-		5,888,556		5,918,356
-			-		172,571		4,507,571
.							12,495
· -			· -		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		137,673
-			•		2,553,854		14,386,928
· • ·			- '		4,748,757		14,133,244
· - ,			` .		1,083,484		1,083,484
-					1,135,000		1,135,000
. - - *			-		298,300		298,300
			2,938,860		8,920,114		11,858,974
			-		· -		9,396,125
-			<u>.</u>				2,926,543
· <u>-</u>			•		3,470,630		3,470,630
 2,179,192	 1,999,973				3,062,707	_	7,241,872
 3,128,986	 1,999,973	_	2,938,860		31,545,624		93,984,767
\$ 8,124,943	\$ 4,513,218	\$	26,348,860	\$	34,017,547	\$	140,182,519

CITY OF SALINAS

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 93,984,767
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	157,477,528
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	(928,000)
Deferred revenues are adjusted as follows: Deferred revenues resulting from revenues that are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period in governmental fund financial statements are reclassified as revenues in government-wide financial statements	5,445,088
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance programs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets	2,344,425
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	(59,204,556)
Deferred charges for bond issuance costs are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	2,725,520
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 201,844,772



This page is intentionally left blank.

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		General and Measure V		Housing & Urban Development		Development Fees
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	78,640,001	\$	-	\$	
Taxes - Special Assessment		-		•		-
Licenses and Permits		25,874		<u>-</u> "		
Intergovernmental		2,983,546		5,680,811		-
Charges for Services		6,233,568		-		4,914,155
Interest		1,578,796		4,130		923,262
Fines and Forfeits		-		, * - .		71 1
Developer Contributions		-		- :		-
Miscellaneous		379,003		945,199	/ <u> </u>	5,543
Total Revenues		89,840,788		6,630,140		5,842,960
Expenditures:						
Current: General Government		40.240.000		E 050 000		
Public Safety		10,319,090 46,838,564		5,253,032		-
Public Works		12,945,483		.		
Recreation		3,185,153				- 1 T. T. 1 T. 1 T. 1 T. 1 T. 1 T. 1 T.
Library		2,048,346	,	- ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Parking Structure Debt		2,040,340		- · ·		•
Capital Outlay		251,687		503		
Debt Service:		231,007		303		
Principal Retirement		_				
Interest and Fiscal Charges						
Pass Through Tax		_				
Total Expenditures		75,588,323	, / -	5,253,535	•	
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		14,252,465		1 276 605		E 942 060
Neverlues Over (Orider) Expericitures	_	14,232,403		1,376,605	-	5,842,960
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Interfund Loans		· •		<u>-</u> -		. 19 1
Loans Receivable Forgiven				_		_
Operating Transfers In		1,325,219		75,065		
Operating Transfers Out		(4,576,305)		(1,457,539)		(5,482,901)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,251,086)		(1,382,474)		(5,482,901)
Net Change in Fund Balances		11,001,379		(5,869)		360,059
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	25,192,290		382,341		17,441,124
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	36,193,669	\$	376,472	\$	17,801,183

	onstruction Assistance	Capital Projects	Assessment District Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,407,795	\$ 85,047,796
Ψ		Ψ -	3,169,602	φ 0,407,795	3,169,602
			3,109,002	_	25,874
	5,903,714		_	5,286,309	19,854,380
	0,000,714	_		1,166,405	12,314,128
	142,788			1,135,667	3,784,643
	- 1.2,700			913,730	913,730
	669,561	_		310,700	669,561
	-			470,621	1,800,366
	6,716,063		3,169,602	15,380,527	127,580,080
	3,. 73,533		0,100,002	10,000,027	127,000,000
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	401,254	15,973,376
	.=.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,049,226	48,887,790
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,945,483
	- .		· <u>=</u>	871,200	4,056,353
	<u> </u>	- ·	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	118,996	2,167,342
	•	-	•	275,000	275,000
	7,493,250	13,816,088	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	2,099,378	23,660,906
	· -,	2 - E 12	1,950,000	2,264,267	4,214,267
	· · · .	<u>-</u>	1,422,198	1,486,975	2,909,173
	: -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	844,033	844,033
	7,493,250	13,816,088	3,372,198	10,410,329	115,933,723
	(777,187)	(13,816,088)	(202,596)	4,970,198	11,646,357
	* 🔻			1,084,000	1,084,000
	-	•	·	(18,000)	(18,000)
	-	13,816,088	19,285	2,812,992	18,048,649
		- 10.010.000	-	(6,305,368)	(17,822,113)
	-	13,816,088	19,285	(2,426,376)	1,292,536
	(777,187)	•	(183,311)	2,543,822	12,938,893
	3,906,173	1,999,973	3,122,171	29,001,802	81,045,874
\$	3,128,986	\$ 1,999,973	\$ 2,938,860	\$ 31,545,624	\$ 93,984,767

CITY OF SALINAS

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 12,938,893
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount of capital asset additions recorded in the current period.	22,385,572
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.	(7,429,913)
Deferred Revenues of new housing loans are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets	20,000
Deferred Revenues of principal payments are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets	(795,269)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. The following represent debt transactions:	
Increase in Benefits' Liability Interfund Loan Proceeds Principal Repayments on Long-Term Debt Capital leases repayments	(336,928) (1,084,000) 4,214,267 276,607
Interest payable expense on long-term debt is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. This amount represents the accrued interest payable expense at June 30, 2006.	34,513
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance programs to individual funds. The net income (loss) of the Internal Service Funds is reported with Governmental Activities.	323,717
Bond issuance costs are expenditures in governmental funds but are deferred and amortized in- Government-Wide Statements. Following are debt related deferred transactions: Amortization expense for Cost of Issuance Amortization expense for Bond Discount	(142,813) (8,919)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 30,395,727

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for a government's business-type activities (activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges). Proprietary funds are segregated into Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business-type activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Internal Service Funds on the other hand are used primarily for services provided to internal users (other departments or agencies).

The City has the following Enterprise Funds:

<u>Airport Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the enterprise operations of the Cityowned airport.

<u>Industrial Waste Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for enterprise operations of the City-operated Industrial Wastewater treatment facility.

<u>Municipal Golf Courses Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the enterprise operations of the Fairways and Twin Creeks golf courses.

<u>Sanitary Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer collection system, which is funded from a surcharge on the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency sewer user fees.

<u>Storm Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the maintenance of the City's storm drainage system and the street sweeping program. This program was funded with a storm sewer fee that was declared by the Court as invalid under Proposition 218. Until alternative funding is secured, the program is funded with a combination of general funds and gas tax funds. In addition, the program is funded with a 9% street sweeping surcharge on garbage collection billings.

<u>Landfill Garbage Surcharge Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the installment sale of the Crazy Horse landfill site to the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority.

<u>Water Utility Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the repairs and maintenance of the water well located at Hitchcock Road. This project started in September 2003, after the well shaft had collapsed and emergency repairs were required. Water users fund the costs of the water well repairs and annual operating costs.

<u>Downtown Parking District Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for revenues, operating expenses and debt service associated with the City's parking facilities. The City's paid parking facilities include the Monterey Street Parking Structure, the Salinas Street Garage and four parking lots.

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2007

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Industrial	Municipal	Sanitary
	Airport	Waste	Golf Courses	Sewer
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments \$	1,033,714	\$ 1,384,610	\$ 205,552	\$ 2,079,488
Cash and Investments Restricted	.	-	991,010	1,062,051
Accounts Receivable	18,524	125,681	95,833	118,927
Interest Receivable	11,798	19,811	14,674	45,900
Deferred Charges	-	19,810	1,070,861	217,260
Due from General Fund	-			
Total Current Assets	1,064,036	1,549,912	2,377,930	3,523,626
Noncurrent Assets:				
Due from Other Agencies	-	-		
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable	1,925,768	740,536		956,735
Depreciable buildings, property	,			
and infrastructure, net	8,933,553	4,963,286	7,217,824	41,842,744
Total Capital Assets	10,859,321	5,703,822	7,217,824	42,799,479
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,859,321	5,703,822	7,217,824	42,799,479
Total Assets	11,923,357	7,253,734	9,595,754	46,323,105
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	36,253	75,488	17,093	54,197
Deposits	44,527	70,400	17,083	54,197
Due to Other Funds	4,703		9,525	4,719
Insurance claims Payable	4,703	*	9,323	4,719
Interest Payable		11,066	162,605	- 276,181
Long Term Debt - Due		11,000	102,003	270,101
Within One Year	26,716	60,000	430,010	360,000
Total Current Liabilities	112,199	146,554	619,233	695,097
	112,100	170,007	013,233	090,091
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Accrued Leave	10,700	24,912	29,021	80,277
Advance from General Fund	10,700	24,012	3,735,000	00,211
Long Term Debt - Due			0,700,000	
in More than One year	222,631	540,000	11,453,158	13,205,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	233,331	564,912	15,217,179	13,285,277
Total Liabilities		* 1		
Total Liabilities	345,530	711,466	15,836,412	13,980,374
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	10,609,974	5,103,822	(4,665,344)	29,234,479
Restricted	-	.	991,010	1,062,051
Unrestricted	967,853	1,438,446	(2,566,324)	2,046,201
Total Net Assets \$	11,577,827	\$ 6,542,268	\$ (6,240,658)	

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental					
Storm		Landfill				Downtown					Activities -	
		Garbage			Water		Parking				Internal	
	Sewer		Surcharge		Utility		District		Totals		Service Funds	
\$	1,118,959	\$		\$	5,892	\$	368,755	\$	6,196,970	\$	10,817,087	
	-						1,230,328		3,283,389		503,158	
	30,874		-		5,477		65,978		461,294		•	
	12,465		•		-		3,228		107,876		109,517	
					· -		1,018,381		2,326,312		_	
			_									
	1,162,298			- 	11,369		2,686,670		12,375,841	_	11,429,762	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3,875,837	·	-		<u>-</u> -		3,875,837		•	
					· -		6,700		3,629,739		_	
							0,700		0,020,100			
	65,971,201		-		169,416		15,556,635		144,654,659		_	
	65,971,201				169,416		15,563,335		148,284,398		rejekt egin je 😜	
	65,971,201		3,875,837	<u>.</u>	169,416		15,563,335		152,160,235		_	
	67,133,499		3,875,837		180,785		18,250,005		164,536,076		11,429,762	
											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	40,530				907		40,997		265,465		51,863	
	-				•		•;		44,527		<u>-</u>	
	43,526		·				4,778		67,251		ty e See See See See See See See See See S	
	· _				·		•				9,009,055	
	7,481		-		· -		475,214		932,547		- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
-	77,654				-		365,000	_	1,319,380		-	
	169,191	·	- · · · · -		907		885,989		2,629,170		9,060,918	
	79,263		· _				15,452		239,625		24,419	
	75,205		· ·		_		600,000		4,335,000		24,419	
	_				_		000,000		4,335,000		<u>-</u>	
	40,032		•		· -		16,265,000		41,725,821			
	119,295		-		-		16,880,452	_	46,300,446		24,419	
	288,486		- 1 1 1 1 - <u>-</u>		907		17,766,441		48,929,616		9,085,337	
							·					
	65,853,515		-		169,416		(1,066,665)		105,239,197			
	-				-		1,230,328		3,283,389		21,758	
	991,498		3,875,837		10,462		319,901		7,083,874		2,322,667	
\$	66,845,013	\$	3,875,837	\$	179,878	\$	483,564	\$	115,606,460	\$	2,344,425	

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Industrial Municipal Sanitary **Airport** Waste **Golf Courses** Sewer Operating Revenues: 1,035,806 \$ Charges for Services 856,719 \$ 1,148,395 2,165,763 **Total Operating Revenues** 1,035,806 856,719 1,148,395 2,165,763 Operating Expenses: 761,260 Personnel Services 305,140 214,833 758,073 Administration 98,395 92,361 138,729 225,973 **Contractual Services** 166,294 187,074 149,537 10,228 Supplies 39,918 19,046 61,877 84,518 22,103 Insurance 13,600 Insurance Claims Fees and Permits (Taxes) 9,614 Utilities 98,667 226,076 36,327 117.039 Depreciation 554,016 167,632 559,820 1,453,135 Amortization 2,476 56,688 9,875 Land Rent 74,669 Other 55.419 10.508 112,869 41,672 **Total Operating Expenses** 943,220 1,339,952 1,948,589 2,703,700 (86,501)(800, 194)Operating Income (Loss) (304, 146)(537,937)Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Revenue 67,604 77,143 49,639 162,630 Interest Expense (46,049)(641,986)(672,271)Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 23,348 438 575,000 90,952 31,532 (17,347)(509,641) Total Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses) Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (213, 194)(54,969)(817,541)(1,047,578)470,753 **Contributed Assets** 663,391 Contribution to Parking from SRA Transfers in **Transfers Out** (25,029)(16,209)(76,308)Change in Net Assets 232,530 (54,969)(833,750)(460,495)6,597,237 Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year 11,345,297 (5,406,908)32,803,226 Total Net Assets - End of Year 11,577,827 \$ 6,542,268 \$ (6,240,658) \$ 32,342,731

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Go	vernmental	
			Landfill				Downtown				Activities -
	Storm		Garbage		Water		Parking				Internal
	Sewer		Surcharge		Utility	-	District		Totals	s	ervice Funds
\$	462,815	\$		\$	16,342	\$	371,186	\$	6,057,026	\$	4,801,027
	462,815	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	16,342		371,186		6,057,026		4,801,027
	751,724		-		. -		92,685		2,883,715		269,940
	112,835				999		48,609		717,901		
	71,727		·		7,055		265,741		857,656		437,907
	116,199		·		-		16,151		337,709		1,768
			-		-		-		35,703		1,013,034
	·		- ·						-		2,390,136
	<u>-</u>		-		•				9,614		
	2,159				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		38,470		518,738		
	2,704,168		· .		10,268		572,638		6,021,677		
					- .		36,371		105,410		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	-								74,669		
	20,976		<u> </u>	•			10,946	<u>. </u>	252,390		826,467
	3,779,788		· · · · -	· ·	18,322		1,081,611		11,815,182		4,939,252
	(3,316,973)	· <u>-</u> -	-		(1,980)		(710,425)		(5,758,156)		(138,225)
	62,690		311,021		-		139,099		869,826		461,942
	-		·		-		(960,246)		(2,320,552)		_
	<u> </u>				·				598,786		_
	62,690		311,021		_		(821,147)		(851,940)		461,942
	(3,254,283)		311,021		(1,980)		(1,531,572)		(6,610,096)		323,717
	618,661								1,752,805		
							275,000		275,000		
	525,000				<u>-</u>		275,000		525,000		
	(208,255)		(385,097)				(42,305)		(753,203)		
	(2,318,877)	•	(74,076)	-	(1,980)		(1,298,877)		(4,810,494)		323,717
	69,163,890		3,949,913		181,858	- 1	1,782,441	·	120,416,954		2,020,708
\$ 6	6,845,013	\$	3,875,837	\$	179,878	\$	483,564	\$	115,606,460	\$	2,344,425

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30,-2007

	В	usiness-type Acti	vities - Enterprise Fur	nds
	Airport	Industrial Waste	Municipal Golf Courses	Sanitary Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Receipts from Customer and Users	\$ 1,033,334	\$ 1,083,613	\$ 1,052,562	\$ 2,167,985
Receipts from interfund services provided	Ψ 1,000,004	Ψ 1,000,010	Ψ 1,002,002	Ψ 2,107,303
Payments to Suppliers	(479,598)	(583,274)	(637,948)	(494,882)
Payments to Employees	(322,392)	(219,562)	(839,621)	(761,414)
Payments to Claimants	(322,332)	(210,002)	(000,021)	(101,111)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	231,344	280,777	(425,007)	911,689
Net Cash Florided (Osed) by Operating Activities	231,344	200,777	(423,007)	911,009
Cash Flows from Non-Capital				
Financing Activities:				
Other Non-Operating Revenue	23,348	437	575,000	and the same of
Deposits	23,644		-	
Advance Received from General Fund	20,044	_	900,000	
Payment on Advance from General Fund			300,000	
ayment of Advance from General's und				
Operating Transfers In				
	(25,020)	•	(16 200)	(76 200)
Operating Transfers Out	(25,029)		(16,209)	(76,308)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	24.002	407	4 450 704	(70.000)
Non-Capital Financing Activities	21,963	437	1,458,791	(76,308)
Cash Flows from Capital and				
Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(1,255,976)	(132,945)	8,550	(1,908,909)
Proceeds from Capital Debt	(1,200,010)	(102,010)	0,000	(1,000,000)
Deferred Bond Issuance Costs		2,476	59,105	9,875
Capital Contributions (from developers/other funds)		2,470	00,100	663,391
Capital Grants Received	470,753			000,091
Capital Lease Payment, including interest	470,700	_		
Principal paid on Capital Debt		(55,000)	- (20E 241)	/34E 000\
	-		(395,311)	(345,000)
Interest paid on Capital Debt	-	(47,063)	(646,600)	(678,235)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	(705 202)	(222 522)	(074.050)	(0.050.070)
Related Financing Activities	(785,223)	(232,532)	(974,256)	(2,258,878)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest Received	70,110	68,932	49,700	169,769
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	1,332	693		2,799
Transfer (to) from Restricted Cash	1,002		(18,417)	227,097
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	71,442	69,625	31,283	399,665
Net Cash Florided by investing Activities	11,442	05,023	31,203	388,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivaler	its (460,474)	118,307	90,811	(1,023,832)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,494,188	1,266,303	114,741	3,103,320
		· 		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,033,714	\$ 1,384,610	\$ 205,552	\$ 2,079,488

		Business-t		Governmental			
	Landfill		*	Downtown		Activities -	
	Storm	Garbage	Water	Parking		Internal	
	Sewer	Surcharge	Utility	District	Totals	Service Funds	
•	464 470	\$ -	\$ 16,500	\$ 335,870	\$ 6,151,343	\$ 509,586	
\$	461,479	-	φ 10,500	\$ 335,870	Ф 0,131,343	5,833,328	
	(24E 02E)	•	(0.204)	(405,784)	(2,924,915)		
	(315,035)	-	(8,394)	(92,105)		(1,458,753) (265,869)	
	(743,120)	, <u>-</u> .	•	(92,105)	(2,978,214)		
	(596,676)		8,106	(162,019)	248,214	(3,228,998)	
	(330,070)	-	0,100	(102,013)	240,214	1,303,234	
	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	598,785	-	
		-	- ·		23,644	**************************************	
	_		<u>-</u>	250,000	1,150,000	_	
		· -	(2,214)	<u>-</u>	(2,214)	en e	
				275,000	275,000		
	525,000	-	<u>-</u>		525,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(208,255)	(385,097)	<u>-</u>	(42,305)	(753,203)		
	316,745	(385,097)	(2,214)	482,695	1,817,012	<u>.</u>	
	(501,781)	· -	<u>.</u>	(93,495)	(3,884,556)	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
	-	74,076	· :	-	74,076		
	-	. · · · · · · · · · -	-	36,371	107,827	-	
	618,660	- ·	-	-	1,282,051	-	
				-	470,753	1.5 m	
		-	- ·	-		-	
	(74,572)	-			(869,883)	·	
	2,850	· -		(722,639)	(2,091,687)	· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>	
	45,157	74,076		(779,763)	(4,911,419)		
-							
	64 007	311,021		136,504	867,263	426,867	
	61,227	311,021	· •				
	897	-		(43)	5,678	5,116	
	60 404	244 024		32,670	241,350	(33,635)	
	62,124	311,021		169,131	1,114,291	398,348	
	(172,650)	_	5,892	(289,956)	(1,731,902)	1,787,642	
·	1,291,609		<u> </u>	658,711	7,928,872	9,029,445	
\$	1,118,959	\$ -	\$ 5,892	\$ 368,755	\$ 6,196,970	\$ 10,817,087	

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		aomicoo-type men	nace - Enterprise i ana	•
	Airport	Industrial Waste	Municipal Golf Courses	Sanitary Sewer
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (304,146)	\$ (86,501)	\$ (800,194)	\$ (537,937
Adjustments to Reconcile Net				
Income to Net Cash Provided by				
Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	554,016	167,632	559,820	1,453,135
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(2,472)	226,894	(95,833)	2,222
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Insurance	(-,)		(00,000)	
(Increase) Decrease in Due from General Fund	•			
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	169	(22,215)	(25,729)	(1,307
Increase (Decrease) in Insurance Claims		(,,	(,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Leave	(16,223)	(5,033)	(63,071)	(4,424
Increase (Decrease) in Restricted Cash	(,,		(3-3-1-1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(1,1
Transfer to Restricted Cash	_		<u>-</u>	_
	·· <u>············</u>			<u> </u>
Total Adjustments to Net Income	535,490	367,278	375,187	1,449,626
Net Cash Provided by Operating				
Activities	\$ 231,344	\$ 280,777	\$ (425,007)	911,689
Noncash investing, capital, and financing				
activities:				
Borrowing under capital lease		-	_	j k sig 1 62
Contributions of capital assets from				
government	470,753			234,391
Contributions of capital assets from				
developers	-		in the second se	429,000
Lease-Purchase payments on equipment	. .	-	(15,416)	<u>-</u>
Increase (Decrease) in fair value of investments	1,332	693		2,799

1. 4. 1. 1.	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental	
Ctama		Landfill		Water		Downtown Parking			Activities - Internal	
Storm Sewer		Garbage Surcharge		Utility		District	Totals		ervice Funds	
Jewei	<u> </u>	Juichaige		Othity	· 	District	Totals		sivice i di lus	
•										
\$ (3,316,9	973) \$	<u> </u>	\$	(1,980)	\$	(710,425)	\$ (5,758,156)	\$	(138,225)	
2,704,	168	. =		10,268		572,638	6,021,677		_	
	335)			158		(35,316)	94,318		<u>.</u>	
	-			-		-	1 1 1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	-	· · · · · · · · · · ·		-		- '	<u> -</u>		1,154,265	
(4	475)	· •		(340)		10,569	(39,328)		19,066	
	-	<u>.</u>		, -		-	-		350,352	
17,9	939	-		•		515	(70,297)		3,836	
	-			- · ·		. •	-		33,635	
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>	(33,635)	
2,720,2	297			10,086		548,406	6,006,370		1,527,519	
\$ (596,6	<u> </u>	_	\$	8,106	\$	(162,019)	\$ 248,214	\$	1,389,294	
								,		
		- · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		· ·			_	
							-			
221,	260	4		-		-	926,404		·	
							· • · · · · • · · · • · · · • · · · • · · · • · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · • · · · · · • · · · · • · · · · · • · · · · · · · • ·			
397,	400						826,400		· _	
(74,		<u>-</u>		-		-	(89,988)		<u>-</u>	
100	897	-		_		(43)	5,678		5,116	
									Concluded	



This page is intentionally left blank.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City maintains the following Fiduciary Funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for any trust arrangement not properly reported in a pension trust fund under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The City accounts for the following trust funds: Community Center, Sherwood Hall, Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA) Fees, Sales Tax, Payroll Taxes, Developer Deposits, Construction Bonds, Golf Courses Merchandise Sales, Peacebuilders, "Rally Salinas" Library donations and Miscellaneous.

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other post-employment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans. The City's only pension trust fund is the Deferred Compensation Fund; which allows City employees to invest in trust deeds that are managed by the City with the oversight of an investment committee that is made up of representatives from each of the bargaining units.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held in an agency capacity by the City for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City accounts for the following agency funds: Sherwood Hall Box Office, Sunrise House, Second Chance Youth Program, Cafeteria Plan, Retirees Health Insurance and Business Improvement District.

CITY OF SALINAS

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2007

	Private		
	Purpose	Pension	
	Trust	Trust	Agency
	Funds	Funds	Funds
Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,083,849	\$ 41,891,185	\$ 211,086
Cash and Investments Restricted	· =.	•	
Deposits			
Accounts Receivable	21,202		115,025
Interest Receivable	116	46,189	
Due from Other Agencies	. -	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	52,107
Bond Issuance Costs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Capital Assets, Net		- <u>-</u>	
	-		
Total Assets	3,105,167	41,937,374	378,218
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	1,460,797	1,404	189,793
Accrued Leave	. -	<u>.</u>	13,492
Due to Outside Agencies	-	•	48,241
Due to Other Funds	4,072		•
Deferred Revenues			126,692
Interest Payable		en e	
Long term debt	-		
Due to SVSWA (Fiduciary Liability		<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities	1,464,869	1,404	378,218
Net Assets:			orania and a september of a mile. Post of the comment
Held in trust for pension benefits			
and other purposes	\$ 1,640,298	\$ 41,935,970	\$

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Private	
	Purpose	Pension
	Trust	Trust
	Funds	Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Plan members	\$ -	\$ 3,323,191
Private Donations	4,396,239	
Total contributions	4,396,239	3,323,191
Investment earnings:		
Interest	_	2,564,296
Net investment earnings	-	2,564,296
Total Additions	4,396,239	5,887,487
Deductions:		
Benefit payments	· •	2,911,396
Payments on behalf of trustees	4,200,424	
Total Deductions	4,200,424	2,911,396
Change in Net Assets	195,815	2,976,091
Net Assets - Beginning	1,444,483	38,959,879
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 1,640,298	\$ 41,935,970



This page is intentionally left blank.

CITY OF SALINAS Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The basic financial statements of the City of Salinas have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of City of Salinas (City) are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Salinas was incorporated as a charter city on March 4, 1874. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized: Public Safety, Public Works, Recreation-Parks, Library and General Government Administrative Services. The City also operates an Airport, a Golf Course, a Downtown Parking District, a Sanitary Sewer System, a Water Utility, a Storm Sewer System and an Industrial Waste Facility.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City of Salinas (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, parts of the City's operations, therefore, data from these units are combined with the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined basic financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The City has no discretely presented component units. The following entities are reported as blended component units:

Salinas Redevelopment Agency (Agency)

The Agency was established on December 19, 1960 pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety code, Section 33000 entitled "Community Redevelopment Law." Current project areas are the Central City Revitalization Project established July 8, 1974 and the Sunset Avenue Redevelopment Project established July 5, 1973. The Sunset Avenue Redevelopment Project was amended and merged with the Buena Vista Redevelopment Project and became the Sunset Avenue Merged Redevelopment Project established April 9, 1991. Additionally, on July 27, 1999, the Agency adopted the amendment to the Central City Redevelopment project. On August 17, 2004, the Agency adopted ordinances amending redevelopment plans of the Buena Vista, Central City and Sunset Avenue project areas to delete the debt incurrence time limit from the plans and to extend the plans one year.

The Agency is financed by property tax increments according to the State Community Redevelopment Law. The Agency's purpose is to eliminate blighted areas by encouraging the development of residential, including low and moderate-income housing, commercial and industrial facilities. The Redevelopment Agency is a legally separate entity; however, the City Council has appointed its members to serve as the governing board of the Agency, and is fully accountable for its fiscal matters. The City Council, acting as Agency Board, appoints the Agency Executive Director, Legal Counsel and Treasurer. In the attached statements, the Agency is presented in the Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds and Capital Assets. A separate Annual Financial Report of the Salinas Redevelopment Agency is published

CITY OF SALINAS Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

and is available from the Agency Treasurer at the Agency's Finance Department located at 200 Lincoln Avenue, Salinas, CA 93901.

Salinas Public Financing Authority (Authority)

The Authority was established October 6, 1992 pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by and between the City and the Agency. It was established to refund Central City Revitalization Project tax allocation bonds. The Authority was used on April 19,1994 to issue a site lease to finance the expansion of the industrial waste facility, on September 17, 1996 to issue Central City Revitalization Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A 1996, on March 25, 1997 to issue Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A and B 1997, on October 24, 1997 to issue Certificates of Participation, Series A 1999, on December 17, 2003 to issue Certificates of Participation, Series A 2004, and on September 1, 2005 to issue Refunding Certification of Participation, series 2005 A and B. The Authority is reported in Debt Service and Enterprise Funds. A financial report is not issued by the Authority.

Other organizations. The City of Salinas acts as fiscal agent for Sunrise House and Second Chance Youth Program; therefore, financial information for these agencies is included in the accompanying financial statements as Fiduciary fund types.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. City resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary Activities of the City are not included in these statements.

The basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated. However, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extend that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net assets as presented in these statements to the net assets presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the qualifications for major fund reporting.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. In order to create the basis for the accrual and revenue recognition of the true-up payment associated with the State's reallocation of sales tax, a change in revenue recognition policy extends the availability period for sales tax revenue recognition to seven to twelve months. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, taxpayer-assessed tax revenues (sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes. franchise taxes, etc.) and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and nonmajor funds aggregated. A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Government Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the City applies all GASB pronouncements currently in effect as well as Financial Accounting Standard Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary Fund Financial—Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. The City's Fiduciary funds represent agency funds, pension trust funds, and private-purpose trust funds. The Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting as are the governmental funds explained above.

C. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Assets

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net assets first.

D. Budgeting

The budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council. Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

The City Manager may transfer budget appropriations between departments and Department Directors may transfer appropriations between programs and accounts within their individual departments and divisions, but only the Council by resolution may appropriate funds from reserves or fund balances.

Budgets for General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Reserves for future lease purchase commitments have been established for accounting purposes and the fund balance is reserved for the total lease commitment consistent with budget policies.

Budget policy excludes taxes, interest, and accounts receivable assets, which are not currently available resources for budget purposes, and condemnation deposits which are returned upon right of way acquisition.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council during the year. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and then are rebudgeted for the coming year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds and appropriations are carried forward until project completion. Grant funds are carried forward until the grant expires.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

E. Interest Earnings

Interest received on time deposits and investments is prorated to the following funds generally based on their month end cash balance. Interest earned by other funds under this method is allocated to the General Fund.

General Fund
Airport Fund
Industrial Waste Fund
Asset Seizure Fund
Local Public Safety Fund
Community Development Act of 1974 Fund
Lighting, Landscape and Maintenance District Funds
Storm Sewer Fund
Sanitary Sewer Fund
Development Fee Fund
Special Gas Tax Improvement Fund
Special Aviation Fund
Certificates of Participation Debt Service Funds

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

Internal Service Self Insurance Funds
Downtown Parking District Fund
Agency Funds
Deferred Compensation Fund
Assessment District Funds
Central City Revitalization Project, Debt Service and Housing Funds
Sunset Avenue Merged Redevelopment Project, Debt Service and Housing Funds

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate cash management. Cash in excess of current requirement is invested and reported as investments. It is the City's intent to hold investments until maturity. However, the City may, in response to market conditions, sell investments prior to maturity in order to improve the quality, liquidity or yield of the portfolio. Interest earnings are apportioned among funds based on ending accounting period cash and investment balances.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of acquisition.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

The City participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), an investment pool managed by the State of California. LAIF has invested portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as a result of changes in interest rates.

G. Property Tax

State Constitution Article 13A provides for a maximum general property tax rate statewide of \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed value. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by the above-referenced Article 13A. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from \$1.00 tax levy among the county, cities, school districts, and other districts. Counties, cities, and school districts may levy such additional tax rate as is necessary to provide for voter approved debt service.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

The County assesses properties, bills for, collects, and distributes property taxes per the following schedule:

	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation dates	January 1	January 1
Lien/Levy dates	January 1	January 1
Due dates	50% on November 1 50% on February 1	July 1
Delinquent as of	December 10, April 10	August 31

The term "Unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land, and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on property being taxed.

Property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes measurable and available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected no longer than sixty (60) days after the close of the current period. The City has elected not to participate in the "Teeter Plan" offered by the County, thereby retaining the right to any interest and penalties collected on the related delinquent taxes.

H. Interfund-fund Balances/Internal Balances

Advances to and advances from other funds represent interfund loans in the fund financial statements. Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reservation or by deferred revenue in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable available financial resources.

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and businesstype activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

I. Inventory of Supplies

Inventory is valued at average cost, which approximates cost as determined on a first-infirst-out basis. Inventory in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption by all departments of the City. The cost is recorded as an expenditure or expense in the appropriate fund at the time individual inventory items are withdrawn for use (consumption method). The General Fund inventory amount is equally offset by a fund balance reservation, which indicates that it does not constitute expendable available financial resources.

J. Land Held for Resale

The Salinas Redevelopment Agency has acquired land as part of its primary purpose to develop blighted properties. The Salinas Redevelopment Agency records this parcels as land held for resale in its financial statements. The property is being carried in the Salinas Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Funds and Special Revenue Funds at the lower of cost or market, but no greater than the net realizable value. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

General Capital Assets \$ 5,000
 Infrastructure Capital Assets \$ 150,000

For all exhaustible capital assets, depreciation is recorded on a straight-line method (with half-year convention applied to the first year of acquisition) over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings 20-50 years
Other Improvements 15-45 years
Infrastructure 10-50 years
Equipment 5-20 years

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with Statement No. 34, the City has included the value of all infrastructures into its Basic Financial Statements.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include:

- Street System
- Site amenities such as parking and landscaped area used by the City in the conduct of its business.

Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutter, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement marking), landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystem.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the basic approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. Estimated historical costs were developed using the following methods:

- 1. Use of historical records where available.
- 2. Standard unit costs appropriate for the construction/acquisition date of the asset.
- 3. Present replacement cost indexed by a reciprocal factor of the price increase from the construction/acquisition date to the current date.

The accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/acquisition to the current date was computed on a straight-line method using industry accepted life expectancies for the infrastructure subsystem. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the original cost.

Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the businesstype activities and proprietary funds as part of the asset cost.

M. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

N. Compensated Absences

Accrued annual leave for all regular City employees and paid time-off for management employees is reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities of the Government-Wide Financial Statements and as a current liability in the business-type activities of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Effective January 1, 1988, approximately seventy percent of all City employees stopped earning vacation and sick leave and instead earn annual leave, which can be used for any purpose. Effective January 1, 1995, Firefighters converted all vacation hours accumulated on an hour for hour basis to annual leave. All sick leave hours are maintained as sick leave hours in the employee's accrual bank.

Employees are eligible to receive their entire unused annual leave balance upon termination, or can elect to be paid annually for a maximum of fifteen days of annual leave, depending on years of service. The City also pays all City employees twenty percent of their sick leave balances upon normal (not early or disability) retirement or ten percent for other than a normal retirement.

O. Deferred Revenue

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, deferred revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as deferred revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements are long-term assessments, long-term loans receivable, and prepaid charges for services.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

In the Fund Financial Statements, deferred revenue is also recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting, when revenues have not been earned, or funds are not available to meet current financial obligations. Typical transactions for which deferred revenue is recorded are grants received but not yet earned or available, interest on interfund advances receivable, long-term assessments and loans receivable.

P. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recognized as expenditures when it is probable that the liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City performs an actuarial study of claims and judgments to determine liabilities on a biannual basis.

Q. Long-term debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financed obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities.

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt. Long-Term Debt is shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

R. Net Assets and Fund Equity

Government-Wide Financial Statements

<u>Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u> – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

Fund Financial Statements

<u>Fund Equity</u> – Reservations and designations of fund balances of governmental funds and unrestricted net assets of proprietary funds are created to either satisfy legal covenants, including State laws, that require a portion of the fund equity be segregated or to identify the portion of the fund equity not available for future expenditures.

<u>Reserved Fund Balance</u> - Reserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which has been legally segregated for specific purposes.

<u>Unreserved Fund Balance</u> - Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for budgeting in future periods, although a portion of these

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

funds may be designated by City Council in multi-year budgets or may not be available in the current period because of accrual transactions.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenditures and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

T. Future GASB Implementation

In July of 2004, the GASB issued Statement 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, with required implementation for the City during the 2006-2007 fiscal year. The new statement will significantly change the way state and local governments report their "other post employment benefits" to the public. As a result of GASB 45, state and local governments will be required to (1) recognize the cost of these benefits in periods when the related services were rendered to the employer, (2) provide information about the actuarial accrued liabilities for promised benefits associated with past services and to what extent those benefits have been funded, (3) and provide information useful in assessing potential demands on the employer's cash flow.

An actuarial valuation of the City's retiree health care plan has been completed as of June 30, 2006 and will be updated as of June 30, 2008 for reporting with the financial statements issued for the year ended June 30, 2008. City management is reviewing options for managing the unfunded portion of the City's retiree health care plan. The City's fiscal year 2007-08 budget includes funds to begin addressing this liability.

2. Cash and Investments:

The City's cash and investments at June 30, 2007 are included in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

		Governme	nt-Wide Statement of Net Assets					 Funds Financials	
	(Governmental Activities	E	usiness-Type Activities		Т	otal	 iduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets	Total
Cash and Investments	\$	80,649,231	\$	6,196,970	\$	86	,846,201	\$ 45,186,120	\$132,032,321
Restricted Cash and Investments		6,422,157		3,283,389	-	9	,705,546	•	9,705,546
Total Cash and Investments	\$	87,071,388	\$	9,480,359	\$	96	,551,747	\$ 45,186,120	\$141,737,867

2. Cash and Investments: (Continued)

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

CASH:	
Demand Accounts at Banks	\$ 293,761
Petty Cash and Revolving Fund	15,000
Micro Loans-Sunset Avenue	56,615
State Condemnation Deposits Fund	137,673
	503,049
INVESTMENTS:	1 147
State Local Agency Investment Fund	79,522,999
American Beacon	5,000,000
Certificates of Deposits	4,200,000
Investments held in trust by Fiscal Agent	10,620,633
	99,343,632
DEFERRED COMPENSATION:	
Cash in State Local Agency Investment Fund	2,509,670
Hartford	2,065,203
Central Coast Federal Credit Union	482,966
Trust Deeds	36,833,347
	41,891,186
Total Cash Investments	\$ 141,737,867

The City's investment policy also governs the investment of all funds including those of the Salinas Redevelopment Agency. The City's investment policy conforms to state law (Government Code Sections 53601 through 53659). The investment of bond proceeds is governed by the specific Indenture of Trust. The investment policy is reviewed annually. The City of Salinas follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds including Agency funds except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Earnings from these investments are allocated quarterly to each fund based on average monthly cash balances. Investment income from cash and investments held by fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Investments are stated at cost or fair value as required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31. Investments shown at fair value are used only to assess the actual value if the Agency were to liquidate the investments before maturity. The Agency intends to hold all investments to maturity.

The Agency's investments with the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) at June 30, 2007 includes a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed securities.

2. Cash and Investments: (Continued)

Under provisions of the City's Investment Policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the following types of investments:

Certificates of Deposit Bankers Acceptances U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes Government Agency Securities Mutual Funds Commercial Paper Repurchase Agreements
Guaranteed Investment Contracts
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund
Passbook Savings Accounts
Interest Bearing Checking Accounts

The Deferred Compensation Plan is permitted by City resolution to invest in deeds of trust secured by real or personal property. Management believes that the market value of the trust deed portfolio at June 30, 2007 is sufficient to offset the estimated 4% cost to liquidate the portfolio.

Deposits

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$503,049. The bank balance was \$1,234,369. The difference is due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. All bank balances are entirely insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure an agency's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of the pledged securities must equal at least 110% of an agency's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure local agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a local agency's deposits.

The City has waived collateral requirements for deposits, which are fully insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Investments:

As of June 30, 2007 the City had the following investments and maturities:

	Cost	 Fair Value	 0-12 months		1-5 years		over 5 years
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 84,672,212	\$ 84,633,688	\$ 84,633,688	\$		\$	
Money Market	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000				
Certificates of Deposits	4,200,000	4,200,000	4,200,000				
Investment Agreements	5,175,992	5,175,992					5,175,992
Mutual Funds	2,340,467	2,340,467	2,340,467				
Insurance Reserves	503,158	503,158	503,158			4.	
Trust Deeds-Def Comp	36,833,347	36,833,347		3	36,833,347		
Hartford/CCFCU-Def Comp	2,428,818	2,428,818	<u> </u>		2,428,818		
	\$ 141,153,994	\$ 141,115,470	\$ 96,677,313	\$ 3	39,262,165	\$	5,175,992

2. <u>Cash and Investments</u>: (Continued)

Credit Risk:

The Local Agency Investment Fund managed by the California State Treasurer, representing 59.71% of the portfolio is not rated. Investments in money market funds are limited by Government Code Section 53601 to those that have attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. At June 30, 2007, mutual funds were rated AAAm by S & P and Aaa by Moody's. The investments agreement providers were rated from AAA to AA by S&P and Aa2 by Moody's.

The American Beacon Money Market fund is managed by American Beacon Advisors Inc. The fund invests all of its investable assets exclusively in high quality variable or fixed rate, US dollar denominated short-term Money Market investments. The fund only buys-securities with the following credit qualities:

- Rated in the highest short-term categories by two rating organizations, such as "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's rating services and "Aaa" by Moody's investors' services, at time of purchase.
- Rated in the highest short-term categories by one rating organization, or
- Unrated Securities that are determined to be of equivalent quality by the Manager pursuant to guidelines approved by the Board of Trustees.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Local Agency Investment Fund, representing 59.71% of the portfolio and the Trust Deed, representing 25.99% of the portfolio are not considered a concentrated risk.

Interest Rate Risk:

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the maturity of investments in accordance with Government Code Sections 53601(a)-(n) and 53636(a)-(m). It is the City's policy to ladder investments so that there are always investments coming due to meet cash flow requirements. Because the Local Agency Investment Fund as of June 30, 2007 had an average life of 196 days, it was presented as an investment with a maturity of 0-6 months. However, LAIF allows the City to make withdrawals of any amount within 24 hours.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy limits safekeeping of investments to third-party custody. Various fiscal agents hold the amount of \$10,620,633 in a trustee capacity. These funds represent bond proceeds held by trustees per the indentures of trust and funds held by third-party administrators for the City's workers compensation and liability insurance programs.

3. Restricted Assets:

Cash and investments of \$9,705,546 are recorded as restricted assets at June 20, 2007 at they are summarized as follows:	and
Development Fees - restricted for construction retentions	\$ 304,124
Construction Assistance - restricted for the construction of the Monterey Street Parking and for COP 2005B Projects	2,367,071
Assessment District Debt Service - restricted for unpresesented matured bonds of the North East Salinas Assessment District	85,000
Gas Tax - restricted for construction retentions	434,000
Debt Service Fund - restricted to cover expenses of debt service	2,672,189
Capital Projects Fund - restricted for small business loans	56,615
Enterprise Fund - restricted to cover expenses of debt service Golf Courses Fund \$ 991,010 Sanitary Sewer 1,062,05 Downtown Parking District 1,230,320	1
Internal Service Fund - restricted for liability expenses and workers compensation claims	
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 9,705,546

4. <u>Taxes Receivable:</u>

Taxes receivable recorded in the General Funds of \$8,970,963 represent amounts due for the quarter ending June 30, 2007 for the following taxpayer - assessed taxes:

Property Tax	\$ 333,520
Sales Tax	3,308,075
Transaction And Use Tax	2,009,450
In-lieu Sales Tax	1,759,946
Utility Users Tax	909,058
Franchise Tax	170,295
Transient Occupancy Tax	383,584
Other Taxes	61,838
Property Transfer Tax	35,197
	\$8,970,963

5. Assessments Receivable:

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Assessments receivable recorded in the Assessment District Debt Service Fund of \$23,325,000 at June 30, 2007, will be collected from property owners to retire outstanding bond principal issued for improvements in special assessment districts. Cash and investments at June 30, 2007 of \$2,938,860 are available to make bond and interest payments of \$2,592,866 that are due on September 1, 2007.

6. <u>Due From Other Agencies</u>:

Due from other agencies consists of the following:

	Federal	State	Other	Total
Government Activities:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Dept. of Housing & Urban Dev C.D. Act of 197				
	271,293	\$	\$	\$ 271,293
Emergency Shelter Program	41,668			41,668
US Department of Justice	262,034	F7 F00		262,034
California Dept of Motor Vehicles		57,593		57,593
California Highway Users Tax		230,558		230,558
California Office of Traffic Safety		28,509	057.050	28,509
County of Monterey	·		257,656	257,656
<u> </u>	574,995	316,660	257,656	1,149,311
Capital Projects Funds:				
Federal Aviation Administration	367,297			367,297
Federal Highway Administration	8,802			8,802
Federal Hazard Elimination Safety	-			-
Federal Train Grant	6,439			6,439
HUD EDI	8,268			8,268
CA Dept.of Transportation		3,904,408		3,904,408
Developers			739,124	739,124
	390,806	3,904,408	739,124	5,034,338
Total Government Activities	965,801	4,221,068	996,780	6,183,649
Business-Type Activities:				
Enterprise Funds:				
Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority	-	·	3,875,837	3,875,837
Trust and Agency Funds:				
Sunrise House:				
Monterey County			13,358	13,358
Other Grants & Contributions			8,181	8,181
Second Chance Youth Program:				
Salinas Redev Agency Jazz-Up			6,335	6,335
AB825 Categorical Education			7,167	7,167
MCOE Alt Education Program			5,500	5,500
County Probation Grant			11,566	11,566
en de la companya de La companya de la co		-	52,107	52,107
Primary Government Totals	965,801	\$ 4,221,068	\$ 4,924,724	\$ 10,111,593

7. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>:

<u>Due To/From Other Funds</u> - Interfund receivables and payables consist of the following:

		Due To		
		Governmenta		
		Activities		
		Capital	Internal	
	General	Projects	Service	Total
Due From:				
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	\$ 1,088,537	\$	\$ 1,088,537
Comm Dev Act of 1974 Fund	121,189	76,145		197,334
Development Fee Fund	2,945	812,490		81 5,43 5
Non-Major Funds:				
Lighting,Landscape & Maintenance	19,452			19,452
Local Public Safety Fund	336,192			336,192
Gas Tax Fund		1,264,442		1,264,442
SRA Housing Fund		3,178		3,178
SRA Project Fund		3,528		3,528
Grants Fund	94,461			94,461
Special Constr Assist Fund	3,530,169			3,530,169
Total Governmental Activities	4,104,408	3,248,320	*	7,352,728
Business Type Activities:				
Airport Fund		4,703		4,703
Municipal Golf Course Fund		9,525		9,525
Sanitary Sewer Fund		4,719		4,719
Storm Sewer Fund		43,526		43,526
Downtown Parking		4,778		4,778
		67,251	- :	67,251
Total Primary Government	4,104,408	3,315,571		7,419,979
Expendable Trust Funds:				
Trust Deposit Funds	4,072			4.072
Second Chance	48,241			48,241
Total Expendable Trust Funds	52,313	_		52,313
	\$ 4,156,721	\$ 3,315,571	\$	\$ 7,472,292

7. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>: (Continued)

Interfund Transfers - Interfund transfers are legally authorized transfers between funds in which one fund is responsible for the initial receipt of funds and another fund is responsible for the actual disbursement. Examples include transfer of funds from the Gas Tax Fund to the General Fund for street purpose expenditures, and transfers to the Capital Projects Fund for project reimbursements. Listed below are the interfunds operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	Operating Transfers In	Operating Transfers Out
General Fund	\$1,325,219	\$ 4,576,305
Special Revenue Funds:		
EMS	447,500	61,862
Asset Seizure Fund		26 ,19 3
Local Public Safety Fund	42,608	445,072
Community Development Act of 1974 Fund	75,065	1,457,539
Vehicle Abatement Program	45,000	
Development Fee Fund		5,482,901
Gas Tax Fund	r - r	3,428,047
Traffic Safety Fund		825,000
Grants Fund	000 000	61,122
Central City Housing Fund Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Fund	628,009	240,021
Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Fund	570,757 1,808,939	12 027 757
	1,000,939	12,027,757
Debt Service Funds:		
COPS 2005B	755,097	
COPS 1999	84,000	
Assessment District	19,285	
Assessment District Reserve Fund	040.004	19,285
Central City Debt Service Fund Sunset Avenue Merged Debt Service Fund	240,021	628,009
Sunset Avenue Merged Debt Service Fulld	1,098,403	570,757 1,218,051
	1,030,403	1,210,031
Capital Projects Funds:		
Capital Project Fund	13,816,088	
Total Governmental Activities	13,816,088	47,000,440
Total Governmental Activities	18,048,649	17,822,113
Enterprise Funds:		
Airport Fund		25,029
Municipal Golf Courses Fund		16,209
Sanitary Sewer Fund		76,308
Storm Sewer Fund	525,000	208,255
Solid Waste Fund		385,097
Downtown Parking District Fund		42,305
Total Business Type Activities	525,000	753,203
Total Carramanantal 9 Divisiosas Astistis	40.570.040	40.555
Total Governmental & Business Activities	18,573,649	18,575,316
Expendable Trust Fund:		
Trust Deposits Fund	4,724	3,057
Total Expendable Trust Fund	4,724	3,057
	\$18,578,373	\$ 18,578,373

7. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>: (Continued)

Advances to/from other funds

The Central City Debt Service Fund has a liability to the Central City Housing Fund of \$172,571 at June 30, 2007. The mandatory set-aside (20% of tax increment revenue) to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund was deferred from August 26, 1986 through June 30, 1992 for a total liability of \$1,299,637. The Agency adopted a plan that dedicates two percent of future tax increment revenue to pay this liability. The remaining balance of \$172,571 will be paid over the next 4 years. The set-aside requirement was made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and future requirements cannot be deferred.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the housing set-aside payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		1 2 1 1	
2008			\$ 62,800
2009			64,684
2010			45,087
			<u>\$172,571</u>

Enterprise Advance

Cash flow advances of \$3,735,000 have been made from the City's General Fund to the Fairways Municipal Golf Course to cover operating losses in fiscal year 2001-02 through 2006-07. Twin Creek Golf Course subsidy has been eliminated with the twenty-year lease of Twin Creeks Golf Course to First Tee of Monterey in an annual amount of \$575,000. On April 12, 2007, as part of the efforts to reduce operating cost, the City Council entered into an agreement to secure monthly maintenance services for the Fairway Golf Course from Sierra Golf Management at an annual cost of \$649,000. City Council is exploring alternatives to continuing the Fairways Golf Course subsidy, including rate adjustments and reducing costs by contracting for operations of the course.

An advance of \$600,000 from the General Fund to the Downtown Parking District fund was made during fiscal year 2006-07. The advance offset the operating deficit experienced while the Downtown Parking Management Plan is designed and implemented.

These advances are recorded in the General Fund – Advances to Other Funds and in the Enterprise Fund – Advances from General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2007.

8. Loans Receivable:

At June 30, 2007, the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements show the City had \$11,272,095 in long-term loans receivable. Transactions for the year are summarized as follows:

summarized a	as follows:		
	Beginning balance New Loans Maya Cinemas Accrued Interest Principal Repayments/Adjustments	\$ 12,383,357 88,553 44,825 (1,244,640)	
	Ending Balance	<u>\$ 11,272,095</u>	
General Fund			
	mebuyers loans with three percent into ied for thirty years, which are due u		\$ 29,800
Special Reve	nue Funds		
Loans record following:	ed in the Community Development Act	of 1974 for the	
	sing rehabilitation loans at three perc extension every five years, and are du le.	The state of the s	1,750,210
	ng rehabilitation loans at five to eight per fifteen years, and due upon transfer o		190,192
	mebuyers loans with three percent into ied for thirty years, are due upon tran		1,512,000
Systems and Sherwood Se of three percentage of the systems and systems are systems.	yment loan to Community Housing of Planning Association Systems eniors Village bearing simple interest atcent (3%) for 30 years. Interest charly 1, 2006. Repayment of principal and July 1,2036.	(CHISPA) for t an annual rate ges will accrue	1,700,000
Small busines	ss loans with various terms.		43,837
Green Gold property title	Salinas Redevelopment Agency for the Inn Homeless Shelter at no interest, or cessation of homeless center and n years (2005).	due transfer of	157,500
Total Commu	inity Development Act of 1974 Loans Re	eceivable.	5,353,739
Central City I	lousing Fund		
	me Homebuyer Loans at 3% interest for upon transfer or sale of property. If		

95,000

property for 30 years, the 3% interest is forgiven.

8. Loans Receivable: (Continued)

Six First Time Homebuyer Loans at 6% interest for 10 years due and payable upon transfer or sale of property. No payments due if owner occupies property for 10 years. Beginning the sixth year, the Agency will forgive 20% of the full amount of principal and interest until the entire note is forgiven at the end of 10 years.

162,000

Housing Construction Loan at 6% for 30 years due and payable upon transfer or sale of property.

32,642

Housing Construction Loan at 5% for 20 years due and payable upon transfer or sale of property.

154,388

Loan to Community Housing Improvement Systems and Planning Association (CHISPA) to provide down payment assistance loans to farm worker families. Loans bear interest at 3.5% annually, are subordinate to the primary mortgage, and are due upon transfer of title. If owner occupies property for 45 years, the 3.5% interest is forgiven.

775,500

Loan to the Plaza Grande, a 92-unit very low-income residential project. Loan bears no interest and requires no payments until due in forty years.

250,000

Loan to First Community Housing, Inc. for land acquisition interest free due in two years. The original loan of \$910,000 made in August 2005 was amended in June 2006. The amount of the loan authorized was increased to \$1,290,000 and an additional \$68,553 was loaned during fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

978,553

Total Central City Housing Fund Loans Receivable

2,448,083

Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Fund

Loan to KDF Communities, LLC to purchase, rehabilitate and convert the 219-unit Los Padres Apartment complex to affordable housing. Loan is at 3% interest for 55 years. No payments are due for first 10 years. The next 5 years require payments of \$10,000, \$20,000, \$30,000, and \$40,000. Years 15 through 30 require annual payment of \$50,000. Beginning in 2034 the remaining balance and any accrued interest is fully amortized in annual payments through the end of the loan. The loan is secured by a deed of trust in second lien position.

1,500,000

Eight First Time Homebuyer Loans at 3% interest for 30 years due and payable upon transfer or sale of property. If owner occupies property for 30 years the 3% interest is forgiven.

110,000

Loan made during May 2005 to CHISPA for Los Abuelitos Senior Housing Project, no interest for 55 years

300,000

Loan to Community Housing Improvement Systems and Planning Association (CHISPA) to provide down payment assistance loans to

8. <u>Loans Receivable</u>: (Continued)

farm worker families. Loans bear no interest, are subordinate to the primary mortgage, and are due upon transfer of title.

224,500

Total Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Fund Loans Receivable

2,134,500

Capital Projects Fund

26 Unreinforced Masonry Loans for engineering and retrofitting of downtown buildings to meet City code earthquake requirements. Loans are interest free for 25 years due and payable upon transfer or sale of property. 16 loans have no payments until due at end of term. 10 loans have monthly payments amortized over 25 years.

356,498

The Note Receivable of \$815,000 is a promissory note from the sale of downtown land to Maya Cinemas for the development of a 14-screen movie theater. The note bears interest at 5.5% and was paid in full July 16, 2007. The Note Receivable includes accrued interest of \$134,475, through June 30, 2007. It is secured by a deed of trust.

949,475

Total Central City Project Fund Loans Receivable

1,305,973

Total Loans Receivable

\$11,272,095

No allowance for doubtful accounts is presented in the accompanying financial statements as management considers all receivables to be collectible.

9. Land Held for Resale:

The Salinas Redevelopment Agency is holding for resale land and buildings. The properties are recorded at their appraised market value, as follows:

Central City Project Fund

111 Main St – Parking lot – future hotel site	\$ 391,140
117 Main St – Alley by Steinbeck	24,445
150 Main St – Vacant lot – future hotel site	473,292
Total land available for sale in Central City Capital Project Fund	888,877
Central City Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund	
5, 7 & 11 Soledad St	194,607
Total Land Held for Resale	<u>\$1,083,484</u>

10. Capital Assets:

In 2003, the City of Salinas hired American Appraisal Associates, Inc., to inventory and value the City and Agency Capital Assets for GASB 34 reporting purposes. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of 2 years or greater. The capitalization threshold is applied to individual units of capital assets rather than groups.

10. Capital Assets: (Continued)

Per GASB Statement 34, which the City implemented in fiscal year 2003, the City has capitalized and reported major general infrastructure assets that were acquired (purchased, constructed, or donated), or that received major renovations, restorations, or improvements since fiscal year 2003.

A. Value of Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The cost includes all ancillary charges necessary to place the asset in its intended location and condition for use. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects and are constructed. Repairs to existing capital assets will generally not be subject to capitalization unless the repair extends the useful life of the asset.

B. Depreciating Capital Assets

All depreciable capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro-rata share of the cost of capital assets. Depreciation is provided using straight-line depreciation using the half-year convention. Depreciation is calculated for half a year on the year of acquisition and the year of disposition. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings 20 to 50 years Improvements 15 to 45 years Infrastructure 10 to 50 years Machinery and Equipment 5-20 years

C. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and state grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

D. Assets not Capitalized

Art Collections, Library Reserve Collections, and Museum and Historical Collections, that are considered inexhaustible in that their value does not diminish over time, are not required to be capitalized. The City maintains a policy that requires proceeds from sales to be used to acquire other items for collection. Living things will not be capitalized due to the high level of ongoing maintenance and/or training (animals) to extend its life and/or add usefulness. Some examples are; trees, grass/sod, other vegetation, police dogs, horses or other animals. Street related infrastructure items such as regular road maintenance with an expected life of less than 5 years (slurry seals) or traffic calming measures (street striping, speed bumps, medians, vegetation) are items that do not materially add to the value of the assets or extend its useful life.

10. Capital Assets: (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2006		Additions		Adjustments/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities				-			<u>,, </u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		_					
Land	\$ 20,665,070	\$	1,341,504	\$		\$	22,006,573
Construction in progress	875,969		523,798		172,324		1,572,091
Total assets not being depreciated	21,541,039		1,865,302		172,323		23,578,664
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	27,532,322		29,278				27,561,600
Improvements other than buildings	9,225,921		187,935				9,413,856
Machinery and equipment	17,385,575		3,655,746		(19,999)		21,021,322
Infrastructure	184,710,894		16,643,246		(172,324)		201,181,816
Total assets being depreciated	238,854,712		20,516,205		(192,323)		259,178,594
Less accumulated depreciation: Total capital assets	(117,873,882)		(7,425,848)		20,000		(125,279,730)
being depreciated, net	120,980,830	·	13,090,357		(172,323)		133,898,864
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$ 142,521,869	\$	14,955,659	\$	<u> </u>	\$	157,477,528
Business-type Activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		_				_	
Land	\$ 3,629,739	\$		\$		\$	3,629,739
Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated	3,629,739						3,629,739
Capital assets, being depreciated:							100
Buildings and improvements	25,216,747		924,888				26,141,635
Improvements other than buildings	14,483,658		600,661		-		15,084,319
Machinery and equipment	5,628,383		482,974				6,111,357
Infrastructure	211,332,119		1,353,479				212,685,598
Total assets being depreciated	256,660,907		3,362,002	-	-		260,022,909
Less accumulated depreciation:	(109,346,575)		(6,021,677)				(115,368,252)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	147,314,332		(2,659,675)				144,654,657
Business-type Activities	¢ 150.044.074	e	(0 CEO C7E)	¢		r	449 204 200
capital assets, net	\$ 150,944,071	\$	(2,659,675)	\$		<u> </u>	148,284,396
Depreciation expense was charged to funct	ions of the primary governr	ment a	as follows:				
Governmental Activities:							
General Government		\$	290,744				
Police		~	629,677				
Fire			392,564				
Public Works, including infrastructure as	sets		5,357,318				
Recreation and Parks	· 		670,305				
Library			85,240				
Total depreciation expense - Governm	ental Activities	\$	7,425,848			×	
Business-type Activities:							
Airport		\$	554,016				
Industrial Waste		•	167,632		The second second		
Golf Courses			559,820				
Sanitary Sewer			1,453,135				
Storm Sewer			2,704,168				
Water Utility			10,268				
Water Utility Downtown Parking		٠	10,268 572,638				

11. Contingent Assets:

The City has made land acquisition advances totaling \$737,602 to the Community Housing Improvement Systems and Planning Association, Inc.

The City holds two long term (15 years), non-interest bearing, deferred payment notes in the amount of \$682,904. The notes are secured by deeds of trust, which may be subordinated to the construction lender to build affordable housing. The balance of the advances is secured by the eventual sale proceeds of the La Terraza Project, \$54,698.

12. Deferred Revenues:

Deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Deferred revenues are stated at \$24,588,185 in the Governmental-Wide Statements and \$30,033,273 in the Fund Statements. The difference of \$5,445,088 represents long-term loans in the Special Revenue Funds recorded as deferred revenue. These are not available resources. Deferred revenues of \$30,033,273 at June 30, 2007 consists of the following:

(30	٧	er	nr	ne	n	tal	Α	ct	İVÌ	tie	s:

		_	_	
Mai		г		۰.
10/12-11	111	-11		

Community Development Act of 1974 Fund	ing. Tanàna ao amin'ny faritr'i Marie ao amin'ny faritr'i Amerika.
Housing Rehab Loans	\$ 1,940,402
First Time Homebuyers Loans	1,512,000
Salinas Redevelopment Agency Loan	157,500
Small Business Loans	43,837
Other Home Funds	29,211
CDBG/Home Program Deferred Revenue	1,700,000
	5,382,950
Construction Assistance	1,081,065
Assessment District Debt Service Fund	
Assessments Receivable	23,325,000
Non-major Funds:	
Special Revenue and Capital Projects grants, advances	244,258
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 30,033,273

13. Deferred Compensation Plan:

The City has two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Recently enacted Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 requires the establishment of a trust or similar vehicle to ensure that the assets of the Deferred Compensation Plans under the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 are protected and used exclusively for the benefit of Plan participants and/or their beneficiaries. According to these law changes, the City established Employer Trust arrangements for each of the Plans before January 1, 1999.

The City established in November of 1997 an Employer Trust through the Plan Document adopted with the ICMA Retirement Corporation. On December 15, 1998 the City Council adopted a Resolution amending the City administered deferred compensation plan to also conform to the new law. Under the Trust arrangement, individual accounts maintained by the record-keeper used for receiving contributions and

13. Deferred Compensation Plan: (Continued)

paying distributions must be subject to the Trust. The existence of the Trust does little to change the Plan structure except to add a layer of protection for money set aside for the employee against claims of the Employer's creditors. The law also allows an increase in the amount a participant may differ each year, based on changes in the consumer price index.

The International City Manager's Association Retirement, Inc., Plan has a balance of \$17,405,430 at June 30, 2007. All employees are eligible to participate through voluntary salary reduction. Some management employees participated in lieu of participation in the New York Life Retirement Program until June 19, 1995 when a qualified 401(a) retirement program was established. These assets are not reported on the City's financial statements at June 30, 2007 pursuant to the Employer Trust established by the City with ICMA Retirement Corporation during November 1997.

The City administers a Trust Deposit Fund that includes a second deferred compensation plan funded solely by voluntary salary reductions. All employees are eligible to participate. The plan has \$41,935,970 in net assets at June 30, 2007. The balance in these plans is available to employees only upon termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency. While the Employer Trust established by the City on December 15, 1998 protects these funds from creditors of the City, because the City administers the plan assets they are included in the City's financial statements at June 30, 2007.

14. Retirement Programs:

As of June 30, 2007, the City was contributing to three employee retirement programs. Total pension expenses for the fiscal year were \$12,923,255, including employee contributions, normal costs and annual amortization of prior service costs.

Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description The City of Salinas' defined benefit pension plans, Safety Fire Plan, Safety Police Plan and Miscellaneous Plan, provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plans are part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by State statues within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The City of Salinas selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street – Sacramento, CA 95814.

14. Retirement Programs: (Continued)

The City amended its contract with CalPERS effective June 1, 2001 to provide 3% at 50 for the Police Public Safety Group and 2% at 55 for Local Miscellaneous Members. The City contract with CalPERS for the Fire Public Safety Group provided 2% at 50 through November 1, 2005. A contract amending the benefits for the Fire Public Safety Group providing 3% at 50 went in effect as of December 1, 2005. All CalPERS participant benefits vest after five years of service. Local Police Safety and Local Fire Safety Employees who retire at or after age 50 with five years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount that equals 3 percent at age 50 of the single highest year's salary for each year of credited service. Those Miscellaneous members under CalPERS who retire at or after age 55 with five years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount that varies from 2 percent at age 55 to a maximum 2.418 percent at age 63 and over of the single highest year's salary for each year of credited service.

Under the authority of recently approved legislation, the CalPERS Board of Administration created a Risk pooling system for plans with less than 100 participants. The Fire Public Safety Group qualified under the guidelines to be moved into the new risk pool. Risk pooling consists of pooling assets and liabilities from several employers to produce a large risk sharing pool that will dramatically reduce or eliminate the large fluctuations in the employer's contribution rate caused by unexpected demographic events. Supplementary information includes the Fire Public Safety Group risk pool history as available from CalPERS.

<u>Funding Policy</u> Active plan members are required to contribute 9% (7% for miscellaneous employees) of their annual covered salary. The City of Salinas is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2006/07 was 33.847% for firefighters, 26.812% for police officers and 10.694% for miscellaneous employees of their annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statue and the employer contribution rate is actuarially determined annually by CalPERS.

Annual Pension Cost For fiscal year 2006/07, the City of Salinas' annual pension cost of \$10,994,272 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The City of Salinas actually contributed \$8,027,839 while the employees contributed \$2,966,433. The required contribution for fiscal year 2006/07 was determined as part of the June 30, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumption included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.25% to 13.15% for safety members (3.25% to 14.45% for miscellaneous members), and (c) 3.25% payroll growth. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 3%. In April 2005, the CalPERS Board approved an employer rate stabilization policy, with the following features: a) In the calculation of the actuarial value of assets, market value asset gains and losses are spread over 15 years as compared to 3 years; and b) Changed the corridor limits for the actuarial value of assets from 90% -110% of market value to 80%-120% of market value; and c) Gains & losses are amortized over a rolling 30 year

14. Retirement Programs: (Continued)

period. In the past, the amortization payment on gains and losses was 10% of the base, and d) A minimum employer contribution rate was established equal to the employer normal cost minus a 30-year amortization of surplus (but never less than 0%). CalPERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of assumed future payroll on a closed basis.

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Costs (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	_	Net Pension Obligation
2006/07	\$ 10,994,272	100%	\$	0
2005/06	9,874,831	100%		0
2004/05	8,186,555	100%		0

Historical Three-Year Trend of Funding Progress is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

New York Life

Plan Description The New York Life is a closed single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers Non-Public Safety Employees. The Plan was established on September 1, 1954 and has been amended and restated from time to time since that date. Prior Plan amendments eliminated the six-month service requirement for entry into the plan and credited participants with up to six-months of service from hire to plan entry prior to time change. The Plan was amended and restated effective September 1, 1996 to bring the Plan into compliance with the Internal Revenue Code and Regulations promulgated thereby to provide for the City's pick-up of employee eligible participants equal to the present value of vested accrued benefits. The most recent plan amendment effective June 13, 2005 eliminated the six month service requirement for entry into the Plan and credited participants with up to six month of service from hire to plan entry prior to the change. Effective June 1, 2001, the Plan amended its benefit formula to one that uses an average salary computed from the twelve month period, replacing an old formula that uses an average salary computed from a thirty six month period.

As of June 19, 1995, all new regular non-public safety employees are enrolled in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).

The City of Salinas has an agreement with New York Life Insurance Company to hold and invest plan assets of the Retirement Plan, which covers employees other than Police and Fire. The total covered payroll for employees participating in the Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 was \$4,482,434.

All Miscellaneous personnel benefits vest after five years of service. The vested benefit would be in the form of a pension beginning after attaining age 60 equal to the benefits accrued at time of termination, or for a reduced amount if an election is made to have payments commence before attaining the normal retirement age of 60. City employees who retire at or after age of 60 with five years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable: monthly for life, as a straight life annuity, as a ten year certain and life annuity, or as a lump sum, in an amount equal to 2% of the average

14. Retirement Programs: (Continued)

earnings paid to the employee during the twelve consecutive months of service with the City during which his earnings were highest, multiplied by the number of years and completed months of plan participation. The plan allows early retirement after reaching age 55 and completing five years of plan participation. The plan also provides death and survivor benefits.

<u>Funding Policy</u> The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. Prior to January 1, 1979, participants were required to make specified levels of contributions to the plan in order to accrue benefits under the Plan. For the period commencing January 1, 1979 through December 31, 1993, there were no participants' contributions under this Plan. For the period commencing January 1, 1994, participants were required to contribute 4.5% of their compensation to the Plan. After September 1, 1996, participant contributions were made by the City under the employee pretax pick-up provision for government-sponsored plans allowed under the Internal Revenue Code.

Annual Pension Cost The annual pension cost is actuarially determined by the valuation based on a plan year that starts on September 1st and ends on August 31st. The required actuarially determined City contribution for the period ending in August 31, 2007 was \$1,309,379. During fiscal year 2006/07, the City contributed \$1,309,380 to the New York Life retirement plan, while the employees contributed \$152,197. The City also contributed \$54,671 on behalf of employees represented by SEIU.

The Net Pension Obligation as determined by the Actuarial valuation of September 1, 2006 is \$57,936 and is included in the General Long Term Debt.

The plan used the frozen initial liability (frozen entry age) actuarial cost method under which the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not explicitly determined each year until September, 2005. Effective with the September 1, 2005 actuarial valuation, the plan uses the entry age normal cost funding method under which the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is explicitly determined each year. As of September 1, 2005, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was redetermined to be \$12,127,776 based on the market of plan assets and plan accrued liabilities as of September 1, 2005 and the plan's funding contribution was then calculated based on a 30-year amortization of the redetermined unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0% investment return (net of administrative expenses) (b) projected salary increases of 3.0% per year and (c) projected cost of living adjustments of 2.0%. The assumptions include post-retirement benefit increases, which are adjusted by the lesser of the average Consumer Price Index or 2.0%. Assets are valued at cash value on September 1, 2006 as reported by New York Life Insurance Company, using an estimation of interest and expense which is equal to two-thirds of the prior contract year's interest and expense. The actuarial liability represents the actuarial present value of all benefits accrued as of the valuation date, based on service and salary at that date.

14. Retirement Programs: (Continued)

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION									
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Costs (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation						
06/30/06	\$1,207,428	100.50%	\$ 57,936						
06/30/05	1,112,863	100.56%	(169,465)						
06/30/04	876,865	100.92%	70,250						

Historical Three-year Trend of funding progress is presented in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

ICMA Retirement Corporation Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description - On June 19, 1995, the City established a qualified retirement program in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). This defined contribution 401(a) Money Purchase Retirement Plan was established with International City Managers Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA). Non-Public Safety Mid-Management employees that were participating in the ICMA 457 non-qualified deferred compensation plan in-lieu of participation in the New York Life Retirement Program, were required to transfer to one of the other City's three qualified retirement plans. The City's contribution for July 1, 2006 through April 13, 2007 was 26.5% of the participant's covered payroll, and 29.2% for April 14, 2007 through June 30, 2007. During the fiscal year 2006-07, the City's contribution to this plan was \$228,437 while the employees had a mandatory contribution of 4.%5 of their salary or \$38,182. At June 30, 2007, there were 8 employees participating in this program. Since June 29, 1998, participants are required to contribute 4.5% of their compensation to the plan.

Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period that the contributions are made.

Method Used to Value Investments – Participants direct their investments, without restriction, among various investment options available under the ICMA 401 (a) Plan. Plan investments are reported at fair market value. At June 30, 2007, the total Plan Assets totaling \$3,074,537 consisted of \$2,506,182 of earnings and employer contributions, \$507,312 of employee mandatory contributions, \$53,964 of employee after-tax voluntary contributions and, \$7,079 rollover from another qualified plan. Earnings include dividends, interest, and realized and unrealized gains and losses.

Retirement Buyback Program

During Fiscal Year 1995-96, the City established a deferred compensation retirement buyback program for Department Directors where the City contributes a flat dollar amount based on tenure with the City. The 401(a) Money Purchase Retirement Plan is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation. The program requires employeematching contributions for every dollar contributed by the City. At June 30, 2007, there were 8 participants in this program and the City's annual contribution was \$73,058 while the employees had a equal mandatory matching contribution of \$73,058.

15. Post Employment Benefits:

Effective September 29, 1995, pursuant to Memorandum of Understanding adopted on September 1, 1994, the City established certain post-retirement health care benefit provisions to pay twenty-five percent of premium or \$100 per month (whichever is less) of the employee and spouse medical insurance premium for Public Safety employees retiring from the City with a normal service retirement. This benefit is provided for no more than ten years for each employee of the Salinas Police Officers Association and until employees of the other Public Safety bargaining units become eligible for Medicare coverage. As of June 30, 2007, there were sixty-five employees receiving this benefit for a total cost of \$75,630. The City's share of medical coverage under PEMHCA regulations was \$8,845 for the same period.

The City participates in the CalPERS PEMHCA (Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act) health benefit program that requires a minimum contribution from the City to be applied against the monthly cost of health insurance for any employee retiring from the City of Salinas. The minimum cost to the City per employee during calendar year 2007 was \$14.70 per month, and is schedule to be adjusted in 2008 to \$38.80 per month. The health insurance administration fee paid to CalPERS by the City during fiscal year 2006-07 was \$25,394.

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) issued Statement 45, which addresses plan and employer reporting of Post-Employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions (OPEB). GASB 45 requires the City to account for OPEB liabilities much like the City already accounts for pension liabilities, generally adopting the actuarial methodologies used for pensions, with adjustments for the different characteristics of OPEB and the fact that the City has not set aside any funds against this liability.

Until now, these benefits have been administered on a pay-as-you-go basis and have not been reported as a liability on the City's financial statements.

An actuarial valuation of the City's retiree health care plan has been completed as of June 30, 2006 and will be updated as of June 30, 2008 for reporting with the financial statements issued for the year ended June 30, 2008. City management is reviewing options for managing the unfunded portion of the City's retiree health care plan. The City's fiscal year 2007-08 budget includes funds to begin addressing this liability.

16. Self Insurance:

The City has a self-insurance program and carries excess insurance for catastrophic losses. American Insurance Company, Interstate Fire and Casualty Company provide general liability coverage up to a maximum of \$10,000,000 after the self-insured retention of \$1,000,000 per occurrence met. ACE American Insurance Company provides Worker's Compensation excess coverage with statutory coverage (pursuant to California Workers' Compensation Act) after the self-insurance retention of \$1,000,000 is met

Liabilities for estimated claims payable for the self-insurance programs represent settled claims, claims incurred but not paid and claims incurred but not reported based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amount

16. <u>Self Insurance</u>: (Continued)

of losses incurred through June 30, 2007 is dependent on future developments, City management has determined the desired reserve level for each self-insurance program as follows and believes the estimates are adequate to cover such losses.

- 1. Worker's Compensation insurance liability of \$10,016,836 includes \$8,013,469 for claims incurred but not paid and \$2,003,367 for claims incurred but not reported which is based on expected claims and past claims history as recommended by the City's Risk Management consultant. At June 30, 2007, Worker's Compensation insurance liability of \$10,016,836 is reported on the statement of net assets. The worker's compensation fund was established as an Internal Service Fund on July 1, 1991. The portion of the worker's compensation insurance liability since July 1, 1991, at June 30, 2007 is \$8,524,057 and is reported in the Internal Service Fund; \$1,492,779 of this is treated as long-term debt.
- 2. General Liability insurance liability at June 30, 2007 of \$484,998 includes \$71,762 for claims incurred but not paid and \$413,236 for claims incurred but not reported which is based on expected claims and past claims history. Unreserved retained earnings is \$1,821,426 at June 30, 2007 and is short the City's goal of reserving three times the self-insured retention plus full funding of all past claims history. The City's self-insured retention is \$1,000,000.

The following table presents reconciliation of the changes in total claims liability.

	Workers		
Compensation			eral Liability
\$	10,478,947	\$	594,249
	(2,095,790)		(368,140)
-			
	8,383,157		226,109
	2,054,241		554,732
	(2,423,929)		(709,079)
	8,013,469		71,762
	2,003,367	-	413,236
\$	10,016,836	\$	484,998
		Compensation \$ 10,478,947 (2,095,790) 8,383,157 2,054,241 (2,423,929) 8,013,469 2,003,367	Compensation Ger \$ 10,478,947 \$ (2,095,790) 8,383,157 2,054,241 (2,423,929) 8,013,469 2,003,367

17. Lease Obligations:

The City has commitments under various long-term operating lease agreements. Future minimum lease payments are approximately as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Total			
June 30,	Leases			
2008	\$ 72,993			
2009	67,545			
2010	59,297			
	\$ 199,835			

17. Lease Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Police</u> - Lease of office space at 261 Lincoln Avenue. The lease provides for an initial term of five years with an option to extend for an additional five years and will increase based on the change in the CIP with a floor of three percent and a ceiling of seven percent. Total cost for the lease was \$9,420 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Redevelopment Agency – The Agency leases office facilities at 159 Main Street under a five-year lease with an option to extend for five years. Total cost for the lease was \$44,845 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u> – Office space at 200 Lincoln Ave was leased by the City of Salinas to the Community Development Block Grant program. Total cost of the lease for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$19,000.

<u>Police</u> – Office space lease at 100 West Alisal Street, Steinbeck Post Office is currently on a month-to-month lease. Rent is at \$1,425 per month. Cost of the lease was \$17,100 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

18. Long Term Debt:

The annual requirements to amortize capital leases, loans and notes, certificates of participation and bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2007 by activity are as follows:

	Governmental-	Wide Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2008	\$ 3,210,058	\$ 2,605,790	\$ 1,319,380	\$ 1,916,358
2009	3,279,114	2,474,436	1,325,460	1,868,945
2010	3,379,435	2,338,308	1,302,481	1,819,077
2011	3,394,731	2,185,489	1,355,416	1,768,549
2012	3,541,074	2,021,610	1,413,351	1,714,327
2013-2017	15,456,488	9,275,084	7,761,063	7,618,482
2018-2022	9,072,119	8,218,761	9,144,216	5,762,375
2023-2027	6,842,294	2,244,688	11,148,834	3,370,492
2028-2032	2,255,000	186,968	6,240,000	1,117,550
2033-2037	157,500	<u> </u>	2,035,000	97,731
	\$ 50,587,813	\$ 31,551,134	\$ 43,045,201	\$ 27,053,886

The debt for annual leave, estimated insurance claims and net pension obligation does not have an amortization schedule and is therefore not included in the above schedules.

Accrued Annual Leave

Accrued leave for governmental activities is reported in Long-Term Debt on the Government-Wide Statements and in current liabilities for business-type activities. The cost of Annual Leave as accumulated at fiscal year end is recorded as a current liability within Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. At June 30, 2007 the liability for all compensated absences totaled \$7,594,227. It includes \$7,570,041 in annual leave and \$24,186 in sick leave. These amounts are reported on the financial statements in the following funds:

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

	June 30, 2006		Increases	Decreases		June 30, 2007		Due Within One Year
Governmental Fund Types:		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General Fund	\$ 6,039,847	\$	759,362	\$ 150,205	\$	6,649,004	\$	1,329,801
Measure V	-		425,876	-		425,876		85,175
Special Revenue Funds	132,670		16,639	16,372		132,937		26,587
Debt Service Funds	 13,890		-	4,059		9,831		1,966
	\$ 6,186,407	\$	1,201,877	\$ 170,636	\$	7,217,648	\$	1,443,529
Proprietary Fund Types:					_		_	
Enterprise Funds	\$ 309,922	\$	18,454	\$ 88,751	\$	239,625	\$	47,925
Internal Service Funds	20,583		3,836			24,419		4,884
	\$ 330,505	\$	22,290	\$ 88,751	\$	264,044	\$	52,809
Fiduciary Fund Type:					-			
Agency Funds	\$ 98,626	\$	13,907	\$ _	\$	112,533	\$	22,507

Estimated Insurance Claims

At June 30, 2007, the Estimated Insurance Claims liability recorded in the Internal Service Funds is as follows:

Worker's Compensation	\$ 8,524,057
General Liability	<u>484,998</u>
Total	\$ 9,009,055

An additional \$1,492,779 of Worker's Compensation Claims liability is reported in the Long-Term Debt.

Net Pension Obligation

At June 30, 2007, a negative Net Pension Obligation of \$57,936 is reported as determined by the September 1, 2006 actuarial valuation of the New York Life retirement plan.

Governmental Type Activities

Capital Leases:

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital leases is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Fire Trucks (3.955%), annual payments,			
expiring February 1, 2008	\$ 61,442	\$ 2,407	\$ 63,849

Loans and Notes Payable:

Homeless Shelter Loan - Green Gold Inn

On March 7, 1995, the Salinas Redevelopment Agency - Central Agency Revitalization Project entered into a funding agreement and received a loan from the City of Salinas Community Development Block Grant Fund for the acquisition of property, Green Gold Inn at 28-32 Soledad Street, to establish a homeless center/shelter. The Agency agreed

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

that the property would be used solely for a homeless center/shelter for a period not less than ten years. If the Agency or the organization holding title to the property disposes of the property or alters the use of the property prior to expiration of the ten year period, the Agency will reimburse the City the full amount of the current fair market value less improvement costs. Upon completion of the ten-year period one half of the debt, \$157,500, was forgiven. Upon cessation of the homeless center/shelter operations, the City will be reimbursed the fair market value of the property less the portion of the loan paid and improvement cost.

Debt service requirements for Green Gold Inn homeless center/shelter no interest loan is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

Later years

\$157,500

Breadbox Gym Note Payable

On August 9, 1991, the Salinas Redevelopment Agency entered into an installment purchase agreement with Franklin C. & Dorothy G. Walt Trust for the purchase of property at 745 No. Sanborn Rd. The property is used for the Breadbox recreation facility. The property was purchased for \$487,200 with \$52,024 down and a promissory note of \$435,176 secured by a first deed of trust with annual payments of \$51,116, at an annual rate of 10.0% for 20 years, expiring August 9, 2011. Debt service payments are made from the Sunset Avenue Merged Project tax increments.

The annual debt service requirements for the Breadbox Gym note payable are as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total		
	2008	\$	31,739	\$	19,377	\$	51,116	
	2009		34,913		16,203		51,116	
	2010		38,404		12,712		51,116	
	2011		42,244		8,871		51,115	
١.	2012		46,469		4,646		51,115	
		\$	193,769	\$	61,809	\$	255,578	

Certificates of Participation Bonds:

Series A-1997 (Refunded by Series B-2005)

On October 24, 1997, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation (Certificates) Series A-1997 totaling \$11,960,000. The purpose of this financing was to raise money for capital improvement projects, \$8,000,000, and refund the Authority's Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds, which were issued to purchase the 65 W. Alisal Building. The Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds Series A-1997 and Series B-1997 were fully retired on November 20, 1997. The outstanding Certificates of \$10,785,000 were secured by a lien on City owned assets based on the following appraised values; City Hall (\$3,820,000); Public Safety Building (\$1,990,000); Steinbeck Library (\$2,350,000) and 65 W. Alisal Building (\$2,805,000).

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

On September 14, 2005, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2005 B (1997 Capital Improvement Projects). The Refunding Certificates were issued to refund Series A-1997 Certificates. Series 2005 B Refunding Certificates were issued in the amount of \$11,705,000 for 24 years at 4.22%. Maximum annual debt service is \$795,705. The net value savings of the refunding was \$517,645. The Refunding Certificates are secured by a lien on the Salinas Community Center with an appraised value of \$13,415,000. With this refunding liens were removed from the City's Public Safety Building, 65 West Alisal Building and Steinbeck Library. Refunding Certificates B 2005 are rated AAA (insured by Ambac) with an underlying A rating from Standard & Poor's. In conjunction with this refunding, Standard & Poor's affirmed the City's issuer's credit rating of A+.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2008	\$ 355,000	\$	435,680	\$ 790,680
2009	365,000		424,880	789,880
2010	375,000		413,780	788,780
2011	390,000		401,330	791,330
2012	395,000		387,593	782,593
2013-2017	2,215,000		1,714,716	3,929,716
2018-2022	2,630,000		1,266,289	3,896,289
2023-2027	3,180,000		673,819	3,853,819
2028-2032	1,470,000		64,969	1,534,969
	\$ 11,375,000	\$	5,783,056	\$ 17,158,056
		-		

Series A-1999- Animal Shelter

The City of Salinas Certificates of Participation (Certificates) Series 1999 were issued by the Salinas Public Financing Authority on March 16,1999 in the amount of \$14,315,000. The Certificates were issued to complete an animal shelter (\$1,250,338) and golf course improvements (\$13,064,662). The outstanding Certificates of \$12,920,000 were secured by a lien on City owned assets based on the following appraised values; Salinas Community Center (\$9,840,000) and Twin Creeks Golf Course (\$4,800,000).

On September 14, 2005, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued \$8,005,000 of City of Salinas Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2005 A (Twin Creeks Golf Course). The Refunding Certificates were issued to refund the portion of Series A-1999 Certificates attributable to Twin Creeks Golf Course (\$7,210,000). The outstanding Refunding Certificates Series 2005 A of \$8,005,000 is reported in the Golf Course Enterprise Fund.

The portion of Series A 1999 Certificates attributable to the Animal Shelter (\$1,100,000) and Fairways Golf Course (\$4,225,000) were not refunded. The remaining portion of Series A 1999 Certificates total \$5,325,000 and are secured by a lien on City Hall with an appraised value of \$5,300,000. The outstanding portion of Series A 1999 Certificates

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

allocated to the Animal Shelter (\$1,100,000) is reported as Governmental activities and the outstanding portion allocated to Fairways Golf Course (\$4,225,000) is reported as Business-type activities.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follow:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2008	\$ 36,138	\$ 50,392	\$ 86,530		
2009	38,203	48,886	87,089		
2010	39,235	5 47,279	86,514		
2011	41,300	45,567	86,867		
2012	43,365	43,747	87,112		
2013-2017	244,704	186,685	431,389		
2018-2022	310,784	1 117,989	428,773		
2023-2027	311,166	32,033	343,199		
	\$ 1,064,895	5 \$ 572,578	\$ 1,637,473		

Series A-2002 - Steinbeck Center

On May 2, 2002, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation Series A-2002, in aggregate principle amount of \$2,855,000 to finance the acquisition by the Agency of a leasehold interest in the Steinbeck Center site. This financing provided funds to repay the \$2,300,000 in bank loans of the Steinbeck Center and release the collateral posted by the Agency. In addition, the funds repaid an advance in the amount of \$267,000 to the City of Salinas, funded a reserve to pay the final payment on the Certificates in the amount of \$183,750, and paid certain costs of issuance. The Steinbeck Center makes annual lease payments to the City in an amount equivalent to the required payments of the Certificates of Participation.

The outstanding Certificates of \$2,585,000 are secured by the City taking possession of the Steinbeck Center building pursuant to a ground lease, if the Steinbeck Center defaults on its lease payments. In case of default by the Steinbeck Center the City would become responsible for the payments on the Certificates.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follow:

 Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total		
 2008	\$	60,000	\$	122,641	\$	182,641	
2009		60,000		120,601		180,601	
2010		65,000		118,426		183,426	
2011		65,000		115,989		180,989	
2012		70,000		113,389		183,389	
2013-2017		385,000		521,281		906,281	
2018-2022		480,000		423,415		903,415	
2023-2027		615,000		291,750		906,750	
2028-2032		785,000		122,000		907,000	
	\$	2,585,000	\$	1,949,492	\$	4,534,492	
					-		

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

Tax Allocation Bonds

On August 28, 1996, the Agency issued \$11,145,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-1996. On October 27, 1992, the Agency issued \$6,541,178 of Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-1992. The bonds were issued to complete project improvements in the Central Agency Revitalization Project area. The bonds will be repaid from property taxes levied within the Salinas Redevelopment Agency Central City Revitalization Project.

The annual debt service requirements for the bonds at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

		TAB Serie	96	TAB Series A-1992					
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	-	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2008	\$	555,000	\$	361,427	\$	190,739	\$	314,262	
2009		580,000		331,836		175,998		329,002	
2010		610,000		299,996		161,796		346,451	
2011		645,000		265,788		151,187		356,822	
2012		680,000		229,350		141,240		366,413	
2013-2017		1,755,000		707,990		1,031,784		3,630,990	
2018-2022		580,000		495,004		991,335		5,087,904	
2023-2024		1,495,000		115,913		161,128		1,053,867	
	\$	6,900,000	\$	2,807,304	\$	3,005,207	\$	11,485,711	

The Series A-1996 bond issue has a term bond of \$4,510,000 that matures on November 1, 2023. Debt service payments beginning in fiscal year 2011-2012 are deposits into a sinking fund. The term bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity from the sinking fund installments on each November 1 on and after November 1, 2011 without premium according to a specified schedule, which is used in these debt service requirements. The Series A-1992 bond issue has a term bond of \$2,638,475 that matures on November 1, 2022. Debt service payments beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010 are deposits into a sinking fund. The term bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity from the sinking fund installments on each November 1 on and after November 1, 2009 without premium according to a specified schedule that is used in these debt service requirements.

Assessment Districts Bonds

At June 30, 2007, outstanding Assessment District Bonds totaled \$25,245,000. Bonds issued for improvements in special assessment districts are liabilities of the property owners and are secured by liens against the assessed property. In the case of default, the City has the authority to advance bond payments from the special reserve fund and to foreclose on delinquent property.

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for assessment district bonds is as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total
-	2008	\$	1,920,000	\$	1,299,605	\$ 3,219,605
	2009		2,025,000		1,203,029	3,228,029
	2010		2,090,000	* .	1,099,664	3,189,664
	2011		2,060,000		991,122	3,051,122
	2012		2,165,000		876,472	3,041,472
	2013-2017		9,825,000		2,513,423	12,338,423
	2018-2022		4,080,000		828,158	4,908,158
	2023-2027		1,080,000		77,304	1,157,304
		\$	25,245,000	\$	8,888,777	\$ 34,133,777
	and the second s	***************************************				

Business-Type Activities

Capital Leases

Street Sweeper

On July 16, 2003, the City of Salinas purchased street sweeper using lease purchase financing. Annual payments are \$40,833, including interest at 3.9% for five years.

On August 17, 2004, the City of Salinas purchased a second street sweeper using lease purchase financing. Annual payments are \$41,750, including interest at 4.29% for five years. Debt payable of \$117,686 is recorded in the Storm Sewer Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2007.

Debt Service requirements to maturity is as follows:

				Total		
•	77,654	\$	4,929	\$	82,583	
	40,032		1,718		41,750	
5	117,686	\$	6,647	\$	124,333	
	; 	40,032	40,032	40,032 1,718	40,032 1,718	

Golf Course Equipment

On November 2, 2004, the City of Salinas purchased a lawn mower and spray rig for the Fairways Golf Course using lease purchase financing. Annual payments are \$17,718, including interest at 4.75% for 5 years. Debt payable of \$33,063 is recorded in the Municipal Golf Course Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2007.

Debt Service Requirements to maturity is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	F	rincipal	` Ir	nterest	Total
2008	\$	16,148	\$	1,570	\$ 17,718
2009		16,915		803	17,718
	\$	33,063	\$	2,373	\$ 35,436

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

Bonds Payable

Industrial Waste Lease

On May 1, 1994, the City sold a lease in the amount of \$1,050,000 to finance the construction of the industrial waste facility expansion. This is a twenty-year lease at 7.5% interest per annum. Annual lease payments are secured by the City's obligation to make lease payments from any lawful available source of funds and by the pledge of net revenues of the City's Industrial Waste System. Debt payable of \$600,000 is recorded in the Industrial Waste Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2007.

Debt Service requirements to maturity is as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total		
-	2008	\$	60,000	\$ 42,750	\$	102,750	
	2009		60,000	38,250		98,250	
	2010		65,000	33,563		98,563	
	2011		70,000	28,500		98,500	
	2012		75,000	23,062	****	98,062	
	2013-2014		270,000	31,125		301,125	
	and the second of the second o	\$	600,000	\$ 197,250	\$	797,250	

Airport Fuel Facility Lease

On December 12, 2006 the City Council enter into a lease agreement with Central Coast Aviation Services, Inc. to purchase a Fuel Facility at the Salinas Municipal Airport. The agreed total cost for the facility is \$415,924. The City acquired its ownership interest in the fuel facility subject to the City's obligation to reimburse Central Cost for the costs of construction and installation of \$250,000 and to credit the total amount of rent due under the Fuel Facility and Office Leases for a ten year period. The Airport has paid \$99,377 towards the cost and rent credits has been applied to the total cost leaving an outstanding balance of \$249,347 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. Lease payments will be adjusted by CPI every two years from commencement date of December 12, 2006.

Debt Service Requirements to maturity is as follows:

Fisc	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Int	erest	Total		
1:	2008	\$	26,716	\$	-	\$	26,716	
	2009		26,716		-		26,716	
	2010		26,716				26,716	
	2011		26,716		·		26,716	
	2012		26,716		-		26,716	
	2013-2017		115,767		-		115,767	
		\$	249,347	\$		\$	249,347	

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

Series 1998 - Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds

On July 30, 1998, the City of Salinas issued Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 in the amount of \$16,000,000 to finance capital replacement of existing sewer mains and other sewer related capital replacement. Maximum annual debt service is \$1,047,890, including interest at 5.14%, for 30 years. The City is authorized under Chapter 36, Article II, Division 5 of the Salinas City Code, to levy a sewer fee for the purpose of paying sanitary sewer related expenses of the City. In May 1998, the fee was increased from 15% to 35% of the sewer service charge levied by the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency. The additional 20% fee generates about \$1,200,000 annually to pay debt service on the Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds.

Debt payable of \$13,565,000 is recorded in the Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2007.

Debt service requirements and maturity are as follows:

_	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		ipal Interest			Total
_	2008	\$	360,000	\$	663,250	\$	1,023,250
	2009		375,000		646,135		1,021,135
	2010		390,000		627,010		1,017,010
	2011		410,000		607,933		1,017,933
	2012		430,000		588,607		1,018,607
	2013-2017	-	2,480,000		2,600,365		5,080,365
	2018-2022		3,165,000		1,899,625		5,064,625
	2023-2027		4,040,000		1,003,500		5,043,500
	2028-2029		1,915,000		96,875	7 .	2,011,875
		\$	13,565,000	\$	8,733,300	\$	22,298,300

Certificates of Participation, Series A-1999 – Golf Courses (Portion Refunded by Series A-2005)

On March 16, 1999, the Salinas Public Financing Authority_issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation (Certificates) Series A-1999 totaling \$14,315,000. A portion of the Certificates was allocated for the construction of an animal shelter, \$1,250,338, and the balance of the Certificates, \$13,064,662, was allocated for construction of the new Twin Creeks (9-hole) Golf Course, \$8,221,604 and the renovation of Fairways Golf Course, \$4,843,058.

On August 24, 2004, the City entered into a sublease agreement with the Monterey Peninsula Foundation and its related foundation, Future Citizens Foundation, dba the First Tee of Monterey County providing for the lease of the Twin Creeks golf course to Future Citizens Foundation. As a condition of the lease, the City repaid the portion of the 1999 Certificates attributable to the Twin Creeks golf course facility (about 57.5% of the lease payments or \$575,000) and refinanced that golf course portion with a new Refunding issue of Certificate of Participation.

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

On September 14, 2005, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2005 A, in the amount of \$8,005,000, to refund the portion of the 1999 Certificates attribute to Twin Creeks. With the closing of this financing, the sublease agreement with First Tee of Monterey County was finalized. Annual debt service for the 2005 A Certificates (\$572,308) will be paid by the annual lease payments (\$575,000) from Future Citizen's Foundation and guaranteed by the Monterey Peninsula Foundation. As with most City issued debt, the General Fund of the City backs the new Certificates and payment of debt service is the ultimate responsibility of the City.

Refunding Certificates Series 2005 A were issued in the amount of \$8,005,000 for 24 years at 4.22%. Maximum annual debt service is \$572,308. The net value expense of the refunding was \$117,298. The refunding was completed to issue qualified 501 (c) 3 bonds to provide for the operation of Twin Creeks golf course by First Tee of Monterey County. Refunding Certificates Series 2005 A are secured by a lien on Twin Creeks golf course.

Refunding Certificates 2005 A are rated AAA (insured by Ambac) with an underlying A rating from Standard & Poor's. In conjunction with this refunding, Standard & Poor's affirmed the City's issuer's credit rating of A+,

The portion of Certificates Series A 1999 attributable to the Animal Shelter (\$1,100,000) and Fairways Golf Course (\$4,225,000) were not refunded. The remaining portion of Certificates Series A 1999 total \$5,325,000 and are secured by a lien on City Hall with an appraised value of \$5,300,000.

Debt service requirements to maturity for the Golf Courses (Twin Creeks Series 2005 A and Fairways remaining portion Series 1999 A) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2008	\$ 413,862	\$ 484,871	\$ 898,733		
2009	431,797	470,685	902,482		
2010	440,765	455,884	896,649		
2011	458,700	439,706	898,406		
2012	476,635	422,036	898,671		
2013-2017	2,665,296	1,812,926	4,478,222		
2018-2022	3,254,216	1,199,375	4,453,591		
2023-2027	3,708,834	402,354	4,111,188		
	\$ 11,850,105	\$ 5,687,837	\$ 17,537,942		

Certificates of Participations, Series A-2004 - Monterey Street Parking Structure

On December 17, 2003, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation Series A-2004, with a principle amount of \$16,630,000 an aggregate interest of 4.68%, for a term of thirty years to finance the acquisition and construction of a five level (with one below grade) 452-space public parking garage adjacent to the National Steinbeck Center and the planned Maya Cineplex Theater.

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

On November 2001, the City and the Salinas Redevelopment Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement with Maya Cinema Holding Company LLC for the development of a 14-screen, 2,916-seat multiplex movie theatre complex in the 100 block of Main Street. To serve this and other developments within the 100 blocks, the Disposition Agreement committed the City/Agency to construct a five-level public parking structure. The public parking structure and multiplex movie theatre complex were completed and opened during July 2005.

Maximum annual debt service of \$1,091,950 will be paid from capitalized interest in the first three years, proceeds of Agency land sale to Maya Cinema, increased tax increment revenue associated with the development of the Theater and eventually the Hotel and parking fees from the parking structure. Pursuant to a reimbursement agreement the Salinas Redevelopment Agency (Central City Project) is responsible for the debt service.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 365,000	\$ 718,988	\$ 1,083,988
2009	375,000	711,354	1,086,354
2010	380,000	702,620	1,082,620
2011	390,000	692,410	1,082,410
2012	405,000	680,622	1,085,622
2013-2017	2,230,000	3,174,066	5,404,066
2018-2022	2,725,000	2,663,375	5,388,375
2023-2027	3,400,000	1,964,638	5,364,638
2028-2032	4,325,000	1,020,675	5,345,675
2033-2037	2,035,000	97,731	2,132,731
	\$ 16,630,000	\$ 12,426,479	\$29,056,479

Conduit Debt

In June of 1999, the City of Salinas issued Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A (\$5,310,000 tax-exempt) and 1999A-T (\$390,000 taxable) for the construction of a 132-unit senior apartment project. Twenty percent (20%) of the project is designated to be affordable to seniors.

As of June 30, 2007 the total conduit debt outstanding related to these bonds is \$5,315,000.

In June 14, 2007, the City of Salinas issued Economic Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A (\$18,655,000 tax exempt) and 2007B (1,570,000 taxable) for the acquisition of a building located at 1000 Main Street in Salinas. The building is currently leased in part to the County of Monterey Department of Social Services. The project intends to provide monthly rental at below the market value rates to the County of Monterey, a one million dollar premise improvement allowance to the Department of Social Services to renovate and upgrade it's space in the building and to generate charitable support for the County's residents.

As of June 30, 2007, total conduit debt outstanding related to the Economic Development Revenue Bonds is \$20,225,000.

18. Long Term Debt: (Continued)

Pursuant to the bond purchase agreements, the City of Salinas has no obligation related to the repayment of these bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the City's financial statements.

The following is a summary of Long Term Debt transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

		June 30,				_		June 30,		Due Within
		2006		Increases		Decreases		2007		One Year
Governmental Activities:			•		_		_		_	
Annual Leave	_\$_	6,186,407		1,201,877	\$	170,636	<u>\$</u>	7,217,648		1,443,529
Estimated Insurance claims		2,414,493		· .		921,714		1,492,779		
Net Pension Obligation		(169,465)		227,401				57,936		14,484
Capital Leases		338,049				276,607		61,442		61,442
Loans and Notes Payable:										
City Loan - Homeless Shelter		157,500						157,500		
Breadbox Gym Note Payable		222,623				28,854		193,769		31,739
Total Loans & Notes Payable		380,123				28,854		351,269		31,739
Contification of Double in atlant	-									
Certificates of Participation Series B-2005		11,705,000				220,000		44 275 000		255 002
Series A-1999						330,000		11,375,000		355,000
Series A-2002		1,100,000 2,640,000				35,105		1,064,895		36,138
Total Certificates		15,445,000	-			55,000	_	2,585,000		60,000
rotal Certificates		15,445,000		-		420,105	_	15,024,895		451,138
Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:									1	
Series A-1996		7,425,000				525,000		6,900,000		555,000
Series A-1992		3,211,515				206,308		3,005,207		190,739
Total Bonds Payable		10,636,515				731,308		9,905,207		745,739
Assessment District 1915 Act Bonds	- 1	27,195,000				1,950,000	<u></u>	25,245,000		1,920,000
Government Activities	\$	62,426,122	\$	1,429,278	\$	4,499,224	\$	59,356,176	\$	4,668,071
Business-type Activities										
Leases:										
Capital Leases	\$	240,737	\$		\$	89,988	\$	150,749	\$	93,802
Industrial Waste Lease	Ψ	655,000	, Ψ		Ψ	55,000	Ψ	600,000	Ψ :	60,000
Airport Fuel Facility Lease		000,000		249,347		-		249,347		26,716
Total Leases	-	895,737		249,347		144,988		1,000,096		180,518
Bonds Payable:		000,707		240,041		144,500		1,000,000		100,510
Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds		13,910,000				345,000		13,565,000		360,000
Certificates of Participation A-1999		4,225,000				134,895		4,090,105		138,862
Certificates of Participation A-2005		8,005,000				245,000		7,760,000		275,000
Certificates of Participation A-2004		16,630,000				,		16,630,000		365,000
Total Bonds Payable		42,770,000				724,895	_	42,045,105		1,138,862
Business-type Activities	\$	43,665,737	\$	249,347	\$	869,883	\$	43,045,201	\$	1,319,380
			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Name of the last o		

19. Legal Liability on Assessment Bonds Payable:

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 6, the City included its assessment bonds payable within the Long-term Debt Account Group. Bonds issued for improvements in special assessment districts are liabilities of the property owners and are secured by liens against the assessed property. In the case of default, the City has the authority to advance bond payments from the special reserve fund and to foreclose on the delinquent property owner. As of June 30, 2007, assessment bonds outstanding are \$25,245,000. The September 2, 2007 principal payment of \$1,920,000 has already been collected. The balance of \$23,325,000 is recorded as Assessments Receivable in the Assessment District Debt Service Fund. The Assessment District Reserve Fund balance is \$2,898,038 at June 30, 2007.

20. Restricted Net Assets:

The government-wide statement_of net assets reports \$64,184,862 of restricted_net assets, of which \$1,062,051 is restricted by enabling legislation represented by the net assets held at the Sanitary Sewer Fund. The assets are the result of a surcharge fee imposed on sanitary sewer users for the payment of operating expenses and debt service payments.

21. Deficit Fund Equities:

The following are deficit fund equities at June 30, 2007:

Enterprise Funds - Municipal Golf Courses Fund \$6,240,658.

The deficit net assets in Municipal Golf Courses Fund of \$6,240,658 represents the amount that debt issued for the purchase of capital assets exceed the value of those capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. In addition, cash flow advances totaling \$3,735,000 have been made from the City's General Fund to cover operating losses at Fairways Golf Course in fiscal years 2001-02 through 2006-07.

As part of the City Council efforts to find alternatives to the continuance of General Fund subsidies, contracting for operations of the Twin Creeks Golf Course was finalized and the General Fund subsidy of Twin Creeks Golf Course has been eliminated.

On August 24, 2004 the City Council entered into a sub-lease agreement with the Future Citizens Foundation, dba The First Tee of Monterey County to operate and manage the Twin Creek Golf Course. The term of the Sublease is for a period of twenty years commencing November 1, 2004.

During September 2005, the Twin Creek's portion of the 1999 Certificates of Participation were refunded with Certificates of Participation Series 2005 A. The lease term and annual payments coincides with the Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2005 A and runs for 20 years (15 years with a 5-year option) with base annual rent of \$575,000. The lease provides for City participation in annual golf course revenues, beginning in years six through the last year of the option in 20 years. The Monterey Peninsula Foundation guarantees the lease payments to the City and First Tee of Monterey County operates the golf course. As part of the lease arrangement, General Fund advances totaling \$1,555,000 were forgiven. This lease arrangement has eliminated the General Fund subsidy of Twin Creeks Golf Course.

21. <u>Deficit Fund Equities</u>: (Continued)

On April 10, 2007, the City entered into a three-year (with two three-year options) agreement with a private provider to provide grounds maintenance at Fairways Golf Course. The total annual compensation due to the provider is \$649,000 for years one and two and an adjusted amount by the Consumer Price Index in year three. The agreement is limited to the maintenance of the golf course; the City retains ownership, control and management of the Fairways golf course. Contracting the maintenance of Fairways golf course will save the City's General Fund about \$200,000 annually.

City Council is continuing to explore alternatives to continue the Fairways Golf Courses subsidy, for example, increasing rounds with rate specials, advertising and privatizing the entire operation of the golf course.

22. Joint Venture-Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority:

The Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority, created pursuant to an agreement dated as of January 1, 1997 (the "Authority Agreement") among the County of Monterey, and the cities of Salinas, Gonzales, Greenfield, Soledad, and King City (the "Members"). The Authority was established to acquire and manage the landfill assets of each member, ensure long-term landfill capacity of the Authority service area and provide a unified and coordinated solid waste management for the members.

The Authority is governed by a nine member governing board, consisting of three members of the Salinas City Council, two members of the Monterey County Board of Supervisors, and one City Council member each from the cities of Gonzales, Greenfield, King City and Soledad. Pursuant to the Authority Agreement, while the City of Salinas does not have unilateral control over the activities of the Authority, the affirmative vote of at least one member of the Authority Board who is a member of the Salinas City Council is required to approve Board actions.

With the formation of the Authority, each participating jurisdiction contractually agreed to its responsibilities. In addition, the Authority adopted waste supply agreements with each Member of the Authority. Each has committed to deliver waste generated within its boundaries to Authority's solid waste facilities, to direct its franchise/permitted solid waste haulers to dispose of waste at these facilities, and to pay tipping fees set by the Authority to cover all Authority-related costs.

The commitments provided by the Members are for a period of 15 years (2012) from the date of the Authority Agreements, may be terminated under specific terms of withdrawal, which includes a majority vote of the board. Repayment of all outstanding debt and funding of closure and post closure and site remediation costs must be provided for upon withdrawal from or termination of the Authority. The members have made no equity contributions, or have sold their interest in their assets to the Authority, and there is no explicit, measurable equity interest in this joint venture.

The City has no measurable equity interest in the Authority and does not receive a share of operating results.

On September 5, 2006, the City Council approved Amendment No. 5 to the Interagency Agreement relieving the City of its administrative and fiscal service responsibilities as of September 1, 2006.

22. <u>Joint Venture-Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority</u>: (Continued)

The Annual Financial Report of the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority is published and is available from the Authority Treasurer at the Authority's Finance Department located at 337 Melody Lane, Salinas, CA 93901.

23. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. Although the outcome of these claims and lawsuits are not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney the resolution of these matters are within the self-insured retention and are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City, except as otherwise noted.

Commitment to Other Taxing Agencies The Salinas Redevelopment Agency settled legal action with other taxing agencies over division of incremental tax revenue resulting from amendment of Buena Vista and Sunset Avenue Redevelopment Projects. Under the amended and restated terms of the agreement, Amended Plans adopted by Ordinance No. 2130 on April 9, 1991, payments due are contingent upon the amount of tax increment moneys available and the cumulative amounts expended by the Merged Redevelopment Project. Statutory pass through payments for the Sunset Avenue Project totaled \$700,729 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.

Pass through payments per agreements from the original project plan and amended project plan are estimated according to the following schedule:

Due in the year ended June 30,	••••••	Amount	Due in the year ended June 30	Amount
2008	\$	716,250	2014	\$ 958,780
2009		829,036	2015	986,367
2010		853,976	2016	919,440
2011		879,376	2017	946,305
2012		905,339	2018	973,668
2013		931,772	2019	1,001,532

Adoption of Debt Incurrence Time Limit Deletion On August 17, 2004 the City Council approved an ordinance deleting the debt incurrence time limit from the Redevelopment Plan, thus allowing the Agency to incur debt past the current time limits of January 1, 2004 in the Central City and Buena Vista Plan area and past July 7, 2007 in the Sunset Avenue Plan Area. This action requires the Agency to make statutory pass-through payments pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 33607.7 to each affected taxing entity with which the Agency does not already have a pre-1994 pass-through agreement required pursuant to this amendment. Statutory pass-through payments totaled \$143,304 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.

Commitment to Steinbeck Center Foundation

On May 2, 2002, the City of Salinas issued Certificates of Participation, Series A of 2002, in aggregate principal amount of \$2,855,000 to finance the acquisition by the Agency of a leasehold interest in the Steinbeck Center site. This financing provided funds to repay the \$2,300,000 in bank loans of the Steinbeck Center used to construct

23. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities: (Continued)

the Steinbeck Center building and release the collateral posted by the Agency. In addition, the funds repaid an advance in the amount of \$267,000 to the City of Salinas, funded a reserve to pay the final payment on the Certificates in the amount of \$183,750, and paid certain costs of issuance. The Steinbeck Center's annual lease payments of \$183,750 support the payments of the Certificates of Participation. If the Steinbeck Center defaults on its lease payments, the City of Salinas can take possession of the Steinbeck Center building pursuant to a ground lease and would thereby become responsible for the payments on the Certificates of Participation. The Steinbeck Center leases the site to the Agency. The Agency subleases the site to the City. The Agency also has assigned to the Trustee, for the benefit of the owners of the Certificates, substantially all of its rights, title and interest in and to the lease, including the right to receive lease payments under the lease. The City subleases the site to the Steinbeck Center.

The Steinbeck Center is constructed on Agency owned land. Pursuant to a fifty-year ground lease dated December 31, 1997, the Redevelopment Agency leases the land to the Steinbeck Center for \$1 per year.

Commitment to Monterey Street Parking Structure In November 2001, the City Council ánd the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with Maya Cinema Holding Company LLC for the development of a 14-screen, 2,916-seat multiplex movie theater complex in the 100 block of Main Street. To serve this and other developments within the 100 blocks, the DDA committed the City/Agency to construct a five-level, 452-space public parking structure on the corner of Monterey Street and Market Street adjacent to the National Steinbeck Center and the Maya Cineplex Theater. The public parking garage opened in June 2005, while the Maya Cinemas Multiplex was completed and opened during July 2005.

On December 17, 2003 the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued \$16,630,000 in City of Salinas Certificates of Participation (COP), Series A of 2004, to finance the acquisition and construction of the public parking garage known as the Monterey Street Parking Structure. The City anticipates making lease payments from parking fee revenues generated from the Project and other general fund revenues. To the extent parking fee revenue is insufficient, the Agency has, pursuant to a reimbursement agreement by and between the Agency and the City, agreed to reimburse the City for any debt service shortfalls with respect to the Certificates. The City anticipates that tax increment revenues contributed by the Agency, together with parking revenues, will be sufficient to pay for the debt service with respect to the Certificates, however, such revenues are not pledged to the payment of debt service, and no assurance can be given that parking revenues will be sufficient to pay for debt service with respect to the Certificates.

Debt service payments were made during fiscal year 2006-07 using the balance of capitalized interest, investment earnings and \$275,000 of Agency funds. Beginning in fiscal year 2007-08, maximum annual debt service payments are \$1,091,950. At June 30, 2007, the Agency has reserved \$1,135,000 of fund balance for the purpose of making debt service payments.

The Certificates have an insured rating of "AAA" from Standard and Poors (S&P) and an uninsured rating of "Aaa" from Moody's Investors Service.

23. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities: (Continued)

State Budget Implications The housing downturn, lower property tax revenues and the economic slowdown have put California's State Budget under severe pressure. Estimates place a projected state budget shortfall of more than \$14 billion in the 2007-08 fiscal year. The Governor's proposed budget for 2008-09 was released January 2008, and the Governor declared a "fiscal emergency" and that requires the Legislature to make 2007-08 mid-year cuts in spending. For the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2008, the Governor plans to cut funding to all state agencies by ten percent (10%).

The State's tendency to take resources from local government to balance their budget has always been the City's biggest budgetary unknown. The passage of Proposition 1A in the November 2004 election will help to reduce the ability of the State to make up its shortfalls through revenue shifts away from local government. This law requires the state legislature to get a two-thirds vote before revenues (Property Tax, Sales Tax, Vehicle License Fees and State Mandate Funding) can be borrowed from local governments, stipulates that the state can only borrow twice in a 10-year period and any "borrowings" must be repaid within three-years with interest.

The State continued the annual shift of City of Salinas property tax to the Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF). Property tax revenue continues shifting over \$3,900,000 of annual property tax to the State.

In addition to ERAF property tax shifts from the City, ERAF shift of property tax increments from the Salinas Redevelopment Agency began in fiscal year 2002-03 and continued through fiscal year 2005-06. The State's take of property tax from the taxpayers of the Salinas Redevelopment Agency totaled \$1,110,807 over the four-year period. Proposition 1A does not protect redevelopment agencies from future State ERAF shifts.

24. Subsequent Events:

As of December 2007, all employee groups have approved Memorandum of Understandings (MOUs) with the City. Police Management Association (PMA) and Salinas Police Officers Association (SPOA) MOUs expire December 31, 2009. Fire Supervisors Association (FSA) and International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) MOUs expire June 30, 2009. MOUs for Association of Management Personnel of Salinas (AMPS), Salinas Municipal Employees Association (SMEA), Service Employees International Union (SEIU) and SEIU Crew Supervisors have been extended through December 31, 2011. Confidential Compensation Plans (Management and Nonmanagement) have been extended through December 31, 2011.

MOU increases per bargaining unit are as follows: PMA and SPOA (5.0% 4/1/07, 5.0% 10/1/07, 5.0% 4/1/08, 5.0% 10/1/08 and 5.0% 4/1/09); FSA and IAFF (6.0% 7/1/07 and 6.0% 7/1/08); and AMPS, SMEA, SEIU, SEIU Crew Supervisors, and Confidential Management and Non-management (5.0% 10/1/07, 5.0% 11/1/08, 4.0% 12/1/09 and 4.0% 1/1/11).

The City's three-year (2007-08 through 2009-10) budget projections assumes the General Fund \$7.2 million operating reserve will be exhausted as expenses will exceed revenues during this period. This fact was discussed with the recent approvals of MOUs adjusting employee compensation and further discussed with the policy determination to focus on economic development to enhance the City's revenue base.



This page is intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



This page is intentionally left blank.

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Policy and Control
Budgetary Information
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

BUDGETING

The budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council. The City Council approves operating appropriations at the department and fund level prior to July 1, each year and may amend the budget during the fiscal year. Budgetary control is maintained at the program level. Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

Budgets are legally adopted for all Governmental and Proprietary Fund Types. Fiduciary Funds and Agency Funds have no adopted budgets because the City is only required to make payments to the extent funds are available. Agency Fund budgets that are approved by their respective governing boards are recorded in the City's accounting system.

The City Manager may transfer budget appropriations between departments and Department Directors may transfer appropriations between programs and accounts within their individual departments and divisions, but only the Council may appropriate funds from reserves or fund balances.

Budget policy excludes the use of taxes, accounts receivable, interest receivable assets and long-term advances that are not currently available resources for budget purposes. Condemnation deposits, are also excluded because they are returned upon right of way acquisition.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council during the year. During the year, Council amends the budget with the approval of supplemental appropriations and reviews and amends the budget at mid-year and at year-end.

Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end to the extent they have not been expended. New budget appropriations are approved for the coming year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds and appropriations are carried forward until project completion. Grant funds are carried forward until the grant expires.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

On November 8, 2005, the voters of Salinas approved Measure V, a 0.50% transactions and use tax. Measure V is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund. The tax was effective April 1, 2005 and the tax will sunset in ten (10) years. The Measure V Oversight Committee is a fundamental provision of the voter-approved tax. The Mayor and City Council each annually appoints one member of the public to serve

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

on the Oversight Committee. The committee has two (2) major responsibilities recommending the specific uses of Measure V funds to the City Council and overseeing the use of Measure V funds to assure consistency with the voter approved tax and the appropriated use of Measure V funds.

BUDGET ADOPTION

On May 9 and 16, 2006, the City Council was presented and reviewed a two (2) year operating budget with staff recommending approval of a one (1) year operating budget for the City of Salinas and Salinas Redevelopment Agency. The Salinas City Council and Salinas Redevelopment Agency unanimously adopted fiscal year 2006-07 Annual Operating Budgets on May 16, 2006. An updated Six-Year Capital Improvement Budget for fiscal year 2006-07 was adopted on July 11, 2006. The Capital Improvement Budget is generally updated every two years.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund and Measure V

The General Fund (including Measure V) budget (outflows) was amended during the year to reflect carryover of unspent capital projects appropriations, carryover of encumbrance appropriations and unanticipated expenditure requirements. The original budget includes capital project carryover appropriations of \$1,521,370 and encumbrance carryover appropriations of \$760,969. The amended budget includes \$3,146,850 that was appropriated by Council during the year, at mid-year and at year-end to cover unanticipated expenditure requirements.

During February 2007, with the mid-year budget review, Council committed \$1.0 million to fund Economic Development and Community Safety efforts. The Economic Development initiative is a three-year program funded at \$750,000, with \$250,000 appropriated in fiscal year 2006-07. The Community Safety initiative is an on-going program, funded at \$250,000 per year, with \$50,000 appropriated in fiscal year 2006-07. Other General Fund budget appropriations made by Council during the year include; \$140,750 for Paramedic Program support; \$106,300 to establish a Police Cadet Program; \$130,100 to establish a Fire Cadet Program; \$65,000 to increase storm water run-off (NPDES) monitoring; \$150,000 to increase operating and capital outlay contingencies; \$380,300 to fund liability claims; \$85,600 to appropriate State Public Library funds; \$100,000 to complete zoning code updates as wrap-up to the General Plan; and \$38,800 to appropriate an ABC grant.

During February 2007, with the mid-year budget review, the Measure V Committee recommended and Council approved the use of \$1,650,000 of one-time Measure V funds for the following capital projects; Sidewalk Repair \$995,000; Wild-land Firefighting Engine \$285,000; Five Park Maintenance Pick-ups \$80,000; a Crime Scene Investigation Vehicle \$225,000 and Two Animal Control Trucks and Cage Units \$65,000.

All budget amendments were funded from current year resources.

Resources (inflows) of the General Fund were also amended by Council at mid-year and at year-end reflecting economic changes, State and County actions and other unanticipated factors effecting revenue estimates. Revenue estimates were increased

CITY OF SALINAS Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

\$2,977,900 during the fiscal year. Sales Tax and In-lieu Sales Tax revenue estimates were decreased \$237,900, with actual collections reflecting 1.5% growth over the prior year. With a 12.7% growth in the City's property assessed values, revenue estimates were increased for Property Taxes (\$405,000), Supplemental Property Tax (\$500,000) and Property Tax In-lieu of Vehicle License Fees (\$481,600). Intergovernmental revenue estimates were increased for one-time increases in State reimbursements for Booking Fees (\$427,800), State Mandated Costs (\$520,000) and Police Post Training (\$100,000). Charges for services were increased for Plan Check and Inspection Fees (\$255,000), Administrative Fees (\$100,000) and Police False Alarm Fees (\$175,000). Estimated investment earnings were increased \$200,000.

The General Fund fund balance increased \$6,834,252 to \$29,823,639, of which \$19,580,427 is reserved and \$10,243,212 is unreserved.

The General Fund unreserved fund balance of \$10,243,212 includes designated funds of \$7,316,669 and undesignated funds of \$2,926,543. The designated fund balance of \$7,316,669 includes taxes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable and other accrued resources, less long-term liabilities. These funds are designated for future year budgets: when the funds are available for expenditure or when the long-term liabilities become payable.

The June 30, 2007 undesignated fund balance estimated in fiscal year 2006-07 budget was \$20,133. The undesignated fund balance at June 30, 2007 pursuant to the audited financial statements is \$2,926,543. The difference of \$2,906,410 is the General Fund carryover at June 30, 2007. The General Fund carryover of \$2,906,410 was reported to Council with the year-end budget review during October 2007.

The General Fund undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543 is available for allocation and expenditure at June 30, 2007. General Fund resources available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 total \$14,480,443, including the operating reserve of \$5,200,000, the capital projects reserve of \$6,353,900 and the undesignated fund balance of \$2,926,543. General Fund reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes.

During the mid-year budget review in February 2008, staff will recommend the allocation of the June 30, 2007 General Fund budget carryover of \$2,906,410 as follows; 1) \$2,000,000 to the Operating Reserve; and 2) \$906,410 to the Capital Projects Reserve.

After the allocation of the June 30, 2007 budget carryover, General Fund reserves available for expenditure at June 30, 2007 are \$14,480,443, inclusive of a capital projects reserve for projects budgeted in both fiscal years 2007-08 and 2008-09 of \$7,260,310, an operating reserve of \$7,200,000 and an unreserved balance of \$20,133.

The City's three-year (2007-08 through 2009-10) budget projections assumes the \$7.2 million operating reserve will be exhausted as expenses will exceed revenues during this period. This fact was discussed with the recent approvals of MOUs adjusting employee compensation and further discussed with the policy determination to focus on economic development to enhance the City's revenue base.

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Policy and Control
Budgetary Information
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Measure V is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund. The Measure V fund balance increased \$4,167,127 to \$6,370,030, of which \$4,290,574 is reserved and \$2,079,456 is unreserved.

The Measure V unreserved fund balance of \$2,079,456 is designated. The designated fund balance includes taxes receivable and interest receivable. These funds are designated for future year budgets: when the funds are available for expenditure.

Measure V reserved fund balance at June 30, 2007 totals \$4,290,574, including reserves for encumbrances of \$2,296,816, capital projects of \$1,268,732 and carryover capital projects of \$725,026. Measure V reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes.

All Measure V funds collected in fiscal year 2006-07 have been spent, encumbered or budgeted for capital projects to be completed in fiscal year 2007-08.

Housing and Urban Development Fund

The Housing and Urban Development Fund appropriations budget (outflows) was amended during the year to reflect carryover of unspent operating and capital projects appropriations, carryover of encumbrance appropriations and unanticipated expenditure requirements. The original budget includes operating carryover appropriations of \$3,516,582, capital project carryover appropriations of \$917,459 and encumbrance carryover appropriations of \$528,879. The amended budget includes \$10,000 that was appropriated during the fiscal year for unanticipated expenditure requirements. Council approved one budget increase in the amount of \$10,000 to provide homeownership counseling provided by Monterey County Housing Alliance. Two other projects were approved by Council during the year and funded from the contingency budget and reduction in other programs or projects including \$120,000 for restrooms at Closter and Central parks and \$350,000 for improvement to the Breadbox Recreation Center. These budget amendments were funded from current resources.

Resources (inflows) of the Housing and Urban Development Fund were also amended by Council during the mid-year budget review process. Revenue estimates were increased \$4,557,000 during the fiscal year. This increase resulted from recording carryover grants of \$4,485,600 and increases in program income of \$71,400.

Development Fees Fund

The Development Fees Fund appropriations budget (outflows) was amended during the year to reflect carryover of unspent capital projects appropriations, carryover of encumbrance appropriations and unanticipated expenditure requirements. The original budget includes capital project carryover appropriations of \$4,792,722 and encumbrance carryover appropriations of \$3,752,133. The amended budget includes a net decreased appropriation of \$468,617. The decrease includes projects appropriations cancelled or rebudgeted of \$900,000 coupled with increase appropriations for Rossi Street sewer main (\$100,000), Sewer Master Plan (\$265,000), Carr Lake flood study (\$36,300) and Sanborn Road Improvements (\$30,083). These amendments were funded from current year resources.

CITY OF SALINAS Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Resources (inflows) of the Development Fees Fund were also amended by Council during the mid-year budget review process. Revenue estimates were increased \$2,335,500 during the fiscal year. This increase resulted from revised estimates for development impact fees, an increase of \$1,905,000, coupled with an increase in investment earnings of \$430,500.

The Development Fees Fund Balance of \$17,801,183 at July 1, 2007 is budgeted in the City's six-year Capital Improvement Program budget for sewer, storm drain, park, and street improvement projects related to the impact of development.

Required Supplemetnary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund and Measure V Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

2007

					200	<i>r</i>		
		Original Budget	_	Amended Budget	•	Actual	· .	Variance with Final Budget
Fund Balance, July 1, 2006,	\$	25,192,290	\$	25,192,290	<u>.</u>	\$ 25,192,290	<u>\$</u>	
Resources (inflows):				• *				
Taxes:								
Sales		18,300,000		18,400,000		18,209,036		(190,964)
In-lieu Sales		6,150,000		5,812,100		6,088,153		276,053
Transactions and Use		10,000,000		10,000,000		10,279,477		279,477
Property		13,650,000		14,555,000		15,183,917		628,917
Property-Vehicle License Fees		10,800,000		11,281,600		11,281,580		(20)
Utility		8,225,000		8,225,000		8,714,661		489,661
Business License		3,875,000		3,875,000		3,928,651		53,651
Franchise		3,213,000		3,213,000		3,430,797		217,797
Other		1,750,000		1,750,000		1,523,729		(226,271)
Licenses and Permits		40,000		40,000		25,874		(14,126)
Intergovernmental		1,625,600		2,769,800		2,983,546		213,746
Charges for Services		4,877,900		5,362,900		6,233,568		870,668
Interest		915,000		1,115,000		1,578,796		463,796
Miscellaneous		358,000		358,000		379,003		21,003
Operating Transfers In	·	1,250,000	·	1,250,000	· .	1,325,219	-	75,219
Total Resources		85,029,500	·	88,007,400		91,166,007		3,158,607
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):							
General Government		11,079,176		11,537,476		10,319,090		1,218,386
Public Safety		49,124,213		49,317,413		46,838,564		2,478,849
Public Works		14,590,424		14,624,924	-	12,945,483		1,679,441
Recreation		3,661,956		3,661,956		3,185,153		476,803
Library		3,600,000		3,562,005		2,048,346		1,513,659
Capital Outlay		195,450		333,445		251,687		81,758
Transfers Out		8,100,520	· <u> </u>	10,461,370	-	4,576,305		5,885,065
Total Charges to Appropriations	·	90,351,739	_	93,498,589	-	80,164,628	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,333,961
Excess of Resources Over (Under)								
Charges to Appropriations		(5,322,239)		(5,491,189)	<u>.</u>	11,001,379		16,492,568
Fund Balance, June 30, 2007	\$	19,870,051	<u>\$</u>	19,701,101	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 36,193,669	<u>\$</u>	16,492,568

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Comparison Schedule Housing and Urban Development Fund Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

2007

Fund Balance, July 1, 2006	\$ 382,341			Final Budget
		\$ 382,341	\$ 382,341	\$
Resources (inflows):				
Intergovernmental	5,494,200	9,979,800	5,680,811	(4,298,989)
Interest	2,600	4,000	4,130	130
Miscellaneous	580,000	650,000	945,199	295,199
Total Resources	6,076,800	10,633,800	6,630,140	(4,003,660)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
General Government	8,698,075	8,287,099	5,253,032	3,034,067
Capital Outlay	· <u>-</u>	600	503	97
Transfers In			(75,065)	75,065
Transfers Out	2,531,345	2,951,721	1,457,539	1,494,182
Total Charges to Appropriations	11,229,420	11,239,420	6,636,009	4,603,411
Excess of Resources Over (Under)				
Charges to Appropriations	(5,152,620)	(605,620)	(5,869)	599,751
Fund Balance, June 30, 2007	\$ (4,770,279)	\$ (223,279)	\$ 376,472	\$ 599,751

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Comparison Schedule Development Fees Fund

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

20	07

			•	
	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Fund Balance, July 1, 2006	\$ 17,441,124	\$ 17,441,124	\$ 17,441,124	<u>\$</u>
Resources (inflows):	•			
Charges for Services	1,386,000	3,291,000	4,919,698	1,628,698
Interest	450,500	881,000	923,262	42,262
Total Resources	1,836,500	4,172,000	5,842,960	1,670,960
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
Transfers Out	14,270,275	13,801,658	5,482,901	8,318,757
Total Charges to Appropriations	14,270,275	13,801,658	5,482,901	8,318,757
Excess of Resources Over (Under)				
Charges to Appropriations	(12,433,775)	(9,629,658)	360,059	9,989,717
Fund Balance, June 30, 2007	\$ 5,007,349	\$ 7,811,466	\$ 17,801,183	\$ 9,989,717

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS RETIREMENT PROGRAMS



This page is intentionally left blank.

Schedule of Funding Progress For California Public Employees Retirement Plan Last Three Years

							UNFUNDED
							ACTUARIAL
							LIABILITY
				UNFUNDED			AS A
ACTUARIAL		ENTRY AGE	ACTUARIAL	ACTUARIAL		ANNUAL	PERCENTAGE
VALUATION		NORMAL ACCRUED	ASSET	ACCRUED	FUNDED	COVERED	OF COVERED
DATE		LIABILITY	VALUE	LIABILITY	RATIO	PAYROLL	PAYROLL
	_						
06/30/05							
Safety Fire	*	\$ 6,367,049,264	\$ 5,295,150,375	\$ 1,071,898,889	83.2%	\$ 664,147,796	161.4%
Safety Police		125,583,156	104,309,431	21,273,725	83.1%	13,264,185	160.4%
Miscellaneous		26,043,448	20,611,004	5,432,444	79.1%	9,665,189	56.2%
06/30/04							
Safety Fire	*	996,203,370	885,549,650	110,653,720	88.9%	149,407,703	74.1%
Safety Police		116,203,568	97,161,493	19,042,075	83.6%	11,761,714	161.9%
Miscellaneous		23,116,325	17,781,186	5,335,139	76.9%	10,817,300	49.3%
06/30/03		•	*				
Safety Fire	*	1,218,082,935	1,083,690,137	134,392,798	89.0%	184,098,257	73.0%
Safety Police		107,267,364	91,774,236	15,493,128	85.6%	11,668,009	132.8%
Miscellaneous		18,830,319	15,688,354	3,141,965	83.3%	10,866,831	28.9%

^{*} As of July 1, 2005 the California Public Employees' Retirement System required the City to pool all of its assets and liabilities of the Fire Safety Group into the newly created risk pool for Public Safety. The data shown above reflects the new pooled report format including the assets and liabilities of other agencies required to participate in the risk pool. More specific information can be found on Note #14 of the notes to the Financial Statements.

CITY OF SALINAS Schedule of Funding Progress For New York Life Retirement Plan Last Three Years

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unamortized Portion of Initial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (IUAAL)	Unfunded Frozen Actuarial Accrued Liability (UFAAL) *	Covered Payroll	IUAAL as a Percentage of covered Payroll (b/d)	UFAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (c/d)
09/01/05	\$ 18,493,011	\$ 12,127,776	\$ 12,127,776	\$ 4,578,741	264.9%	264.9%
09/01/04	19,586,735	905,792	2,256,661	5,081,482	17.8%	44.4%
09/01/03	26,583,809	976,465	2,421,818	5,761,789	16.9%	42.0%

The plan uses the frozen initial liability (frozen entry age) actuarial cost method (under which the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not explicitly determined each year until September 2005. Effective with September 1, 2005 actuarial valuation, the plan uses the entry age normal cost funding method under which the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is explicitly determined each year. As of September 1, 2005, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was redetermined to be \$12,127,776 based on the market of plan assets and plan accrued liabilities as of September 1, 2005 and the plan's funding contribution was then calculated based on a 30-year amortization of the redetermined unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

^{*} Includes the unamortized initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability re-established 9/1/83 plus the unamortized portion of other bases established for changes in plan provisions and changes in actuarial assumptions.

CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT SELF INSURANCE PROGRAMS

CITY OF SALINAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS-HEALTH INSURANCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Net earned required contribution and investment revenues \$2.518.807 \$4.418.440 \$1.410.921 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	9
807 S 4418.440 S 1,410,921 S \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$											
799 259,995 156,847 22,821 780 2,761,397 745,074 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674 716 2,761,113 726,674	Net earned required contribution and investment revenues			1,410,921	↔	↔	G	⇔	6	↔	
780 2,761,397 780 2,428,713 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Unallocated expenses	283,799	259,995	156,847	22,821	79,270					
780 2,428,713 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year	2,727,780	2,761,397	745,074							
780 2,428,713 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Paid Claims as of:										
716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	End of policy year	2,138,780	2,428,713	726,674							
716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	One year later	2,484,716	2,761,113	726,674							
716 2,761,113 780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716	Two years later	2,484,716	2,761,113	726,674							
716 780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Three years later	2,484,716	2,761,113								
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Four years later	2,484,716									
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716	Five years later										
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Six years later										
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716	Seven years later										
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113	Eight years later	•									
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716	Nine years later										
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716	Ten years later										
780 2,761,397 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113 716 2,761,113											
ar 2,727,780 2,761,397 2,484,716 2,761,113 2,484,716 2,761,113 2,484,716 2,761,113 er 2,484,716	Reestimated incurred claims and e	expenses:									
2,484,716 2,761,113 2,484,716 2,761,113 2,484,716 2,761,113 er	End of policy year	2,727,780	2,761,397	745,074						.*	
2,484,716 2,761,113 2,484,716 2,761,113 e.r	One year later	2,484,716	2,761,113	726,674							
3r 2,484,716 2,484,716 er	Two years later	2,484,716	2,761,113	726,674							
	Three years later	2,484,716	2,761,113								
Five years later Six years later Seven years later Eight years later Nine years later Ten years later	Four years later	2,484,716									
Six years later Seven years later Eight years later Nine years later Ten years later	Five years later										
Seven years later Eight years later Nine years later Ten years later	Six years later		•								
Eight years later Nine years later Ten years later	Seven years later										
Nine years later Ten years later	Eight years later										
Ten years later	Nine years later									N _V	
	Ten years later										

CITY OF SALINAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS-WORKERS COMPENSATION INSURANCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Not comed required contribution										
and investment revenues	\$ 2,144,458	\$ 1,487,027	\$ 1,046,115	\$ 4,761,826 \$	1,147,873 \$	4,475,047	\$ 4,149,058	\$ 3,505,072	\$ 2,778,669	\$ 3,155,937
Unallocated expenses	216,844	233,854	242,998	280,917	213,935	238,297	298,405	190,140	333,401	262,483
Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year	845,725	1,441,423	683,596	1,437,162	803,863	1,638,917	884,881	365,761	573,047	985,428
Paid Claims as of:	-				! ! !	() () () () () () () () () ()	000	0	40000	000
End of policy year	220,331	464,201	226,184 603,248	531,327	337,595 955.731	523,536	381,349	86,965 598,110	172,929	308,902
Two years later	926,929	1,051,286	841,216	1,525,619	1,285,960	1,315,046	1,258,171	930,440		
Three years later	911,249	1,261,073	1,165,160	2,182,978	1,639,282	2,234,558	1,364,326			
Four years later	1,008,404	1,325,649	1,456,185	2,199,416	1,908,898	2,447,722				
Five years later	1,284,537	1,472,509	2,579,035	2,657,619	2,092,574					
Six years later Seven vears later	1,749,538	1,603,979	1,990,157	7,14,000					•	
Eight years later	2,063,091	1,635,325								
Nine years later	2,177,255									
Ten years later										
Reestimated incurred claims and expenses:	expenses:									
End of policy year	845,725	1,441,423	683,596	1,437,162	803,863	1,638,917	884,881	365,761	573,047	985,428
One year later	1,420,789	1,608,702	1,422,221	1,701,099	1,733,044	2,795,346	1,417,837	1,474,307	808,841	
Two years later	1,718,098	2,274,635	1,570,347	2,525,806	1,982,692	2,376,572	2,001,544	1,648,658		
Three years later	1,855,403	1,978,761	1,785,987	3,313,828	2,336,243	2,955,286	2,030,432			
Four years later	1,649,911	1,741,121	2,023,759	3,142,608	2,664,479	3,069,088				
Five years later	2,362,161	1,895,617	3,471,007	3,466,913	2,848,147					
Six years later	2,463,855	1,343,622	2,193,165	3,521,841						
Seven years later	2,089,207	1,828,759	2,255,699							
Eight years later	2,537,000	1,828,603								
Nine years later	2,600,053									
Ten years later										

CITY OF SALINAS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS-LIABILITY INSURANCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	1998	1999	2000		2001	2002	2003	2004		2005	2006	7	2007
Net earned required contribution and investment revenues	\$ 323,777	\$ 154,252	\$ 467	467,389 \$	632,196	\$ 849,782	\$ 522,712	\$ 497,091	\$	792,050	1,070,533	₩	1,180,311
Unallocated expenses	261,874	248,128	246	246,724	267,154	352,255	408,817	416,248	<u>&</u>	381,750	395,222		376,213
Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year	as, 164,581	117,426	117,	117,282	157,251	495,393	13,564	18,734	*	777,78	32,657		30,502
Paid Claims as of: End of policy year	19 252	12 408	∞	8 692	2.211	13.724	9.381	12.823	ς;	27.599	7.560		17.711
One year later	147,311	70,836	, 2 2	54,067	006,77	55,162	34,073	86,364	. ¥	174,067	185,850		<u>:</u> :
Two years later	267,432	181,671	184	184,800	48,917	75,637	384,408	103,591		627,037			
Three years later Four years later	471,164 471,164	254,000	220	520,517 520,517	3,762	200,433 576,931	438,986	143,079	D)				
Five years later	644,817	224,136	391	391,866	3,762	587,953							
Six years later	644,817	224,136	391	391,866	3,762								
Seven years later	644,817	224,136	391	391,866									
Nine years later	644,817						· .						
Ten years later													
Reestimated incurred claims and expenses:	ISeS:												
End of policy year	164,581	117,426	117,	117,282	157,251	495,393	13,564	18,734	4	87,777	32,657		30,502
One year later	227,324	233,623	184,880	880	96,693	600,238	315,468	90,628	ω	332,764	189,355		
Two years later	437,727	331,228	185	185,900	60,293	625,823	428,290	125,215	വ	666,564			
Three years later	504,626	256,600	570	570,517	48,917	722,874	459,677	150,214	4				
Four years later	471,164	224,136	520,517	517	3,762	576,931	439,507						
Five years later	644,817	224,136	391	391,866	3,762	597,355							
Six years later	644,817	224,136	394	391,866	3,762								
Seven years later	644,817	224,136	391,	391,866									
Eight years later	644,817	224,136											
Nine years later	644,817												
Ten years later													

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



This page is intentionally left blank.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The Special Revenue Funds used by the City in this report are as follows:

Emergency Medical Services Fund - This fund accounts for monies received from County Service Area (CSA) 74. Funds are used to purchase emergency medical and safety equipment under the capital improvement program.

<u>Asset Seizure</u> - This fund accounts for the proceeds from sale of assets seized primarily from illegal narcotics activity. These funds are used for law enforcement.

<u>Lighting, Landscape and Maintenance District</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from the various maintenance districts throughout the City. Funds are used to pay for the lighting and landscape maintenance of the respective districts.

<u>Local Public Safety Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from federal and state grants, which are expended to enhance law enforcement services.

<u>Gas Tax</u> - This fund accounts for gas tax revenues received from State apportionments of gasoline taxes. Expenditures are restricted to street maintenance and street improvements. No expenditures are made directly from this fund, but transfers are made to the General Fund for street maintenance and engineering salaries and to the Capital Projects Fund for street improvements based on actual expenditures.

<u>Traffic Safety</u> - This fund accounts for revenue derived from traffic violations whose use is restricted by State statute for traffic safety and street maintenance purposes. No expenditures are made directly from this fund, but transfers are made to the General Fund for traffic safety expenditures.

<u>Vehicle Abatement</u> - This fund accounts for monies allocated by the State to fund the vehicle abatement program.

Recreation Parks Fund - This fund accounts for revenue received from an admission fee charge imposed to events held at the Salinas Sports Complex (Rodeo Grounds Stadium). Funds are designated for Parks and Recreation activities.

<u>Housing Fund</u> – This fund accounts for funds designated by City Council to be used for housing activities.

<u>Grants Fund</u> - This fund accounts for various minor grants received for purposes ranging from library to police operations.

<u>Central City Housing Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the redevelopment requirement to set aside 20% of available tax increments received by the Salinas Redevelopment Agency from properties within the Central City Project area. These funds are used to improve and increase the supply of low and moderate income housing within the City.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

<u>Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the required 20% set-aside of tax increments received by the Salinas Redevelopment Agency from properties within the Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Project. These funds are used to improve and increase the supply of low and moderate income housing within the City.

Debt Service Funds are used for the accumulation and disbursement of financial resources that will be used to make principal and interest payments on general long-term debt. The debt service funds include the following debt issuances:

<u>Assessment District Reserve Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the reserves on outstanding Assessment Districts Bonds.

<u>Assessment District Administration Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of administering the City's 18 assessment district bonds used to finance improvements within those districts. Funding is provided by an assessment equal to 5% of the assessment amount with a maximum \$16 levy per parcel per bond.

<u>Certificates of Participation (1997) Fund</u> - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the 1997 Certificates of Participation. Proceeds were used for capital improvements, refund the Salinas Public Financing Authority's Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds which were used to purchase the 65 W. Alisal building. Debt service is financed from installment payments from the SVSWA for the purchase of Crazy Horse Landfill and a lease on the 65 W. Alisal Building.

Certificates of Participation (1999) Fund - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the portion of the 1999 Certificates of Participation that were used to finance the construction of the City Animal Shelter. Debt service is used to finance the City's General Fund. A portion of the 1999 Certificates of Participation were used to finance Golf Course improvements and is reported in the Enterprise Funds.

<u>Certificates of Participation (2002) Fund</u> - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the 2002 Certificates of Participation. Proceeds were used to finance the acquisition by the Salinas Redevelopment Agency of a leasehold interest in the Steinbeck Center site. Debt service is financed from the Steinbeck Center's annual lease payments.

Certificates of Participation (2004) Fund - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the 2004 Certificates of Participation. Proceeds were used to provide funding to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of a five-level, 452-space public parking structure. Debt Service is to be funded by paid parking throughout the downtown area. Pursuant to a reimbursement agreement the Salinas Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the debt service. As with any City sponsored debt, the City's General Fund is

Non-Major Governmental Funds

pledged to make the bond payments if the Agency is financially unable to make the bond payments.

<u>Central City Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the SRA's Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-1992 and Series B-1996 issued to complete project improvements in the Central City revitalization project area. Additionally, funds are also used to re-pay the City for loan advances. Debt service is financed from tax increments.

<u>Sunset Avenue Merged Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the City's loan and a State Department of Commerce loan. Debt service is financed from tax increments.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for major capital acquisition and construction activities. The Capital Projects Funds used by the City in this report are as follows:

<u>Special Aviation Fund</u> - This fund accounts for federal and state airport grants. Funds are used to reimburse the Capital Projects fund for airport capital expenditures.

<u>Assessment District Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for bond proceeds from assessment districts used for capital improvements. Funds are used to reimburse the Capital Projects fund for assessment district capital project expenditures.

<u>Central City Project Fund</u> - This fund accounts for financial resources for Central City Project Area Redevelopment Agency projects.

<u>Sunset Avenue Merged Project Fund</u> - This fund accounts for financial resources for Sunset Avenue Merged Project Area Redevelopment Agency projects.

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	REVEN	

				SPE		Lighting,	פמאט			
	Me	rgency dical vices		Asset Seizure	L	andscape and aintenance District		Local Public Safety		Gas Tax
Assets:									-	
Cash and Investments	\$	91,714	\$	32,751	\$	892,790	\$	127,163	\$	4,311,848
Cash and Investments Restricted		•		-		-		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		434,000
Accounts Receivable		-		-		6,003		-		
Interest Receivable		-		445		9,238		1,447		53,980
Due from Other Agencies		50,000		-		-		430,297		230,558
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-				
Due from Other Funds		•		-		-:		- . *.		- 1
Advance to Redevelopment		. • .		-				· -		-
Loans Receivable		- .		•				-		-
Land Held for Resale		-		-				-	-	
Total Assets	\$	141,714	\$	33,196	\$	908,031	\$	558,907	\$	5,030,386
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:	e ·	00 0EE		0.040	•	00.000		04 505		
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	26,955	\$	2,918	\$	63,283	\$	61,535	\$	-
Advance from Other Funds						19,452		336,192		1,264,442
Deferred Revenues		-						• .		
Deletted Nevertues				-		<u> </u>	-			•
Total Liabilities		26,955		2,918		82,735		397,727		1,264,442
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		3,273				-	1000	127,138		(298,463)
Future Budgets				-		-		-		
Advances		- '		-		, , . .		-		_
Carryover Appropriations		-				-		· •		2,496,489
Land		-		•		-		-		
Debt Service				-		-		-		-
Parking Structure		· .		-		·		- '.		-
Plaza Grande Operations				-		_		-		
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		<u>.</u> .
Unreserved										
Reported in SR		111,486		30,278		825,296		34,042		1,567,918
Reported in CP		-		• • • •		•		•		
Reported in DS		<u></u>				<u> </u>	· <u> </u>		·	-
Total Fund Balances		114,759		30,278		825,296		161,180		3,765,944
Total Liabilities and Fund										
Balances	\$	141,714	\$	33,196	\$	908,031	\$	558,907	\$	5,030,386

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	/ehicle patement	Traffic Safety	R	ecreation Parks		lousing Trust		Grants		Central City Housing		Sunset Avenue Merged Housing
\$	25,447 \$	262,818	\$	204,638	\$	334,080	\$	79,180	\$	3,194,500	\$	2,166,529
	•	-				-		· · ·		-		
	-	-		-		660		460		* j - . * .		•
	-	·		-		•		·		37,174		211,303
	-	57,593		-		•		67,902		-		
	•	. -		-		-						. -
		-		·						172,571		
	<u>.</u>									2,448,083		2,134,500
	-	.		•		-		_		194,607		-
s	25,447 \$	320,411	\$	204,638	\$	334,740	\$	147,542	\$	6,046,935	\$	4,512,332
_	20,117 ψ	020,-11	=	201,000	<u> </u>	004,740	=	177,072	¥	0,040,300	<u> </u>	7,012,002
	• "											
\$	5,683 \$		\$	•	\$	-	\$	29,906	\$	73,428	\$	2,657
							*.	94,461		3,178		•
	_					-		-	·			188,264
	5,683	_		_		, -		124,367		76,606		190,921
					-							- 11 to 3:
								4 440		040.070		0.000
	•	<u>-</u>		•		•		1,118		313,672		2,000 2,184,911
				-				-		2,543,096 172,571		2,104,911
		··				. •		_		-		
	-			_		· •		_		194,607		a nga a tua
	-			-		•		-		· · · · · ·		•
	-	-		-		•		•		- .		<u>-</u>
	-			-		•				298,300		
	• .	'		-		-				2,448,083		2,134,500
	19,764	320,411		204,638		324 740		22.057				
	19,704	320,411		204,030 -		334,740		22,057				
	-	-					<u></u>	•		-		
	19,764	320,411		204,638		334,740		23,175		5,970,329		4,321,411
			·									
¢	25,447 \$	320,411	\$	204,638	\$	33/1 7/10	\$	147,542	\$	6,046,935	\$	4,512,332
-	د ۱۳۳, س	JZU,411	=	£U+,U30	—	334,740	<u> </u>	147,042	•	0,040,933		The second second second second second
												Continued

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	.	ssessment District Reserve		ssessment District Iministration	Pa	ertificates of rticipation (2005 B)	Certificates of Participation (1999)		
Assets:									
Cash and Investments	\$	2,873,998	\$	67,789	\$	73,440	\$	5,599	
Cash and Investments Restricted				-		824,936		103,491	
Accounts Receivable		: -		· •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-	
Interest Receivable		24,040		-		12,695		1,442	
Due from Other Agencies		-		. · . · · · · · · -		-		-	
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		* * •					
Due from Other Funds		•		• • •					
Advance to Redevelopment		-		• -		. •		-	
Loans Receivable				- **		· •		in the second	
Land Held for Resale		-						•	
Total Assets	\$	2,898,038	\$	67,789	\$	911,071	\$	110,532	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,753	\$	_	\$		
Due to Other Funds	•		Ψ.		•	_	. •		
Advance from Other Funds		_				44 A 2		_	
Deferred Revenues		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities		-		2,753			-	•	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances		-		. -		-			
Future Budgets	4	-		-		_		• •	
Advances				-		-		gasa ¹ eas ÷ jas	
Carryover Appropriations		-		<u>.</u>		- ,			
Land		-		- -					
Debt Service		2,898,038		65,036		911,071		110,532	
Parking Structure		· · ·		-		-			
Plaza Grande Operations				• .				•	
Loans Receivable		-		-		•		_	
Unreserved									
Reported in SR		_			•			_	
Reported in CP		•				-			
Reported in DS		-					-	_	
Total Fund Balances		2,898,038		65,036		911,071		110,532	
Total Liabilities and Fund									
Balances	\$	2,898,038	\$	67,789	\$	911,071	\$	110,532	

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Certificates of Participation (2002)	C ₁	entral City Debt Service	De	Sunset Avenue Merged ebt Service
\$ 4,391 191,419	\$	1,492,962 1,552,343	\$	2,962,203
5 3,453				38,732
-				-
•		•		•
		. •		
-		•		•
· •	· .			
\$ 199,268	\$	3,045,305	\$	3,000,935
	•	•		
\$ 2,500	\$	e i 🗕	\$	•
•		- 172,571		
· •				-
2,500		172,571		
•		•		
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-
				· •
•		•		-
196,768		1,737,734		3,000,935
		1,135,000		-
<u> </u>		-		•
ey vez est		•		
•				
-		•.		-
196,768		2,872,734		3,000,935
\$ 199,268	\$	3,045,305	\$	3,000,935

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

	-	Special Aviation		Assessment District Projects		Central City Project		Sunset Avenue Merged Project		Total Nonmajor Funds
Assets:					_					
Cash and Investments	\$	1,601,835	\$	1,117,334	\$	98,191	\$	30,897	\$	22,052,097
Cash and Investments Restricted		•		•		•		56,615		3,162,804
Accounts Receivable		•.		•		-		• •		7,128
Interest Receivable		19,366		13,021		20,924		-		447,260
Due from Other Agencies		367,297		. •		•		-		1,203,647
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-				-
Due from Other Funds		· *		-		-		. •		0
Advance to Redevelopment		* - :		-		-		•		172,571
Loans Receivable		-		-		1,305,973		-		5,888,556
Land Held for Resale	-	• 1	· ·			888,877	. —			1,083,484
Total Assets	\$	1,988,498	\$	1,130,355	\$	2,313,965	\$	87,512	\$	34,017,547
iabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	152	\$	36,524	\$	25,547	\$	333,841
Due to Other Funds		-		•		3,528		-		1,721,253
Advance from Other Funds										172,571
Deferred Revenues	<u> </u>	55,994			·	<u> </u>		14.		244,258
Total Liabilities		55,994		152	-	40,052		25,547		2,471,923
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		· <u>:</u>				58,313		4,600		211,651
Future Budgets		_				20,750		-,,000		4,748,757
Advances		•				20,700				172,571
Carryover Appropriations				_		-		57,365		2,553,854
Land		_				888,877				1,083,484
Debt Service		-		- ** - **		-	100	- 11 A		8,920,114
Parking Structure		_	+ 18							1,135,000
Plaza Grande Operations		-		-					3	298,300
Loans Receivable				-		1,305,973				5,888,556
Unreserved						.,000,070				0,000,000
Reported in SR		-		_				_		3,470,630
Reported in CP		1,932,504		1,130,203				· · · · <u>-</u> ·		3,062,707
Reported in DS		-,,,,,,,,,,		-,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Fund Balances		1,932,504		1,130,203		2,273,913		61,965		31,545,624
otal Liabilities and Fund										
Balances	\$	1,988,498	\$	1,130,355	\$	2,313,965	\$	87,512	\$	34,017,547
	-	.,,		-,,	Total Control				-	Concluded



This page is intentionally left blank.

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2007

					SPE	CIAL REVE	NUE !	FUNDS		
		mergency Medical Services		Asset Seizure	L Land Ma	ighting, dscape and intenance District		Local Public Safety		Gas Tax
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
Revenues:	•		•				•	440.005	•	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Þ	413,965	\$	
Special Assessments		-		-		•				
Licenses and Permits		-				-		4 0 40 000		
Intergovernmental		226,855		-		4.407.007		1,343,992		2,626,765
Charges for Services		-				1,107,887				
Interest		·		2,874		23,385		7,976	2	231,975
Fines and Forfeits				36,046		-		-		•
Developer Contributions		. -		-		• •		•		.
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>				-				164,554
Total Revenues		226,855		38,920		1,131,272	-	1,765,933		3,023,294
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General Government		-								
Public Safety		607,597		48,978		_		1,241,542		•
Public Works						· · · · · · · · · · · ·		_		3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Recreation				_		761,542		_		_
Library		_		_						_
Parking Structure Debt		_								
Capital Outlay				. <u> </u>				324,043		
Debt Service:								024,040		
Principal Retirement		·		_		<u>.</u>		_		
Interest and Fiscal Charges				• • • •				_		
Pass Through Tax						_				
Total Expenditures		607,597		48,978		761,542	4	1,565,585	_	
Total Experiences			•	10,010				1,000,000		
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over(Under) Expenditures		(380,742)		(10,058)		369,730	-	200,348		3,023,294
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Interfund Loans										
Loans Receivable Forgiven		_		_						
Operating Transfers In		447,500						42,608		
Operating Transfers Out		(61,862)		(26,193)				(445,072)		(3,428,047)
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)		385,638		(26,193)	-			(402,464)	-	(3,428,047)
Total Other Financing Sources(Oses)		303,030		(20,193)				(402,404)		(3,420,047)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over(Under)										
Expenditures and Other Uses		4,896		(36,251)		369,730		(202,116)		(404,753)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		109,863		66,529		455,566		363,296		4,170,697
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	114,759	\$	30,278	\$	825,296	\$	161,180	\$	3,765,944
i una Datantes at LIIU VI 16ai	Ψ	117,100	<u> </u>	00,210	Ψ	020,200	<u>Ψ</u>	101,100	<u> </u>	3,100,044

Vehicle Abatement Fund	Traffic Safety Fund	Recreation Parks Fund	Housing Trust Fund	Grants Fund	Central City Housing Fund	Sunset Avenue Merged Housing Fund
\$ · · · · · · · ·	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$
-		•		_		
74,673	-	_	· ·	421,237	<u>.</u> .	
-	-	-	_	· _ ·	<u>.</u>	
-	•	-	-		136,656	93,143
-	877,684	-	· <u>-</u>	•		
-	-			-	·	
 		27,464	1,440	_	27,753	*
 74,673	877,684	27,464	1,440	421,237	164,409	93,143
· -	<u> </u>			130,599	150,930	119,725
151,109	-	-			-	
		•	-	- 1		-
•		· ·		109,658	-	-
<u>.</u> .	<u>-</u>	· •	· •	118,996		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · ·	45,944	186,623	70
-	.	- <u>-</u>	-	45,944	100,023	79
-		· , · -	<u>-</u>			_
-	-	-	-	, -	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
 151,109			·	405,197	337,553	119,804
(76,436)	877,684	27,464	1,440	16,040	(173,144)	(26,661)
	_	_				
	-	· •	-	•	(18,000)	ing die en de en
45,000		-		-	628,009	570,757
 •	(825,000)	<u>-</u>		(61,122)	(240,021)	
 45,000	(825,000)	-		(61,122)	369,988	570,757
 (31,436)	52,684	27,464	1,440	(45,082)	196,844	544,096
 51,200	267,727	177,174	333,300	68,257	5,773,485	3,777,315
 19,764	\$ 320,411	\$ 204,638	\$ 334,740	\$ 23,175	\$ 5,970,329	\$ 4,321,411 Continued

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA NIDNMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2007

		DEBT SI	ERVICE FUNDS	
			Certificates	Certificates
	Assessment	Assessment	of	of
	District	District	Participation	Participation
	Reserve	Administration	(2005 B)	(1999)
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes	e	\$ -	•	\$ -
Special Assessments	· ·	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ -
Licenses and Permits	-		-,	•
	•	•	•	
Intergovernmental	•	50.540	· •	· •
Charges for Services	-	58,518	-	
Interest	140,430	•	36,849	5,570
Fines and Forfeits	•	· ·	•	•
Developer Contributions	• , • • • • • •	-	-	-
Miscellaneous			-	_
Total Revenues	140,430	58,518	36,849	5,570
Evnandituras				
Expenditures: Current:				
General Government		•	•	
Public Safety		-	-	
Public Works				•
Recreation	-	-	· . *	•
Library		-	-	•
Parking Structure Debt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	-	
Capital Outlay	•	•	•	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	•	•	330,000	35,105
Interest and Fiscal Charges	• ·	82,266	454,318	53,011
Pass Through Tax				
Total Expenditures	_	82,266	784,318	88,116
E(Deficiency) of Deversor				
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues	440.400	(00.710)	(7.47.400)	(00.540)
Over(Under) Expenditures	140,430	(23,748)	(747,469)	(82,546)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Interfund Loans		٠.	-	-
Loans Receivable Forgiven	•	•		_
Operating Transfers In	_		755,097	84,000
Operating Transfers Out	(19,285)			
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	(19,285)		755,097	84,000
Total Other Financing Cources(C3C3)	(10,200)		700,007	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and				
Other Sources Over(Under)				
Expenditures and Other Uses	121,145	(23,748)	7,628	1,454
Found Delemans of Destination of Version			000 440	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,776,893	88,784	903,443	109,078
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,898,038	\$ 65,036	\$ 911,071	\$ 110,532

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Certificates of Participation (2002) Fund		entral City Debt Service Fund	Sunset Avenue Merged Debt Servic Fund				
\$	•	\$	3,140,045	\$	2,853,785			
	-		~		• -			
	•				-			
	. =		. •		-			
	10,424		- 93,890		131,083			
	-		•		. <u>-</u> :			
	· · · · · · · -		-		·			
	178,682				-			
	189,106		3,233,935		2,984,868			
	•		· •		. •			
			- '					
	•		-					
			-		-			
			275,000					
					·			
	55,000		1,025,308		790,000			
	133,261		724,671		17,187			
	-		143,304		700,729			
	188,261		2,168,283		1,507,916			
	845		1,065,652		1,476,952			
			•					
	-		- i		· · · · · · · · · · ·			
	•		240,021		-			
_	-		(628,009)		(570,757)			
_			(387,988)	<u> </u>	(570,757)			
	845		677,664		906,195			
	195,923		2,195,070		2,094,740			
\$	196,768	\$	2,872,734	\$	3,000,935 Continued			

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2007

CAPITA	AL PROJ	ECTS	FUNDS
--------	---------	------	-------

	Special Aviation Fund	Assessment District Project Fund	Central City Project Fund	Sunset Avenue Merged Project Fund	Total
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,407,795
Special Assessments	· · ·	•	•		•
Licenses and Permits			-	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Intergovernmental	592,787	•	-	-	5,286,309
Charges for Services	- -	•		•	1,166,405
Interest	73,213	57,071	90,619	509	1,135,667
Fines and Forfeits			•	<u> </u>	913,730
Developer Contributions	•	-		_	. .
Miscellaneous	43,792	<u> </u>	26,936		470,621
Total Revenues	709,792	57,071	117,555	509	15,380,527
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government					401,254
Public Safety		_			2,049,226
Public Works	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		2,049,220
Recreation		_			974 200
Library					871,200 118,996
Parking Structure Debt			ing the state of t	_	
Capital Outlay	470.752		226 200	705 600	275,000
Debt Service:	470,753	· -	336,298	735,638	2,099,378
Principal Retirement				20 054	0.064.067
Interest and Fiscal Charges	•			28,854	2,264,267
- Pass Through Tax	-	-		22,261	1,486,975
Total Expenditures	470,753	•	336,298	706 750	844,033
Total Experiolities	470,733		330,290	786,753	10,410,329
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over(Under) Expenditures	239,039	57,071	(218,743)	(786,244)	4,970,198
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Interfund Loans			294,000	790,000	1,084,000
Loans Receivable Forgiven	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	=	(18,000)
Operating Transfers In	•	. -	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,812,992
Operating Transfers Out					(6,305,368)
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	•	-	294,000	790,000	(2,426,376)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over(Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	239,039	57,071	75,257	3,756	2,543,822
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,693,465	1,073,132	2,198,656	58,209	29,001,802
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,932,504	\$ 1,130,203	\$ 2,273,913	\$ 61,965	\$ 31,545,624
					Concluded

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Risk Management Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's Risk Management program which administers employee benefits and the Internal Service Funds insurance programs.

<u>General Insurance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for City-wide safety programs, employee assistance programs, unemployment claims, biennial physical exams, and insurance for property, fine arts and reimbursable damages.

<u>Health Insurance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for administration of the City's health insurance programs.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's self-insured workers compensation program.

General Liability Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's self-insured liability insurance program.

CITY OF SALINAS

Combining Statement of Net Assets

Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2007

	Risk Management		General Insurance		Workers Compensation		General Liability		
	Fund		Fund		Fund	٠	Fund		Totals
Assets:		_						_	
Current Assets:									
Cash and Investments	\$ 104,415	\$	475,857	\$	8,050,118	\$	2,186,697	\$	10,817,087
Cash and Investments Restricted	l		· ·		404,355		98,803		503,158
Accounts Receivable									
Interest Receivable			-		88,593		20,924		109,517
Due from General Fund	-						-		
Total Assets	104,415		475,857		8,543,066		2,306,424		11,429,762
			2.4						
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	13,161		19,693		19,009				51,863
Insurance Claims Payable			•		8,524,057		484,998		9,009,055
Total Current Liabilities	13,161	-	19,693	-	8,543,066		484,998		9,060,918
Noncurrent Liabilities:		_				1 2.1		-	
Accrued Leave	24,419		<u>-</u>		- .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		24,419
Total Noncurrent		-							
Liabilities	24,419				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				24,419
Total Liabilities	37,580		19,693		8,543,066		484,998		9,085,337
	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		:				
Net Assets:									
Invested in Capital Assets	-		-		- 1				
Restricted	369		21,389				ė.		21,758
Unrestricted	66,466		434,775		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,821,426		2,322,667
Total Net Assets	\$ 66,835	\$	456,164	\$	-	\$	1,821,426	\$	2,344,425
								-	

CITY OF SALINAS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Risk Management Fund	General Insurance Fund	Workers Compensation Fund	General Liability Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 350,000	\$ 565,743	\$ 2,798,763 \$	1,086,521	\$ 4,801,027
Total Operating Revenues	350,000	565,743	2,798,763	1,086,521	4,801,027
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel Services	269,940	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			269,940
Contractual Services	41,976	91,448	262,483	42,000	437,907
Supplies	1,768	91,440	202,403	42,000	437,907 1,768
Insurance	1,700	288,466	390,355	- 334,213	1,013,034
Insurance Claims		99,829	1,690,478	599,829	2,390,136
Other	4,966	99,029	821,501	399,029	2,390,136 826,467
Total Operating Expenses	318,650	479,743	3,164,817	076.042	
rotal Operating Expenses	310,030	4/9,/43	3,104,017	976,042	4,939,252
Operating Income (Loss)	31,350	86,000	(366,054)	110,479	(138,225)
Nonoperating Revenues:					
Interest		-	366,054	95,888	461,942
Total Nonoperating					
Revenues			366,054	95,888	461,942
Income (Loss) Before					
Transfers	31,350	86,000		206,367	323,717
Transfers In	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Ohamaa la Nat Aasst	04.050	00.000	en de la companya de La companya de la co		
Change in Net Assets	31,350	86,000	·	206,367	323,717
Total Net Assets-Beginning	35,485	370,164		1,615,059	2,020,708
Total Net Assets-Ending	\$ 66,835	\$ 456,164	\$ - \$	1,821,426	\$ 2,344,425
	4 00,000	Ψ 300,103	Ψ - Ψ	1,021,420	Ψ ∠,υ+4,4∠0

CITY OF SALINAS

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Receipts from interfund services provided 350,000 450,000 3,953,028 1,080,300 5,80 2,80 2,80 1,44 2,987 (386,715) (652,838) (376,213) (1,44 2,987) (386,715) (652,838) (376,213) (1,44 2,987) (265,869) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,22 3,990) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,22 3,990) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,22 3,990) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,22 3,990) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,22 3,990) (3,22	als
Receipts from interfund services provided 350,000 450,000 3,953,028 1,080,300 5,80 2,80 2,80 2,80 2,80 3,853,028 1,080,300 5,80 2,80	
Receipts from interfund services provided 350,000 450,000 3,953,028 1,080,300 5,80 2,80 2,80 2,80 2,80 3,853,028 1,080,300 5,80 2,80	9,586
Payments to Suppliers (42,987) (386,715) (652,838) (376,213) (1,481) Payments to Employees (265,869) (265,869) Payments to Claimants - (95,990) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,271) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 41,144 83,038 1,263,884 1,228 1,381 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers in	3,328
Payments to Employees (265,869) Payments to Claimants - (95,990) (2,423,929) (709,079) (3,221) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 41,144 83,038 1,263,884 1,228 1,381 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers in Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received - 333,881 92,986 42 (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments - (8,249) (25,386) (3 (25,386) 1) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Interest Received - 3329,299 69,049 36 (25,386) (3 (36,049) 1) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities - 329,299 69,049 36 (25,386) (3 (36,049) 1) Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 41,144 83,038 1,593,183 70,277 1,76 (25,386) (3 (36,054) 1) Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 63,271 392,819 6,456,935 2,116,420 9,02 (25,386) (3 (36,054) 1) Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (13,049) (1	
Payments to Claimants	5,869)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	3,998)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers In - - - -	
Financing Activities: Operating Transfers In	9,294
Financing Activities: Operating Transfers In	• •
Operating Transfers In	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities - - -	
Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Received	
Interest Received - 333,881 92,986 42	
Interest Received - 333,881 92,986 42	
(Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	5,867
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) 1 329,299 69,049 38 Net Increase(Decrease) in 41,144 83,038 1,593,183 70,277 1,78 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 63,271 392,819 6,456,935 2,116,420 9,02 Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year \$ 104,415 \$ 475,857 \$ 8,050,118 \$ 2,186,697 \$ 10,81 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (13,420) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable -	5,116
Investing Activities	3,635)
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 41,144 83,038 1,593,183 70,277 1,78 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 63,271 392,819 6,456,935 2,116,420 9,02 Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year \$ 104,415 \$ 475,857 \$ 8,050,118 \$ 2,186,697 \$ 10,81 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (13,420) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable - <	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,348
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 63,271 392,819 6,456,935 2,116,420 9,02 Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year \$ 104,415 \$ 475,857 \$ 8,050,118 \$ 2,186,697 \$ 10,81 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (13,479) \$ (13,47	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year \$ 104,415 \$ 475,857 \$ 8,050,118 \$ 2,186,697 \$ 10,816 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (136,054) \$ 110	,642
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (136,054) \$ 110,479 \$,445
provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (136,054) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	,087
Operating Income (Loss) \$ 31,350 \$ 86,000 \$ (366,054) \$ 110,479 \$ (13,479) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable - - - - - - 1,154,265 -	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from General Func Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 5,958 (2,962) 16,070	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from General Func Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 5,958 (2,962) 16,070	3,225)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable 1,154,265 - 1,154 Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 5,958 (2,962) 16,070	
(Increase) Decrease in Due from General Func - 1,154,265 - 1,154 Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 5,958 (2,962) 16,070	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 5,958 (2,962) 16,070	-
	1,265
	9,066
),352
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Leave 3,836	3,836
	3,635
Transfer (to) from Restricted Cash - (8,249) (25,386) (3	3,635)
Total Adjustments to Net Income 9,794 (2,962) 1,629,938 (109,251) 1,52 Net Cash Provided (Used)	7,519
	9,294

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds operate as a clearing mechanism. Cash resources are collected, held for a brief period and then distributed to the proper recipients. The City has a fiduciary responsibility for the assets, which it does not own outright.

<u>Sherwood Hall Box Office</u> - This fund is used to account for ticket sales for events held at Sherwood Hall Community Center. When the cost of the event is determined, the deposit account is cleared by paying all parties involved.

<u>Sunrise House</u> - This fund is used to account for the assets held on behalf of Sunrise House. Monies are collected from various grants and used by Sunrise House to provide a half-way house for youths. Sunrise House has a separate Board of Directors.

<u>Second Chance Youth Program</u> - This fund is used to account for the assets held on behalf of Second Chance Youth Program. Monies are collected from various grants and used by Second Chance to provide various activities for "at-risk" youths. Second Chance has a separate Board of Directors.

<u>Cafeteria Plan</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's Cafeteria Plan for unreimbursed medical and dependent care payments (Flexible Spending Account) operated under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. Pre-tax monies are deducted from employees in accordance with their Salary Redirection Agreements and used to reimburse employees for qualified unreimbursed medical and dependent care expenses after obtaining approval from the City's cafeteria plan administrator.

<u>Retiree Health Insurance</u> – This fund is used to account for monies collected from retired employees to pay for their health insurance premiums.

<u>Business Improvements District Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the business license surcharged assessment imposed on Old Town and Alisal businesses. These funds are used to promote and revitalize these two business districts. Expenditures are determined by the districts' Board of Directors and approved by the City Council.

<u>Payroll Deposits Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for payroll tax and deferred compensation employee payroll deductions. These funds are transmitted for deposit with the appropriate agencies.

CITY OF SALINAS Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Agency Funds June 30, 2007

	\$	Sherwood Hall Box Office	Sunrise House	Second Chance Youth Program	Cafeteria Plan	Retiree Health nsurance	Business provement District	Totals
Assets:								
Cash and Investments	\$	16,814	\$ 90,270	\$ -	\$ 76,647	\$: 1	\$ 27,354	\$ 211,086
Accounts Receivable		. <u>-</u>	-	-	115,025	-	.	115,025
Due from Other Agencies		. · •	21,539	30,568		•	er e	52,107
Total Assets	\$	16,814	\$ 111,809	\$ 30,568	\$ 191,672	\$ 1	\$ 27,354	\$ 378,218
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	8,865	\$ 21,279	\$ 9,557	\$ 150,092	\$ -	\$	\$ 189,793
Accrued Leave		-	3,306	10,186	_	<u>-</u>		13,492
Due to Outside Agencies		-		48,241	-	<u>-</u>	-	48,241
Accrued Liabilities		7,949	87,224	(37,416)	41,580	1	27,354	126,692
Total Liabilities	\$ -	16,814	\$ 111,809	\$ 30,568	\$ 191,672	\$ 1	\$ 27,354	\$ 378,218

"Rally Salinas" Library Donations

The following Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets for "Rally Salinas" are presented as supplementary information. This information is included in the City's Private Purpose Trust Funds presented on pages 42 and 43 of the Basic Financial Statements.

In February 2005, Mayor Caballero announced "Rally Salinas!" a public fundraising campaign with a goal of \$500,000. To date, the Rally Salinas campaign has received \$800,343 with expenditures of \$580,225 and a fund balance at June 30, 2007 of \$220,118. The donations were used to maintain skeletal library services from July 1, 2005 through December 31, 2005.

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund-Rally Salinas June 30, 2007

				Rally Salinas
				Private
				Purpose
				Trust
			· <u></u>	Fund
Assets:				
Cash and Investments			\$	220,118
Total Assets				220,118
			The second second	
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable				-
Total Liabilities				•
			7	
Net Assets:				
Held in trust for Library	purposes		\$	220,118
			===	

CITY OF SALINAS Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund-Rally Salinas

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		P	rivate
		Pι	ırpose
			Trust
		· F	unds
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Private Donations		\$	706
Total Contributions			706
Investment earnings:			
Interest			_
Net investment earnings			_
Total Additions			706
Deductions:			
Payments on behalf of trustees			
for Library services			
Payments on behalf of trustees			
to Community Foundation for			
Monterey County's Administrative	Services		<u>-</u>
Total Deductions			
Change in Net Assets			706
			,00
Net Assets - Beginning			240 442
Not Assets - Degittiling			219,412
Not Accete Fuding		•	000 445
Net Assets - Ending		\$	220,118



This page is intentionally left blank.

GENERAL and MEASURE V FUNDS

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA GENERAL AND MEASURE V FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007

	General Fund	Measure V	Total
Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 18,456,959	\$ 5,903,870	\$ 24,360,829
Taxes Receivable	6,961,514	2,009,449	8,970,963
Accounts Receivable	131,625		131,625
Interest Receivable	373,740	70,007	443,747
Due from Fiduciary Funds	48,241		48,241
Due from Other Funds	4,108,480		4,108,480
Advances to Other Funds:			.,,,,,,,
Golf Course Fund	3,735,000		3,735,000
Parking District Fund	600,000		600,000
Loans to Others	29,800		29,800
Inventory	12,495		12,495
Total Assets		£ 7,092,226	
Total Assets	\$ 34,457,854	\$ 7,983,326	\$ 42,441,180
Liabilities and Fund Balances:			
Liabilities:			
	Ø 4504000	A 007.000	
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,531,936	\$ 627,038	\$ 5,158,974
Due to Capital Projects Fund	102,279	986,258	1,088,537
Due to Internal Service Fund			-
Total Liabilities	4,634,215	1,613,296	6,247,511
Fund Balance:			
Reserved for:			
Operations	5,200,000		E 200 000
Capital Projects	6,353,900		5,200,000
Capital Projects-Measure V	0,000,000	1,268,732	6,353,900
Encumbrances	577,641	2,296,816	1,268,732
Loans Receivable	29,800	2,290,610	2,874,457
Advances	4,335,000		29,800
Inventory	12,495		4,335,000
Condemnation Deposits	137,673		12,495
Carry over Appropriations	2,933,918	725.026	137,673
Unreserved:	4,500,510	725,026	3,658,944
Designated	7 246 660	2 070 450	0.000.405
Undesignated	7,316,669	2,079,456	9,396,125
Ondesignated	2,926,543		2,926,543
Total Fund Balance	29,823,639	6,370,030	36,193,669
Total Liabilities and			
Fund Balances	\$ 34,457,854	\$ 7,983,326	\$ 42,441,180

CITY OF SALINAS, CALIFORNIA GENERAL AND MEASURE V FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General Fund	Measure V	Total
Revenues:			
Taxes:	•		
Sales	\$ 18,209,036	\$	\$ 18,209,036
In-lieu Sales	6,088,153		6,088,153
Transactions and Use Tax		10,279,477	10,279,477
Property	15,183,917		15,183,917
Property-Vehicle License Fees	11,281,580		11,281,580
Utility	8,714,661		8,714,661
Business License	3,928,651		3,928,651
Franchise	3,430,797		3,430,797
Other	1,523,729		1,523,729
Licenses and Permits	25,874		25,874
Intergovernmental	2,983,546		2,983,546
Charges for Services	6,233,568		6,233,568
Interest	1,368,172	210,624	1,578,796
Miscellaneous	378,656	347	379,003
Total Revenues	79,350,340	10,490,448	89,840,788
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	9,992,842	326,248	10,319,090
Public Safety	46,115,234	723,330	46,838,564
Public Works	12,580,781	364,702	12,945,483
Recreation	2,256,889	928,264	3,185,153
Library		2,048,346	2,048,346
Capital Outlay	194,537	57,150	251,687
Total Expenditures	71,140,283	4,448,040	75,588,323
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over Expenditures	8,210,057	6,042,408	14,252,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating Transfers In	1,325,219		1,325,219
Operating Transfers Out	(2,701,024)	(1,875,281)	(4,576,305)
Total Other Financing Sources	1		
(Uses)	(1,375,805)	(1,875,281)	(3,251,086)
Excess (Deficiency) of	•		
Revenues and Other Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	6,834,252	4,167,127	11,001,379
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	22,989,387	2,202,903	25,192,290
Fund Balance at End of Year		•	
Fund Dalance at End of Tear	\$ 29,823,639	\$ 6,370,030	\$ 36,193,669