City of Salinas California



Basic Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Basic Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



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May 25, 2022

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Salinas, California

We are pleased to submit the City of Salinas (City) Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all notes and disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

While traditionally addressed to the governing body of the City, this report is intended to provide relevant financial information to the residents of the City of Salinas, City staff, creditors, investors and other concerned readers. We encourage all readers to contact the Finance Department with any questions or comments concerning this report.

McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman, a firm of certified public accountants, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

This report is divided into two sections:

- The **Introductory Section** includes this letter of transmittal and an organizational overview of the City government.
- The **Financial Section** consists of the independent auditors' report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements; which include the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements, Notes to Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information and other Supplementary Information.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

In defining the reporting entity, there are no other governmental units over which the City Council has financial accountability. Under state law, the Salinas Redevelopment Agency, which was a component unit of the City, ceased to exist as of February 1, 2012, and therefore the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a Fiduciary Fund (private purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

The City of Salinas was incorporated as a charter City on March 4, 1874 and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City is governed by a six-member Council elected by districts for four-year alternating terms and a Mayor elected at large for a two-year term. The Council appoints the City Attorney and the City Manager who is responsible for day-to-day administration of the City under the policy direction of the Council.

The City of Salinas is the "county seat" of Monterey County, and is located in the Central Coast region of California, 17 miles inland from the Monterey Bay, 325 miles north of Los Angeles and 106 miles south of San Francisco. Salinas is a charter City providing all typical City services: Public safety - police and fire, Public Works - maintenance services (streets, lighting, signals, facilities, parks and trees), development and permit services, current and advanced planning and traffic and facilities engineering, Library, Recreation and General administrative services. Business-type City services include: a Municipal Airport, Industrial Waste system, two municipal golf courses, Sanitary Sewer and Storm Drain systems, Water Utility and a Parking District. The

State Department of Finance reports the City's population at 162,222 as of January 1, 2020. The City FY 2020-21 budget includes 606.50 positions authorized on a full-time equivalent basis.

Three elementary school districts, a unified high school district and several private schools at both the primary and secondary level operate in the City of Salinas. Hartnell College, a State Community College, offers two-year degrees and occupational certificate programs. California State University Monterey Bay is located less than 15 miles away on the former Fort Ord site. Graduate studies through Golden Gate University, Monterey Institute of International Studies and Chapman College are available nearby. Also in the area are Moss Landing Marine Laboratory, Monterey College of Law, Stanford University's Hopkins Marine Station and San Jose State University.

Salinas has extensive health and medical services with two of Monterey County's four hospitals located within the City. Salinas also offers skilled nursing and convalescent homes and residential retirement facilities for seniors, as well as over 220 practicing physicians.

Fire protection and basic and advanced life support are provided by the City's full-service Fire Department. Advanced life support services are provided by the Fire Department's paramedic program. The City of Salinas has a Police Department and receives additional support, as required, from the Monterey County Sheriff's Office and other regional, state and federal agencies.

The City's moderate climate encourages year-round use of its 550 plus acres of municipal parks, which include golf courses, tennis courts and swimming pools. The Salinas Community Center regularly hosts symphonies, ballets, concerts and conventions. Salinas is host to the annual Steinbeck Festival, the California Rodeo, and the California International Airshow. Salinas has a modern California Sports Complex and the National Steinbeck Center. Surrounding Salinas are diverse recreational opportunities including beautiful beaches and the world famed golf courses of the Monterey Bay Peninsula.

As the retail hub of the Central Coast, Salinas enjoys a wide selection and diversity in its stores. Northridge Shopping Center contains over 120 specialty shops and three major department stores – Macy's, Best Buy and J.C. Penney. Harden Ranch Plaza includes Wal-Mart, Target, Safeway, specialty stores, restaurants, and banking institutions. The Westridge Shopping Center is home to Costco, Wal-Mart, Office Max, Dick's Sporting Goods and a variety of national chain restaurants. The Salinas Auto Center houses nine local dealers and its retail area hosts Home Depot, Beverages and More (BevMo), Kohl's, and other specialty stores. Additionally, Salinas' location allows quick access to the Monterey Peninsula, as well as the San Jose area.

The City utilizes various Boards and Commissions in the conduct of its affairs. Commissions and Committees established by City Ordinance are:

- Airport Commission
- Library and Community Services Commission
- Traffic and Transportation Commission
- Planning Commission
- Measure G Oversight Committee
- Measure E Oversight Committee

Boards and Committees established by Resolution of the City Council are:

- Police Community Advisory Committee
- Animal Services Committee
- Design Review Board
- Board of Appeals
- Grievance Advisory Board
- Finance Committee
- Historical Resources Board

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City's management staff is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls that safeguard the assets of the government from loss, theft, or misuse and allow the compilation of adequate accounting data for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed its likely benefits and that the evaluation of costs and benefits is subject to management estimates and judgments.

Single Audit

As a recipient of Federal, State and County financial assistance, the City is responsible for providing assurance that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations relating to these award programs. Internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management, the Finance Department staff, and the City's outside independent auditors.

As part of the City's single audit procedures, tests are performed to determine the effectiveness of the internal controls over major Federal award programs and the City's compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these award programs.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting and budgeting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable. Expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received or the liabilities incurred. Accounting and budgeting for the City's proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis.

The City also uses encumbrance accounting as another technique for accomplishing budgetary control. An encumbrance is a commitment of a future expenditure earmarked for a particular purpose that reduces the amount of budgetary authority available for general spending. At the end of the fiscal year, encumbered appropriations are carried forward and become part of the following year's budget while appropriations that have not been encumbered lapse and are available to be appropriated through the following fiscal year's budget process.

The City Council approves operating appropriations at the department and fund level prior to July 1, each year and may amend the budget during the fiscal year. Please refer to Required Supplementary Information to the financial statements for a more detailed discussion of budget policy and control. The City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management as demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report.

Annual Financial Report

The purpose of the City's Annual Financial Report is to summarize the administrative and operational performance of the City during the previous fiscal year. The report is intended to highlight significant accomplishments that were achieved during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and to provide a financial analysis of City performance.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

As of June 30, 2021, capital assets, including infrastructure assets, of the City of Salinas totaled \$855.3 million; accumulated depreciation totaled \$439.4 million, with the difference providing net capital assets of \$415.9 million. Net capital assets of the City's governmental activities (general government) are \$305.5 million and net capital assets for the City's business-type activities (enterprise funds) are \$110.4 million.

Capital assets include buildings, infrastructure (streets, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, bridges, streetlights, traffic signals, etc.), improvements other than buildings (park improvements, etc.), and machinery and equipment.

During FY 2020-21, depreciation expense on capital assets of the City's governmental activities (general government) was \$10.6 million and depreciation expense on capital assets of the City's business-type activities (enterprise funds) was \$6.3 million. Depreciation expense represents the amount at which assets are being used-up annually. Due to budget constraints over the years, the City has been unable to invest in the maintenance of capital assets at anywhere near the annual depreciation amount.

Please refer to the Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Note 11 for a complete discussion of the City's Capital Assets.

Long-term Debt Payable

At June 30, 2021, the City had \$449.5 million in long-term debt. Long-term debt includes liabilities for annual leave, long-term portion of Worker's Compensation claims payable, capital leases and notes and bonds payable, and net pension liability. While the General Fund guarantees most of the City's long- term debt, other funds, agencies or property owners make the majority of principal and interest payments. Examples of other funds, agencies or property owners include, the Industrial Waste Fund, Golf Courses Fund, the Sanitary Sewer Fund, Successor Agency to the former Salinas Redevelopment Agency property tax increments, and payments from property owners who are included in the City's various assessment districts.

Please refer to the Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Note 18, for a complete discussion of the City's Long-term Debt.

Fund Financial Statements-General Governmental Revenues

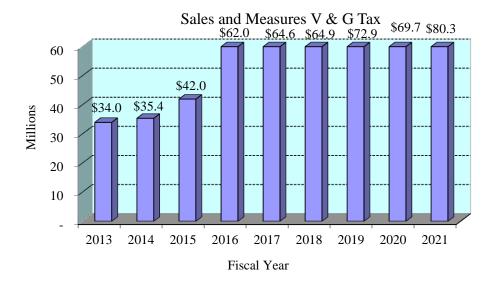
The current governmental operations of the City are accounted for in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project Funds. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, total revenues for general governmental functions totaled \$191.3 million, an increase of 11.3% over the previous fiscal year.

Sales Tax

The City has a well-diversified economy and sales tax base. The sales and transaction and use tax increased \$10.6 million, or 15.2% from FY 2019-20. The increase can be attributed to the recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and the effects it had on the economy. Sales tax was the largest single category of revenue this fiscal year producing 18.5% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Transactions and Use Tax (Measures E and G) represents 23.8% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Measures E and G transactions and use tax is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund. Combined, sales tax and transactions and use tax revenue total \$80.3 million or 42.0% of the combined governmental fund type revenues.

On November 8, 2005, the voters of Salinas approved Measure V, a 0.50% transactions and use tax. On November 6, 2012, the voters of Salinas approved to extend the 0.50% transaction and use tax with no sunset (Measure E). Measure E is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund, although the tax is accounted for in a separate sub-fund of the General Fund.

On November 4, 2014, the voters of Salinas approved Measure G, an ordinance imposing a one-cent general transactions and use tax. Measure G has a fifteen-year term and requires the City Council to establish an Oversight Committee. Measure G is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund, although the tax is accounted for in a separate sub-fund of the General Fund.



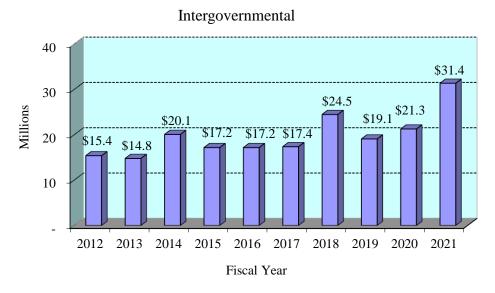
Property Tax

Property tax revenue was the second largest source of revenue during this fiscal year, producing 17.4% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Property tax revenue includes Property tax-in-lieu of vehicle license fees (2/3 of VLF) of \$14.4 million that is now determined by the City's growth in assessed property values. Property tax experienced a low in 2012 of \$21.5 million and is now \$33.2 million.



<u>Intergovernmental</u>

Intergovernmental revenue was the third largest single category of revenue during the fiscal year producing 16.4% of the combined governmental fund revenues. Intergovernmental revenues consist of vehicle licenses fees (1/3 of VLF), Federal and State Public Safety Funds, Federal Block Grants, State Gas Taxes and Federal and State Construction Grants. Intergovernmental revenue recovered from a 10-year low eight years ago. Intergovernmental revenue had an increase from the prior year of \$10.1 million, or 47.5%, mainly from increased Federal funding for the pandemic.



<u>Utility User's Tax and Other Taxes</u>

Utility user's tax and other taxes produced 16.5% of the combined governmental fund type revenues. Other taxes include business license tax and franchise fees, among others. Utility user's tax remained unchanged from the prior year at \$11.7 million, as do Other taxes at \$19.9 million.

Assessment District Taxes

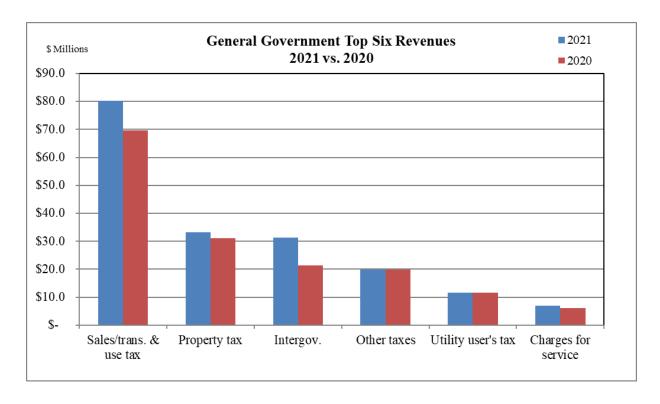
The Assessment District Debt Service Fund taxes increased by 10.1% to \$2.7 million.

Charges for Services

The Charges for Services revenue increased by \$0.6 million, or 10.1% as a result of services returning to the pre-COVID-19 pandemic levels.

Revenues from various sources and the resulting changes over the last year are shown below.

					2021 vs. 2020			
	2021		Percent	2020		Increase/(decrease)		
Source of Revenues		Amounts	of Total		Amounts		Dollars	Percent
Assessment districts:								
Taxes	\$	2,774,645	1.4%	\$	2,521,100	\$	253,545	10.1%
Property tax		33,234,237	17.4%		31,148,765		2,085,472	6.7%
Sales/transaction & use tax		80,275,160	41.9%		69,670,899		10,604,261	15.2%
Utility user's tax		11,664,913	6.1%		11,654,328		10,585	0.1%
Other taxes		19,869,125	10.4%		19,831,691		37,434	0.2%
License & permits		812,083	0.4%		824,569		(12,486)	-1.5%
Intergovernmental		31,404,757	16.4%		21,287,712		10,117,045	47.5%
Charges for service		6,854,066	3.6%		6,224,883		629,183	10.1%
Interest		673,582	0.4%		2,989,595		(2,316,013)	-77.5%
Rental income		927,623	0.5%		545,137		382,486	70.2%
Fines/forfeitures		623,400	0.3%		640,262		(16,862)	-2.6%
Contributions		-	0.0%		159,169		(159,169)	-100.0%
Miscellaneous		2,243,489	1.2%		4,354,449		(2,110,960)	-48.5%
TOTAL	\$	191,357,080	100.0%	\$	171,852,559	\$	19,504,521	11.3%

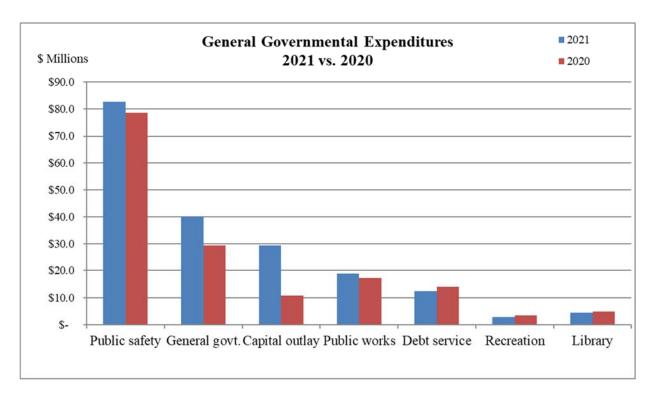


Fund Financial Statements-General Governmental Expenditures

Expenditures for governmental operations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$190.9 million, a net increase of 20.7% in total expenditures over the previous year.

Changes in expenditures by major function are as follows:

	Percent				2021 vs. 2020		
	of			Increase/(decrease)			
Function		2021	Total	2020		Dollars	Percent
General government	\$	39,992,586	20.9%	\$ 29,432,887	\$	10,559,699	35.9%
Public safety		82,842,431	43.4%	78,580,637		4,261,794	5.4%
Public works		18,892,966	9.9%	17,231,621		1,661,345	9.6%
Recreation		2,935,550	1.5%	3,493,581		(558,031)	-16.0%
Library		4,363,997	2.3%	4,781,223		(417,226)	-8.7%
Subtotal operations		149,027,530	78.0%	133,519,949		15,507,581	11.6%
Capital outlay		29,525,238	15.5%	10,658,987		18,866,251	177.0%
Debt service:							
Principal		6,465,528	3.4%	9,905,582		(3,440,054)	-34.7%
Interest		5,951,232	3.1%	4,102,067		1,849,165	45.1%
Total	\$	190,969,528	100.0%	\$ 158,186,585	\$	32,782,943	20.7%



Operating expenditures increased by \$15.5 million or 11.6% from \$133.5 million in FY 2019-20 to \$149.0 million in FY 2020-21.

General Government increased by \$10.6 million, or 35.9%. This increase was due to the City making an \$4.9 million New York Life Employer Pension contribution, \$1.5 million CalPERS UAL payment, and about \$3 million increase in accruals to cover for future obligations, per Corvel's estimates. Recreation decreased by \$0.6 million, or 16.0%, Public Safety increased by \$4.3 million, or 5.4%, Public Works increased by \$1.7 million, or 9.6%, and Library expenditures decreased by \$0.4 million, or 8.7%.

Principal payments decreased by \$3.4 million while interest payments increased by \$1.8 million mostly due to less a large pay down of the El Gabilan Library debt in the previous year.

Capital Outlay (Project) expenditures increased \$18.9 million or 177.0% from \$10.7 million in FY 2019-20 to \$29.5 million in FY 2020-21. During the year, there were 185 capital projects worked on. The largest project was the Vibrancy Plan Infrastructure project with \$7.8 million spent in 2021. The second largest project was \$7.2 million spent on the Downtown Complete Streets. The third and fourth largest projects were \$2.7 and \$2.2 million on the East Alvin/Linwood/Maryal Routes and the East Laurel Dr. Sidewalk and Lights projects, respectively.

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are the City's business-type activities (activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges) and include the Salinas Municipal Airport, the Industrial Waste Facility, the Municipal Golf Courses (Fairways and Twin Creeks), the Storm Sewer System, the Sanitary Sewer System, the Hitchcock Road Water Utility, the Parking District, Permit Services and the Landfill Garbage Surcharge Fund (which is used to account for the proceeds of the installment sale of the Crazy Horse Landfill to the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority).

The Enterprise Fund's net position totaled \$84.9 million at June 30, 2021.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u>

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the City's fleet maintenance program and risk management program which administers employee benefits and the City's insurance programs including; 1) General Insurances-employee assistance program, unemployment claims, biennial physical exams and property insurance; 2) Workers' Compensation self-insurance program; and 3) General Liability self-insurance program.

At June 30, 2021, the Internal Service Funds liabilities for estimated claims payable totaled \$28.0 million, with \$24.9 million representing Workers' Compensation and \$3.1 million representing General Liability.

Total Workers' Compensation insurance claims liabilities are \$26.7 million at June 30, 2021. A portion of the liability is reported in the Internal Service Fund (\$24.9 million) and a portion is treated as long-term debt (\$1.8 million). The long-term debt portion represents future obligations of the Workers' Compensation Plan.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in trust for others and cannot be used for general government purposes. The City maintains the following Fiduciary Funds: Private Purpose Trust Funds, Pension Trust Funds and Custodial Funds.

Private Purpose Trust Funds include a net position of \$1.0 million held by the City, which increased by \$0.6 million from the prior year. Of the net position, \$0.1 million is held by the City for the dissolved Redevelopment Agency, which is accounted for in the Successor Agency Trust, and a net position of \$0.6 million held by the City for Community Center and Sherwood Hall activities, Monterey One Water Fees, Sales Tax, Payroll Taxes, Deposits, Construction Bonds and other trust arrangements not properly reported in a pension trust.

Pension Trust Funds held by the City of \$18.5 million are employee deferred compensation funds and amounts with New York Life Single Employer Defined Benefit Plan.

Custodial Funds are assets held by the City for, Economic Development, Salinas Valley Enterprise Zone, Employee Cafeteria Plan and Retired Employees Health Insurance Program. Agency assets held by the City total \$0.2 million.

Cash Management

In accordance with the provisions of California Government Code Section 53600 et. seq., the City is restricted to certain types of legal investments. These investments are included in the City's investment policy and are approved by City Council annually. In addition, the City's investment activity is reported to the City Council monthly pursuant to the California Government Code.

The City invests all idle funds daily. The cash management system of the City is designed to monitor revenues and expenditures to ensure the investment of monies to the fullest extent possible. The criteria, in order of priority, for selecting investments are safety, liquidity, and yield.

The majority of City funds (68.9% of investment at FMV) are invested in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF yielded average returns of 0.5% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and decreased from 1.22% to 0.26% during the fiscal year.

The City's investment in certificates of deposit and investment contracts are reported at cost, which is fair value. While recorded at fair market value in the financial statements, the City's investments are redeemable at 100% of cost.

The City's investment in the State Local Agency Investment Fund at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Balance at cost - June 30, 2021	\$ 149,140,484
Unrealized gain	730,370
Balance at fair value - June 30, 2021	\$ 149,870,854

Please refer to Note 4 for a complete discussion of the City's Cash and Investments.

Property Assessment

Assessed valuation of citywide taxable properties increased \$555.4 million to \$12,636 million representing an increase of 4.6% over FY 2019-20.

The following table summarizes the growth and declines in assessed valuation.

	Befo	Before Redevelopment		r Redevelopment	Percent
Fiscal year		Increment		Increment	Change
2020-21	\$	12,636,068,210	\$	11,642,994,299	4.60%
2019-20		12,080,694,193		11,149,838,970	5.41%
2018-19		11,460,172,316		10,577,591,282	5.02%
2017-18		10,912,115,449		10,071,741,861	4.70%
2016-17		10,422,521,577		9,614,776,155	4.60%
2015-16		9,963,782,622		9,195,146,472	6.49%
2014-15		9,356,177,997		8,629,207,052	8.82%
2013-14		8,597,836,189		7,904,316,402	2.72%
2012-13		8,370,116,351		7,693,329,440	0.72%
2011-12		8,310,478,479		7,628,550,860	-0.61%
2010-11		8,361,701,633		7,473,844,928	-6.75%
2009-10		8,966,761,801		7,981,760,147	-11.25%
2008-09		10,102,973,741		9,158,540,984	-5.10%
2007-08		10,645,974,648		9,750,295,032	7.25%
2006-07		9,926,023,729		9,107,918,547	12.72%
2005-06		8,806,009,783		8,305,434,488	12.90%
2004-05		7,799,653,100		7,373,407,370	10.70%
2003-04		7,045,521,979		6,643,698,145	6.90%

Significant Events and Accomplishments

Through the leadership of the City Council and the City Manager, the city continues to produce amazing accomplishments. The City Council is committed to four strategic goals, which guide the initiatives and activities of each City department. The following is a list of accomplishments during the year for each of the four strategic 2020-2023 goals adopted in January 2020:

❖ Investment Strategies / Risk Management

City Attorney's Department

- ➤ Workers Compensation. Continued management of the City's Workers Compensation program with resolution of cases through compromise and release in order to bring down the City's long-term liability.
 - ✓ Continued to identify workers compensation cases which are eligible for early resolution; brought forward cases to the City Council for completion to reduce the City's overall long-term exposure.
 - ✓ Identified employees who were eligible for return-to-work for industrial and non-industrial injuries.

Community Development Department

- ➤ Entitled the Central Area Specific Plan and certified the Final Environmental Impact Report to allow approximately 4,000 units and 200,000 square feet of mixed-use commercial, as well as schools, parks and open space in the North of Boronda Future Growth Area.
- ➤ Completed construction of the Sprung structure at the Chinatown Navigation Center to expand availability of emergency shelter beds under a "housing first" best practices model.
- ➤ Successfully partnered with Step Up and Shangri-La to secure Homekey funding to purchase the former Good Nite Inn and provide 101 permanent supportive housing units at 545 Work Street.
- ➤ Partnered and collaborated with the County of Monterey and Coalition of Homeless Services Providers to complete construction and fund operations of the new SHARE Center at 845 E. Laurel Drive.
- ➤ Added 107 new affordable housing units, surpassing the FY 20-21 projected goal (20) by 535%.
- ➤ Facilitated processing of new housing development applications: 37 single family dwellings (SFD) at 11 Hill Circle and 67 SFD at Monte Bella, and 18 units of multifamily housing at 229 Pajaro Street.
- Adopted the Interim Vehicle Miles Traveled Policy as the basis in determining transportation impacts.
- ➤ Launched the General Plan Update Visión Salinas 2040, including development of a community engagement framework, internal and external advisory committees, and selection of key consultants.

- ➤ Established a Small Business Economic Taskforce to assist businesses impacted by the pandemic, hired a Small Business Navigator, and launched a small business website and hotline number to help businesses access technical assistance resources and grants and loans.
- Secured a fourth year AmeriCorps VISTA grant and successfully filled all five VISTA positions.
- ➤ Conducted homeless outreach and provided food assistance, sanitation, hygiene items, and housing resources; Assisted the Salinas Police and Public Works Departments during clean-up efforts.
- ➤ Facilitated Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) by establishing ADU hotline (123 inquiries), webpage, and creating a process for delay of enforcement and proof of construction for garage conversions.

Library and Community Services Department

- ➤ Develop and maintain reopening/ongoing operating standards for our libraries and recreation centers that mitigate the risk posed by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.
- Monitor and implement guidance outlined in the State of California Blueprint for a Safer Economy.
- Acquired a new, state-of-the-art, and grant-funded bookmobile to improve library outreach and remote programming. This includes further augmenting the Kinder mobile program which reaches every kindergarten classroom in Salinas.

Police Department

- Fully occupied the new Police Service of Salinas building at 312 E. Alisal Street which emphasized a community-based design and incorporated positive, community-based features such as the community meeting space.
- Consolidated vehicle maintenance services in partnership with Public Works Fleet Services. Consolidated services have reduced outside vehicle maintenance costs, improved vehicle efficiency via reduced down-times, and improved vehicle maintenance and safety.

Public Works Department

- Downtown Vibrancy Plan Implementation:
 - ✓ Complete construction of Main Street for 100, 200 and 300 block.
 - ✓ Complete construction of Downtown Complete streets, on West Alisal from Front Street to Blanco Road.
- Support development of Salinas Travel Center project, Airport Lease Project, Unikool (John Street) project and Sywest Project.
- ➤ Complete the Mitigated Negative Declaration for Boronda Road Congestion Relief Project (future growth area).
- ➤ Complete 75% design for Boronda Road and Mc Kinnon roundabout.

- Submit 90% plans of Williams Road to PG&E for the kickoff of the Utility Undergrounding design project.
- ➤ Technical Support for the West Area and Central Area Specific Plans approval process.
- ➤ Provide engineering and street maintenance support for various City special events.
- ➤ Complete construction for Sanitary and Storm line installation for Lincoln Ave Extension into the Train Station.
- ➤ Completed 90% Design for the Williams Road Improvements.
- ➤ Continuing work to develop sustainable parking enterprises which help support the city's economic sectors.
- ➤ Project closeout for the Sanborn/Elvee/HWY 101.
- > Completed the fiberoptic backbone for the Downtown Fiber Optic Network plan.
- ➤ Complete Installation of new metal roof at Fire Station no. 1.
- > Support regional plan to extend commuter rail service to Salinas that will provide access to jobs in the Bay Area and Silicon Valley.
- ➤ Development complete streets, multi-modal corridors, and a sustainable transportation to support responsible future growth area and mitigate vehicle miles travelled (VMT).
- > Supported the Airport Lease Project MND and began coordination with Caltrans as part of mitigation program to improve Airport Blvd/US 101 Ramps.
- ➤ Traffic Calming Improvements at Chaparral Street, Cherokee Street, Nacional Street, First Avenue, and Kittery/Snug Harbor neighborhoods.
- Complete design of restroom remodel at Natividad Creek Park.
- ➤ Complete design of tennis court improvements at Central Park.
- ➤ Begin construction of Tennis courts improvements at Claremont Park.

❖ New Revenue

City Attorney's Department

- > Supported/Worked on Future Growth Area Project. Worked with Community Development staff to complete and bring forward the Central Area Specific Plan for approval and certification of the EIR. Will defend the litigation brought against the City under CEQA so the project may move forward.
- > Supported Efforts to Fund Storm Water Program and Additional Taxes and Fees. Advised on and supported efforts to establish new and additional fees and taxes the fund the City's stormwater management program and maintenance of City parks and recreation facilities.

Community Development Department

- ➤ Secured \$4,950,000 grant to provide State and Federal Emergency Rental Assistance Funding to City residents negatively impacted by COVID-19.
- ➤ Received \$12,814,428 in additional State and Federal funding to prevent, prepare and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic.

- ➤ Obtained \$1,006,847 in new funding from State Permanent Local Housing Allocation to fund additional affordable senior housing units.
- ➤ Secured \$1,280,000 in state grants to fund environmental and technical studies to prepare the General Plan Update including the Climate Action Plan, Environmental Impact Report, and Traffic and Transportation Analysis.
- ➤ Facilitated permitting of cannabis businesses that provided \$1.8 million in tax revenue last year.
- Responded to 607 hotline calls and connected businesses and entrepreneurs to COVID response and recovery resources.
- Awarded \$600,000 to 44 businesses through the Grow Salinas Small Business Support Program; Assisted 41 businesses in applying for the CA Relief Grant with 19 awards totaling \$90,000 to date.
- Conducted 30 Census outreach events (a total of 110 through the entire Census process) and coordinated the monthly meetings of the Census Salinas Action Team.
- ➤ Opened 117 weed abatement cases, but through proactive communication, notices and citations, only one (1) property was abated and \$5,855 in citations collected.

Fire Department

- For Grants- The City completed and closed the Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) grant with a total value of \$1,399,409. This grant funded six firefighter positions for three years starting February 2018 and ending in February 2021. Personnel savings to the city after matching funds are contributed is \$1,066,918. The six firefighters funded by the grant continue to be part of daily staffing. The department has submitted for additional funding for Fiscal Year 2021-2022.
- Assistance to Firefighters Grant (AFG) The fire department's 3 AFG funded paramedics are now working on the streets of Salinas and are credited with six (6) field saves since becoming accredited. The three firefighters recognized by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as a highlight to this new nationwide program. Based on the success of this endeavor the department submitted for additional funding for Fiscal Year 2021-2022.

Library and Community Services Department

- ➤ Submitted two applications for Prop 68 funding. One for \$8 Million Dollars to build a new Hebbron Family Center and one for \$6.8 Million Dollars to renovate Closter Park.
- Awarded a \$1.5 Million Dollar California Violence Prevention grant to fund job training and mentorship programs for violence and systems impacted youth in Salinas.
- ➤ Earned an additional \$60,000 grant from the California Endowment to further the advancement of Governing for Race Equity work over three years for the City of Salinas. This is an addition to the \$120,000 awarded in FY 19-20 for a total of \$180.000.

Police Department

➤ Continued to secure new grants and supplemental funding to support police operations and expand services to the community.

Operational Efficiencies

Administration Department

- Continued dialogue with City leaders, site selectors and major business corporations in preparation and planning for future Forbes AgTech Summit.
- Continued Council and community engagement regarding City services, fiscal management, and completion of the strategic plan objectives.
- Continue to work with local service providers and County officials to mitigate homeless encampments, construction of a permanent shelter, and solidify housing and commercial development in the Chinatown area other identified areas citywide.
- Continued oversight and implementation of the Housing Element, Downtown Vibrancy, Chinatown Vibrancy, the Alisal Vibrancy, Parks, Recreation and Libraries Master Plan and the General Plan.
- Continues to lead the efforts between the City and County consolidated services.
- Participating in multijurisdictional efforts toward the development of clean energy.
- Ongoing management of the City Council, Measure E, and Measure G Oversight Committees.
- > Ongoing management and implement of records and contact management systems.
- Continues to process Republic Services low-income senior discounts.

City Attorney's Department

- Municipal Code Update. Continued work on a comprehensive update to the Municipal Code to identify and to update self-imposed regulations that hinder operational efficiencies.
- Employee Relations. Continued working with other City departments to resolve labor relations matters. Assisted with labor negotiations. Defended PERB unfair practice charges and any litigation. Responded to request for information. Directed investigations and advised re grievances and meet/confer matters.
- Personnel Policies. Ensured legal compliance with employment laws to prevent liability: continue work on personnel policy updates; assisted with review and revision of department policies; continued to advise on employment situations; investigated employee complaints.
- Civil Litigation. Continued to handle the majority of civil litigation in-house, at less expense to the City. Included are at least two employment related litigation matters which were handled in-house and resolved with a minimum of cost to the City.

- Insurance Joint Powers Agency. Continued participation in the ACCEL joint powers authority; improved the City's insurance coverages with better policies.
- Workers Compensation. Continued management of the City's Workers Compensation program with resolution of cases through compromise and release in order to bring down the City's long-term liability.

Community Development Department

- Shifted permitting to digital platform and managed to maintain output despite staffing losses due to the pandemic:
 - ✓ Issued 2,464 permits with a valuation nearly \$51,000,000.
 - ✓ Completed 855 planning reviews, 93% on time, and 1,864 building plan reviews with an average review time of 12 days.
 - ✓ Completed 13,837 building inspections, of which approximately 95% were conducted on time.
 - ✓ Responded to 4,459 calls for planning and 15,255 calls for permitting.
- ➤ Offered virtual customer meetings through the Development Review Committee to facilitate continued economic development and promote enhanced communication.
- > Created a dedicated email for planning inquiries resulting in 1,620 responses.
- ➤ Established a fast track permitting process to facilitate 69 legal outdoor business operations in accordance with state and local guidelines and dedicated one full-time staff to ensure expediency.
- ➤ Piloted a virtual inspection process for building inspections.
- ➤ Coordinated compliance inspections between Code Enforcement and Fire Prevention to provide the best customer service possible and limit the number of onsite inspections.
- ➤ Increased weekend and evening COVID-19 enforcement in 2021, resulting in \$7,750 in citations.
- ➤ Funded the expansion of Downtown Streets Team to a second team focused on encampment cleanups and homeless services in Cesar Chavez and Natividad Creek Parks.
- ➤ Hired an additional Limited Term Community Development Analyst to support and expand Fair Housing and Homeless Preservation initiatives and services.
- ➤ Processed a 400% increase in grant applications through the RFP process and a 1,000% increase in the processing of payments and reports from subcontracted service providers.
- ➤ Hired two Management Analysts to provide administrative, financial and grant management and compliance support in September 2020 in an effort to improve organizational efficiency.

Finance Department

- > Strategically and collaboratively worked with departments and City Manager to balance the FY 2020-21-year budget.
- ➤ Coordinated Monte Bella CFD Financing for Phase III.

- Refinanced \$14.6 million of Sewer Revenue Bonds achieving a reduced interest rate from 4.15% to 2.92% and \$2 million in total savings.
- ➤ Issued \$31.3 million in 2020A-1, A-2, and B-1 Series bonds to refund the remaining bonds that needed refinancing, achieving 1.75% all-in true interest cost, affirmed rating of AA- and total savings of \$1.5 million.
- > Supported SPOA labor negotiations with financial costing and fiscal updates.
- Upgraded Wi-Fi across City locations.
- ➤ Improved internal training and educational opportunities for all IT staff while beginning the Technology Master Plan.
- ➤ Migrate from Citrix VDI to Horizon VDI and improve data center technology for a better, more reliable Windows 10 experiences for users began to develop refined training strategies for Windows 10 and Cybersecurity education.
- ➤ Continue to manage, facilitate and support the Measure E and G Committee and the Finance Committee.
- ➤ Completed the annual financial statements and audit with a clean audit opinion.

<u>Human Resources Department</u>

- ➤ Human Resources Division conducted approximately 60 recruitments and processed over 1300 applications. Staff conducted over 60 new employee intakes for regular and temporary hires.
- ➤ Human Resources continues to meet biweekly with the Police Department to discuss/implement recruitment strategies and processing of sworn and non-sworn public safety positions.
- ➤ Human Resources issued City Guidelines related to COVID-19 in accordance with County, State, and CDC guidelines. Administered Families First Coronavirus Response Act leave benefits; Coordinated COVID-19 testing; Procured PPE for Departments Citywide.
- Human Resources assumed payroll administration for Police Service, approximately 200 positions, to include preparation of Personnel Action Forms, Certification Reimbursements, and Performance Evaluation Tracking. Processed employee payroll time entry for approximately 300 positions to include Police, Fire, and Administration.
- Human Resources actively participated in labor negotiations with various bargaining units and participated in monthly labor managements meetings with various units.
- ➤ Participated and coordinated interactive process meetings/accommodation for personnel.
- ➤ Worked directly with Directors, Managers, Supervisors to address personnel performance.
- ➤ Coordinated job protected leave to include implementation of the federal Families First Coronavirus Response Act which included processing of 152 leave requests.
- ➤ Coordinated SB1343 Sexual Harassment Prevention Training for all non-supervisory staff.
- > Coordinated Mandated Reporter training for all mandated reporter classifications.

- Completed Department of Justice Live Scan site approval in order to allow Human Resources to Live Scan City employment candidates and City volunteers.
- ➤ Human Resources continues to participate on the Blue Zones Project Worksite Committee in order to achieve "approved" Blue Zone Project Worksite designation. This remains work in progress.

Library and Community Services Department

- ➤ Provided community service opportunities for youth and adults to strengthen skill development and workforce readiness. Residents performed nearly 1,500 volunteer service hours.
- ➤ Conducted 4 community clean ups at the Madison Lane Transfer Station adapting to COVID-19 restrictions.
- ➤ Improved virtual communication with residents by launching Recreation & Park social media channels on Facebook, YouTube, and Instagram, resulting in a combined 1,500 followers and subscribers, and have made hundreds of engaging posts.
- Created and published over 150 videos of virtual recreation programs on YouTube to continue to engage residents and youth.
- > Created and distributed 4,900 take home recreation kits (5 different activities per kit) with a total of 24,000 activities for youth ages 4-12.
- ➤ Provided virtual and remote adult learner instruction to 440 students and over 12,000 hours of attendance (including computer literacy, basic literacy, or high school equivalency).
- ➤ Distributed over 1,200 preschool take-home activity kits aimed at increasing Kindergarten readiness. These kits were complimented with over 200 minutes of follow-along video instruction for parents and youth. Additionally, other ongoing story time and early literacy virtual programs reached nearly 130 parents and children on a weekly basis.
- ➤ Distributed over 7,000 fun, interactive, and engaging STEAM take-home activity kits to children, teens, and adults. A majority of the kits were complimented with ondemand or live video instruction created by library staff and/or community partners.
- ➤ Partnered with small business and workforce development organizations such as Small Business Development Center to offer a series of workshops and information sessions for Salinas small business owners, entrepreneurs, and residents impacted by COVID-19 closures.
- Expanded SMART Card program to all Salinas City Elementary School District students, which allow instant access to library digital resources to more than 8000 students, using their student identification.
- The library expanded its digital library services to include virtual programming and more accessible digital resources such as adding Encyclopedia Britannica, ProQuest Research Databases, and Teaching Books to the digital library to support students and teachers in virtual classrooms, as well as Job Now & Vet Now digital platform to assist job seekers and veterans in the community.

- ➤ Completed a Department re-organization that realigned recreation services and incorporated the park maintenance function into the Recreation-Park Division.
- ➤ Innovated implementation of digital library and curbside services for continued library services to the community, including issuing more than 2000 digital library cards and providing more than 3000 additional digital books, during COVID-19 closure.
- Expanded self-service options, which includes self-check-out, e-commerce payment system, and self-service holds pickup at all locations. Implementation of new self-return system for the new El Gabilan Library. Virtual and curbside services to continue services to the community.
- ➤ Collaborated with the Monterey County Elections to allow library book return box to serve as secure election ballot return boxes in East Salinas area. This effort resulted in the increase of civic participation and more than 2900 ballots returned through the library.
- ➤ Increased community engagement through various social media platforms (YouTube, Facebook, Instagram) by an average of 25% across platforms, including creating more than 180 recorded videos with more than 42,000 total views.

Police Department

- ➤ Worked collaboratively with Code Enforcement and the City Attorney's Office to address quality of life issues.
- ➤ Completed a workload analysis and implemented a new Patrol Schedule with the goal of increasing efficiency and decreasing response times.

Public Works Department

- ➤ Developing Sustainable Citywide Parking Management Program:
 - ✓ Created Parking Enterprises to better manage parking programs.
 - ✓ Demonstrated successful implementation of Parking Enforcement Enterprise; improving services while continuing to cover costs at the same time supporting the City's economic and safety objectives. Expanded parking enforcement services to weekends and early evenings.
 - ✓ Adjusted rates in the Downtown Parking District for the first time in a decade to reduce dependence of the enterprise on the City General Fund. Although suspended temporarily during the pandemic, staff developed recommendations to ensure sustainable pricing for implementation in future years.
- ➤ Utilized Geographic Information Systems (GIS) for spatial analysis. Spatial analysis lets staff evaluate suitability and capability, estimate, predict, interpret, and understand data. This capability is delivered to all City Departments to provide new perspectives to data driven decision-making.
- ➤ Implemented innovative and emerging technology solutions to increase efficiency and effectiveness of City services.
- > Plan of EV stations transformer for the ITC center.
- Embarked upon the development of a Community-Based Public/Private Partnership (P3) process to potentially fund green infrastructure projects throughout the City.

- ➤ Developing Proposition 26 fees to fund the costs of NPDES inspection and plan review activities.
- ➤ Continuing Implementation of the City Traffic Fee Ordinance.
- ➤ Secured grant funds for the Boronda Road Congestion Relief Project, Pedestrian Crossing Enhancements Project, and the Sherwood/Front St Adaptive Traffic Signal System Project.
- ➤ Completed Mitigated Negative Declaration for Boronda Road Improvements which provides increase capacity to four lanes and 5 new roundabouts at key intersections.
- ➤ Begin construction of 2021 Chip Seal project City Wide.
- ➤ Complete 80% design of San Juan Grade Road rehabilitation.
- ➤ Continuing Development of City's Active Transportation Plan.
- > Continue identifying funding for improvements for implementation of the East Alisal Corridor Plan.
- > Secured grant funding to stretch transportation dollars.
- ➤ Hired consultant to update City Standard Plans and Specifications.
- ➤ Updated Pavement Management System for future road maintenance.
- ➤ Applied for HSIP Grants to fund a part of Williams Road Improvements.
- Refreshed over 17,000 linear feet of crosswalks.
- ➤ Complete Design of 2021 Slurry Seal Project City Wide.
- ➤ Complete Design of Montebella Subdivision Slurry Seal project.
- ➤ Complete installation of traffic signal at North Main Street and Navajo.
- ➤ Complete Design of traffic signal at Alisal Street and Murphy Street.
- > Secured funding for pedestrian safety enhancements throughout the City.
- > Secured funding for development of Vision Zero Plan to reduce severe injuries and fatalities on city streets.

❖ Public Safety

City Attorney's Department

➤ City/County GSA MOU Update. Worked with Community Development staff to begin updating the GSA MOU to allow for development on the north boundary of the City's limits.

Community Development Department

- ➤ Promoted mask guidelines, business education and safe operation protocols through focused outreach.
- ➤ Initiated 4 receivership cases to correct issues deemed hazardous and allow for cost recovery.

Fire Department

- Recruitment and Hiring The Fire Department successfully hired and completed an academy of lateral firefighter transfers from neighboring fire departments. This effort prevented layoffs of local firefighters from neighboring agencies and resulted in a streamlined recruitment and training process. Based on the success of this endeavor we are currently hiring additional personnel using this process.
- ➤ We are forging partnerships with the South Bay Regional Training Consortium, Hartnell College, and the Mission Trails Regional Occupational Program (ROP) to attract and train local youth for a career of service with the City of Salinas. This will also reduce fiscal impacts as highlighted in the Salinas Plan.
- ➤ Emergency Medical Services Amidst the global pandemic Salinas firefighters responded to several thousand COVID-19 related emergency responses without drastic impacts to continuity of services. The division took a lead role in establishing citywide COVID guidelines and best practices for all City departments, and participated in local and State efforts to provide vaccinations and education. The division engaged the services of a local physician medical director to provide overall program guidance and quality assurance.
- ➤ Promotional Exams —The Fire Department has completed numerous internal promotions to fill vacancies in various ranks, including Fire Chief, Deputy Fire Chief, Battalion Chief, Fire Captain, and Fire Engineer. Additionally, the Fire Department's Administrative Division successfully hired a Management Analyst.
- Fire Prevention Division The division was able to maintain 2 of 3 full-time Fire Inspector positions and is currently recruiting to fill vacancies. The division successfully reclassified an Office Technician to Administrative Analyst with an internal promotion and is moving forward with re-classification/re-organization plans for inspection personnel to further improve the efficiency and accountability of inspections and help with recruitment and retention of staff. The division successfully deployed a software solution to streamline the inspection process to help assure ongoing compliance and improve customer service.
- ➤ Wellness/Safety The Department begun addressing significant issues of deferred maintenance at various City fire stations and has taken several measures to reduce COVID related exposures to staff and the public. Fire department fitness equipment that had surpassed its useable lifespan was replaced in all fire stations to promote the health and wellness of our firefighters.

Library and Community Services Department

- ➤ Continue to convene the Community Alliance for Safety and Peace virtually, improving meeting attendance to an average of 50 participants.
- ➤ Provided over 7,400 meals to youth and seniors at four locations through the Summer Lunch/Snack Program and the Firehouse Senior Program.
- ➤ Provided over 9,000 households with Emergency Food Assistance at three recreation centers.
- ➤ Partnered with Monterey County to allow Sherwood Hall to be used as an alternative housing site for patients who needed to isolate/quarantine as a result of COVID-19.

- ➤ The partnership with Monterey County was further expanded to house evacuees who were displaced by the Salinas River Fire and provided a location for a drive thru COVID-19 testing site at Sherwood Hall.
- ➤ Partnered with Monterey County to allow the Cesar Chavez Library to be used as a COVID-19 testing site to help support community health and safety measures.
- Adapted the Healthy Living Series for Spanish speaking adults at the Bread Box Recreation Center to a weekly virtual format serving 14 residents. Topics included yoga, healthy cooking and dance instruction.
- > Started hotspot lending program with 50 loanable devices to alleviate digital divide in the community. This program also addressed community safety due to unsafe situations that were being created for students looking for broadband connection in public spaces for their online learning.
- ➤ Engaged over 550 children and adults who took part in the Summer Reading Challenge and hosted over 700 participants through live, virtual Summer Learning programs. Additionally, over 800 take-home activity kits were distributed during the summer months.

Police Department

- Fully implemented the multi-year Victim Advocate Grant to enhance a victim-centered approach within the department and provide increased services to victims and their families.
- Maintained the Red-Light Camera Program at designated locations to address traffic safety issues and focus on the reduction of collisions and pedestrian fatalities.
- ➤ Evaluated and implemented 97% the Department of Justice's Collaborative Reform Initiative recommendations.
- ➤ Continued to implement and expand the community policing concept to increase communication and transparency with the community.

Public Works Department

- ➤ Continuing work with Monterey County Health Department, TAMC, and Blue Zones to develop Traffic Safety education programs.
- Continued homeless encampment cleanups, and responded to health concerns related to the spread of Hepatitis A.
- ➤ Continued the re-forestation program following the storms of 2017.
- ➤ Begin construction of East Laurel Drive Pedestrian Improvements and Street Lighting.
- Completed construction of Old Muni Pool phase 1, 2 and 3.
- > Begin construction of the Bardin Road Safe Routes to School Improvements.
- Completed construction of the Alvin Drive Safe Routes to School Project.
- ➤ Completed construction of three new traffic signals (Alvin Drive/Linwood and the Alvin Drive/El Dorado Intersections; and at North Main/Street/Navajo Drive in support of the El Gabilan Library Extension.

- Completed Council approved Traffic Calming Projects at First Avenue, Kittery/Snug Harbor, and Nacional Street.
- ➤ Completed sidewalk repairs at District 3, District 4 and District 2 in the amount of \$900K through the Job Order Contract (JOC) Sidewalk Improvement Program.
- ➤ Completed Phase 1 of Safe Routes to School Plan with the Transportation Agency for Monterey County, Monterey County Health Department engaging schools in the Santa Rita elementary and Salinas Elementary school districts. Began Phase 2 focusing on engagement of schools in the Alisal Elementary and Salinas Union High School District. Plan with recommendations to be completed in 2022.
- ➤ Completed new sidewalks and eliminated the "missing" pedestrian link on Maryal Drive serving Sherwood Park, Tatum's Garden, the Rodeo Grounds and Boys and Girls Club.

Labor Relations

The City is currently in labor negotiations with the Police Manager's Association (PMA). PMA's MOU expired December 31, 2021. All other units have approved MOUs or Compensation Plans. The Salinas Police Officers Association (SPOA) reached an agreement in March 2021. The Confidential Units and Fire Units MOUs expire in December 2022. All other united expire mid to late 2023.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated service of the staff of the Department of Finance. In particular, I would like to acknowledge and give a very special thanks to Assistant Finance Director Mary Lagasca and Accounting Manager, Juan Hernandez, who both are dedicated to the sound fiscal management of the City. I also would like to express my appreciation to our professional senior accountant: Alma Gonzalez-Delgado, and our Financial Management Analyst, Abe Pedroza. The entire Finance staff deserves a special word of thanks for another year of hard work and quality performance. I also wish to thank our auditors, McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman, Accountants & Consultants, for their diligence, cooperation and assistance.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible, sustainable and progressive manner.

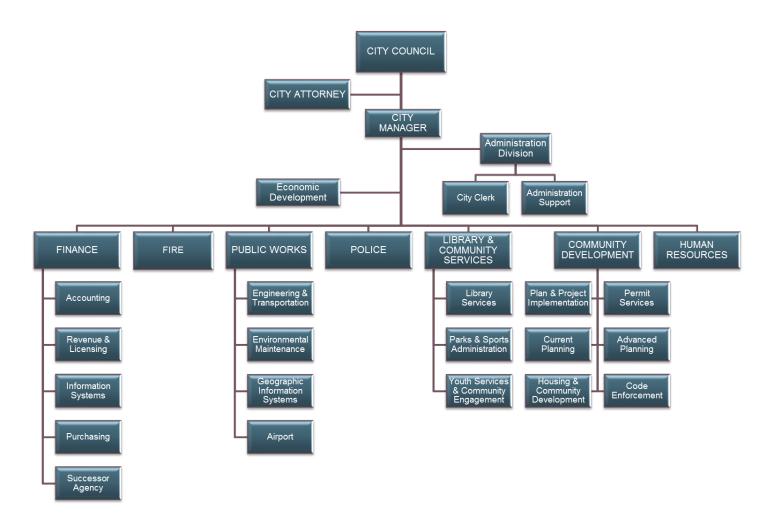
Respectfully submitted,

Mark Rabutto

Mark Roberts

Director of Finance

City of Salinas Organization Chart



City of Salinas

List of Principal Officials



Kimbley Craig

Mayor

Carla Viviana Gonzalez

Councilmember District 1

Tony Barrera

Councilmember District 2

Steve McShane

Councilmember District 3

Steven S. Carrigan

City Manager

Jim Pia

Assistant City Manager

Kristan Lundquist

Library and Community Services Director

Roberto Filice

Chief of Police

Mark Roberts

Director of Finance

Orlando Osornio

Councilmember District 4

Christie Cromeenes

Councilmember
District 5

Anthony Rocha

Councilmember District 6

Christopher A. Callihan

City Attorney

David Jacobs

Public Works Director

Megan Hunter

Community
Development Director

Michele Vaughn

Fire Chief



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Salinas Salinas, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Salinas, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Gerald Ray, CPA | Patricia Kaufman, CPA, CGMA | Smriti Shrestha, CPA

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, claims development for internal services funds, employee retirement pension benefits information, and other postemployment benefits information (collectively, the required supplementary information), as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the General, Measure E & Measure G Funds combining statements, as listed in the table of content, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor funds and the General, Measure E & Measure G Funds combing statements are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund and the General, Measure

E & Measure G Funds combining statements financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

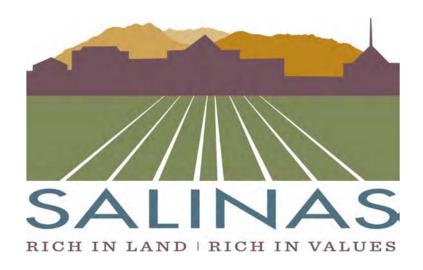
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 10, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Salinas, California's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McGilloway, Ray, Brown & Kaufman

McGilloway, Roy, Brown & Kaufman

Salinas, California May 10, 2022



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Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

This analysis of the City of Salinas (City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

A. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2021, the City's net position (excess of assets over liabilities) was \$201.1 million. Of this amount, \$245.2 million are invested in capital assets and \$80.7 million are restricted assets, which is offset by a deficit of \$124.8 million classified as unrestricted assets.
- During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's total net position increased by \$15.3 million. Mainly, this change resulted from increased sales tax and transient occupancy tax.
- During the fiscal year, fund balances decreased \$5.4 million to \$138.4 million for governmental funds, of which \$109.3 million is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned and thus unavailable.
- During the fiscal year the General Fund, Measure E, and Measure G fund balance increased \$9.1 million to \$64.5 million of which \$34.5 million is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. Unassigned General Fund, Measure E & Measure G fund balance was \$30.0 million.
- The City's total liabilities increased by \$37.4 million during the current fiscal year. Governmental Activities increased by \$42.0 million, and Business-type Activities decreased by \$4.6 million. The long-term debt decreased \$3.1 million as a result of annual debt service payments and the refinancing of Certificates of Participation and Sewer Revenue Bonds. The Net Pension Liability increased \$4.9 million and the Net OPEB Liability increased \$5.8 million.
- The City's capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$17.3 million to \$415.9 million.

B. OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities (component units) for which the government is financially accountable.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements for further information and analysis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances. These statements present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain interfund receivables, payables and other interfund activity have been eliminated as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, we separate the City activities as follows:

Governmental Activities—All of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including general government, public safety, community development, public works, recreation, and library. Property taxes, sales taxes, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, state grants and federal grants finance these activities. The City's insurance programs (health, worker's compensation, liability and property damage) are accounted for in internal service funds, but are reported as part of governmental activities since these programs are used primarily for governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities—The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Industrial Wastewater System, Airport, Golf Courses, Sanitary Sewer, Hitchcock Water Utility, Storm Sewer, Permit Service, Landfill and Parking District activities are reported as business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds — not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The governmental funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary funds are agency funds, pension trust fund and private purpose trust funds, which only report assets and liabilities and do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental Funds - The Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on current financial resources, which emphasize near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources as well as balances of expendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is essential in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

In order to better understand the City's long-term and short-term requirements, it is useful to compare the City's Governmental Funds Statements with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A reconciliation is provided for the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to facilitate this comparison. The major governmental funds include the General, Measure E and Measure G Funds, Development Fees Special Revenue Fund, and the Special Construction Assistance Special Revenue Fund, which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major governmental funds.

Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary Funds - The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport, Industrial Wastewater System, Golf Courses, Sanitary Sewer, Parking, Hitchcock Water Well Utility, Storm Sewer, Permit Services and Landfill activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its general city insurance operations. Because these services predominantly benefit the governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. All enterprise funds are presented in detail as major enterprise funds. The internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds - The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information including the City's budgetary comparison schedules for the General, Measure E and Measure G Funds and the Development Fees major special revenue fund, and information concerning the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Other Supplementary Information

Combining statements for the other non-major governmental funds, Internal Service Funds, Fiduciary Funds and General, Measure E and Measure G Funds are presented immediately following the Required Supplementary Information as supplementary information.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) includes comparative data for analysis.

Statement of Net Position

Net position is a good indicator of the City's financial position. During this fiscal year, the net position of the City increased \$15.3 million (8.2%) over the prior year from \$185.8 to \$201.1 million.

At June 30, 2021, the largest portion of net position (122%) consists of the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt. This component portrays the total amount of funds required to acquire those assets less any related outstanding debt used for such acquisition. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to residents. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Debt service payments are funded from other resources available to the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

The following is the Condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

City of Salinas Condensed Statements of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	То	tal	Percent
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	of Total
Assets:							
Current assets	\$ 196,759,576	\$ 167,074,197	\$ 12,424,184	\$ 14,167,788	\$ 209,183,760	\$ 181,241,985	31.9 %
Other assets	31,380,413	27,927,666	139,120	2,069,306	31,519,533	29,996,972	4.8 %
Capital assets, net	305,549,059	284,681,958	110,385,369	113,916,612	415,934,428	398,598,570	63.3 %
Total assets	533,689,048	479,683,821	122,948,673	130,153,706	656,637,721	609,837,527	100.0 %
Deferred outflows of resources							
Related to pension and OPEB	50,927,609	50,803,788	1,414,097	1,881,948	52,341,706	52,685,736	97.6 %
Loss on refunding of debt	554,334	238,177	722,009	229,271	1,276,343	467,448	2.4 %
Total deferred outflows of resources	51,481,943	51,041,965	2,136,106	2,111,219	53,618,049	53,153,184	100.0 %
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities	13,779,497	9,931,570	1,024,177	2,871,844	14,803,674	12,803,414	3.0 %
Other liabilities	34,814,156	6,987,464	-	-	34,814,156	6,987,464	7.0 %
LTD - due in one year	10,022,245	9,636,252	2,270,794	2,157,635	12,293,039	11,793,887	2.5 %
Long-term liabilities	400,600,059	390,667,048	36,604,855	39,439,888	437,204,914	430,106,936	87.6 %
Total liabilities	459,215,957	417,222,334	39,899,826	44,469,367	499,115,783	461,691,701	100.0 %
Deferred inflows of resources							
Related to pension and OPEB	9,688,905	15,029,697	314,451	450,762	10,003,356	15,480,459	99.9 %
Gain on refunding of debt	13,862	17,256			13,862	17,256	0.1 %
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,702,767	15,046,953	314,451	450,762	10,017,218	15,497,715	100.0 %
Net Position:							
Net investment in Capital Assets	167,726,772	143,281,912	77,467,957	76,397,363	245,194,729	219,679,275	122.0 %
Restricted	80,741,294	89,496,097	6,807	1,949,081	80,748,101	91,445,178	40.1 %
Unrestricted	(132,215,799)	(134,321,510)	7,395,738	8,998,352	(124,820,061)	(125,323,158)	(62.1)%
Total Net Position	\$ 116,252,267	\$ 98,456,499	\$ 84,870,502	\$ 87,344,796	\$ 201,122,769	\$ 185,801,295	100.0 %

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Statement of Activities

The following is the Condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

City of Salinas Condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

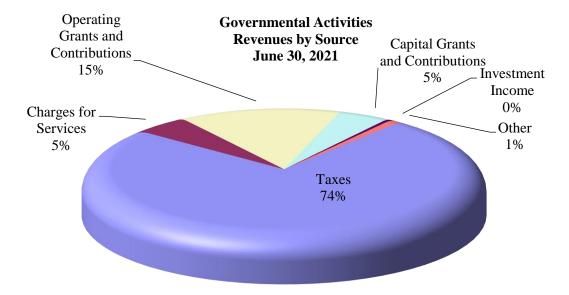
	Government	al Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 9,531,993	\$ 8,234,855	\$ 12,364,295	\$ \$ 12,407,425	\$ 21,896,288	\$ 20,642,280		
Operating Grants & Contributions	28,601,755	18,378,134	901	740	28,602,656	18,378,874		
Capital Grants & Contributions	8,984,014	5,026,633	947,593	952,402	9,931,607	5,979,035		
General Revenues:								
Taxes	144,501,118	133,081,125	-	-	144,501,118	133,081,125		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	777,268	2,753,098	87,962	,	865,230	3,081,363		
Gain on Disposal of Assets	10,926	-	26,200	4,501	37,126	4,501		
Housing loan repayment from/to								
Successor Agency		1,335	-	-	-	1,335		
Miscellaneous	1,834,421	2,230,446		-	1,834,421	2,230,446		
Total Revenues	194,241,495	169,705,626	13,426,951	13,693,333	207,668,446	183,398,959		
Expenses								
General Government	32,620,008	26,385,378	2,289,202	2,189,803	34,909,210	28,575,181		
Public Safety	100,731,223	103,263,005	-	-	100,731,223	103,263,005		
Public Works	25,350,203	22,655,778	16,639,681	16,049,136	41,989,884	38,704,914		
Recreation	4,185,382	4,669,202	496,722	387,772	4,682,104	5,056,974		
Library	5,079,784	5,239,452	-	-	5,079,784	5,239,452		
Interest	4,954,767	3,807,469		-	4,954,767	3,807,469		
Total Expenses	172,921,367	166,020,284	19,425,605	18,626,711	192,346,972	184,646,995		
Increase (decrease) in Net Position before Contributions and								
Transfers	21,320,128	3,685,342	(5,998,654	(4,933,378)	15,321,474	(1,248,036)		
						(1,210,030)		
Transfers	(3,524,360)	(4,063,306)	3,524,360					
	(3,524,360)	(4,063,306)	3,524,360	4,063,306				
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	17,795,768	(377,964)	(2,474,294	(870,072)	15,321,474	(1,248,036)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	98,456,499	98,834,463	87,344,796	88,757,932	185,801,295	187,592,395		
Prior Period Adjustment		<u>-</u>		(543,064)		(543,064)		
Net Position -	00 456 400	00 024 462	97.244.702	00.214.040	195 901 205	197.040.221		
Beginning of Year as restated	98,456,499	98,834,463	87,344,796	88,214,868	185,801,295	187,049,331		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 116,252,267	\$ 98,456,499	\$ 84,870,502	\$ 87,344,796	\$ 201,122,769	\$ 185,801,295		

Total revenues increased from the prior year by \$24.3 million, or 13.2% and total expenses increased by \$7.7 million from prior year, or 4.2%. Further analysis is provided within the governmental and business-type activities sections.

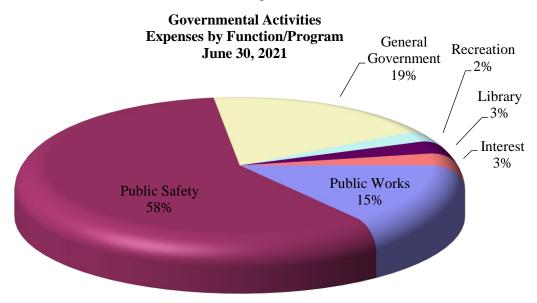
Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities resources total \$194.2 million. The City's governmental activities increased net position by \$17.8 million. The following charts highlight the sources of revenues and purpose of expenses:



Total expenses for governmental activities, excluding transfers and contributions, were \$172.9 million including interest on long-term debt of \$5.0 million. Total expenditures that were funded by tax revenues, investment income and other general revenues were \$125.8 million.



Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

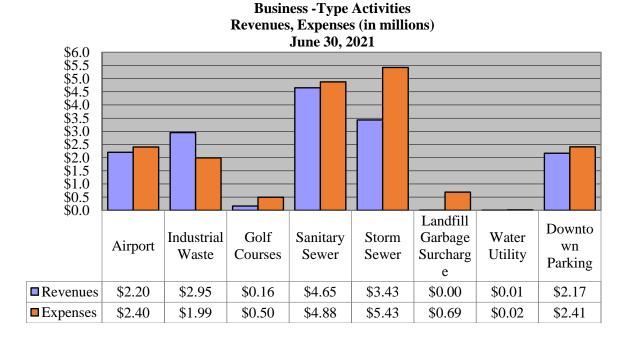
Functional expenses for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	T	otal Cost of			Net Cost of		
		Services	Pe	ercent		Services	Percentage
General government	\$	32,620,008		18.9 %	\$	(6,262,338)	(5.0)%
Public safety		100,731,223		58.3 %		95,334,628	75.8 %
Public works		25,350,203		14.7 %		23,081,474	18.3 %
Recreation		4,185,382		2.4 %		3,932,796	3.1 %
Library		5,079,784		2.9 %		4,762,278	3.8 %
Interest		4,954,767		2.9 %		4,954,767	3.9 %
Total	\$	172,921,367		100 %	\$	125,803,605	100 %

Public safety continues to be the single highest expense for the City followed by general government. Net cost of services, after subtracting fees and grant revenues total \$125.8 million.

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities net position was \$84.9 million, a decrease of \$2.47 million from the prior fiscal year. Total revenues for business-type activities were \$13.4 million. The largest program revenues were charges for services of \$12.4 million. Other program revenues included operating/capital grants and contributions of \$0.9 million. Total expenses for the business-type activities were \$19.4 million during FY 2020-21.



Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

D. FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$138.4 million. Of the total fund balance, \$9.6 million was nonspendable and indicates the resources are nonspendable loans, notes, land and property held for resale and are not anticipated to be liquidated in the near-term. Of the total fund balance, \$70.3 million was restricted fund balance and indicates the use of resources is constrained by external parties, resource providers, constitutions or enabling legislations. Fund balance of \$16.6 million was restricted for future development, \$8.2 million for maintenance districts, \$17.0 million for street repairs and improvements, \$4.8 million for debt service, \$3.5 million for grants, \$3.1 million for housing, \$15.1 for capital projects, and \$1.3 million for public safety purposes. The remainder of the restrictions are listed in the Fund Balance footnote. Committed fund balance totaled \$4.3 million and are limited to specific purposes as defined in the City Charter or through a formal budgetary action of the City Council occurring through adoption of an ordinance or resolution. The \$4.3 million committed fund balance is committed for capital projects. Assigned fund balance totaled \$25.1 million and represents informal assignments made by the City. The remaining fund balance of \$29.1 million is unassigned and mainly includes the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund, Measure E, and Measure G Fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The General, Measure E and Measure G Funds' fund balance increased by \$9.1 million in FY 2020-21 to \$64.5 million, of which \$7.1 million was nonspendable and indicates the resources are nonspendable advances and are not anticipated to be liquidated in the near-term. The \$2.3 million committed fund balance is committed for capital projects and is limited to specific purposes as defined in the City Charter or through a formal budgetary action of the City Council occurring through adoption of an ordinance or resolution. Assigned fund balance totaled \$25.1 million and has been allocated by the City Council for specific capital and operational needs. The remaining fund balance of \$30.0 million is unassigned.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Factors concerning these funds have been addressed in the discussion of Government-Wide Financial Analysis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

E. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final amended General, Measure E, and Measure G Fund revenue budget, including transfers in, totaled \$138.7 million and the expenditure budget totaled \$164.4 million including transfers out. Transfers out are budgeted mostly for capital projects and the funds are already on-hand. Transfers out to the Capital Projects Fund will occur over multiple years.

Significant Appropriations Increases/Decreases

Appropriations during the year were adjusted upward by \$30.3 million, of which \$24.2 million were related to transfers for capital projects and \$6.1 million in operational changes. Estimated revenue were not adjusted upward by \$8.6 million primarily for tax revenue.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Capital Assets Including Infrastructure

The following is a summary of the City's capital assets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020:

City of Salinas' Capital Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	tals
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 25,899,986	\$ 25,899,986	\$ 3,632,339	\$ 3,632,339	\$ 29,532,325	\$ 29,532,325
Buildings	46,337,340	46,337,340	27,523,054	27,523,054	73,860,394	73,860,394
Improvements	15,766,022	15,766,022	26,708,254	26,708,254	42,474,276	42,474,276
Equipment	42,133,934	40,737,724	9,332,629	8,433,051	51,466,563	49,170,775
Infrastructure	255,168,975	248,460,395	237,688,120	237,130,928	492,857,095	485,591,323
Construction in Progress	159,896,482	136,718,778	5,259,442	4,467,942	165,155,924	141,186,720
	545,202,739	513,920,245	310,143,838	307,895,568	855,346,577	821,815,813
Accumulated						
Depreciation	(239,653,680)	(229,238,287)	(199,758,469)	(193,978,956)	(439,412,149)	(423,217,243)
	\$ 305,549,059	\$ 284,681,958	\$ 110,385,369	\$113,916,612	\$ 415,934,428	\$ 398,598,570

Capital assets, including infrastructure assets of the City, are those assets which are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2021, net capital assets of the Governmental Activities totaled \$305.5 million and the net capital assets of the Business-type Activities totaled \$110.4 million. During FY 2002-03, American Appraisal Associates were hired to conduct an inventory and valuation of all the City's capital assets. Finance Department staff maintains and updates the Capital Assets inventory by recording all assets acquired or retired at the end of every fiscal year and performs rotating spot inventories each year. The City has elected to report and depreciate all infrastructures.

Governmental activities acquired \$31.3 million of capital assets during the year. The acquisitions include \$23.2 million in construction in progress, \$6.7 million in infrastructure improvements, and \$1.4 million in machinery.

Overall, Business-type Activities had a net decline in capital assets by \$3.5 million. The City acquired \$2.8 million of capital assets during the year, however depreciation exceeded the cost of the new assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Long-Term Obligations

As of June 30, 2021, the City had \$449.5 million in long-term debt.

City of Salinas' Outstanding Debt

	Governmenta	al A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			ctivities	Tot	Totals			
	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020		
Annual Leave	\$ 12,375,926	\$	11,424,225	\$	607,904	\$	557,043	\$ 12,983,830	\$	11,981,268		
Insurance Claims	29,813,871		28,210,396		-		-	29,813,871		28,210,396		
Capital Leases	65,977,431		88,522,299		9,703,167		10,396,766	75,680,598		98,919,065		
Loans and Notes	-		-		1,953,000		2,395,000	1,953,000		2,395,000		
Revenue Bonds	-		-		14,425,000		15,065,000	14,425,000		15,065,000		
Certificates of												
Participation	55,620,000		41,665,000		6,260,000		7,220,000	61,880,000		48,885,000		
Assessment District												
Bonds	8,970,000		6,905,000		-		-	8,970,000		6,905,000		
Unamortized Bond												
Premium	7,548,231		4,209,023		272,085		95,646	7,820,316		4,304,669		
Unamortized Bond												
Discount	(344,239)		(357,479)		-		-	(344,239)		(357,479)		
Subtotal	179,961,220		180,578,464		33,221,156		35,729,455	213,182,376		216,307,919		
Net OPEB Liability	23,275,132		17,847,775		1,486,473		1,119,042	24,761,605		18,966,817		
Net Pension Liability	207,385,952		201,877,061		4,168,020		4,749,026	 211,553,972		206,626,087		
Total outstanding debt	\$ 410,622,304	\$	400,303,300	\$	38,875,649	\$	41,597,523	\$ 449,497,953	\$	441,900,823		

Further details on the City of Salinas' long-term debt can be found in Note 18 to the financial statements.

G. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Despite the significant drop in revenue in prior FY 2020-21; the City has taken into consideration a recovery in revenues for Property tax, sales tax, and business licenses. Overall, the FY 2021-22 budget is \$202 million showing an increase of \$13 million from prior year budget.

The Salinas Plan and Fiscal Sustainability

The Salinas Plan is a Ten-Year Plan designed to provide the City with a path toward maintaining a long-term balanced budget while preserving City services and addressing the affordable housing crisis. The plan provides 32 recommended initiatives. The 32 recommended initiatives are now in various stages of progress and are described in more detail in the Salinas Plan section of this budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021

Major Projects and Funding

On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act, which provided the City with a total of \$51.6 million in relief funds. The City has received the first half of these funds, with the second half coming in May/June 2022. Additionally, the City was awarded grant funds to mitigate the negative effects of the COVID-19 Pandemic including a second phase of the Emergency Rental Assistant Program (ERAP). The purpose of this grant is to distribute funding to provide rental and utility assistance to low-income eligible households located in Monterey County that are facing housing instability because of loss or reduction in income due to the COVID-19 crisis.

H. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Salinas Finance Department, 200 Lincoln Avenue, Salinas, California 93901.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	(E 30, 2021	<u> </u>	
	Governmental	Primary Governmen Business-type	<u>. </u>
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 171,095,305	\$ 20,452,624	\$ 191,547,929
Receivables, net of allowance			
Taxes	19,873,524	-	19,873,524
Accounts	583,716	1,492,085	2,075,801
Accrued interest	830,211	12,967	843,178
Due from outside agencies	13,081,293	-	13,081,293
Internal balances			
Due from other funds	2,548,492	(2,548,492)	-
Advances to other funds	6,985,000	(6,985,000)	-
Restricted cash and investments	1,387,761	6,807	1,394,568
Prepaid bond insurance	71,752	132,313	204,065
Assessments receivable	8,970,000	-	8,970,000
Loan receivables, net of allowance	205,382	-	205,382
Land and properties held for resale	2,507,553	-	2,507,553
Capital assets			
Land and nondepreciable assets	185,796,468	8,891,781	194,688,249
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	119,752,591	101,493,588	221,246,179
Total assets	533,689,048	122,948,673	656,637,721
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	44,999,041	1,035,467	46,034,508
Related to OPEB	5,928,568	378,630	6,307,198
Loss on refunding of debt	554,334	722,009	1,276,343
Total deferred outflows of resources	51,481,943	2,136,106	53,618,049
Total assets and deferred outflows	585,170,991	125,084,779	710,255,770
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	13,105,553	680,472	13,786,025
Accrued interest payable	663,088	304,160	967,248
Prepaid deposits	10,856	39,545	50,401
Unearned revenues	34,814,156	-	34,814,156
Long term liabilities	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		- ,- ,
Debt due within one year	10,022,245	2,270,794	12,293,039
Debt due in more than one year	169,938,975	30,950,362	200,889,337
Net pension liability	207,385,952	4,168,020	211,553,972
Net OPEB liability	23,275,132	1,486,473	24,761,605
Total liabilities	459,215,957	39,899,826	499,115,783
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	5,311,717	34,900	5,346,617
Related to OPEB	4,377,188	279,551	4,656,739
Gain on refunding of debt	13,862	-	13,862
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,702,767	314,451	10,017,218
NET POSITION	>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	311,101	10,017,210
Net investment in capital assets	167,726,772	77,467,957	245 104 720
Restricted for:	107,720,772	77,407,937	245,194,729
Housing	7,186,610	-	7,186,610
Capital projects	15,099,803	-	15,099,803
Highways and streets	41,854,496	-	41,854,496
Debt service	4,839,533	6,807	4,846,340
Special programs	11,760,852	-	11,760,852
Total restricted assets	80,741,294	6,807	80,748,101
Unrestricted net position (deficit)	(132,215,799)		(124,820,061)
Total net position	\$ 116,252,267	\$ 84,870,502	\$ 201,122,769
-		: <u>= </u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense)	Revenue and Changes	in Net Position
FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 32,620,008	\$ 6,963,114	\$ 24,541,746	\$ 7,377,486	\$ 6,262,338	\$ -	\$ 6,262,338
Public safety	100,731,223	1,682,263	3,500,412	213,920	(95,334,628)	-	(95,334,628)
Public works	25,350,203	848,877	77,244	1,342,608	(23,081,474)	=	(23,081,474)
Recreation	4,185,382	29,537	223,049	-	(3,932,796)	-	(3,932,796)
Library	5,079,784	8,202	259,304	50,000	(4,762,278)	-	(4,762,278)
Interest on long-term debt	4,954,767				(4,954,767)		(4,954,767)
Total governmental activities	172,921,367	9,531,993	28,601,755	8,984,014	(125,803,605)		(125,803,605)
Business-type activities:							
Airport	2,351,123	1,745,856	901	-	-	(604,366)	(604,366)
Industrial waste	1,919,872	2,825,240	-	-	-	905,368	905,368
Municipal golf courses	496,722	160,000	-	-	-	(336,722)	(336,722)
Sanitary sewer	4,534,248	3,672,624	-	-	-	(861,624)	(861,624)
Storm sewer	5,427,135	215	-	-	-	(5,426,920)	(5,426,920)
Landfill garbage surcharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water utility	19,730	7,153	-	-	-	(12,577)	(12,577)
Downtown parking	2,387,573	1,219,706	-	947,593	-	(220,274)	(220,274)
Permit services	2,289,202	2,733,501			-	444,299	444,299
Total business-type activities	19,425,605	12,364,295	901	947,593	<u>-</u>	(6,112,816)	(6,112,816)
Total primary government	\$ 192,346,972	\$ 21,896,288	\$ 28,602,656	\$ 9,931,607	(125,803,605)	(6,112,816)	(131,916,421)
	G	eneral revenues and	d transfers:				
		Property taxes			33,087,471	-	33,087,471
		Sales taxes			80,811,345	-	80,811,345
		Utility user tax			21,229,236	-	21,229,236
		Business tax			7,034,664	-	7,034,664
		Transient occupancy	y tax		2,338,402	-	2,338,402
		Unrestricted investn	nent earnings		777,268	87,962	865,230
		Miscellaneous			1,834,421	=	1,834,421
		Gain on disposal of	assets		10,926	26,200	37,126
		Transfers			(3,524,360)	3,524,360	
		Total general reven	ues and transfers		143,599,373	3,638,522	147,237,895
	C	hange in net position			17,795,768	(2,474,294)	15,321,474
	N	let position - beginning	ng of year		98,456,499	87,344,796	185,801,295
	N	et position - end of ye	ear		\$ 116,252,267	\$ 84,870,502	\$ 201,122,769

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL, MEASURE E, & MEASURE G FUND

The General, Measure E, & Measure G Funds are always classified as a major fund. They account for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for in another fund. The General, Measure E, & Measure G Funds support essential City services such as police and fire protection, street maintenance, libraries, and parks and open space maintenance.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following fund has been classified as a major special revenue fund:

American Rescue Plan (ARPA) – On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act, which will provide the City with \$51,567,313 in relief funds. This fund accounts for the first half of the American Rescue Plan relief funds

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used for the accumulation and disbursement of financial resources that will be used to make principal and interest payments on general long-term debt. The following fund has been classified as a major debt service fund:

<u>Assessment District Debt Service</u> – This fund is used to accumulate monies for payment of the City's Assessment Districts Improvement Bonds. Debt service is financed with special assessments levied against property owners within the respective improvement districts.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for major capital acquisition and construction activities. The following fund has been classified as a major capital project fund:

<u>Special Construction Assistance</u> – This fund accounts for proceeds of long-term borrowings resulting from the sale of Certificates of Participation to finance the acquisition and construction of capital projects.



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CITY OF SALINAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General, Measure E, & Mesure G		American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)		Assessment District Debt Service		Special Construction Assistance		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	52,626,670	\$	25,783,657	\$	430,977	\$	19,343,541	\$	56,578,844	\$	154,763,689
Receivables, net:	Ψ	32,020,070	Ψ	23,763,037	Ψ	430,777	Ψ	17,545,541	Ψ	30,370,044	Ψ	134,703,007
Taxes		19,528,443		_		_		_		_		19,528,443
Accounts		304,226		_		_		279,490		_		583,716
Accrued interest		73,450		_		_				749,270		822,720
Assessments		-		-		8,970,000		-		-		8,970,000
Due from outside agencies		75,000		-		-		5,018,032		7,988,261		13,081,293
Due from other funds		7,076,357		-		_		-		2,080,093		9,156,450
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		136,669		-		857,001		993,670
Loan receivables		-		-		_		-		205,382		205,382
Advances to other funds		6,985,000		-		_		-		-		6,985,000
Land and properties held for resale		-		-		-		-		2,507,553		2,507,553
Total assets	\$	86,669,146	\$	25,783,657	\$	9,537,646	\$	24,641,063	\$	70,966,404	\$	217,597,916
LIABILITIES		·				_				_		
Accounts payable	\$	4,902,945	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,451,136	\$	3,620,458	\$	12,974,539
Deposits		10,856		-		-		-		-		10,856
Due to other funds		17,259,806		-		-		1,559,892		4,619,723		23,439,421
Unearned revenues		-		25,783,657				-		60,499		25,844,156
Total liabilities		22,173,607		25,783,657		-		6,011,028		8,300,680		62,268,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenues - special assessments		-		-		8,970,000		-		-		8,970,000
Unavailable revenues - grants		-		-		-		4,843,789		2,197,980		7,041,769
Unavailable revenues - accrued interest		-		-		-		-		696,810		696,810
Unavailable revenues - housing loans		_		-						205,382		205,382
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				8,970,000		4,843,789		3,100,172		16,913,961
FUND BALANCE												
Nonspendable		7,060,000		-		_		-		2,524,124		9,584,124
Restricted		-		-		567,646		13,786,246		55,919,317		70,273,209
Committed		2,345,602		-		-		-		2,000,000		4,345,602
Assigned		25,079,875		-		-		-		-		25,079,875
Unassigned		30,010,062				-		-		(877,889)		29,132,173
Total fund balance		64,495,539		-		567,646		13,786,246		59,565,552		138,414,983
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	¢	86,669,146	\$	25,783,657	\$	9,537,646	\$	24,641,063	\$	70,966,404	\$	217,597,916

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - total governmental funds (page F-27)	\$ 138,414,983
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different becau	se:
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not current financial resources and therefore are no reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	ot 305,549,059
Deferred inflows resulting from revenues that are not available to pay for current period expendi are labeled unavailable in the governmental funds balance sheet.	7,943,961
Taxes receivable not collectible within sixty days are not available to pay current period expendiguand, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	itures 345,081
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in governmental funds balance sheet.	est (663,088)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as follows:	
	34,703)
	82,230)
	75,725)
	76,869)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	77,431)
	20,000)
	70,000) (373,536,958)
Governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts, refundings, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the	
statement of activities for the following:	
~	48,231)
	44,239
	40,472
	71,752 (6,591,768)
Differences between expected and actual experience, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date are recognised as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position.	
Pension and OPEB deferred outflows 50,50	00,664
	03,035) 40,897,629
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance programs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in	
governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.	3,893,368
Net position of governmental activities (page F-21)	\$ 116,252,267

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Measure E, & Measure G	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)	Assessment District Debt Service	Special Construction Assistance	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 144,300,725	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 742,710	\$ 145,043,435
Taxes - special assessments	-	-	478,941	_	2,295,704	2,774,645
Licenses and permits	812,083	-	-	-	-	812,083
Intergovernmental	1,557,920	-	-	5,114,286	24,732,551	31,404,757
Charges for services	4,833,230	-	-	635,030	1,385,806	6,854,066
Interest	416,580	-	27	-	256,975	673,582
Rental income	418,772	-	=	270,091	238,760	927,623
Fines and forfeits	275,938	-	-	-	347,462	623,400
Miscellaneous	890,277	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	206,122	1,147,090	2,243,489
Total revenues	153,505,525		478,968	6,225,529	31,147,058	191,357,080
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	28,416,370	-	-	1,065,281	10,510,935	39,992,586
Public safety	79,299,704	-	-	-	3,542,727	82,842,431
Public works	11,702,609	-	-	-	7,190,357	18,892,966
Recreation	2,647,436	-	-	-	288,114	2,935,550
Library	4,166,610	-	-	-	197,387	4,363,997
Capital outlay	599,877	-	-	25,084,860	3,840,501	29,525,238
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	580,000	-	5,885,528	6,465,528
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	50,414	-	5,316,091	5,366,505
Bond issuance cost			<u> </u>		584,727	584,727
Total expenditures	126,832,606		630,414	26,150,141	37,356,367	190,969,528
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	26,672,919		(151,446)	(19,924,612)	(6,209,309)	387,552
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Loan proceeds	-	-	-	_	2,937,947	2,937,947
Refunding bond proceeds	-	-	-	_	20,630,000	20,630,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	3,791,371	3,791,371
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(23,988,060)	(23,988,060)
Operating transfers in	6,096,486	-	-	-	20,804,094	26,900,580
Operating transfers out	(23,684,887)		. <u>-</u>		(12,396,753)	(36,081,640)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(17,588,401)		<u> </u>		11,778,599	(5,809,802)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	9,084,518	-	(151,446)	(19,924,612)	5,569,290	(5,422,250)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	55,411,021		719,092	33,710,858	53,996,262	143,837,233
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 64,495,539	\$ -	\$ 567,646	\$ 13,786,246	\$ 59,565,552	\$ 138,414,983

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (page F-29)	\$ (5,422,250)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount represents capital outlays, net of depreciation. Capital outlay Bepreciation Capital outlay Capital outlay	20,867,102
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported	
as revenues in the governmental funds. Earned but unavailable intergovernmental revenues Earned but unavailable other revenues Earned but unavailable business taxes Interest Property taxes 4,471,648 4,471,648 64,047) 68,678 (102,271)	4,312,827
Issuance of housing loans are reported in the statement of net position.	1,719,220
Principal payments on housing loans are reported in the statement of net position.	(398,142)
Reporting of loan receivables at realizable value requires an allowance to be made.	(1,391,481)
Issuance of long-term debt including capital advances, compensating absences, and leases provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Following is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Increase in compensated absences Increase in insurance claims payable Issuance of assessment district bonds (2,937,946)	
Issuance of refunding bonds (20,630,000)	
Premium on refunding bonds(3,791,371)Payment to refunded bond escrow agent23,988,060Amortiation of bond premium and discount681,870Principal paid on capital leases4,005,528Principal paid on certificates of participation1,830,000	2.726.000
Principal paid on assessment district bonds 630,000	2,736,909
Pension expense and OPEB expense do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not presented as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(5,133,652)
Governmental funds report the effect of bond insurance costs when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net current period change in unamortized bond insurance cost.	(212,416)
Interest payable expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the current year net change in interest payable.	14,036
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities involved in rendering	
services to departments within the City. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the statement of net position.	703,615
Change in net position of governmental activities (page F-22)	\$ 17,795,768

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for a government's business-type activities (activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges). Proprietary funds are segregated into Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business-type activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Internal Service Funds on the other hand are used primarily for services provided to internal users (other departments or agencies).

The City has the following Enterprise Funds:

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the enterprise operations of the City-owned airport.

<u>Industrial Waste Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for enterprise operations of the City-operated Industrial Wastewater treatment facility.

<u>Municipal Golf Courses Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the enterprise operations of the Fairways and Twin Creeks golf courses.

<u>Sanitary Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer collection system, which is funded by user fees and by the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency sewer user fees.

Storm Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the maintenance of the City's storm drainage system and the street sweeping program. This program was funded with a storm sewer fee that was declared by the Court as invalid under Proposition 218. Until alternative funding is secured, the program is funded with a combination of general funds and gas tax funds. In addition, the program is funded with a street sweeping surcharge on garbage collection billings.

<u>Landfill Garbage Surcharge Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the installment sale of the Crazy Horse landfill site to the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority.

<u>Water Utility Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the repairs and maintenance of the water well located at Hitchcock Road. Water users fund the costs of the water well repairs and annual operating costs.

<u>Downtown Parking District Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for revenues, operating expenses and debt service associated with the City's parking facilities. The City's paid parking facilities include the Monterey Street Parking Structure, the Salinas Street Garage and four parking lots.

<u>Permit Services Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with providing permitting services to the community.



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CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Funds										
	Airport	Industrial Waste	Municipal Golf Courses	Sanitary Sewer	Storm Sewer	Landfill Garbage Surcharge					
ASSETS											
Current Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,451,509	\$ 8,023,451	\$ 457,448	\$ 5,707,270	\$ 1,491,637	\$ 282,641					
Receivables, net											
Accounts	91,657	356,540	-	755,166	-	-					
Accrued interest	1,008	5,582	-	3,765	504	517					
Prepaid bond insurance	-	-	1,546	-	-	-					
Due from general fund	<u></u> _	<u>-</u>									
Total current assets	1,544,174	8,385,573	458,994	6,466,201	1,492,141	283,158					
Noncurrent assets:											
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	_	6,807	_	_					
Prepaid bond insurance, long term	-	_	19,129	-	-	-					
Capital assets											
Land and nondepreciable assets	2,918,329	1,630,149		2,657,167	1,667,378	-					
Depreciable assets, net accumulated depreciation	14,647,687	13,948,916	989,935	31,908,480	32,150,408	-					
Total noncurrent assets	17,566,016	15,579,065	1,009,064	34,572,454	33,817,786	-					
Total assets	19,110,190	23,964,638	1,468,058	41,038,655	35,309,927	283,158					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Related to pensions	147,808	88,847		355,387	147,809	_					
Related to OPEB	49,541	38,434		93,560	75,613						
Loss on refunding of debt		50,454	10,730	711,279	75,015	_					
Total deferred outflows of resources	197,349	127,281	10,730	1,160,226	223,422						
Total assets and deferred outflows	19,307,539	24,091,919	1,478,788	42,198,881	35,533,349	283,158					
LIABILITIES											
Current Liabilities:	56,744	104.646		119,274	124.515						
Accounts payable	,	104,646	-	119,274	134,515	-					
Deposits Due to other funds	39,545	2,653	281,839	717,981	-	-					
Insurance claims payable	-	2,033	281,839	/17,981	-	-					
* *	-	21,074	30,902	124,747	677	-					
Interest payable Long term debt - due within one year	18,664	472,800	500,347	576,748	78,502	-					
Total current liabilities	114,953	601,173	813,088	1,538,750	213,694						
	114,933	001,173	613,086	1,556,750	213,094						
Noncurrent Liabilities:											
Advance from general fund	-	-	4,200,000	-	-	-					
Long term debt - due in more than one year	74,656	1,544,202	6,031,738	13,956,991	147,843	-					
Net pension liability	594,967	357,632	-	1,430,520	594,968	-					
Net OPEB liability	194,493	150,890		367,309	296,850						
Total noncurrent liabilities	864,116	2,052,724	10,231,738	15,754,820	1,039,661						
Total liabilities	979,069	2,653,897	11,044,826	17,293,570	1,253,355						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Related to pensions	4,983	2,994	-	11,978	4,982	-					
Related to OPEB	36,577	28,377		69,077	55,826						
Total deferred inflows	41,560	31,371		81,055	60,808						
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)											
Invested in capital assets	17,566,016	13,604,991	(5,573,052)	20,015,900	33,703,942	-					
Restricted for debt service		· · ·	-	6,807	-	-					
		= 004 440			515 044	202 150					
Unrestricted	720,894	7,801,660	(3,992,986)	4,801,549	515,244	283,158					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activity			
	Water		Downtown Parking Permit					Internal Service		
A CODETTO		Utility		District		Services		Total		Funds
ASSETS Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,980	\$	671,150	\$	2,342,538	\$	20,452,624	\$	16,331,616
Receivables, net	φ	24,980	Ф	071,130	φ	2,342,336	φ	20,432,024	φ	10,331,010
Accounts		9,687		278,737		298		1,492,085		_
Accrued interest		7,007		270,737		1,591		12,967		7,492
Prepaid bond insurance				8,587		1,371		10,133		7,472
Due from general fund		_		-		_				16,831,462
Total current assets		34,667		958,474		2,344,427		21,967,809		33,170,570
		3.,007		200,171		2,3 11, 127		21,707,007		23,170,270
Noncurrent assets:								6.007		204.001
Restricted cash and investments		-		103,051		-		6,807 122,180		394,091
Prepaid bond insurance, long term		-		103,031		-		122,180		-
Capital assets				18,758				8,891,781		
Land and nondepreciable assets		26,785		7,788,298		33,079		101,493,588		-
Depreciable assets, net accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets		26,785		7,788,298		33,079	-	110,514,356		394,091
Total assets		61,452		8,868,581		2,377,506	-	132,482,165		33,564,661
		01,432		0,000,361		2,377,300	-	132,462,103		33,304,001
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Related to pensions		-				295,616		1,035,467		325,501
Related to OPEB		-		6,976		114,506		378,630		101,444
Loss on refunding of debt						-		722,009		
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		6,976		410,122		2,136,106		426,945
Total assets and deferred outflows		61,452		8,875,557		2,787,628		134,618,271		33,991,606
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		938		168,068		96,287		680,472		131,014
Deposits		-		-		-		39,545		-
Due to other funds		-		1,535,178		10,841		2,548,492		-
Insurance claims payable		-		-		-		-		28,031,641
Interest payable		-		126,760		-		304,160		-
Long term debt - due within one year		-		579,078		44,655		2,270,794		28,245
Total current liabilities		938		2,409,084		151,783		5,843,463		28,190,900
Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Advance from general fund		-		2,785,000		-		6,985,000		-
Long term debt - due in more than one year		-		9,016,310		178,622		30,950,362		112,978
Net pension liability		-		-		1,189,933		4,168,020		1,310,227
Net OPEB liability				27,389		449,542		1,486,473		398,263
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		11,828,699		1,818,097		43,589,855		1,821,468
Total liabilities		938		14,237,783		1,969,880		49,433,318		30,012,368
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Related to pensions		_		_		9,963		34,900		10,972
Related to OPEB		-		5,152		84,542		279,551		74,898
Total deferred inflows		-		5,152		94,505		314,451		85,870
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)										
Invested in capital assets		26,785		(1,909,704)		33,079		77,467,957		_
Restricted for debt service		20,703		(1,,,0,,,,0+)		33,019		6,807		-
Unrestricted		33,729		(3,457,674)		690,164		7,395,738		3,893,368
Total net position (deficit)	\$	60,514	\$	(5,367,378)	\$	723,243	\$	84,870,502	\$	3,893,368
roomon (worter)		00,014		(5,557,570)		, 23,243		01,070,002		5,075,500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund								
	Airport	Industrial Waste	Municipal Golf Courses	Sanitary Sewer	Storm Sewer	Landfill Garbage Surcharge			
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Charges for services									
Fees	\$ 56,400	\$ 2,825,240	\$ -	\$ 3,672,624	\$ 215	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	103,675	-	-	-	-	-			
Rental income	1,585,781		160,000						
Total operating revenues	1,745,856	2,825,240	160,000	3,672,624	215				
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Personnel services	802,995	612,565	-	1,457,630	1,136,743	-			
Administration	177,404	179,551	-	292,583	353,932	-			
Contractual services	144,500	265,594	9,374	178,668	964,036	-			
Supplies	99,354	39,483	-	146,118	213,938	-			
Insurance	18,912	19,959	-	45,623	32,734	-			
Insurance claims	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Fees and permits (taxes)	57,086	11,748	-	247	45,257	-			
Utilities	111,531	205,378	-	99,242	5,719	-			
Depreciation	979,574	522,166	49,905	1,490,721	2,659,500	=			
Amortization	-	=	-	-	=	-			
Other	(40,642)	11,483		20,937	9,805				
Total operating expenses	2,350,714	1,867,927	59,279	3,731,769	5,421,664				
Operating income (loss)	(604,858)	957,313	100,721	(59,145)	(5,421,449)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment income	7,377	35,752	113	26,241	4,273	3,376			
Interest expense	(409)	(51,945)	(329,683)	(587,458)	(5,471)	-			
Bond issuance cost	-	-	(107,760)	(215,021)	-	-			
Gain (loss) on disposition of fixed assets	-	-	-	26,200	-	-			
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	901			-					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	7,869	(16,193)	(437,330)	(750,038)	(1,198)	3,376			
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE									
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(596,989)	941,120	(336,609)	(809,183)	(5,422,647)	3,376			
Contribution for parking structure debt	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	448,021	90,546	-	929,501	3,428,048	-			
Transfers out	(51,062)	(69,646)		(342,156)		(692,835)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(200,030)	962,020	(336,609)	(221,838)	(1,994,599)	(689,459)			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
BEGINNING OF YEAR	18,486,940	20,444,631	(9,229,429)	25,046,094	36,213,785	972,617			
END OF YEAR	\$ 18,286,910	\$ 21,406,651	\$ (9,566,038)	\$ 24,824,256	\$ 34,219,186	\$ 283,158			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Governmental Activity			
	Water Utility	Downtown Parking District	Permit Services	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services					
Fees	\$ 7,153	\$ 991,948	\$ 1,421,141	\$ 8,974,721	\$ 9,215,641
Licenses and permits Rental income	- -	227,758	1,312,360	1,643,793 1,745,781	
Total operating revenues	7,153	1,219,706	2,733,501	12,364,295	9,215,641
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services	-	104,335	1,557,749	5,672,017	1,900,630
Administration	1,271	180,654	295,889	1,481,284	-
Contractual services	8,415	1,039,875	325,459	2,935,921	560,849
Supplies	-	6,624	12,899	518,416	691,171
Insurance	-	14,742	66,002	197,972	1,749,511
Insurance claims	-	-	-	-	8,750,941
Fees and permits (taxes)	-	30,063	2	144,403	-
Utilities	-	37,518	5,116	464,504	-
Depreciation	10,044	575,865	11,573	6,299,348	-
Amortization	-	8,587	-	8,587	-
Other			14,513	16,096	567,203
Total operating expenses	19,730	1,998,263	2,289,202	17,738,548	14,220,305
Operating income (loss)	(12,577)	(778,557)	444,299	(5,374,253)	(5,004,664)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	-	-	10,830	87,962	51,579
Interest expense	-	(389,310)	-	(1,364,276)	-
Bond issuance cost	-	-	-	(322,781)	-
Gain (loss) on disposition of fixed assets	-	-	-	26,200	-
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)				901	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u> </u>	(389,310)	10,830	(1,571,994)	51,579
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(12,577)	(1,167,867)	455,129	(6,946,247)	(4,953,085)
Contribution for parking structure debt	-	947,593	-	947,593	-
Transfers in	-	· -	-	4,896,116	5,656,700
Transfers out	<u> </u>	(21,608)	(194,449)	(1,371,756)	=
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(12,577)	(241,882)	260,680	(2,474,294)	703,615
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	73,091	(5,125,496)	462,563	87,344,796	3,189,753
F END OF YEAR	\$ 60,514	\$ (5,367,378)	\$ 723,243	\$ 84,870,502	\$ 3,893,368
					:

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
		Airport]	Industrial Waste		Municipal olf Courses		Sanitary Sewer		Storm Sewer	Landfill Garbage Surcharge
Cash flows from operating activities:				_				_			
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,796,170	\$	2,870,477	\$	176,667	\$	5,025,847	\$	215	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided		-		-		-		-		-	-
Payments to suppliers		(563,849)		(703,641)		(9,374)		(788,371)		(1,597,061)	-
Payments to employees		(748,407)		(539,328)		-		(1,455,718)		(1,116,415)	-
Payments to claimants											
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		483,914		1,627,508		167,293		2,781,758		(2,713,261)	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:											
Advances received from general fund		-		-		450,000		-		-	-
Operating transfers in		-		90,546		55,541		-		3,176,000	-
Operating transfers out		(51,062)		(47,802)		-		(63,703)		-	(692,835)
Net cash provided by (used for)	'										
Non-capital financing activities		(51,062)		42,744		505,541		(63,703)		3,176,000	 (692,835)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:											
Acquisition of capital assets		(496,353)		(385,915)		-		(1,601,965)		(252,048)	-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		_		-		26,200		-	-
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		7,072,432		14,425,000		-	-
Advance refunding of bond		-		-		(7,357,203)		(15,768,557)		-	-
Contribution from Sucessor Agency		-		-		-		-		-	-
Capital related transfers in		448,021		-		-		1,635,748		252,048	-
Capital related transfers out		(285)		(31,028)		-		(278,453)		-	-
Principal paid on capital debt		(30,238)		(442,000)		(495,000)		(420,000)		(112,361)	-
Interest paid on capital debt		(611)		(55,576)		(175,479)		(570,847)		(5,970)	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and											
related financing activities		(79,466)		(914,519)		(955,250)		(2,552,874)		(118,331)	
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Interest received		8,492		48,800		113		30,559		3,933	6,536
Poceeds from sale of investments		-		-		-		250,000		-	-
Increase in fair value of LAIF investments		1,145		2,204		-		3,815		1,113	(971)
Net cash provided by investing activities		9,637		51,004		113		284,374		5,046	5,565
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		363,023		806,737		(282,303)		449,555		349,454	 (687,270)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,088,486		7,216,714		739,751		5,264,522		1,142,183	 969,911
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,451,509	\$	8,023,451	\$	457,448	\$	5,714,077	\$	1,491,637	\$ 282,641
•			-								

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	TORTHET	EAK ENEDED		ness-type Activiti	ies - Ent	terprise Funds		(Governmental Activities
	, v	Downtown Parking District		Permit Services		 Total		Internal Service Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:	•								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,299	\$	1,160,105	\$	2,733,759	\$ 13,768,539	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided		-		- 		-	- -		9,215,641
Payments to suppliers		(9,745)		(1,297,934)		(704,107)	(5,674,082)		(3,545,743)
Payments to employees		-		(87,071)		(1,532,589)	(5,479,528)		(1,515,245)
Payments to claimants		<u> </u>		-			 -		(7,271,191)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(4,446)		(224,900)		497,063	 2,614,929		(3,116,538)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:									
Advances received from general fund		-		-		-	450,000		-
Operating transfers in		-		-		-	3,322,087		2,206,801
Operating transfers out		-		(45,894)		-	(901,296)		-
Net cash provided by (used for)						_	 		
Non-capital financing activities		-		(45,894)		-	2,870,791		2,206,801
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				_			 _		
Acquisition of capital assets		-		-		(31,824)	(2,768,105)		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		-	26,200		-
Refunding bonds issued		-		_		-	21,497,432		-
Advance refunding of bond		-		_		-	(23,125,760)		-
Contribution from Sucessor Agency		_		1,151,427		_	1,151,427		_
Capital related transfers in		_		-		_	2,335,817		_
Capital related transfers out		_		_		(192,233)	(501,999)		_
Principal paid on capital debt		_		(551,000)		-	(2,050,599)		_
Interest paid on capital debt		_		(396,593)		_	(1,205,076)		_
Net cash provided (used) by capital and				(0,0,0,0)			 (1,200,010)		-
related financing activities		_		203,834		(224,057)	(4,640,663)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Interest received		_		_		14,897	113,330		51,579
Poceeds from sale of investments		_		_			250,000		,
Increase in fair value of LAIF investments		_		_		419	7,725		20,952
Net cash provided by investing activities				-		15,316	 371,055		72,531
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(4,446)		(66,960)		288,322	1,216,112		(837,206)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		29,426		738,110		2,054,216	19,243,319		17,562,913
	Φ.		Φ.				 	Φ.	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	24,980	\$	671,150	\$	2,342,538	\$ 20,459,431	\$	16,725,707

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
		Airport	Industrial Waste			Aunicipal olf Courses		Sanitary Sewer		Storm Sewer		Landfill Garbage Surcharge
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position												
Ending cash and cash equivalents - statement of cash flows Less amounts reported in restricted cash and investments	\$	1,451,509	\$	8,023,451	\$	457,448	\$	5,714,077 (6,807)	\$	1,491,637	\$	282,641
Cash and cash equivalents - statement of net position	\$	1,451,509	\$	8,023,451	\$	457,448	\$	5,707,270	\$	1,491,637	\$	282,641
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Φ	(602.057)	Φ	057.212	Ф	100 721	¢.	(50.145)	Φ.	(5.401.440)	Ф	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(603,957)	\$	957,313	\$	100,721	\$	(59,145)	\$	(5,421,449)	\$	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Amortization		979,574 -		522,166		49,905		1,490,721		2,659,500		- -
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:												
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		54,052		45,237		16,667		1,353,223		-		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pension		102,149		36,132		-		269,506		102,149		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - OPEB		(33,178)		(25,209)		-		(60,835)		(49,612)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		8,465		32,283		-		2,780		33,196		-
Increase (decrease) in deposits		(4,639)		-		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims		-		-		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued leave		25,630		12,099		-		5,722		(9,734)		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(83,465)		18,414		-		(265,559)		(83,465)		-
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		56,035		38,986		-		90,393		76,835		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension		(13,981)		(6,488)		-		(35,429)		(13,981)		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB	-	(2,771)		(3,425)				(9,619)		(6,700)		
Total adjustments to net income		1,087,871		670,195		66,572		2,840,903		2,708,188		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	483,914	\$	1,627,508	\$	167,293	\$	2,781,758	\$	(2,713,261)	\$	

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

			Ruci	ness-type Activit	ios Ente	rnrico Funde		Governmental Activities	
		Downtown Parking District			Permit Services	Total	Internal Service Funds		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position									
Ending cash and cash equivalents - statement of cash flows Less amounts reported in restricted cash and investments	\$	24,980	\$	671,150	\$	2,342,538	\$ 20,459,431 (6,807)	\$ 16,725,707 (394,091)	
Cash and cash equivalents - statement of net position	\$	24,980	\$	671,150	\$	2,342,538	\$ 20,452,624	\$ 16,331,616	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(12,577)	\$	(778,557)	\$	444,299	\$ (5,373,352)	\$ (5,004,664)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		10.044		575.045		11.570	6 200 2 40		
Depreciation Amortization		10,044		575,865 8,587		11,573	6,299,348 8,587	-	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:									
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,854)		(59,601)		258	1,407,982	-	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pension		-		-		204,298	714,234	49,433	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - OPEB		-		(5,855)		(71,694)	(246,383)	(65,132)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(59)		11,185		20,327	108,177	34,202	
Increase (decrease) in deposits		-		-		-	(4,639)	-	
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims		-		-		-	-	1,479,750	
Increase (decrease) in accrued leave		-		3,114		14,030	50,861	36,191	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		-		-		(166,931)	(581,006)	292,579	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		-		17,906		87,276	367,431	91,001	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension		-		-		(27,963)	(97,842)	(17,474)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB				2,456		(18,410)	 (38,469)	 (12,424)	
Total adjustments to net income		8,131		553,657		52,764	 7,988,281	 1,888,126	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(4,446)	\$	(224,900)	\$	497,063	\$ 2,614,929	\$ (3,116,538)	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City maintains the following Fiduciary Funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for any trust arrangement not properly reported in a pension trust fund under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. This fund also accounts for the Successor Agency of the former Redevelopment Agency which was dissolved on January 31, 2012 pursuant to state law.

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, or other employee benefit plans. The City's only pension trust fund is the Deferred Compensation Fund; which allows City employees to invest in trust deeds that are managed by the City with the oversight of an investment committee that is made up of representatives from each of the bargaining units.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held in an agent capacity by the City for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.



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CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund			Pension Trust Fund	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	4,205,579	\$	18,453,766	\$	137,541	
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent		1,640,648		-		-	
Receivables		5 - 5 - 5 - 5				1.10.161	
Accounts		7,653		-		140,461	
Interest		1,127		1,657		-	
Loans and notes receivable		173,900		-		-	
Capital assets		149,270				-	
Total assets		6,178,177		18,455,423		278,002	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		201,774		-		200,429	
Interest payable		703,145		-		-	
Deposits		55,186		-		-	
Long-term liabilities							
Due within one year		293,487		-		-	
Due in more than one year		1,795,798		-		-	
Total liabilities		3,049,390		-		200,429	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Future ROPS		2,177,683		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,177,683		_		-	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Pensions		-		18,455,423		-	
Individuals and organizations		951,104				77,573	
Total net postion	\$	951,104	\$	18,455,423	\$	77,573	

CITY OF SALINAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Pension Trust Fund	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS					
Taxes	\$ 5,003,062	\$ -	\$ -		
Miscellaneous		607,657			
Total taxes, rental, and miscellaneous income	5,003,062	607,657			
Contributions					
Plan members	-	58,286	289,782		
Employers	-	10,212,240	-		
Private donations	1,062,508				
Total contributions	1,062,508	10,270,526	289,782		
Investment earnings					
Interest	74,953	463,672	-		
Less investment expense		(121,799)			
Net investment earnings	74,953	341,873			
Assessments collected for other governments	<u> </u>		464,599		
Total additions	6,140,523	11,220,056	754,381		
DEDUCTIONS					
Expenses	1,415,490	_	7,500		
Benefit payments	-	4,397,164	290,946		
Payments on behalf of trustees	651,826	-	-		
Contribution to other agencies	3,427,846	-	-		
Assessments disbursed to other governments			464,111		
Total deductions	5,495,162	4,397,164	762,557		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	645,361	6,822,892	(8,176)		
NET POSITION					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	305,743	11,632,531	85,749		
END OF YEAR	\$ 951,104	\$ 18,455,423	\$ 77,573		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

1. <u>Description of the Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies:</u>

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Salinas (City) was incorporated as a charter City on March 4, 1874. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized: Public Safety, Public Works, Recreation-Parks, Library and General Government Administrative Services. The City also operates an Airport, a Downtown Parking District, a Sanitary Sewer System, a Water Utility, a Storm Sewer System and an Industrial Waste Facility.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

The basic financial statements of the City of Salinas, California (City), include the financial activities of the City (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. The blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government. The City has no discretely presented component units. The City and its blended component unit have June 30 year ends.

Blended Component Unit

The Salinas Public Financing Authority (Authority) – The Authority was established October 6, 1992 pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by and between the City and the City of Salinas Redevelopment Agency, which is now the Salinas Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency. It was established to refund Central City Revitalization Project tax allocation bonds. The Authority's purpose is to assist with financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City.

The Authority was used on the following dates for the following purposes:

- April 19, 1994 to issue a site lease to finance the expansion of the industrial waste facility.
- September 17, 1996 to issue Central City Revitalization Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A 1996.
- March 25, 1997 issue Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A and B 1997.
- October 24, 1997 to issue Certificates of Participation, Series A 1997.
- February 25, 1999 to issue Certificates of Participation, Series A 1999.
- December 17, 2003 to issue Certificates of Participation, Series A 2004.
- September 1, 2005 issue Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2005 A and B.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- August 21, 2008 to issue variable rate taxable refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2008.
- January 29, 2014 to refinance Certificates of Participation, Series A 2004 & Series A 1999 (Animal Shelter) with a lease purchase agreement (2014) with a bank.
- September 1, 2015 to issue Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2015 A and B for refunding of Certificates of Participation Series 2005 A and B.
- July 28, 2016 to refinance Assessment District bonds through a direct private placement.
- February 29, 2019 to issue Special Tax Bonds, CFD Monte Bella 2019.
- December 12, 2019 to issue Special Tax Bonds, CFD Monte Bella 2019 #2.
- December 20, 2020 to issue Special Tax Bonds, CFD Monte Bella 2019 #3.

The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority are included in the City's Debt Service and Enterprise Funds. A financial report is not issued by the Authority.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

In recent years, the City's General Fund has been managed carefully in order to balance its revenues and expenditures. The City has achieved adequate liquidity through the passage of an additional transaction and sales tax initiative (Measure G and Measure E) coupled with an increase in property taxes resulting from the recovery of the local real estate market values from the decline experienced in 2009.

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements, i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities, display information about the primary government (City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net assets have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column. In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a business-type activity or governmental function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular activity or function. Program revenues include 1) fines, fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented (Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary). The emphasis of the fund financial statements are on major governmental and enterprise funds of the City and are reported separately in the accompanying financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds in the accompanying financial statements.

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General, Measure E, & Measure G This fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for in another fund. The General, Measure E, & Measure G Fund supports essential City services such as police and fire protection, street maintenance, libraries, and parks and open space maintenance.
- American Rescue Plan (ARPA) On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act, which will provide the City with \$51,567,313 in relief funds. The City has received the first half of these funds. Although the legislation provides broad guidance related to the eligible use of the funds, guidance and restrictions from the U.S. Treasury are very important. The information below shows the general language used in the Senate-approved version of the legislation.
 - 1) Respond to or mitigate the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19 or its negative economic impacts.
 - 2) Cover costs incurred as a result of the public health emergency.
 - 3) Replace revenue that was lost, delayed, or decreased (as determined based on revenue projections for the metropolitan city, non-entitlement unit of local government, or county as of Jan. 27, 2020) as a result of the pandemic.
 - 4) Address the negative economic impacts of the pandemic.
 - 5) Make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- <u>Assessment District Debt Service</u> This fund is used to accumulate monies for payment of the City's Assessment Districts Improvement Bonds. Debt service is financed with special assessments levied against property owners within the respective improvement districts.
- <u>Special Construction Assistance</u> This fund accounts for proceeds of long-term borrowings resulting from the sale of Certificates of Participation to finance the acquisition and construction of capital projects.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- <u>Airport Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operations of the City owned airport. The activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
- <u>Industrial Waste Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operations of the City operated Industrial Waste Water treatment facility.
- <u>Municipal Golf Courses Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operations of Fairways and Twin Creek golf courses.
- <u>Sanitary Sewer Fund</u> This fund accounts for the maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer collection system, which is funded from a surcharge on the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency sewer user fees.
- Storm Sewer Fund This fund accounts for the maintenance of the City's storm drainage system and the street sweeping program. This program was funded with a storm sewer fee that was declared by the Court as invalid under Proposition 218. Until alternative funding is secured, the program is funded with a combination of general funds and gas tax funds. The program is also funded with a street sweeping surcharge on garbage collection billings.
- <u>Landfill Garbage Surcharge Fund</u> -This fund accounts for the installment sale of the Crazy Horse landfill site to the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority.
- Water Utility Fund This fund accounts for the repairs and maintenance of the water well located at Hitchcock Road. Water users fund the costs of the water well repairs and annual operating costs.
- <u>Downtown Parking District Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operations of the City's parking facilities. The activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
- <u>Permit Services Fund</u> This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with providing permitting services to the community.

The City reports the following additional fund types:

- <u>Internal Service Fund (a proprietary fund type)</u> accounts for the services provided to internal users (other departments or agencies).
- <u>Fiduciary Fund</u> accounts for the assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The private-purpose

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

trust funds accounts for assets and activities of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency, which is accounted for in the Successor Agency Trust, and other trust arrangements not reported in a pension trust. The pension trust funds account for resources that are required to be held in trust for members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plan, and other employee benefit plans. The custodial funds are used to account for assets held in an agent capacity by the City for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus and basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position. When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This focus is on the determination of, and changes in financial resources, and generally only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. These funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues as available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on long-term debt and certain estimated liabilities, such as compensated absences, and self-insurance claims, are recorded only when payment is due.

In the governmental funds, revenues from taxes, franchise fees, investment income, state and federal grants and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accruals. Such accruals have been recognized as revenues in the current period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply restricted cost reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by restricted categorical block grants, and then by unrestricted general revenues.

D. New Accounting Pronouncements

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement has been implemented in the current financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 90 – In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The requirements of this Statement were effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. This statement had no significant effect on these financial statements.

The City has not determined the effects on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements, and is currently analyzing its accounting and financial reporting practices to determine the potential impact:

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus* 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements related to the effective date of Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to intra-entity transfers of assets and those related to the applicability of Statements 73 and 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The requirements related to application of Statement 84 to postemployment benefit arrangements and those related to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The requirements related to the measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) associated with asset retirement obligations in a government acquisition are effective for government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 – In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 94 – In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private* and *Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 - In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

E. Fair Value Measurement

Investments are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

F. Interest Earnings

Interest received on time deposits and investments is prorated quarterly to the following funds generally based on an average of three-month ending cash balances. Interest earned by other funds under this method is allocated to the General Fund.

- General, Measure E & G
- Development Fees
- Emergency Medical Services

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- Asset Seizure
- Lighting, Landscape and Maintenance District
- Municipal Art
- Measure X
- SB1
- Local Public Safety
- Gas Tax
- SRA Public Improvement Grant
- Affordable Housing
- COP 1999 & COP 2004 Consolidation (2014)
- Energy Improvement Lease
- COP 2005 A & B 2015 Refunding
- Assessment District Reserve
- Special Aviation
- Assessment District Project
- Airport
- Industrial Waste
- Municipal Golf Courses
- Sanitary Sewer
- Storm Sewer
- Permit Services
- Landfill Garbage Surcharge
- Internal Service Funds
- Pension Trust Fund
- Successor Agency Trust Fund

G. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be amounts in demand deposits, and short-term investments with original, maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For purposes of both the balance sheet and statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include not only currency on hand, but deposits in the City's cash and investment pool. These deposits have the same characteristics for the participating funds as demand deposit accounts, in that the funds may deposit additional cash at any time and also effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Cash and cash equivalents also include restricted cash and money market funds held by fiscal agents. For purposes of cash flows, the City considers all liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase to be cash equivalents. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Investment held in Local Agency Investment Fund</u> - The City participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), an investment pool managed by the State of California. LAIF has invested portions of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as a result of changes in interest rates.

LAIF determines fair value on its investments portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available.

The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2021, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF for all LAIF participants by total aggregate amortized cost.

Other Investments - Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts (certificate of deposits) are reported at cost, and all other investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount the City could reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and seller and is generally measured by quoted market prices.

<u>Deferred Compensation</u> - The Deferred Compensation Plan is invested in deeds of trust secured by real or personal property and in real estate holdings. The trust deeds are considered nonparticipating interest earning investments and are reported at fair market value. See Note 13 for additional information on the various deferred compensation plans.

H. Restricted Cash and Investment with Fiscal Agents

Certain restricted cash and investments are held by fiscal agents for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

I. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Invoices that remain unpaid after 90 days may be referred to collections. An invoice sent to collection is written off.

J. Prepaid Bond Insurance, Original Issue Discounts and Premiums, and Refundings Prepaid bond insurance costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the

bonds. Amortization of these balances are recorded as a component of operating expenses.

In the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Original issue premiums are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds. Gains or losses from refunding of debt are reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources and amortized over the shorter of the life of the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

refunded debt or new refunding debt. Amortization of these balances are recorded as a component of interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Special Assessment Districts

Special assessments are recorded as receivables when they become a lien on property. Special assessments not considered available are recorded as receivables and offset by unearned revenues. In general, special assessments and special tax bonds are fully secured by liens against the privately owned properties benefited by the improvement for which the bonds were issued. There is no reserve for delinquent receivables since priority liens exist against the related properties and hence the City's management believes value will ultimately be received by the City.

L. Interfund-fund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements and/or transfers. Loans and balances related to unsettled service transactions are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation of similar fund types, and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds," i.e., the current portion of interfund loans and unsettled service transactions, or "advances to/from other funds," i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Services provided are deemed to be at market or near market rates and are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are defined as when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

M. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is being carried at cost, but no greater than the net realizable value. In the fund financial statements, this amount is recorded as a restricted portion of fund balance due to externally imposed grantor restrictions.

N. Restricted Assets

Assets that are restricted for specific uses by bonded debt requirements, grant provisions or other requirements are classified as restricted because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or agreements.

O. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, vehicles and equipment, infrastructure, and all other tangible and intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives in excess of one year. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

activity columns in the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary funds' statement of net position, and the private-purpose trust fund. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 for general capital assets and \$100,000 for major infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, market based entry price at the time of contribution. Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met. Amortization of assets acquired under capital leases is based on the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the asset and is included in depreciation and amortization.

Buildings, improvements, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, and furniture and fixtures are depreciated using the straight-line method (depreciation is calculated starting with the month following the date the asset was placed in service) over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-50 years
Other improvements	15-45 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years
Equipment	5-20 years

P. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The City reports the following items as deferred outflow of resources:

- Losses on refunding of debt in the government-wide financial statements.
- Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are reported in the government-wide financial statements as described further in Note 14.
- Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are reported in the government-wide financial statements as described further in Note 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City reports the following items as deferred inflows of resources:

- Unavailable revenues are reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from grants, taxes, and assessment receivable, and long-term notes receivable. These amounts are reported as unavailable and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Gains on refunding of debt are reported in the government-wide financial statements.
- Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported in the government wide financial statements as described further in Note 14.
- Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are reported in the government wide financial statements as described further in Note 15.

R. Compensated Absences

Vacation, compensatory time, and related benefits are accrued as determined by the agreement between the City and the respective employees' collective bargaining group. For governmental funds, compensated absence obligations are recorded in the appropriate governmental funds when due. The portion not currently due is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. For proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned by employees. At year-end, the accrued but unpaid compensated absence obligations are recorded as current and non-current liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

Eligible employees may accrue a maximum of 600 annual leave hours (75 days). Any hours accumulated in excess of 600 hours are paid at the employee's adjusted hourly rate of pay. For the Firefighter group the maximum is 840 hours for 56 hour shift employees and 600 for 40 hour shift employees. Employees with fewer than 20 years of service may request pay in lieu of annual leave up to a maximum of 10 days. Employees with more than 20 years of service may request a maximum of 15 days pay in lieu of annual leave.

S. Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City of Salinas. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

T. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with revenues that are not considered earned as of year-end. For additional information on unearned revenues, see Note 19.

U. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recognized as expenditures when it is probable that the liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. This liability is recorded in the internal service fund that accounts for the City's self insurance activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

V. Long-Term Debt

In the Government-wide Financial Statements and the proprietary fund types in the Fund Financial Statements, long-term debt and other obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net positions. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using effective interest methods. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the governmental funds statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance, issuance of debt is recorded as another financing source (use) in the respective fund. Issuance costs and payment of principal are reported as debt service expenditures.

W. Net Position

Net position represents total assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets, excluding unspent debt proceeds. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- Net Investment In Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including
 infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the
 outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or
 improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category represents net position that have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net amounts that do not meet the criteria for "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

X. Fund Balance

Under GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the financial statements reporting for governmental funds classify fund balances based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which those funds can be spent. Fund balance for the City's governmental funds consists of the following categories:

• Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as inventories, prepaid items, and long-term loans and notes receivables. It also includes

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact or required to be retained in perpetuity, such as the principal of an endowment fund.

- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that have been limited to specific purposes as defined in the City Charter or through adoption of an ordinance by the City Council, the highest level of decision making authority of the City. These commitments may be changed or lifted, but only by the same formal action that was used to impose the constraint originally. City Council action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be subsequently determined.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes through City Council budgetary action, which include the approval of appropriations and revenue sources pertaining to the next fiscal year's budget. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purpose.
- Unassigned Fund Balance includes amounts within the General, Measure E, & Measure G Funds, the residual resources, either positive or negative, in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the other four fund balance categories, unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. Other governmental funds may only report a negative unassigned balance that was created after classification in nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance categories, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Y. Property Taxes

Property taxes are collected on behalf of and remitted to the City by the County of Monterey (the "County"). The amount of property tax levies is restricted by Article 13A of the California State Constitution (commonly referred to as Proposition 13).

The County assesses property values, levies, bills, and collects the related property taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Valuation/lien dates	January 1	January 1
Levy dates	January 1	January 1
Due dates (delinquent after)	50% on November 1 (December 10)	July 1 (August 31)
	50% on February 1 (April 10)	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City has not elected to participate in the "Teeter Plan" offered by the County whereby cities receive 100% of secured property and supplemental property taxes levied in exchange for foregoing any interest and penalties collected on the related delinquent taxes. The City retains the right to any interest and penalties collected on the related delinquent taxes. Accordingly, property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal period for which they are levied and collected, adjusted for any amounts deemed uncollectible and amounts expected to be collected more than 60 days after the fiscal year.

General property taxes are based on either a flat 1% rate applied to the fiscal year 1976 full value of the property or on 1% of the sales price of the property on sales transactions and construction that occur after the fiscal year 1976 valuation. Assessed values on properties (exclusive of increases related to sales and construction) can rise at a maximum of 2% per year depending on increases in the consumer price index.

Z. Self-Insurance

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation, general, automobile, and public liability claims. The City's estimated liability for claims as of June 30, 2021 is based on the claim manager's estimate of probable losses plus an amount estimated for incurred but not reported claims. An Internal Service Fund is used to account for the collection of premiums from various City departments related to workers' compensation claims and general claims liabilities. Premiums are established based on historical claims experience. Additionally, the City contracts with third party administrators for claims management.

AA. Use of Estimates

A number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities were used to prepare these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability:</u>

A. Budgeting

The Budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by City Council. Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General, Measure E & Measure G Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds.

The City Manager may transfer budget appropriations between departments and Department Directors may transfer appropriations between programs and accounts within their individual departments and divisions, but only the Council by resolution may appropriate funds from reserves or fund balances.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Budgets for General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Reserves for future lease commitments have been established for accounting purposes and the fund balance is reserved for the total lease commitment consistent with budget policies.

Budget policy excludes taxes, interest, and accounts receivable assets, which are not currently available resources for budget purposes, and condemnation deposits which are returned upon right of way acquisition.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the government level. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council during the year. Additional supplementary appropriations were adopted during the mid-year review.

Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and then are re-budgeted for the coming year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds and appropriations are carried forward until project completion. Grant funds are carried forward until the grant expires.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

For additional information on budgetary policy and control see Required Supplementary Information.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2021, the following funds had a deficit fund balance or deficit net position:

Major Funds	
Business-type Activities	
Municipal Golf Courses Fund	\$ 9,566,038
Downtown Parking District Fund	\$ 5,367,378
Non-Major Funds	
Governmental Activities	
Special Revenue Funds	
Housing and Urban Development Grant	\$ 875,711
Debt Service Funds	
Assessment District Administration	\$ 2,178

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Enterprise Funds – Municipal Golf Courses Fund

The deficit net asset balance of \$9,566,038 is a result of the interest on long-term bonds amounting to \$6,260,000, that also exceed the related assets. This deficit will continue to decline over time as the bonds are paid back.

Enterprise Funds – Downtown Parking District Fund

The deficit net position in the Downtown Parking District Fund of \$5,367,378 is a result of operating cost in excess of operating revenues and the long-term lease payable amounting to \$9,590,000. This deficit will continue to decline over time as the lease payable is collected.

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The deficit fund balance in the Non-Major Special Revenue Funds is a result of Community Development and related Housing reimbursable grants increase during year 2021, as a result of COVID mitigation programs and related expenditures. This deficit will decline as claims are submitted for reimbursement to state and federal agencies and unavailable funds become available.

Non-Major Debt Service Funds

The deficit net position in the non-major debt service funds is the result of timing of transfers from other funds to cover debt service payments. This deficit will decline as transfers are made to reimburse the non-major debt service funds.

3. <u>Debt Compliance:</u>

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City believes it is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

4. Cash and Investments:

The City's cash and investments at June 30, 2021 are included in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

	Government-	Wide Statement of	Fund Financials		
				Fiduciary Funds	
	Governmental	Business-Type		Statement of	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Net Position	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 171,095,305	\$ 20,452,624	\$ 191,547,929	\$ 22,796,886	\$ 214,344,815
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,387,761	6,807	1,394,568	1,640,648	3,035,216
Total Cash and					
Investments	\$ 172,483,066	\$ 20,459,431	\$ 192,942,497	\$ 24,437,534	\$ 217,380,031

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash and investments at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	
Demand accounts at banks	\$ 8,028,797
Money market	3,571,123
Deposits held in trust by fiscal agent	270,847
Money market held in trust by fiscal agent	27,077,842
State local agency investment fund (LAIF)	149,870,854
Petty cash and revolving fund	25,000
	188,844,463
Investments	
Investments held in trust by fiscal agent	22,636,967
Deferred compensation	
Investment in trust deeds and properties	5,898,601
	28,535,568
Total cash and investments	\$ 217,380,031

Deposits

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$8,028,797. The bank balance was \$9,945,506. The difference is due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. All bank balances are insured or collateralized.

Investments

Investments permitted by the City's investment policy include the following:

- Certificates of Deposit
- Repurchase Agreements
- Bankers Acceptances
- Guaranteed Investment Contracts
- U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes
- State of California Local Agency Investment Fund
- Government Agency Securities
- Passbook Savings Accounts
- Mutual Funds
- Interest Bearing Checking Accounts
- Commercial Paper

The Deferred Compensation Plan is permitted by City resolution to invest in deeds of trust secured by real or personal property.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Investment income from cash and investments held by fiscal agents are credited directly to the related funds.

The City participates in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), an investment pool managed by the State of California. The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. At June 30, 2021, the total fair value amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF was \$193.3 billion managed by the State Treasurer. Of that amount, 2.31% is invested in medium-term and short-term structured notes and asset-back securities. No amounts were invested in derivative financial products. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The fair value of the Authority's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

As of June 30, 2021, the City had the following investment and maturities:

	0-12 months		 1-5 years	over 5 years		Total		
Investment Agreements Trust Deeds-Def Comp	\$	11,384,002	\$ 11,252,965 5,898,601	\$	-	\$	22,636,967 5,898,601	
Total	\$	11,384,002	\$ 17,151,566	\$	_	\$	28,535,568	

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the maturity of investments in accordance with Government Code Sections 53601(a)-(n) and 53636(a)-(m). It is the City's policy to ladder investments so that there are always investments coming due to meet cash flow requirements. Because the Local Agency Investment Fund as of June 30, 2021 had an average life of 291 days, it was presented as an investment with a maturity of 0-12 months. However, LAIF allows the City to make withdrawals of any amount within 24 hours. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the preceding table that shows the distribution of the City's investment by maturity.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Summarized below are the ratings of the City's cash and investments:

	Fair Value		S&P	Moodys	% of Total
Demand accounts at banks	\$	8,028,797	NR	NR	3.69%
Money Market at Rabobank		3,571,123	NR	NR	1.64%
Deposits held in trust by fiscal agent		270,847	NR	NR	0.12%
Money Market held in trust by fiscal agent					
Fidelity Investment MM Gov		801,802	AAAm	Aaa-mf	0.37%
Dreyfus Gov Cash Management		376,977	NR	NR	0.17%
Capital GTY		1	NR	NR	0.00%
Insurance Reserve		391,091	NR	NR	0.18%
Wells Fargo & Co		57	BBB+	A1	0.00%
Westdeutsche Landesbank		975,467	NR	NR	0.45%
Wilmington Trust, NA		23,625,602	A-	A2	10.87%
New York Life Fixed Dollar Account		906,845	NR	NR	0.42%
Petty cash and revolving fund		25,000	NR	NR	0.01%
Local Agency Investment Fund		149,870,854	NR	NR	68.96%
Investment Agreements					
Municipal bonds		254,775	AA	NR	0.12%
Corporate bonds		991,810	NR	Aaa	0.46%
		8,997,890	AA+	Aaa	4.14%
		1,008,490	AA+	Aaa	0.46%
Certificates of deposit		2,067,759	NR	NR	0.95%
New York Life		9,316,243	NR	NR	4.29%
Trust Deeds-Def Comp		5,898,601	NR	NR	2.71%
Total	\$ 2	217,380,031			100.01%

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. However, the City's investment policy calls for portfolio diversification by avoiding over concentration in a specific maturity sector or specific investments. The City's portfolio is detailed in the preceding table (see above).

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy limits safekeeping of investments to third-party custody.

All of the City's deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 or collateralized with pledge securities held in the trust department of the financial institution in the City's name.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used, need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by the City's management. City management considers observable data to be that market data, which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF, are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's measured fair value of its proportionate share in these types of investments is based on uncategorized inputs not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input. Non-negotiable FDIC-insured bank certificates of deposit are priced at par.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

Investment Type	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment Agreements				
Bonds	\$ 20,569,208	\$20,569,208	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of deposit	2,067,759	-	2,067,759	-
Trust Deeds-Def Comp	5,898,601			5,898,601
	28,535,568	\$20,569,208	\$ 2,067,759	\$ 5,898,601
Investments Not Measured at Fair Value				
Demand accounts at banks	8,028,797			
Money Market at Rabobank	3,571,123			
Deposits held in trust by fiscal agent	270,847			
Money Market Funds				
Fidelity Investment MM Gov	801,802			
Dreyfus Gov Cash Management	376,977			
Capital GTY	1			
Wells Fargo & Co	57			
Westdeutsche Landesbank	975,467			
Insurance Reserve	391,091			
Wilmington Trust, NA	23,625,602			
New York Life Fixed Dollar Account	906,845			
Petty cash and revolving fund	25,000			
Local Agency Investment Fund	149,870,854	_		
Total Investments	\$ 217,380,031	=		

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments:

- Investments classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices in active markets when available.
- The City held one type of investment that is measured using Level 3 inputs, Trust Deeds. The City administers a Trust Deposit Fund that includes a Deferred Compensation Plan funded solely by the voluntary salary reductions. Trust Deed notes secured by property taken back in foreclosure and held for resale, are valued by independent real estate professionals (market approach), and trust deed notes are valued at their present value (income approach). The valuations are considered Level 3. The value of properties held for resale are reduced for cost of sales. The notes (loans) are valued based on amounts investors would likely pay for notes with interest rates ranging from 6% to 11% discounted to provide loan to values ranging from 70% to 50% depending on property type and condition, borrowers payment history, and term remaining on note.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at June 30, 2021. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. City management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

5. Restricted Assets:

Cash and investments of \$1,394,568 are recorded as restricted assets at June 30, 2021 as follows:

Governmental Fund	S:
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Assessment District Debt Service - restricted to cover expenses of debt service	\$ 136,669
Debt service funds - restricted for debt service payments	619,329
Capital project funds - restricted for debt service payments	237,672
Enterprise Funds:	
Sanitary Sewer - restricted to cover expenses of debt service	6,807
Internal Service Fund:	
Restricted for insurance claims	 394,091
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 1,394,568

6. <u>Taxes Receivable:</u>

Taxes receivable recorded in the General, Measure G & E Fund of \$19,528,443 represent amounts due for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 for the following taxes:

Sales Tax	\$ 6,867,679
Measure E Transaction and Use Tax	3,073,632
Measure G Transaction and Use Tax	6,158,362
Utility Users Tax	1,189,454
Franchise Tax	900,207
Transient Occupancy Tax	711,553
Other Taxes	577,356
Property Transfer Tax	50,200
Total	\$ 19,528,443

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

7. <u>Assessment Receivable:</u>

Debt Service Fund – Assessments receivable recorded in the Assessment District Debt Service Fund of \$8,970,000 at June 30, 2021, will be collected from property owners to retire outstanding bond principal issued for improvements in special assessment districts. Cash and investments at June 30, 2021 of \$2,409,999 are available to make bond and interest payments of \$850,929 that are due on September 1, 2021.

Assessment receivables in the amount of \$8,290,000 are not expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

8. <u>Due From Outside Agencies:</u>

Due from outside agencies consists of the following:

	Federal	State	Other	Total
Governmental Activities:				
General Fund:				
Welcome Center	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000
Special Revenue Funds:				
CDBG Improvement Program	1,025,206	-	-	1,025,206
HOME Investment Program	516,170	-	-	516,170
Emergency Shelter Grant	1,474,847	-	-	1,474,847
Cable Franchise	-	-	44,797	44,797
CA Emergency Solutions & Housing	-	468,475	-	468,475
CA Highway Users Tax	-	379,844	-	379,844
CA STEP Grant	-	14,257	-	14,257
City of Pacific Grove	-	-	125,158	125,158
County of Monterey	-	29,766	1,781,849	1,811,615
Community Foundation of Monterey County	-	-	40,000	40,000
Department of Parks & Recreation	-	5,036	-	5,036
Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control	-	-	5,583	5,583
Office of Traffic Safety	77,287	-	-	77,287
Federal Drug Enforcement	16,083	-	-	16,083
SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehab	-	548,027	-	548,027
SB2 Permanent Local Housing Allocation	-	758,173	-	758,173
U.S. Department of Justice	53,806	-	-	53,806
U.S. Department of Treasury	203,485			203,485
	3,366,884	2,203,578	1,997,387	7,567,849

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal	State	Other	Total
Capital Projects Funds:				
CA Department of Transportation	-	39,032	-	39,032
CA Office of Emergency Services	-	8,850	-	8,850
Developers	-	-	1,702,180	1,702,180
Federal ATP Grant	2,424,537	-	-	2,424,537
Federal Aviation Administration	420,412	-	-	420,412
Federal HSIP	181,208	-	_	181,208
Homeland Security-FEMA	121,794	-	-	121,794
Monterey County - RSTP	-	454,402	-	454,402
Monterey Bay Air Resource District	-	3,322	_	3,322
State Water Grant	-	74,701	-	74,701
Transportation Agency for Monterey County	_	8,006	_	8,006
	3,147,951	588,313	1,702,180	5,438,444
Primary Government Totals	\$6,514,835	\$2,791,891	\$3,774,567	\$13,081,293

9. <u>Interfund Transactions:</u>

Internal Balances

The composition of interfund balances (Due To/From) as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Due to Governmental Activities							
Due From:	General		Capital Projects		Internal Service		Total	
Governmental Activities:						_		
Major Funds:								
General, Measure G & E	\$	_	\$	428,343	\$	16,831,462	\$17,259,805	
Special Construction Assistance		1,559,892		-		-	1,559,892	
Non-Major Funds:								
Special revenue								
Lighting, Landscape & Maintenance		51,188		93		-	51,281	
Development Fee		269		121,942		-	122,211	
Gas Tax		-		1,295		-	1,295	
Emergency Medical Services		-		-		-	-	
Traffic Safety		15,133		-		-	15,133	
Measure X Transport Safety & Inv Plan		-		783,795		-	783,795	
SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehab		-		-		-	-	
Comm Dev Act of 1974		3,038,264		13,150		-	3,051,414	
Grants		372,826		-		-	372,826	
Debt Service								
Assessment District Administration		2,178		-		-	2,178	
2019 Spec Tax Bond Monte Bella		5,280		-		-	5,280	
Capital Projects								
2019 Spec Tax Bond Monte Bella		214,310		_		_	214,310	
Total Governmental Activities		5,259,340		1,348,618		16,831,462	23,439,420	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Due to	Due to Governmental Activities						
Due From:	General	Capital Projects	Internal Service	Total				
Business Type Activities:				_				
Industrial Waste	=	2,653	-	2,653				
Municipal Golf Courses	281,839	-	-	281,839				
Sanitary Sewer	-	717,981	-	717,981				
Downtown Parking District	1,535,178	-	-	1,535,178				
Permit Services		10,841		10,841				
Total Business Type Activities	1,817,017	731,475	-	2,548,492				
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,076,357	\$ 2,080,093	\$ 16,831,462	\$25,987,912				

The composition of long-term advances to/from other funds as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Adva	Advances Due To			
	Governi	nental Activities			
Advances Due From:	Ge	eneral Fund			
Business Type Activities:					
Golf Course	\$	4,200,000			
Downtown Parking		2,785,000			
Total Business Type Activities		6,985,000			
Total Primary Government	\$	6,985,000			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Interfund Transfers</u> – Interfund transfers are legally authorized transfers between funds in which one fund is responsible for the initial receipt of funds and another fund is responsible for the actual disbursements. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Operating Transfers In	Operating Transfers Out	Transfers For:
			Capital projects, debt service,
General Fund	\$ 6,096,486	\$23,684,887	& other operating costs
Special Revenue Funds:			
Lighting, Landscape & Maintenance	-	25,652	Capital projects & debt service
Local Public Safety	-	311,973	Capital projects
Development Fee	-	619,898	Capital projects
Gas Tax	-	2,694,733	Capital projects & street maintenance
Emergency Medical Services	1,015,300	8,112	Capital projects & operating costs
Traffic Safety	-	250,000	Operating costs
Vehicle Abatement Program	50,000	-	Operating costs
Contributions & Donations	-	2,185	Operating costs
Measue X Transport Safety & Inv Plan	-	4,380,893	Capital projects
SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehab	-	542,377	Capital projects
Affordable Housing	-	229,492	Operating costs
Housing and Urban Development	13,271	365,383	Grant projects
Grants	29,048	3,016	Grant projects
CARES Act	_	2,002,977	Operating costs
	1,107,619	11,436,691	
Debt Service Funds:			
2018 Lease-PS Building Police	4,739,701	_	Debt Service
COP 2018B T.R.I.P	2,338,575	_	Debt Service
2018 Lease-El Gabilan Library	792,443	_	Debt Service
2019 Spec Tax Bond Monte Bella 2	402,870	_	Debt Service
Refund Bonds Series 2020A-Energy	995,905	_	Debt Service
Refund Bonds Series 2020A-SVSWA	692,835	_	Debt Service
	9,962,329		
Capital Projects Funds:			
2019 Spec Tax Bond Monte Bella	_	960,062	Capital projects
Capital Project	9,734,146	-	Capital projects
Cupiui I I Sjott	9,734,146	960,062	Cupiui projecus
Internal Service Funds:	<u> </u>	700,002	
Workers Compensation-Self Insurance	1,000,000	_	Operating costs
General Liability-Self Insurance	2,661,300	_	Operating costs
Fleet Maintenance	1,995,400	_	Operating costs
1 leet Mantenance	5,656,700		Operating costs
Total Governmental Activities	32,557,280	36,081,640	
Enterprise Funds:			
Airport	448,021	51,062	Capital projects & debt service
Industrial Waste	90,546	69,646	Capital projects, operating & debt service
Sanitary Sewer	929,501	342,156	Capital projects
Storm Sewer	3,428,048		Capital projects & operating costs
Landfill Garbage Surcharge	2,120,010	692,835	Debt Service
Downtown Parking District	_	21,608	Debt Service
Permit Services	_	194,449	Capital projects
Total Business Type Activities	4,896,116	1,371,756	capital projects
* *			
Total Governmental & Business Activities	\$37,453,396	\$37,453,396	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

10. Loans Receivable, Net of Allowance:

At June 30, 2021, receivables of the City's major individual funds and non-major funds taken in aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Low					
		& Moderate	Total			
		Income	Governmental	Fiduciary		
Type of Loan	CDBG	Housing Asset	Activities	Funds		
Loans funded by federal grants Economic development real estate developer	\$22,723,286	\$ -	\$ 22,723,286	\$ -		
and other loans	-	10,075,821	10,075,821	173,900		
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(22,534,475)	(10,059,250)	(32,593,725)			
Total loans, net	\$ 188,811	\$ 16,571	\$ 205,382	\$ 173,900		

The City uses funds generated from the former Agency Housing Loans as well as other state and federal funding sources to offer financial assistance to qualified developers, individuals and families by providing loans at "below market" interest rates.

Typical loans and related terms are summarized as follows:

Loan Type	Interest Rates	Due
Affordable Housing	0 - 4%	up to 55 years
Multi-unit rental rehabilitation	3%	5 or more years
First time home buyer	3%	7 to 40 years
Home Improvement	3 - 6%	1 to 30 years

Loans are secured by first or second in lien-property deeds of trust except for first time homebuyer loans, which are all secured by second deeds of trust. Interest and principal are typically due in installments, except for first time homebuyer, which do not require payments until their maturity dates.

The City has also invested in multi-family rental housing projects serving low to moderate income individuals through subordinate loans with terms of up to 55 years. Generally, these loans are to be repaid through fixed payments or net cash flow payments from project operations and the term and potential risk of each loan varies. Because of the net cash flow feature of these subordinate loans, there is greater risk of variability in the timing of payments and, potentially, a lower probability of eventual repayment on these subordinate loans than on other loan types.

Accordingly, for financial statement purposes, the City has established an allowance account for these loans receivable due to the contingent nature of the repayment schedules of these loans.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

11. Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance		Adjustments/	Balance
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 25,899,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,899,986
Construction in progress	136,718,778	25,874,968	(2,697,264)	159,896,482
Total assets not being depreciated	162,618,764	25,874,968	(2,697,264)	185,796,468
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	46,337,340	_	_	46,337,340
Improvements other than buildings	15,766,022	_	_	15,766,022
Machinery and equipment	40,737,724	1,600,682	(204,472)	42,133,934
Infrastructure	248,460,395	4,011,316	2,697,264	255,168,975
Total assets being depreciated	351,301,481	5,611,998	2,492,792	359,406,271
Less accumulated depreciation	(229,238,287)	(10,619,865)	204,472	(239,653,680)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	122,063,194	(5,007,867)	2,697,264	119,752,591
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, net	\$ 284,681,958	\$ 20,867,101	\$ -	\$ 305,549,059
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,632,339	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,632,339
Construction in progress	4,467,942	791,500	-	5,259,442
Total assets not being depreciated	8,100,281	791,500		8,891,781
<u> </u>				
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	27,523,054	_	_	27,523,054
Improvements other than buildings	26,708,254	_	_	26,708,254
Machinery and equipment	8,433,051	1,419,413	(519,835)	9,332,629
Infrastructure	237,130,928	557,192	-	237,688,120
Total assets being depreciated	299,795,287	1,976,605	(519,835)	301,252,057
Less accumulated depreciation	(193,978,956)	(6,299,348)	519,835	(199,758,469)
Total capital assets	(170,710,700)	(5,255,510)	217,025	(122,100,100)
being depreciated, net	105,816,331	(4,322,743)		101,493,588
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, net	\$113,916,612	\$ (3,531,243)	\$ -	\$110,385,369

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 550,366
Police	1,764,645
Fire	1,213,262
Public works, including infrastructure assets	6,070,184
Recreation and parks	890,634
Library	130,774
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 10,619,865
Business-type activities:	
Airport	\$ 979,574
Industrial waste	522,166
Municipal golf courses	49,905
Sanitary sewer	1,490,721
Storm sewer	2,659,500
Water utility	10,044
Downtown parking	575,865
Permit Services	11,573
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 6,299,348

12. Land and Properties Held for Resale:

Land and properties held for resale consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

Special Revenue Fund	
137, 145 & 151 Division Street	\$ 850,000
Affordable Housing Fund - Central City Housing	
17 & 19 Soledad Street	370,693
9 & 11 Soledad Street	129,738
	500,431
Affordable Housing Fund -Sunset Avenue Merged Housing	
115 Division Street	335,947
123 Division Street	300,000
923 E. Market Street	 521,175
	1,157,122
Total Land and Properties Held for Resale	\$ 2,507,553

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

13. <u>Deferred Compensation Plans:</u>

The City has four deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 requires the establishment of a trust or similar vehicle to ensure that the assets of Deferred Compensation Plans under the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 are protected and used exclusively for the benefit of Plan participants and/or their beneficiaries. According to these laws the City established Employer Trust arrangements for each of the Plans before January 1, 1999.

The City has established Employer Trust agreements with ICMA Retirement Corporation, Mass Mutual Financial Group, and Central Coast Credit Union. In 1998, the City Council adopted a Resolution amending the City administered deferred compensation plans to conform to the new law protecting the plan participant assets from any claim against the City. Under the Trust arrangement, individual accounts maintained by the record-keeper used for receiving contributions and paying distributions must be subject to the Trust. The existence of the Trust does little to change the Plan structure except to add a layer of protection for money set aside for the employee against claims of the Employer's creditors. The law also allows an increase in the amount a participant may contribute to differ each year, based on changes in the consumer price index.

International City Manager's Association (ICMA) Retirement Corporation

As of June 2021, the International City Manager's Association Retirement, Inc., (ICMA-RC), is now MissionSquare Retirement and the Plan had 406 participants and a balance of \$60,304,589 at June 30, 2021. All employees are eligible to participate through voluntary salary deduction. Some management employees participated in lieu of participation in the New York Life Retirement Program until June 19, 1995 when a qualified 401(a) retirement program was established. These assets are not reported on the City's financial statements at June 30,2021 pursuant to the Employer Trust established by the City with ICMA Retirement Corporation during November 1997.

Trust Deed Program

The City administers a Trust Deposit Fund that includes a deferred compensation plan funded solely by the voluntary salary reductions. The goal of the Trust Deed program is to invest participants' funds in short-term deeds of trust (notes). This investment option is administered within the City of Salinas by the City's appointed administrator of the Deferred Compensation Plan. Loans are based on equity after obtaining a fee appraisal. All property is physically inspected and the loan package is reviewed and approved/disapproved by a Deferred Compensation Committee. All employees are eligible to participate. The Plan had 216 participants and a balance of \$6,316,759 in net assets at June 30, 2021. The balance in these plans is available to employees only upon termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency. While the Employer Trust established by the City on December 15, 1998 protects these funds from creditors of the City, because the City administers the plan assets, they are included in the City's financial statements at June 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Trust Deed Program is managed on a cash basis with interest posted when received and expenditures posted when paid. Interest and expenditures are allocated to participants based on month end cash balances. Trust deed notes secured by property taken back in foreclosure, are reevaluated based on the current market value of the property. When the value of property taken back in foreclosure is less than the note secured by that property, the note is written-down to current market value (less foreclosure and sales expenses) of the property. Gains are recognized only when properties are sold. Gains or losses are allocated to plan participants based on month end cash balances.

As of June 30, 2021, pursuant to GASB 72, properties held for resale were valued by independent real estate professionals (market approach) and trust deed notes were valued at their present value (income approach). The valuations are considered Level 3. The value of properties held for resale are reduced for cost of sales. The notes (loans) are valued based on amounts investors would likely pay for notes with interest rates ranging from 6% for all current loans discounted to provide loan to values ranging from 70% to 50% depending on property type and condition, borrowers payment history and term remaining on note. The change in net realizable values are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets.

Central Coast Federal Credit Union (CCFCU)

This third deferred compensation plan was established in August 1993. The plan funds are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government and are also insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), an agency of the federal government for up to \$250,000. Central Coast collateralizes any amounts invested in their savings accounts in excess of NCUA insurance limits in accordance with applicable law. As of December 31, 2020, CCFCU became the service provider for the plan and the City keeps the employees' enrollment and send their payroll elective deduction to CCFCU.

There were 85 participants with a balance at June 30, 2021 is \$6,510,420. All employees are eligible to participate through voluntary salary deductions. The assets for this plan are not reported on the City's financial statements.

Mass Mutual Financial Group (Empower Retirement)

The fourth Deferred Compensation plan was established in September 2000. This retirement savings plan enables employees to defer a portion of their current compensation for payment at later date, generally retirement. Salary deferrals (or contributions) are voluntary and are made through the ease of payroll deduction. Empower Retirement former Mass Mutual offers a variety of investment vehicles that vary in risks, term and return to the investment. These investment options are offered through a group variable annuity contract. There were 32 participants with a balance of \$3,973,785 at June 30, 2021. All employees are eligible to participate through voluntary salary deductions. The assets for this plan are not reported on the City's financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

14. Retirement Programs:

I. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City of Salinas provides defined benefit retirement program benefits through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and New York Life. As of June 30, 2021, the City was contributing to agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans through CalPERS, and was also contributing to a single-employer defined benefit pension plan through New York Life.

The City's net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is as follows (recorded as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and August 31, 2020):

Net Pension Liability	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total Net Pension Liability	
CalPERS pension plans:					
Agent Multiple-Employer Miscellaneous	\$ 28,343,820	\$	4,168,020	\$	32,511,840
Agent Multiple-Employer Safety-Police	118,427,421		-		118,427,421
Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer					
Safety - Fire (Tier 1 & Tier 2)	52,635,552		-		52,635,552
New York Life - Single Employer	7,979,159		-		7,979,159
Total net pension liability	\$207,385,952	\$	4,168,020	\$	211,553,972

The City's deferred outflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2021 is as follows (recorded as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and August 31, 2020):

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total Deferred Outflows
CalPERS pension plans:			
Agent Multiple-Employer Miscellaneous	\$ 7,041,487	\$ 1,035,467	\$ 8,076,954
Agent Multiple-Employer Safety-Police	18,026,642	-	18,026,642
Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer			
Safety - Fire (Tier 1 & Tier 2)	14,280,924	-	14,280,924
New York Life - Single Employer	5,649,988		5,649,988
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 44,999,041	\$ 1,035,467	\$ 46,034,508

The City's deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2021 is as follows (recorded as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and August 31, 2020):

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Deferred Inflows of Resources	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Deferred Inflows	
CalPERS pension plans:						
Agent Multiple-Employer Miscellaneous	\$	237,320	\$	34,900	\$	272,220
Agent Multiple-Employer Safety-Police		186,762		-		186,762
Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer						
Safety - Fire (Tier 1 & Tier 2)		4,675,815		-		4,675,815
New York Life - Single Employer		211,820				211,820
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	5,311,717	\$	34,900	\$	5,346,617

The City's total pension expenses for the fiscal year 2020-2021, including employee contributions, normal costs and annual amortization of prior service is as follows:

Pension Expense	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total Pension Expense	
T Choidi Expense	Activities	Activities		Expense	
CalPERS pension plans:					
Agent Multiple-Employer Miscellaneous	\$ 5,761,878	\$	847,296	\$	6,609,174
Agent Multiple-Employer Safety-Police	19,081,616		-		19,081,616
Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer					
Safety - Fire (Tier 1 & Tier 2)	9,090,818		-		9,090,818
New York Life - Single Employer	1,636,569	-			1,636,569
Total pension expense	\$ 35,570,881	\$	847,296	\$	36,418,177

A. California Public Employees Retirement System

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City of Salinas' separate Safety (police) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	*Prior to	On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-55	52-67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.45%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	7.00%	
Required employer contribution rates	9.05%	9.04%	
	Po	lice	
	*Prior to	On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	52-57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	13.50%	

^{*}Plan is closed to new members. Miscellaneous and Safety (Police) members that were CalPERS participants before January 1, 2013, with no break in service over six months, may continue in the plan.

23.21%

23.21%

Required employer contribution rates

<u>Employees Covered</u> – As of June 30, 2019 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Police	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	176	266	
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	264	111	
Active employees	285	155	

Contribution Description - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the City to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine Total Pension Liability</u> - The June 30, 2019 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2020 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date

• June 30, 2019

Measurement Date

• June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method • Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate • 7.15% Inflation • 2.50%

Salary Increases • Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality (1) • Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all

Funds Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing

Power

Post Retirement Benefit Increase • Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power

applies

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using Society of Actuaries 90% of Scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 Experience Study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

<u>Long-term Expected Rate of Return</u> - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset class (a)	Allocation	Years 1-10(b)	Years 11+(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

- (a) In the System's ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investement

• 5 years straight-line amortization

All other amounts

• Straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining service lives (EARLS) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to Differences between Expected and Actual Experience, Changes of Assumptions and employer-specific amounts should be amortized over the EARSL of members provided with pensions through the Plan. The EARSL for the miscellaneous and safety (police) plans for the June 30, 2020 measurement date are 4.3 and 3.5 years, respectively, which was obtained by dividing the total service years by the total number of participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Plan. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to zero. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

<u>Changes in Net Pension Liability</u> – The following tables show the changes in the net pension liability for each of the City's agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans recognized over the measurement period:

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan - Miscellaneous Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at: 6/30/2019 (MD)	\$ 125,694,950	\$ 91,773,349	\$ 33,921,601		
Changes Recognized for the					
Measurement Period:					
Service Cost	3,162,904	-	3,162,904		
Interest on Total Pension Liability	8,959,786	-	8,959,786		
Differences between Expected					
and Actual Experience	588,822	-	588,822		
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	383,290	(383,290)		
Contributions - Employer	-	7,793,322	(7,793,322)		
Contributions - Employees	-	1,411,627	(1,411,627)		
Net Investment Income	-	4,662,415	(4,662,415)		
Benefit Payments, including					
Refunds of Employee Contributions	(5,107,076)	(5,107,076)	-		
Administrative Expense		(129,381)	129,381		
Net Changes during 2019-20	7,604,436	9,014,197	(1,409,761)		
Balance at: 6/30/2020 (MD)	\$ 133,299,386	\$ 100,787,546	\$ 32,511,840		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan - Safety (Police) Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
	Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at: 6/30/2019 (MD)	\$	310,996,624	\$	200,863,252	\$ 110,133,372	
Changes Recognized for the						
Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		6,156,433		-	6,156,433	
Interest on Total Pension Liability		22,017,085		-	22,017,085	
Differences between Expected						
and Actual Experience		1,696,481		-	1,696,481	
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(383,290)	383,290	
Contributions - Employer		-		10,297,024	(10,297,024)	
Contributions - Employees		-		1,946,146	(1,946,146)	
Net Investment Income		-		9,999,235	(9,999,235)	
Benefit Payments, including						
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(15,680,099)		(15,680,099)	-	
Adminstrative Expense		-		(283,165)	283,165	
Other Miscellaneous Income/Expense						
Net Changes during 2019-20		14,189,900		5,895,851	8,294,049	
Balance at: 6/30/2020 (MD)	\$	325,186,524	\$	206,759,103	\$ 118,427,421	
Totals of Both Miscellaneous and						
Safety Plans	\$	458,485,910	\$	307,546,649	\$ 150,939,261	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>- Detailed information about each plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the Measurement Date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	M	iscellaneous	 Police	 Total
1% Decrease		6.15%	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	51,095,337	\$ 163,241,614	\$ 214,336,951
Current Discount Rate		7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	32,511,840	\$ 118,427,421	\$ 150,939,261
1% Increase		8.15%	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	17,173,853	\$ 81,770,975	\$ 98,944,828

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2020 (the measurement date), the City of Salinas recognized a pension expense of \$25,690,790 for the miscellaneous and safety (police) plans.

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2020 (the measurement date), the City of Salinas reports other amounts for the miscellaneous and safety (police) plans as deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Dε	eferred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
		of Resources	of	Resources
Plan Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	15,903,861	\$	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		7,012,833		-
Changes of Assumptions		709,787		458,982
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		2,477,115		-
		_		
	\$	26,103,596	\$	458,982

\$15,903,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expenses as follows:

	Deferred
Measurement Period	(Inflows)
Ended June 30:	of Resources
2022	\$ 3,501,530
2023	2,736,998
2024	2,209,688
2025	1,292,537
2026	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 9,740,753

Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety risk pool (Fire Tier 1 & Tier 2), cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment.

The City's plans provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Fire Tier 1		
	*Prior to	On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	52-57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	13.75%	
Required employer contribution rates	25.54%	13.89%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Fire Tier 2		
	*Prior to	On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 55	2.5% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	52-57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	13.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	22.40%	13.20%	

^{*}Plan is closed to new members. Safety (Fire Tier 1 & Tier 2) members that were CalPERS participants before January 1, 2013, with no break in service over six months, may continue in the plan.

Contribution Description - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

The City's contribution for the safety plan were as follows:

Measurement Date	6/30/2020		
Fiscal Year	2020/21		
Safety Plan (Fire)	\$	5,708,092	
Total Contributions	\$	5,708,092	

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> – As of June 30, 2021, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	Propor	tionate Share of
	N	let Pension
	Lia	bility/(Asset)
Fiscal Year Ending	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Safety Plan (Fire)	\$	52,635,552
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	52,635,552

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City of Salinas' net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using the standard update procedures. The City of Salinas' proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions for all participating employers actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	Percentage Share	e of Risk Pool	Change:
Fiscal Year	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	Increase/(Decrease)
Measurement Date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) NPL	0.483764%	0.467722%	0.016042%

For the year ended June 30, 2021 (measurement date June 30, 2020), the City of Salinas recognized a pension expense of \$9,090,818 for the Safety Plan (Fire).

As of June 30, 2021 the City of Salinas reports deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		201	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	4,081,621	\$	-
Changes of Assumptions		-		175,330
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,143,992		_
Change in Employer's Proportion		958,807		2,422,119
Differences between the Employer's				
Contributions and the Employer's				
Proportionate Share of Contributions		2,388,412		2,078,366
Pension Contributions Subsequent to				
Measurement Date		5,708,092		-
Total	\$	14,280,924	\$	4,675,815

\$5,708,092 reported as deferred outflows of resources for contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expenses as follows:

	Deferred
Measurement Period	(Inflows)
Ended June 30:	of Resources
2022	\$ 699,435
2023	1,423,119
2024	1,201,258
2025	573,205
2026	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 3,897,017

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine Total Pension Liability</u> - The June 30, 2019 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2020 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	 Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7 .15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	 Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate	• Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERSspecific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of Scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	 Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Long-term Expected Rate of Return</u> - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset class (a)	Allocation	Years 1-10(b)	Years 11+(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

⁽a) In the System's ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

⁽c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources — The Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments is amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in pension expense during the measurement period, and the remaining Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments is amortized over the remaining amortization periods. The Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments in the Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts represents the unamortized balance relating to the current measurement period and the prior measurement periods on a net basis.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources relating to Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience and Changes of Assumptions are amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime (EARSL) of members provided with pensions through the Plan determined as of the beginning of the related measurement period. The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement date ending June 30, 2020 is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 548,581 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 145,663 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

<u>Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability of the City's Plan as of the Measurement Date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15) than the current rate:

		Measurement Date June 30, 2020					
		Discount Rate					
			7.15%			8.15%	
Safety Plan (Fire)	(19	(1% Decrease)		urrent Rate)	(19	% Increase)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	78,079,817	\$	52,635,552	\$	31,756,125	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions</u> – Detailed information about each plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

B. New York Life Retirement Plan

Single- Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description – The New York Life retirement plan is a closed single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers Non-Public Safety Employees. The plan's benefits offers a formula of 2% @ 60 for vested employees. The Plan was established on September 1, 1954 and has been amended and restated from time to time since that date. Prior Plan amendments eliminated the sixmonth service requirement for entry into the plan and credited participants with up to six-months of service from hire to plan entry prior to time change. The Plan was amended and restated effective September 1, 1996 to bring the Plan into compliance with the Internal Revenue Code and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Regulations promulgated thereby to provide for the City's pick-up of employee eligible participants equal to the present value of vested accrued benefits. Effective June 1, 2001, the Plan amended its benefit formula to one that uses an average salary computed from the twelve-month period, replacing the old formula that used an average salary computed from a thirty six month period. As of June 19, 1995, all new regular non-public safety employees are enrolled in CalPERS.

The City has an agreement with New York Life to hold and invest plan assets of the Retirement Plan, which covers employees other than Police and Fire. New York Life holds assets in NYL Fixed Dollar Account, NYL Mainstay Total Return Bond Fund, and NYL Guaranteed Annuity Contracts.

New York Life Guaranteed Annuity Contracts in the amount of \$5,470,346 are allocated insurance contracts set up to pay benefits and accordingly are excluded from the total pension liability, and are not reported in the City's financial statements.

<u>Employees Covered</u> – As of September 1, 2019 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the single-employer defined benefit pension plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active employees	9
Total	60

Benefits - Non-Public Safety personnel benefits vest after five years of service. The vested benefit would be in the form of a pension beginning after attaining age 60 equal to the benefits accrued at time of termination, or for a reduced amount if an election is made to have payments commence before attaining the normal retirement age of 60. City employees who retire at or after age of 60 with five years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly, as a straight line annuity, as a ten year certain and life annuity, or as a lump sum, in an amount equal to 2% of the average earnings paid to the employee during the twelve consecutive months of service with the City during which their earnings were highest, multiplied by the number of years and completed months of plan participation.

The plan allows early retirement after reaching age 55 and completing five years of plan participation. The plan also provides death and survivor benefits.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. Prior to January 1, 1979, participants were required to make specified levels of contributions to the plan in order to accrue benefits under the Plan. For the period commencing January 1, 1979 through December 31, 1993, there were no participants' contributions under this Plan. Since January 1, 1994, participants are required to contribute 4.5% of their compensation to the Plan. Since September 1, 1996, participant contributions are made by the City under the employee pretax pick-up provision for government-sponsored plans allowed under the Internal Revenue Code. As established in their Memorandum of Understanding

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

document for personnel of the SEIU Blue Collar bargaining group, the City will contribute (pick-up) four and one-half percent of the employee retirement contribution.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> – As of June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date - August 31, 2020), the City reported net pension liability as follows:

Measurement Date	 8/31/2020
Total Pension Liability (TPL)	\$ 13,890,599
Fiduciary Net Position (FNP)	 5,911,440
Net Pension Liability (NPL)	\$ 7,979,159
Funded Status (FNP/TPL)	 42.6%

The City's net pension liability is measured as of August 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 1, 2019.

<u>Changes in Net Pension Liability</u> – The following tables show the changes in the net pension liability for the City's Single-Employer Pension Plan recognized over the measurement period:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at: 8/31/19 (MD)	\$ 21,277,868	\$ 6,634,458	\$ 14,643,410			
Changes Recognized for the						
Measurement Period:						
Service Cost	325,385	-	325,385			
Interest	506,095	-	506,095			
Assumption changes	907,299	-	907,299			
Contributions - Employer	-	8,030,028	(8,030,028)			
Contributions - Employees	-	52,751	(52,751)			
Net Investment Income	-	338,833	(338,833)			
Benefit Payments, including refunds	(9,126,048)	(9,126,048)	-			
Administrative Expense		(18,582)	18,582			
Net Changes	(7,387,269)	(723,018)	(6,664,251)			
Balance at: 8/31/20 (MD)	\$ 13,890,599	\$ 5,911,440	\$ 7,979,159			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the Measurement Date, calculated using the discount rate of 2.20 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (1.20 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (3.20 percent) than the current rate:

Measurement Date	August	31.	2020
micusurement Date	1 Iugust	01,	2020

	Discount					
	1.20% (1% Decrease)		2.20% (Current Rate)		3.20% (1% Increase)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	9,398,583	\$	7,979,159	\$	6,827,406

For the year ended June 30, 2021 (measurement date August 31, 2020), the City of Salinas recognized a pension expense of \$1,636,569.

As of June 30, 2021 the City of Salinas reports deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		_		_
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$	-	\$	211,820
Plan Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		5,649,988		
	\$	5,649,988	\$	211,820

\$5,649,988 reported as deferred outflows of resources for contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expenses as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Deferred (Outflow/(Inflows)	
June 30:	of I	of Resources	
2022	\$	42,470	
2023		(99,529)	
2024		(111,495)	
2025		(43,266)	
Total	\$	(211,820)	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine Total Pension Liability</u> - For the measurement period ended August 31, 2020 (measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Signi	ficat Actuarial Assumptions Used
Valuation Date	• September 1, 2019
Measurement Date	• August 31, 2020
Contribution Policy	 City contributes full ADC
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate and long-term expected rate of return on assets	 2.20% at August 31, 2020 2.97% at August 31, 2019 Discount rate lower of (1) expected long-term rate of return on investments, and (2) Bond Buyer 20- Bond GO Index as of the Measurement Date
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Investments	3.40%
General Inflation	2.25%
Mortality	 CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	 Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 2.5% annuallyMerit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Retirement	• 100% retire once the retirement benefit reaches 70% of the Average Monthly Compensation
Disability, termination	None
Benefit form for current actives	 Disability - Annuity for all particiapants Lump sum for all other particiapants, valued using UP- 1984 Mortality Table with 1% interest rate
New York Life Guaranteed Annuity Contract	 Value of payments expected to be made under contract excluded from TPL (contract assets not included in Fiduciary Net Position)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Changes Since Prior Measurement Date</u> – The following changes were applied since the prior measurement date of August 31, 2020.

Changes of assumptions	 Discount rate was updated based on municpal bond rate
	as of the measurement date
Changes of benefit terms	None

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.20%. The discount rate is based on the expected rate of return which is lower than the 20 year municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at current contribution rates and City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. The City's annual contributions will be adjusted to keep the plan solvent.

Investments are with New York Life. Expected rate of return is as follows:

Asset Class Component	Target Allocation	Expected Rate of Return
Fixed Income	100.00%	1.47%
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation Expected Long-Term Rate of Return, Rounded		2.25% 3.40%

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>- Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2020 is as follows:

New York Life	
Assets	
New York Life Fixed Dollar Account	\$ 634,129
New York Life Main Stay Total Return Bond Fund	 5,291,013
Total investments	5,925,142
Liabilities	
Accrued expenses	 13,702
Fiduciary Net Positon	\$ 5,911,440

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

II. Defined Contribution Pension Plans

A. ICMA Retirement Corporation Defined Contribution Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> — On June 19, 1995, the City established a qualified retirement program in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). This defined contribution 401(a) Money Purchase Retirement Plan was established with International City Managers Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA). Non-Public Safety Mid-Management employees that were participating in the ICMA 457 non-qualified deferred compensation plan in-lieu of participation in the New York Life Retirement Program, were required to transfer to one of the other City's three qualified retirement plans. The City's annual contribution to this plan is determined by the employer required contribution to the New York Life Plan Retirement Plan in accordance with Internal Revenue contribution limits.

Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting – Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period that the contributions are made.

Method Used to Value Investments – Participants direct their investments, without restriction, among various investments options available under the ICMA 401(a) Plan.

Retirement Buyback Program

During Fiscal Year 1995-96, the City established a deferred compensation retirement buyback program for Department Directors where the City contributes a flat dollar amount based on tenure with the City. The 401(a) Money Purchase Retirement Plan is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation. The program requires employee-matching contributions for every dollar contributed by the City. At June 30, 2021, there were 10 participants receiving a total of \$124,717 in this form of benefit while there were 2 participants in the ICMA 401(a) money Purchase Plan with a City annual contribution was \$25,128 while the employees had an equal mandatory matching contribution of \$20,128.

15. Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB):

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year End June 30, 2021

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City joined the Public Employees' Medical & Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) in 2000 for Police and Miscellaneous employees, offered through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). It is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The healthcare plan which provides medical insurance benefits to active and eligible retirees and their families in accordance with various labor agreements. Fire employees receive healthcare benefits for active and retiree members from a union sponsored plan.

OPEB Trust: The City joined The California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) in 2011 to prefund it's OPEB liability. CERBT is an agent multiple employer defined plan for other post-employment benefits administered by CalPERS. The Plan includes participating employers of the State of California and public agencies. CalPERS is governed by a 13-member Board of Administration (the Board); two elected by CalPERS members, one elected by retired members of CalPERS, two appointed by the Governor, one public representative appointed jointly by the Speaker of the Assembly and Senate Rules Committee, and four ex-officio members: State Treasurer, State Controller, Director of California Department of Human Resources, and Designee of the State Personal Board. The Board is responsible for the management and control of CalPERS, including the exclusive control of the administration and investments of the Plan.

The plan information is as follows:

Fiscal Year End	June 30, 2021
Plan type	Agent Multiple Employer
OPEB trust	Yes
Special funding situations	No
Nonemployer contributing entities	No

Post-Employment Benefits Eligibility: The City provides post-retirement healthcare benefits to eligible employees who retire directly from the City after the age of 50 years (Age 52 for Miscellaneous PEPRA employees) and with five years of service or disability retirement. For Police and Fire Supervisors, the City pays 25% of retiree and spouse health insurance premium up to \$100 per month plus PEMHCA AB2544 "unequal method" monthly benefit to retirees (\$139 per month in 2021). The payment is made until Medicare eligibility, but no more than 10 years for non-supervisory Police retirees. For Miscellaneous employees, the City pays the PEMHCA "unequal method" monthly benefit to retirees (\$143 per month in 2021). For IAFF (Fire employee), the City pays 25% of retiree and spouse health insurance premium up to \$100 per month. The payment is made until Medicare eligibility.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Employees Covered</u>: As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the PEMHCA and Union Sponsor Plans:

June 30, 2021 Fiscal Year End	Number of Covered
June 30, 2020 Measurement Date	Participants
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	144
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	352
Actives employees	501
Total employees	997

<u>Contributions</u>: The City intends to contribute to the Trust the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) net of the pay-as-you-go benefits paid annually directly from employer resources. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's cash contributions were \$288,749 in premium payments made on behalf of retirees, \$250,000 payments to the trust, implied subsidy payments of \$416,000, and administrative expenses of \$4,369, resulting in total payments of \$959,007.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.04%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Expected Long Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation*	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class/Strategy	CERBT-Strategy 1	of Return
Measurement Date	6/30/20	6/30/20
Global equity	59%	4.82%
Fixed income	25%	1.47%
TIPS	5%	1.29%
Commodities	3%	0.84%
REITs	8%	3.76%
Assumed long-term rate of inflation		2.75%
Expected long-term net rate of return, rounded		6.75%

^{*} Policy target effective October 1, 2018

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

B. Net OPEB Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Net OPEB Liability: As of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	6/30/2021
Measurement Date	6/30/2020
Total OPEB liability (TOL)	\$ 27,819,852
Fiduciary net position (FNP)	3,058,247
Net OPEB liability (NOL)	\$ 24,761,605
Funded status (FNP/TOL)	11.0%

<u>Changes in the OPEB Liability</u>: The changes in the net OPEB liability for the City Plan are as follows:

			Net OPEB
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary Net	Liability
Changes in Net OPEB Liability	Liability (a)	Position (b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2020			
(Measurement Date June 30, 2019)	\$21,673,870	\$ 2,707,053	\$ 18,966,817
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	1,169,996	-	1,169,996
Interest	974,493	-	974,493
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	=
Actual vs. expected experience	-	-	=
Assumption changes	4,678,007	-	4,678,007
Contributions - employer*	-	931,063	(931,063)
Contributions - employee	-	-	=
Net investment income	-	102,633	(102,633)
Benefit payments and refunds*	(676,514)	(676,514)	-
Administrative Expenses		(5,988)	5,988
Net Changes	6,145,982	351,194	5,794,788
Balance at June 30, 2021			
(Measure Date June 30, 2020)	\$27,819,852	\$ 3,058,247	\$ 24,761,605

^{*} Includes \$250,000 City contribution to trust, and \$297,514 cash benefit payments and \$379,000 Implied Subsidy benefit payments (both paid outside of trust).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis:</u> The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.04%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

		Discount Rate	
	2.04%	3.04%	4.04%
	(1% Decrease)	(Current Rate)	(1% Increase)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 29,472,179	\$ 24,761,605	\$ 21,023,102

<u>Healthcare Trend Sensitivity Analysis:</u> The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

	Healthcare Trend Rate			
	(1% Decrease) (Current Trend) (1% Increase			
Net OPEB liability	\$20,272,993	\$ 24,761,605	\$30,637,638	

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>: For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,954,628.

As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflow		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,218,456	
Changes of assumptions		5,280,644		1,438,280	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investment		67,548		-	
Employer contributions after measurement date*		959,007			
Total	\$	6,307,199	\$	4,656,736	

^{*} Includes \$250,000 contributions to trust, \$288,749 cash benefit payments, \$4,258 administrative expenses, and \$416,000 implied subsidy benefit payments.

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$959,007 related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expenses as follows:

	Deferred		
Fiscal Year ended	Deferred (Inflows)		
June 30:	of Resources		
2022	\$ (964,035)		
2023	(16,027)		
2024	(20,573)		
2025	(17,024)		
2026	2,224		
Thereafter	(635,028)		
Total	\$ (1,650,463)		

<u>Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>: To smooth market volatility, gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized over nine and half years. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the OPEB Liability: The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2019 based on the following significant actuarial methods and assumptions:

Acturial Assumptions	Measurement Date 06/30/2020			
Actuarial valuation	- June 30, 2019			
Contribution policy	 City contributes \$250,000 annually, and pays benefit payments outside of trust. 			
Discount rate	3.04% at June 30, 20204.33% at June 30, 2019			
Municipal Bond Rate	3.04% at June 30, 2020 (Bond Buyer 20-bond Index)3.50% at June 30, 2019 (Bond Buyer 20-bond Index)			
Expected long-term rate of return on investment	■ 6.75%			
General inflation	■ 2.75% per annum			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Acturial Assumptions	Measurement Date 06/30/2020			
Mortality, retirement,	 CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study 			
disability, termination				
Mortality Improvement	 Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019 			
Salary increases	 Aggregate - 3% annually 			
	 Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study 			
Medical trend	 Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 			
	4.0% in 2076			
PEMHCA minimum	■ 4.25% annualy			
increases				
Cap increases	None			
Healthcare participation	100% for Safety \$100 benefit			
	 50% for PEMHCA benefit if covered as active 			
	 5% for PEMHCA benefit if waived as active 			

<u>Changes Since Prior Measurement Date</u> – The following changes were applied since the prior measurement date of August 31, 2020.

Change in assumptions

• Discount rate was updated based on municipal bond rate as of the measurement date and crossover test

• None

16. Risk Management:

The City has a self-insurance program and carries excess insurance for catastrophic losses. National Casualty Company combined with Berkley National Insurance Company provides General Liability coverage up to a maximum of \$15,000,000 after the self-insured retention of \$1,000,000 per occurrence met. Safety National Casualty Corporation provides Worker's Compensation excess coverage with statutory coverage (pursuant to California Worker's Compensation Act) after the self-insurance retention of \$1,000,000 for Public Safety and \$750,000 for non Public Safety is met.

Liabilities for estimated claims payable for the self-insurance programs represent settled claims, claims incurred but not paid and claims incurred but not reported based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30, 2021 is dependent on future developments, City management has determined the desired reserve level for each self-insurance program as follows and believes the estimates are adequate to cover such losses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- Worker's Compensation insurance liability of \$26,656,171 includes \$21,324,937 for claims incurred but not paid and \$5,331,234 for claims incurred but not reported which is based on expected claims and past claims history. At June 30, 2021, Worker's Compensation Insurance liability of \$26,656,171 is reported on the statement of net position. The worker's compensation fund was established as an Internal Service Fund on July 1, 1991. The portion of the worker's compensation insurance liability since July 1, 1991, at June 30, 2021 is \$24,873,941 and is reported in the Internal Service Fund and \$1,782,230 is treated as general long-term debt.
- General liability insurance liability at June 30, 2021 of \$3,157,700 that is reported in the Internal Service Fund includes \$2,081,480 for claims incurred but not paid and \$1,076,220 for claims incurred but not reported which is based on expected claims and past claims history. A deficit is reported with the internal service funds of \$2,497,985 at June 30, 2021 and is short the City's goal of reserving three times the self-insured retention plus full funding of all past claims history. The City's self-insured retention is \$1,000,000. At June 30, 2021.

Changes to the claims liability for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Workers General		
	Compensation	Liability	
Beginning balance of claims liability	\$ 21,666,852	\$ 6,543,544	
Less beginning provision for incurred but not			
reported claims	(4,333,370)	(907,540)	
Beginning provisions for incurred but not paid claims	17,333,482	5,636,004	
Increase (decrease) in claims incurred and reported	10,195,115	(326,109)	
Claims expenses paid	(6,203,660)	(3,228,415)	
Ending balance provision for incurred but not			
paid claims	21,324,937	2,081,480	
Provisions for incurred but not reported claims	5,331,234	1,076,220	
Ending balance of claims liability	\$ 26,656,171	\$ 3,157,700	

17. Lease Obligations:

Operating Leases as Lessee – The City has commitments under various long-term operating lease agreements requiring annual rental payments, which are described as follows:

Governmental Activities – The City has ongoing commitments under operating lease agreements for business equipment, and office facilities necessary for City operations, which expire at various dates through 2026. Each governmental fund includes the expenditures related to such lease agreements. There are both cancelable and non-cancelable lease agreements. Rental expenditures reported by the General Fund and other governmental funds under these operating lease agreements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$379,432.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The future minimum lease payments anticipated under the existing lease commitments as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	\$ 169,399
2023	159,353
2024	119,300
2025	90,548
2026	 82,548
	\$ 621,148

18. Long Term Debt:

The following is a summary of Long-Term Debt transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	Julie 30, 2020	Hicreases	Decreases	Julie 30, 2021	One real
Direct Placement and Borrowing					
Capital Leases	\$ 88,522,299	\$ -	\$ 22,544,868	\$ 65,977,431	\$ 4,067,280
Certificates of Participation	Ψ 00,322,277	Ψ	Ψ 22,544,000	Ψ 03,777,431	Ψ 4,007,200
Series B-2015	4,845,000	_	4,845,000	_	_
TRIP 2018B	36,820,000	_	710,000	36,110,000	740,000
Series 2020A-Energy (2014)	-	16,190,000	540,000	15,650,000	865,000
Series 2020A-SVSWA (2015B)	_	4,440,000	580,000	3,860,000	525,000
Bond Premium/(Discount)		.,,	200,000	2,000,000	222,000
TRIP 2018B	3,930,169	_	373,986	3,556,183	354,864
TRIP 2018B	(357,479)	_	(13,240)	(344,239)	(13,240)
Series 2020A-Energy (2014)	-	3,230,127	248,471	2,981,656	248,471
Series 2020A-SVSWA (2015B)	-	561,244	70,155	491,089	70,155
Total Certificates of Participation	45,237,690	24,421,371	7,354,372	62,304,689	2,790,250
Assessment District Bonds					
Assessment District 2017 Act Bonds	2,140,000	-	580,000	1,560,000	590,000
CFD Monte Bella-2019 #1	2,675,000	-	50,000	2,625,000	50,000
CFD Monte Bella-2019 #2	2,090,000	-	-	2,090,000	40,000
CFD Monte Bella-2019 #3	=	2,695,000	-	2,695,000	-
Bond Premium					
CFD Monte Bella-2019 #1	74,934	_	2,498	72,436	2,498
CFD Monte Bella-2019 #2	203,920	-	-	203,920	7,032
CFD Monte Bella-2019 #3	-	242,947	-	242,947	-
Total Assessment District Bonds	7,183,854	2,937,947	632,498	9,489,303	689,530
Annual Leave	11,424,225	974,934	23,233	12,375,926	2,475,185
Insurance claims	28,210,396	29,813,871	28,210,396	29,813,871	
Total Governmental Activities	180,578,464	58,148,123	58,765,367	179,961,220	10,022,245

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Due Within
	June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	One Year
Business-type Activities					
Direct Placement and Borrowing					
Capital Leases:					
Monterey Parking Garage 2014	10,141,000	-	551,000	9,590,000	578,000
Street Sweeper	225,528	-	112,361	113,167	55,866
Fire Engine	30,238		30,238		
Total Capital Leases	10,396,766		693,599	9,703,167	633,866
HUD Section 108 Loan	2,395,000		442,000	1,953,000	460,000
Total Direct Placement and Borrowing	12,791,766		1,135,599	11,656,167	1,093,866
Bonds Payable:					
Certificates of Participation					
Series A-2015	2,940,000	-	2,940,000	-	-
Series A-2008	4,280,000	-	4,280,000	-	-
Series 2020A-Twin Creeks (2015A)	-	2,715,000	385,000	2,330,000	355,000
Series 2020B (Fairways 2008)	-	4,040,000	110,000	3,930,000	100,000
Bond Premium - 2020A-Twin Creeks		317,432	45,347	272,085	45,347
Total Certificates of Participation	7,220,000	7,072,432	7,760,347	6,532,085	500,347
Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds - 2012	15,065,000	-	15,065,000	-	-
Wastewater Revenue Bonds - 2020A	-	14,425,000	-	14,425,000	555,000
Bond Premium - Sanitary Sewer	95,646		95,646		
Total Revenue Bonds	15,160,646	14,425,000	15,160,646	14,425,000	555,000
Annual Leave	557,043	60,595	9,734	607,904	121,581
Total Business-type Activities	35,729,455	21,558,027	24,066,326	33,221,156	2,270,794
Total Long-Term Liability	\$ 216,307,919	\$ 79,706,150	\$82,831,693	\$ 213,182,376	\$12,293,039

The annual requirements to amortize capital leases, loans and notes, certificates of participation and bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 by activity are as follows:

Year Ended	(Governmental-	ernmental-Wide Activities		Business-Type Ac			ctivities	
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest	
2022	\$	6,877,280	\$	5,302,448	\$	\$ 2,103,866		906,939	
2023	6,956,222 5,013,1		5,013,161		2,169,301		853,362		
2024		7,323,921		4,707,698		2,187,000		795,690	
2025		6,996,766		4,391,462		2,259,000		734,816	
2026		7,218,242		4,074,909		1,804,000		677,613	
2027 - 2031		36,123,000		15,527,849		8,198,000		2,655,710	
2032 - 2036		25,032,000		8,758,915	7,275,000		1,406,505		
2037 - 2041		12,335,000		5,390,215		4,700,000		566,736	
2042 - 2046		15,290,000		2,516,782		1,645,000		48,747	
2047 - 2051		6,415,000		279,106					
	\$	130,567,431	\$	55,962,545	\$	32,341,167	\$	8,646,118	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The debt for annual leave and estimated insurance claims do not have amortization schedules and are therefore not included in the preceding schedule.

<u>Accrued Annual Leave</u> – Accrued leave is reported on the Government-Wide Statements for Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2021 the liability for all compensated absences totaled \$12,983,830.

Accrued annual leave are reported on the financial statements in the following funds:

									D	ue Within
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2021		One Year	
Governmental Activities										
General Fund	\$	8,666,481	\$	881,624	\$	-	\$	9,548,105	\$	1,909,621
Measure E		948,600		57,118		-		1,005,718		201,144
Measure G		1,379,304		-		7,113		1,372,191		274,438
Special Revenue Funds		324,807		-		16,120		308,687		61,737
Internal Service Funds		105,033		36,192				141,225		28,245
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$	11,424,225	\$	974,934	\$	23,233	\$	12,375,926	\$	2,475,185
Business-type Activities		_								
Enterprise Funds	\$	557,043	\$	60,595	\$	9,734	\$	607,904	\$	121,581
Total Primary										
Government	\$	11,981,268	\$	1,035,529	\$	32,967	\$	12,983,830	\$	2,596,766
									_	

<u>Insurance Claims</u> – At June 30, 2021, the insurance claims liability recorded in the Internal Service Funds is as follows:

	ISF Funds	General LTD	June 30, 2021
Worker's Compensation		\$ 1,782,230	, ,
General Liability	3,157,700		3,157,700
Total	\$ 28,031,641	\$ 1,782,230	\$ 29,813,871

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Governmental Type Activities

Direct Borrowing

Capital Leases – Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital lease is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 4,067,280	\$	2,711,469	\$	6,778,749
2023	4,151,222		2,528,047		6,679,269
2024	4,348,921		2,336,009		6,684,930
2025	4,281,766		2,134,930		6,416,696
2026	4,363,242		1,931,001		6,294,243
2027 - 2031	22,058,000		6,552,999		28,610,999
2032 - 2036	13,997,000		2,704,334		16,701,334
2037 - 2041	2,850,000		1,433,484		4,283,484
2042 - 2046	3,450,000		826,369		4,276,369
2047 - 2051	 2,410,000		145,031		2,555,031
	\$ 65,977,431	\$	23,303,673	\$	89,281,104

Quantum Tiller Ladder Truck

On January 21, 2014, the City, using lease purchase financing, purchased a Quantum Tiller Ladder Truck for a total of \$1,087,053. The City will make ten annual payments of \$124,848, beginning on March 17, 2015 and ending March 17, 2024 at 2.60% interest. Debt payable of \$355,880 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

Debt service requirements to maturity for the Quantum Tiller Ladder Truck are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	115,595	\$	9,253	\$	124,848
2023		118,601		6,247		124,848
2024		121,684		3,164		124,848
	\$	355,880	\$	18,664	\$	374,544

Pierce Pumper & Tiller

On March 6, 2015, the City, using lease purchase financing, purchased a Pierce Pumper and Tiller for a total of \$1,628,839. The City will make ten annual payments of \$209,261, beginning on March 6, 2016 and ending March 6, 2025 at 2.51% interest. Debt payable of \$552,769 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

If any event of default occurs, and if the lessee agrees to pay, the lessor may require the lessee to pay all amounts currently due and all remaining rent payments due during the fiscal year in effect when the default occurs with interest at the highest lawful rate from the date of the lessor's demand

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

for such payment. Also included in this scenario are additional out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the lessor including attorney fees, repossession, safekeeping, storage, repair, reconditioning, and disposition costs. Alternatively, the lessor can require the lessee to return all equipment for the purpose of lease, sale, or otherwise disposition by the lessor.

Debt service requirements to maturity for the Pierce Pumper & Tiller are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal	Interest		Total	
2022	\$	195,405	\$	13,856	\$	209,261
2023		116,185		8,958		125,143
2024		119,097		6,046		125,143
2025		122,082		3,060		125,142
	\$	552,769	\$	31,920	\$	584,689

2014 Lease/Purchase Agreement

The City of Salinas 2014 Lease/Purchase Agreement was issued by the Salinas Facilities Financing Authority on January 29, 2014. The financing was issued to refund the Animal Shelter COP Series A-1999 (\$2,812,000) and the Monterey Street Parking Structure COP Series A-2004 (\$13,253,000). The Animal Shelter portion of the financing was issued for 19 years (ending September 1, 2032), at an average interest rate of 4.02%. Maximum annual debt service is \$278,646. Debt payable of \$1,805,000 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by law or pursuant to the lease agreement to enforce payment of the outstanding amounts. However, there shall be no right under any circumstance to accelerate the lease payments or otherwise declare any lease payments not then in default to be immediately due and payable. After the occurrence of an event of default, the City will surrender possession of the property to the financing authority, if requested to do so.

Debt service requirements to maturity for 2014 Lease/Purchase Agreement are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 161,000	\$	69,325	\$	230,325	
2023	163,000		62,813		225,813	
2024	171,000		56,099		227,099	
2025	179,000		49,064		228,064	
2026	191,000		41,627		232,627	
2027 - 2031	643,000		126,168		769,168	
2032 - 2036	 297,000		12,080		309,080	
	\$ 1,805,000	\$	417,176	\$	2,222,176	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Pierce Enforcer Pumper

On October 18, 2017, the City, using lease purchase financing, purchased a Pierce Enforcer Pumper fire engine for a total of \$561,605. The City will make six annual payments of \$101,822, beginning on October 18, 2018 and ending October 18, 2023 at 2.40% interest. Debt payable of \$291,034 is recorded as Governmental Activities on June 30, 2021.

If any event of default occurs, and if the lessee agrees to pay, the lessor may require the lessee to pay all amounts currently due and all remaining rent payments due during the fiscal year in effect when the default occurs with interest at the highest lawful rate from the date of the lessor's demand for such payment. Also included in this scenario are additional out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the lessor including attorney fees, repossession, safekeeping, storage, repair, reconditioning, and disposition costs. Alternatively, the lessor can require the lessee to return all equipment for the purpose of lease, sale, or otherwise disposition by the lessor.

Debt service requirements to maturity for Pierce Enforcer Pumper are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 94,664	\$	7,158	\$	101,822	
2023	96,992		4,830		101,822	
2024	 99,378		2,444		101,822	
	\$ 291,034	\$	14,432	\$	305,466	

Altec Aerial Lift

On December 19, 2017, the City, using lease purchase financing, purchased an Altec Aerial Lift Truck for a total of \$157,983. The City will make six annual payments of \$28,903, beginning on December 19, 2018 and ending December 19, 2023. Debt payable of \$82,181 is recorded as Governmental Activities on June 30, 2021.

If any event of default occurs, and if the lessee agrees to pay, the lessor may require the lessee to pay all amounts currently due and all remaining rent payments due during the fiscal year in effect when the default occurs with interest at the highest lawful rate from the date of the lessor's demand for such payment. Also included in this scenario are additional out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the lessor including attorney fees, repossession, safekeeping, storage, repair, reconditioning, and disposition costs. Alternatively, the lessor can require the lessee to return all equipment for the purpose of lease, sale, or otherwise disposition by the lessor.

Debt service requirements to maturity for Altec Aerial Lift are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	26,659	\$	2,244	\$	28,903	
2023		27,387		1,516		28,903	
2024		28,135		768		28,903	
	\$	82,181	\$	4,528	\$	86,709	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Public Safety Building 2018A

The City of Salinas 2018A Capital Lease was issued by Salinas Public Facilities, Inc. in the amount of \$48,825,000 on June 28, 2018. The purpose of this financing was to raise funds for the construction of a new Public Safety Building (Police Department) within City limits. The City started making semi-annual payments beginning on December 1, 2018 and ending December 1, 2034 at an average interest rate of 3.375%. Maximum annual debt service is \$4,799,181. Debt payable of \$46,185,000 is recorded as Governmental Activities on June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the trustee shall be entitled to declare the principal of all the bonds then outstanding, and the interest accrued thereon, to be due and payable immediately. Upon such declaration, anything in the indenture or in the bonds contained to the contrary notwithstanding, shall also be due and payable immediately, and interest on the bonds shall cease to accrue on the date of such declaration.

Debt service requirements to maturity for Public Safety Building 2018A are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 2,775,000	\$	1,958,181	\$	4,733,181	
2023	2,910,000		1,816,056		4,726,056	
2024	3,060,000		1,666,806		4,726,806	
2025	3,210,000		1,510,056		4,720,056	
2026	3,370,000		1,345,556		4,715,556	
2027 - 2031	19,520,000		4,040,581		23,560,581	
2032 - 2036	 11,340,000		763,891		12,103,891	
	\$ 46,185,000	\$	13,101,127	\$	59,286,127	

El Gabilan Library 2018B

The City of Salinas 2018B Capital Lease was issued by Salinas Public Facilities, Inc. in the amount of \$19,830,000 on June 28, 2018. The purpose of this financing was to raise funds for the construction of a new Public Library (El Gabilan) within City limits. The City started making semi-annual payments beginning on December 1, 2018 and ending December 1, 2048 at an average interest rate of 3.900%. Maximum annual debt service is \$1,152,781. Debt payable of \$14,130,000 is recorded as Governmental Activities on June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the trustee shall be entitled to declare the principal of all the bonds then outstanding, and the interest accrued thereon, to be due and payable immediately. Upon such declaration, anything in the indenture or in the bonds contained to the contrary notwithstanding, shall also be due and payable immediately, and interest on the bonds shall cease to accrue on the date of such declaration.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Debt service requirements to maturity for El Gabilan Library 2018B are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 215,000	\$	571,094	\$	786,094	
2023	220,000		562,369		782,369	
2024	235,000		550,994		785,994	
2025	240,000		539,119		779,119	
2026	255,000		526,744		781,744	
2027 - 2031	1,895,000		2,386,250		4,281,250	
2032 - 2036	2,360,000		1,928,363		4,288,363	
2037 - 2041	2,850,000		1,433,484		4,283,484	
2042 - 2046	3,450,000		826,369		4,276,369	
2047 - 2051	 2,410,000		145,031		2,555,031	
	\$ 14,130,000	\$	9,469,817	\$	23,599,817	

Police/Fire Radios & PW Equipment

The City of Salinas Motorola Radios and Public Work Equipment was issued by Banc of America Public Capital Corporation in the amount of \$3,500,000 on August 17, 2018. This equipment replaces old manufactured models and will make Police, Fire, and Public Work operations more efficient. The lease consists of 84 payments, beginning on August 17, 2019 and ending on August 17, 2025 at an average interest rate of 3.120%. Debt payable of \$2,575,567 is recorded as Governmental Activities on June 30, 2021.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, legal title and physical position of the equipment shall pass to the Lessor, and the City shall have no further interest therein.

Debt service requirements to maturity for Police/Fire Radios & PW Equipment are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	1	Principal	cipal Interest		Total	
2022	\$	483,957	\$	80,358	\$	564,315
2023		499,057		65,258		564,315
2024		514,627		49,688		564,315
2025		530,684		33,631		564,315
2026		547,242		17,074		564,316
	\$	2,575,567	\$	246,009	\$	2,821,576

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Certificates of Participation Bonds

Series 2018B - TRIP

On July 18, 2108, the California Statewide Communities Development Authority Transportation Revenue issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation, Series 2018B totaling \$37,500,000 at various interest rates plus premium and discounts. The purpose of this financing was to provide expedited funding for the design, acquisition, and construction of local roadway and street improvement projects within the jurisdiction of the City. Debt payable of \$36,110,000 plus premiums and discounts of \$3,211,944 are recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the trustee shall be entitled to exercise the remedies provided under the agreement to collect the outstanding payments in full, with no grace period permitted.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	740,000	\$	1,595,125	\$	2,335,125
2023		750,000		1,561,575		2,311,575
2024		800,000		1,522,825		2,322,825
2025		850,000		1,481,575		2,331,575
2026		890,000		1,442,525		2,332,525
2027 - 2031		5,055,000		6,562,925		11,617,925
2032 - 2036		6,390,000		5,194,125		11,584,125
2037 - 2041		8,155,000		3,384,750		11,539,750
2042 - 2046		10,210,000		1,331,013		11,541,013
2047 - 2051		2,270,000		39,725		2,309,725
	\$	36,110,000	\$	24,116,163	\$	60,226,163

Series 2020A Energy (2014)

On November 1, 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement funded through private placement in the amount of \$21,908,000. The project will install LED lighting on streetlights and parking lots in addition to building solar PV installations at the Hitchcock Road Animal Shelter, the Industrial Waste Treatment Plant, the Salinas Municipal Airport, the Permit Center, Sherwood Hall, and the Sewer Lift Station site off Work Street. The Debt Service repayment were set to be over a 17-year period at 3.03% interest beginning May 1, 2016 and ending November 1, 2032. Maximum annual debt service is \$2,005,124.

On August 19, 2020, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation, Series 2020A totaling \$16,190,000. The Advance Refunding Certificates were issued to refund the 2014 Energy Improvement Lease. Bond started November 1, 2020 and will end after 12 years on November 1, 2032. The advanced refunding of the 2014 Energy Lease reduced total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$1,513,227. This results is an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

new debt) of \$1,425,483. Debt payable of \$15,650,000 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the Trustee may and, at the direction of the owners of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of bonds then outstanding, and upon being indemnified to its reasonable satisfaction therefore, shall, upon notice in writing to the City and the Salinas Financing Authority, exercise any of the remedies granted to the Salinas Financing Authority under the lease agreement and, in addition, take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights as assignee pursuant to the Assignment Agreement or to protect and enforce any of the rights vested in the Trustee or the owners, either at law or in equity bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement or for the enforcement of any other legal or equitable right.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	865,000	\$	625,750	\$	1,490,750
2023		935,000		589,750		1,524,750
2024		1,005,000		550,950		1,555,950
2025		1,080,000		509,250		1,589,250
2026		1,155,000		464,550		1,619,550
2027 - 2031		7,075,000		1,536,750		8,611,750
2032 - 2036		3,535,000		152,425		3,687,425
	\$	15,650,000	\$	4,429,425	\$	20,079,425

Series 2020A SVSWA (2015B)

On October 24, 1997, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation (Certificates) Series A-1997 totaling \$11,960,000. The purpose of this financing was to raise money for capital improvement projects and to refund the Authority's Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds, which were issued to purchase the 65 W. Alisal Building. The Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds Series A-1997 and Series B-1997 were fully retired on November 20, 1997. The outstanding Certificates were secured by liens on City owned assets that included City Hall; Public Safety Building; Steinbeck Library, and 65 W. Alisal Building.

On September 14, 2005, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2005B (1997 Capital Improvement Projects). The Refunding Certificates were issued to refund Series A-1997 Certificates. Series 2005B Refunding Certificates were issued in the amount of \$11,705,000 for 24 years at 4.22%. The Refunding Certificates were secured by a lien on the Salinas Community Center with an appraised value of \$13,415,000. With these refunding, liens were removed from the City's Public Safety Building, 65 West Alisal Building and Steinbeck Library.

On September 1, 2015, the City issued Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2015, in the amount of \$11,440,000 at a 2.53% interest rate, to refund the outstanding portion of the 2005A

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Certificates of Participation (Twin Creeks) and the 2005B Certificates of Participation (Capital Improvements). Bond started September 1, 2015 and will end after 12 years on September 1, 2027.

On August 19, 2020, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation, Series 2020A totaling \$4,440,000. The Advance Refunding Certificates were issued to refund the 2015B Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority Bonds. Bond started November 1, 2020 and will end after 7 years on November 1, 2027. The advance refunding of the 2015B Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 7 years by \$241,953. This results is an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$244,664. Debt payable of \$3,860,000 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the Trustee may and, at the direction of the owners of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of bonds then outstanding, and upon being indemnified to its reasonable satisfaction therefore, shall, upon notice in writing to the City and the Salinas Financing Authority, exercise any of the remedies granted to the Salinas Financing Authority under the lease agreement and, in addition, take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights as assignee pursuant to the Assignment Agreement or to protect and enforce any of the rights vested in the Trustee or the owners, either at law or in equity bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement or for the enforcement of any other legal or equitable right.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	525,000	\$	143,900	\$	668,900
2023		545,000		122,500		667,500
2024		565,000		100,300		665,300
2025		585,000		77,300		662,300
2026		610,000		53,400		663,400
2027 - 2031		1,030,000		36,600		1,066,600
	\$	3,860,000	\$	534,000	\$	4,394,000

Assessment Districts Bonds

At June 30, 2021, outstanding Assessment District Bonds totaled \$8,970,000 plus bond premiums of \$519,303. Bonds issued for improvements in special assessment districts are liabilities of the property owners and are secured by liens against the assessed property. In the case of default, the City has the authority to advance bonds payments from the special reserve fund and to foreclosure on delinquent property. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenue of the Assessment District and may not be used for any other purpose. The total Assessment District Reserve Fund balance was \$1,843,626 at June 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Assessment District 2017 Act Bonds

On July 28, 2017 the City issued \$4,555,000 in bonds to refinance the following special assessment district debt:

- 1998 AD 98-1 Bella Vista III Refunding (\$2,665,000)
- 2000 AD 96-2 Acacia Park Refunding (\$340,000)
- 2002 RADA Bella Vista Refunding (\$1,365,000)
- 2002 RADB Bella Vista Refunding (\$185,000)

The refunding of the assessment districts debt reduced total debt service payments over 9 years by \$937,889. This results was an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$318,303. Maximum debt service is \$882,065, including interest ranging from 2.3% to 2.7% for 9 years.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee shall be entitled to exercise the remedies provided under the agreement to compel the City to perform and carry out their duties under the 1913 Act, the 1915 Act, or the 1984 Act and their agreements with the owners provided in the Bond agreement.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Assessment District 2017 Act Bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,]	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	590,000	\$	31,835	\$	621,835	
2023		430,000		19,170		449,170	
2024		450,000		8,095		458,095	
2025		45,000		1,823		46,823	
2026		45,000		608		45,608	
	\$	1,560,000	\$	61,531	\$	1,621,531	

CFD Monte Bella-2019 - Community Facilities District No. 2016-1 (Monte Bella) of the City of Salinas 2019 Special Tax Bonds (Improvement Area No. 1)

On February 21, 2019, the Bond Purchase Agreement was signed in the amount of \$2,675,000 at various interest rates to finance the acquisition and/or construction of certain public facilities and improvements within Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 2016-1 Improvement Area No. 1 of the district. Debt payable net of premiums of \$2,697,436 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by law to enforce the payment of principal, premium and interest on the outstanding bonds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Annual debt service requirements to maturity CFD Monte Bella-2019 #1 bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 50,000	\$	105,819	\$	155,819	
2023	55,000		104,769		159,769	
2024	55,000		103,669		158,669	
2025	55,000		102,534		157,534	
2026	55,000		100,575		155,575	
2027 - 2031	325,000		457,225		782,225	
2032 - 2036	395,000		383,931		778,931	
2037 - 2041	475,000		306,056		781,056	
2042 - 2046	590,000		185,150		775,150	
2047 - 2051	 570,000		46,600		616,600	
	\$ 2,625,000	\$	1,896,328	\$	4,521,328	

CFD Monte Bella-2019 #2 - Community Facilities District No. 2016-1 (Monte Bella) of the City of Salinas 2019 Special Tax Bonds (Improvement Area No. 2)

On December 1, 2019, the Bond Purchase Agreement was signed in the amount of \$2,090,000 at various interest rates to finance the acquisition and/or construction of certain public facilities and improvements within Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 2016- Improvement Area 2 of the district. Debt payable net of premiums of \$2,293,920 is recorded as Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by law to enforce the payment of principal, premium and interest on the outstanding bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity CFD Monte Bella-2019 #2 bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	40,000	\$	88,550	\$	128,550
2023		40,000		87,350		127,350
2024		45,000		85,850		130,850
2025		45,000		84,050		129,050
2026		45,000		82,250		127,250
2027 - 2031		260,000		381,350		641,350
2032 - 2036		320,000		324,100		644,100
2037 - 2041		375,000		265,925		640,925
2042 - 2046		460,000		174,250		634,250
2047 - 2051		460,000		47,750		507,750
	\$	2,090,000	\$	1,621,425	\$	3,711,425

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

CFD Monte Bella-2019 #3 - Community Facilities District No. 2016-1 (Monte Bella) of the City of Salinas 2019 Special Tax Bonds (Improvement Area No. 3)

On December 20, 2020, the Bond Purchase Agreement was signed in the amount of \$2,695,000 at various interest rates to finance the acquisition and/or construction of certain public facilities and improvements within Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 2016- Improvement Area 3 of the district.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by law to enforce the payment of principal, premium and interest on the outstanding bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity CFD Monte Bella-2019 #3 bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,]	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	-	\$	107,300	\$	107,300	
2023		50,000		106,550		156,550	
2024		55,000		104,700		159,700	
2025		55,000		102,500		157,500	
2026		55,000		100,300		155,300	
2027 - 2031		320,000		465,000		785,000	
2032 - 2036		395,000		393,500		788,500	
2037 - 2041		480,000		306,600		786,600	
2042 - 2046		580,000		200,600		780,600	
2047 - 2051		705,000		72,900		777,900	
	\$	2,695,000	\$	1,959,950	\$	4,654,950	

Business-Type Activities

Direct Borrowing

<u>Capital Leases</u> – Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital lease for Business-Type Activities are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	633,866	\$	376,808	\$	1,010,674
2023		656,301		351,716		1,008,017
2024		625,000		325,640		950,640
2025		646,000		300,093		946,093
2026		674,000		273,561		947,561
2027 - 2031		3,798,000		930,469		4,728,469
2032 - 2036		2,670,000		163,735		2,833,735
	\$	9,703,167	\$	2,722,022	\$	12,425,189

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

2014 Lease/Purchase Agreement

The 2014 Lease/Purchase Agreement was issued by the Salinas Facilities Financing Authority on January 29, 2014. The financing was issued to refund the Animal Shelter COP Series A-1999 (\$2,812,000) and the Monterey Street Parking Structure COP Series A-2004 (\$13,253,000). The Monterey Street Parking Structure portion of the financing was issued for 20 years (ending September 1, 2033), at an average interest rate of 4.02%. Maximum annual debt service is \$963,518. Debt payable of \$9,590,000 is recorded in the Downtown Parking District Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2021 and reported is reported as business-type activities.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by law or pursuant to the lease agreement to enforce payment of the outstanding amounts. However, there shall be no right under any circumstance to accelerate the lease payments or otherwise declare any lease payments not then in default to be immediately due and payable. After the occurrence of an event of default, the City will surrender possession of the property to the financing authority, if requested to do so.

Debt service requirements to maturity is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 578,000	\$	373,900	\$	951,900	
2023	599,000		350,243		949,243	
2024	625,000		325,640		950,640	
2025	646,000		300,093		946,093	
2026	674,000		273,561		947,561	
2027 - 2031	3,798,000		930,469		4,728,469	
2032 - 2036	2,670,000		163,735		2,833,735	
	\$ 9,590,000	\$	2,717,641	\$	12,307,641	

Street Sweepers

On April 6, 2017 the City, using lease purchase financing, purchased a second street sweeper. The City will make six annual payments of \$58,774 at 2.57% interest. Debt payable of \$113,167 is recorded in the Storm Sewer Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2021 and is reported as business-type activities.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by law or pursuant to the lease agreement to enforce payment of the outstanding amounts. However, there shall be no right under any circumstance to accelerate the lease payments or otherwise declare any lease payments not then in default to be immediately due and payable. The financing authority may also elect to terminate the lease, with the City liable for all costs, losses, or damages incurred by the financing authority.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	55,866	\$	2,908	\$	58,774
2023		57,301		1,473		58,774
	\$	113,167	\$	4,381	\$	117,548

Direct Placement Debt

HUD Section 108 Loan

On March 28, 2015, the City entered into a contract for Loan Guarantee Assistance with the Housing and Urban Development Department (HUD), pursuant to which the City will derive funds for the purposes permitted under the agreement, and will execute one or more City Notes in the maximum aggregate principal amount of up to \$9,390,000. The City executed a note numbered as B-12-MC-06-0005 (Community and Economic Development Fund – Industrial Waste Water Conveyance System Project) in the principal amount of \$4,000,000. The City of Salinas has pledged current and future Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) funds as principal security for the loan. The loan carries a variable interest rate of 20 points (0.2%) above the applicable LIBOR rate. Debt payable of \$1,953,000 is recorded in the Industrial Waste Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2021 and is reported as business-type activities.

Upon the event of default, the custodian may take any action available by law, subject to the sections of the agreement, to pursue payment of the outstanding amount, including any additional fees, costs, and expenses incurred by the custodian in connection therewith.

Debt service requirements to maturity is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,]	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	460,000	\$	45,795	\$	505,795	
2023		478,000		34,535		512,535	
2024		497,000		21,721		518,721	
2025		518,000		7,382		525,382	
	\$	1,953,000	\$	109,433	\$	2,062,433	

Bonds Payable

Certificates of Participation, Series 2020A-Twin Creeks (2015A)

On March 16, 1999, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation (Certificates) Series A-1999 totaling \$14,315,000. A portion of the Certificates was allocated for the construction of an animal shelter, \$1,250,338, and the balance of the Certificates, \$13,064,662 was allocated for construction of the new Twin Creeks (9-hole) Golf Course.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

On August 24, 2004, the City entered into a sublease agreement with the Monterey Peninsula Foundation and its related foundation, Future Citizens Foundation, dba the First Tee of Monterey County providing for the lease of Twin Creeks golf course to Future Citizens Foundation. As a condition of the lease, the City repaid the portion of the 1999 Certificates attributable to the Twin Creeks golf course facility (about 57.5% of the lease payments of \$575,000) and refinanced that golf course portion with a new Refunding issue of Certificate of Participation.

On September 14, 2005, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2005A, in the amount of \$8,005,000, to refund the portion of the 1999 Certificates attributed to Twin Creeks. Refunding Certificates Series 2005A were issued for 24 years at 4.22%, and were secured by a lien on Twin Creeks golf course. The net value expense of the funding was \$117,298. The refunding was completed to issue qualified 501 (c) 3 bonds to provide for the operation of Twin Creeks golf course by First Tee of Monterey County.

Annual debt service for the 2005A Certificates (\$572,308) was paid by the annual lease payments (\$575,000) from Future Citizens Foundation and guaranteed by the Monterey Peninsula Foundation. At the request of First Tee of Monterey County, on December 6, 2011, the City approved a sublease payment reduction from \$575,000 to \$125,000 (an annual reduction of \$450,000). This request was the result of First Tee's significant golf course operating losses.

With the goal of maintaining a quality of level of service to the thousands of golf youth participants and as the most cost effective alternative, the City Council approved the General Fund support through fiscal year 2015-16 to offset the reduced amount of the sublease to the First Tee of Monterey County.

On September 1, 2015, the City issued Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2015, in the amount of \$11,440,000 at a 2.53% interest rate, to refund the outstanding portion of the 2005A Certificates of Participation (Twin Creeks) and the 2005B Certificates of Participation (Capital Improvements). Bond started September 1, 2015 and will end after 12 years on September 1, 2027.

On August 19, 2020, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation, Series 2020A totaling \$2,715,000. The Advance Refunding Certificates were issued to refund the 2015A Twin Creeks Golf Project. Bond started November 1, 2020 and will end after 6 years on November 1, 2026. The advance refunding of the 2015A Twin Creeks Golf Project reduced total debt service payments over the next 6 years by \$134,501. This results is an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$222,408. Debt payable of \$2,330,000 is recorded as Business-type Activities at June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the Trustee may and, at the direction of the owners of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of bonds then outstanding, and upon being indemnified to its reasonable satisfaction therefore, shall, upon notice in writing to the City and the Salinas Financing Authority, exercise any of the remedies granted to the Salinas Financing Authority under the lease agreement and, in addition, take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights as assignee pursuant to the Assignment Agreement or to protect and enforce any of the rights vested in the Trustee or the owners, either at

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

law or in equity bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement or for the enforcement of any other legal or equitable right.

Debt service requirements to maturity is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 355,000	\$	86,100	\$	441,100	
2023	365,000		71,700		436,700	
2024	380,000		56,800		436,800	
2025	395,000		41,300		436,300	
2026	410,000		25,200		435,200	
2027 - 2031	 425,000		8,500		433,500	
	\$ 2,330,000	\$	289,600	\$	2,619,600	

Certificates of Participation, Series 2020B (Fairways 2008)

On August 2008, the City of Salinas was issued Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2008, in the amount of \$4,660,000 at a variable interest rate, to refund the outstanding portion of the 1999 Certificate pertaining to the Fairways Golf Project. Bond started September 1, 2008 and will end after 30 years on September 1, 2038. Following the execution and delivery of the Certificates of Participation Series 2008, the 1999 Certificates, attributed to the animal shelter, will remain outstanding.

On August 19, 2020, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation, Series 2020B totaling \$4,040,000. The Advance Refunding Certificates were issued to refund the 2008 COP Fairways Golf Project. Bond started November 1, 2020 and will end after 18 years on November 1, 2038. The advance refunding of the 2008 COP Fairways Golf Project reduced total debt service payments over the next 18 years by \$1,311,557. This results is an economic loss (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$222,581. Debt payable of \$3,930,000 is recorded as Business-type Activities at June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the Trustee may and, at the direction of the owners of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of bonds then outstanding, and upon being indemnified to its reasonable satisfaction therefore, shall, upon notice in writing to the City and the Salinas Financing Authority, exercise any of the remedies granted to the Salinas Financing Authority under the lease agreement and, in addition, take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights as assignee pursuant to the Assignment Agreement or to protect and enforce any of the rights vested in the Trustee or the owners, either at law or in equity bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement or for the enforcement of any other legal or equitable right.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Debt service requirements to maturity is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,]	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	100,000	\$	95,973	\$	195,973	
2023		110,000		95,118		205,118	
2024		120,000		93,997		213,997	
2025		135,000		92,537		227,537	
2026		155,000		90,619		245,619	
2027 - 2031		1,000,000		403,474		1,403,474	
2032 - 2036		1,330,000		250,950		1,580,950	
2037 - 2041		980,000		45,150		1,025,150	
	\$	3,930,000	\$	1,167,818	\$	5,097,818	

2020A Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2020A

On February 8, 2012, the City of Salinas issued Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 in the amount of \$17,995,000 to provide funds for the current refunding of the City's Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 and to finance capital replacement of existing sewer mains and other sewer related capital replacement. Maximum annual debt service is \$1,022,406, including interest ranging from 1.0% to 4.4% for 30 years. The City is authorized under Chapter 36, Article II, Division 5 of the Salinas City Code, to levy a sewer fee for the purpose of paying sanitary sewer related expenses of the City. On January 10, 2012, the City Council approved adjustments to wastewater collection fees effective February 1, 2012 to reflect the cost of wastewater conveyance through the Enterprise and an amount to cover debt service. The fee is billed by the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency.

On December 20, 2020, the Salinas Public Financing Authority issued City of Salinas Certificates of Participation, Series 2020A totaling \$14,425,000. The Advance Refunding Certificates were issued to refund the 2012 Sewer Bonds. Bond started August 1, 2021 and will end after 21 years on August 1, 2042. The advance refunding of the 2012 Sewer Bonds reduced total debt service payments over the next 21 years by \$3,764,601. This results is an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,346,741. Debt payable of \$14,425,000 is recorded as Business-type Activities at June 30, 2021.

In the event of an event of default, the trustee shall, at written direction of the owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the bonds at the time outstanding, in each case, upon written notice to the City, declare the principal of all the bonds then outstanding, and the interest accrued thereon, to be due and payable immediately.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Debt service requirements and maturity are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	555,000	\$ 302,263	\$	857,263	
2023		560,000	300,293		860,293	
2024		565,000	297,532		862,532	
2025		565,000	293,504		858,504	
2026		565,000	288,233		853,233	
2027 - 2031		2,975,000	1,313,267		4,288,267	
2032 - 2036		3,275,000	991,820		4,266,820	
2037 - 2041		3,720,000	521,586		4,241,586	
2042 - 2046		1,645,000	 48,747		1,693,747	
	\$	14,425,000	\$ 4,357,245	\$	18,782,245	

Conduit Debt

In June 1999, the City of Salinas issued Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A (\$5,310,000 tax-exempt) and 1999A-T (\$390,000 taxable) for the construction of a 132-unit senior apartment project. Twenty percent (20%) of the project is designated to be affordable to seniors. As of June 30, 2021, the total conduit debt outstanding related to these bonds is \$3,310,000.

On June 2007, the City of Salinas issued Economics Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A (\$18,655,000 tax-exempt) and 2007B (\$1,570,000 taxable) for the acquisition of a building located at 1000 Main Street in Salinas. The building is currently leased in part to the County of Monterey Department of Social Services. The project intends to provide monthly rental at below the market value rates to the County of Monterey, a one-million-dollar premise improvement allowance to the Department of Social Services to renovate and upgrade its space in the building and to generate charitable support for the County's residents. The debt was refinanced in 2016 as series 2016A and 2016B. As of June 30, 2021, total conduit debt outstanding related to the Economic Development Revenue Bonds is \$14,980,000.

Pursuant to the bond purchase agreements, the City of Salinas has no obligation related to the repayment of these bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the City's financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

19. <u>Unearned Revenues and Deferred Inflows of Resources, Net of Allowance:</u>

Governmental funds report unearned revenues in connection with funds received, in advance for which assets recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Receivables for revenues not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period are considered unavailable revenues and reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds. Unearned revenues are stated at \$6,987,464, in the Government-Wide Statements. Governmental funds report \$82,464 of unearned revenues and \$10,504,265 of deferred inflows of resources that are not available resources.

Unearned revenues of the governmental activities at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Major funds:	
American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) unearned revenue	\$ 25,783,657
Non-major funds:	
Special Revenue	
KDF Los Padres Dev Social Services	
Unearned revenue	20,472
Grants	
Unearned revenue	 40,027
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,844,156

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Unavailable revenues, net of allowance of the governmental activities at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Major funds: Assessment district debt service unavailable assessments receivable Special Construction Assistance unavailable grants receivable	\$ 8,970,000 4,843,789
Non-major funds:	
Special Revenue	
Vehicle Abatement	
Unavailable grants receivable	35,329
Affordable Housing unavailable housing loans	
Low & moderate incoming housing loans	10,075,821
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	 (10,059,250)
Net affordable housing loans	16,571
Unavailable other revenues	 696,810
Total affordable housing	 713,381
Housing and urban development unavailable housing loans	
Housing rehab loans	1,982,357
First time homebuyers loans	1,197,232
CDBG/home program	19,543,697
Subtotal	22,723,286
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(22,534,475)
Net housing and urban development loans	 188,811
Unavailable grants receivable	1,546,601
Total housing and urban development	1,735,412
Grants	
Unavailable grants receivable	227,321
Capital Project	
Special aviation	
Unavailable grants receivable	 388,729
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,913,961

20. Restricted Net Position:

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$89,496,097 of restricted net position, of which enabling legislation restricts \$1,610,130 represented by the net position held at the Sanitary Sewer Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

21. Fund Balance:

It is the policy of the City to maintain a minimum reserve for a reasonable level of assurance that the City's day-to-day operations will be able to continue even if circumstances occur where revenues are insufficient to cover expenditures. The minimum reserve of the General Fund is 5% of the next year's General Fund annual budgeted operating expenditures, as calculated by the Finance Director. The minimum fund balance is shown as unassigned in the General Fund.

Fund balance for governmental funds as of June 30, 2021 consists of the following:

	General,	Assessn	nent	Special		Other Nonmajor		
	Measure E,	Distri	ct	Construction	ı Go	overnmental		
	& Measure G	Debt Se	rvice	Assistance	Assistance Funds			Total
Nonspendable:								
Loans & Notes Receivable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	16,571	\$	16,571
Due from outside agencies	75,000		-	-		-		75,000
Advances	6,985,000		-	-		-		6,985,000
Land Held for Resale	-		-	-		2,507,553		2,507,553
	7,060,000		-	-		2,524,124		9,584,124
Restricted for:								
Public Safety	-		-	-		1,346,649		1,346,649
Future Development	-		-	-		16,619,826		16,619,826
Maintenance District	-		-	-		8,179,020		8,179,020
Recreation Parks	-		-	-		71,498		71,498
Franchise-Cable	-		-	-		480,323		480,323
Street Repairs	-		-	-		17,014,593		17,014,593
Municipal Arts	-		-	-		10,911		10,911
Grants/Special Projects	-		-	-		3,547,360		3,547,360
Low/Moderate Housing	-		-	-		3,063,693		3,063,693
Capital Projects	-		-	13,786,246		1,313,557		15,099,803
Debt Service		56	7,646		_	4,271,887		4,839,533
		56	7,646	13,786,246		55,919,317		70,273,209
Committed for:								
Capital Projects	2,345,602					2,000,000		4,345,602
Assigned for:								
Other Purposes	6,800,000		-	_		-		6,800,000
Carry over Appropriations	18,279,875		-	-		-		18,279,875
	25,079,875		-	-		_		25,079,875
Unassigned:								
Operations-Reserve	9,552,000		-	-		-		9,552,000
Other Unassigned	20,458,062					(877,889)	_	19,580,173
-	30,010,062		_			(877,889)		29,132,173
Total Fund Balances	\$ 64,495,539	\$ 56	7,646	\$ 13,786,246	\$	59,565,552	\$	138,414,983

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

22. Encumbrance:

The City uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled (executor contracts; and open purchase orders). Commitments for such expenditures of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities but, rather, as restricted, committed, or assigned governmental fund balance.

As of June 30, 2021, total governmental fund encumbrance balances for the City are as follows:

General Fund, Measure E, & Measure G	\$ 2,345,602
Special Construction Assistance	12,664,834
Nonmajor governmental funds	 101,527
	\$ 15,111,963

23. <u>Joint Venture – Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority (Authority):</u>

The Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority, created pursuant to an agreement dated as of January 1, 1997 (the "Authority Agreement) among the County of Monterey, and the cities of Salinas, Gonzales, Greenfield, Soledad, and King City (the "Members"). The Authority was established to acquire and manage the landfill assets of each member, ensure long-term landfill capacity of the Authority service area and provide a unified and coordinated solid waste management for the members.

The Authority is governed by a nine member governing board, consisting of three members of the Salinas City Council, two members of the Monterey County Board of Supervisors, and one member from each patriating city. Pursuant to the Authority Agreement, while the City of Salinas does not have unilateral control over the activities of the Authority, the affirmative vote of at least one member of the Authority Board who is a member of the Salinas City Council is required to approve Board actions.

With the formation of the Authority, each participating jurisdiction contractually agreed to its responsibilities. In addition, the Authority adopted waste delivery agreements with each Member of the Authority. Each member has committed to deliver waste generated within its boundaries to the Authority's solid waste facilities, to direct its franchise/permitted solid waste haulers to dispose of waste at these facilities, and to pay tipping fees set by the Authority to cover all Authority-related costs.

The agreement may be terminated under specific terms of withdrawal, which includes a majority vote of the City Council, repayment of all outstanding debt and funding of closure, post closure and site remediation costs upon withdrawal from or termination of the Authority. The members have made no equity contributions, or have sold their interest in their assets to the Authority, and there is no explicit, measurable equity interest in this joint venture.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City had no measurable equity interest in the Authority and does not receive a share of operating results. The Authority is currently funding the closure, post closure and site remediation costs based on estimates of these future costs.

The Annual Financial Report of the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority is published and available from the Authority Treasurer at the Authority's Finance Department located at 128 Sun Street, Suite 101, Salinas, CA 93901.

On December 6, 2018, the City issued a notice of intention to withdraw from the Joint Powers Agreement (the "Agreement") Pursuant to Section 19 of the Joint Powers Agreement, the notice serves as a one-year notice. The City's notice of intent to withdraw as a member of the Authority merely served as notice to the Authority and its remaining members. The one-year term has passed without any further action from the City or the Authority. However, the City and Authority representatives are working on finding a resolution to the notice.

The City understands and acknowledges its obligation to continue paying its share of the 2014 Bonds as regularly scheduled and agrees to continue paying its share of the obligation after withdrawal from the Authority, should withdrawal occur. In addition, the City understands and acknowledges its obligation to pay its share of financial liability for closure and post-closure and site remediation costs as further described in Section 19(a) of the Agreement. If the City withdraws from the Authority arrangements must be made to meet this obligation.

24. Contingent Liabilities:

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. Although the outcome of those claims and lawsuits are not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney the resolution of these matters are within the self-insured retention and are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

25. Successor Agency to the Salinas Redevelopment Agency:

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Cash and investments at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Cash and investments	\$ 3,107,464
Restricted cash and investments	 1,640,648
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,748,112

Cash and investments of \$1,640,648 recorded as restricted assets are restricted to cover debt service. These funds are held by the City's fiscal agent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Capital Assets</u> – The following is a summary of the Agency's capital assets at June 30, 2021:

	F	Balance			Adjustn	nents/	Balance		
	Jun	e 30, 2020	Ado	litions	Retiren	nents	June	e 30, 2021	
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	149,270	\$		\$		\$	149,270	
Total capital assets	\$	149,270	\$	-	\$	_	\$	149,270	

<u>Long Term Debt</u> – The following is a summary of the long term debt at June 30, 2021:

										e Within
	Jun	e 30, 2020	Incr	reases	I	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2021	C	ne Year
Fiduciary-type Activities										
Loans and Notes Payable:										
Homeless Shelter	\$	157,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	157,500	\$	-
Total Loans & Notes Payable		157,500		-		-		157,500		-
Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:										
Series A-1996		1,750,000		-		(125,000)		1,625,000		130,000
Series A-1992		517,881		-		(184,342)		333,539		172,406
Total Bonds Payable		2,267,881		-		(309,342)		1,958,539		302,406
Subtotal		2,425,381		-		(309,342)		2,116,039		302,406
Unamortized Bond Discount		(35,673)		-		8,919		(26,754)		(8,919)
Fiduciary-type Activities	\$	2,389,708	\$	-	\$	(300,423)	\$	2,089,285	\$	293,487

The annual requirements to amortize loans and notes and bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 by activity are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 302,406	\$ 1,128,660	\$ 1,431,066
2023	296,133	1,132,380	1,428,513
2024	1,360,000	37,400	1,397,400
2029-2041	 157,500	-	157,500
	\$ 2,116,039	\$ 2,298,440	\$ 4,414,479

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Loans and Notes Payable

Homeless Shelter Loan – Green Gold Inn

On March 7, 1995, the Salinas Redevelopment Agency – Central Agency Revitalization Project entered into a funding agreement and received a loan from the City of Salinas Community Development Block Grant Fund for the acquisition of property, Green Gold Inn at 28-32 Soledad Street, to establish a homeless center/shelter. The Agency agreed that the property would be used solely for a homeless center/shelter for a period not less than ten years. If the Agency or the organization holding title to the property disposes of the property or alters the use of the property prior to expiration of the ten year period, the Agency will reimburse the City the full amount of the current fair market value less improvement costs.

Upon completion of the ten-year period, one half of the debt, \$157,500, was forgiven. Upon cessation of the homeless center/shelter operations, the City will be reimbursed the fair market value of the property less the portion of the loan paid and improvement costs.

Debt service requirements for Green Gold Inn homeless center/shelter no interest loan is as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30,		P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total
2029-2041	_	\$	157,500	\$	-	\$ 157,500

Tax Allocation Bonds

On August 28, 1996, the former Salinas Redevelopment Agency issued \$11,145,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-1996. On October 27, 1992, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$6,541,178 of Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-1992. The bonds were issued to complete project improvements in the Central Agency Revitalization Project area. The bonds were repaid from property taxes levied within the Salinas Redevelopment Agency Central City Revitalization Project through January 31, 2012, the dissolution date. This debt is now being paid with taxes received from the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund in accordance with the Recognized Obligation Payments Schedule submitted by the Successor Agency and approved by the State Department of Finance.

The annual debt service requirements for the bonds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ended		TAB Seri	es A-	1996		TAB Series A-1992				
June 30,	J	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest			
2022	\$	130,000	\$	85,800	\$	172,406	\$	1,042,860		
2023		135,000		78,513		161,133		1,053,867		
2024		1,360,000		37,400		_		_		
	\$	1,625,000	\$	201,713	\$	333,539	\$	2,096,727		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Series A-1996 bond issue has a term bond of \$4,510,000 that matures on November 1, 2023. Debt service payments beginning in fiscal year 2011-2012 are deposits into a sinking fund. The term bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity from the sinking fund installments on each November 1 on and after November 1, 2011 without premium according to a specified schedule, which is used in these debt service requirements. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 was \$1,625,000.

The Series A-1992 bond issue has a term bond of \$2,638,475 that matures on November 1, 2022. Debt service payments beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010 are deposits into a sinking fund. The term bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity from the sinking fund installments on each November 1 on and after November 1, 2009 without premium according to a specified schedule that is used in these debt service requirements. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 was \$333,539.

Unamortized Bond Discount

The Statement of Net Position includes an unamortized bond discount of \$35,673 in Debt Payable-Due in More than One Year-Net of Discounts. The 1996 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds were sold at a discount of \$249,729. The discount is being amortized over the life of the bond issue (28 years) at an annual rate of \$8,919.

At June 30, 2021 the 1996 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds unamortized discount was as followed:

	June	30, 2020	Increases		De	creases	June 30, 2021	
Tax Allocation Bond, Series A-1996	\$	35,673	\$	-	\$	(8,919)	\$	26,754

Commitment to Monterey Street Parking Structure – In November 2001, the City Council and the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with Maya Cinema Holding Company LLC for the development of a 14-Screen, 2,916-seat multiplex movie theater complex on the 100 block of Main Street. To serve this and other developments within the 100 blocks, the DDA committed the City/Agency to construct a five-level, 435-space public parking structure on the corner of Monterey Street and Market Street adjacent to the National Steinbeck Center and the Maya Cineplex Theater. The public parking garage opened in June 2005, while the Maya Cinemas Multiplex was completed and opened during July 2005. During FY 2013-14 the Certificates of Participation 2004 that funded the construction of the Monterey Street Parking Structure with a balance of \$13,870,000 at January 2014, was refinanced through the Salinas Facilities Financing Authority by a direct private lease placement with Western Alliance Bancorporation. Because the debt service for the 2004 Certificates was reimbursed to the City from redevelopment tax increment, the savings from the 2004 Certificates was distributed to affected taxing entities as apportioned by the County of Monterey, including a portion for the City, due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency. With this refinancing, the average annual debt service requirement was reduced by approximately \$123,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

26. <u>COVID 19</u>

On Tuesday, March 17, 2020, the City of Salinas declared a local emergency in efforts to limit the impacts and exposure of the COVID-19 Pandemic. Since that time, the City's top priority has been to mitigate the risks to our residents' health and safety during the pandemic.

On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act, which will provide the City with a total of \$51,567,313 in relief funds. The City has received the first half of these funds, with the second half coming in May/June 2022.

On November 16, 2021, a resolution was approved by City Council to authorize establishment of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund and appropriations totaling \$51,567,313, this in accordance with the Salinas Recovery Plan under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021.

Also, subsequent to the fiscal year end, the City was awarded additional grant funds to mitigate the negative effects of the COVID-19 Pandemic including a second phase of the Emergency Rental Assistant Program (ERAP). The purpose of this grant is to distribute funding to provide rental and utility assistance to low-income eligible households located in Monterey County that are facing housing instability because of loss or reduction in income due to the COVID-19 crisis.

On October 26, 2021, a resolution was approved by City Council to accept up to \$10 million of additional round-two ERAP program funds from the United Way of Monterey County.

27. Subsequent Events:

The City has evaluated subsequent events through May XX, 2022, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

BUDGETING

The budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council. The City Council approves operating appropriations at the department and fund level prior to July 1, each year and may amend the budget during the fiscal year. Budgetary control is maintained at the program level. Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

Budgets are legally adopted for all Governmental and Proprietary Fund Types. Fiduciary Funds and Agency Funds have no adopted budgets because the City is only required to make payments to the extent funds are available. Agency Fund budgets that are approved by their respective governing boards are recorded in the City's accounting system.

The City Manager may transfer budget appropriations between departments and Department Directors may transfer appropriations between programs and accounts within their individual departments and divisions, but only the Council may appropriate funds from reserves or fund balances.

Budget policy excludes the use of taxes, accounts receivable, interest receivable assets and long-term advances that are not currently available resources for budget purposes. Condemnation deposits, are also excluded because they are returned upon right of way acquisition.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council during the year. During the year, Council amends the budget with the approval of supplemental appropriations and reviews and amends the budget at mid-year and at year-end.

Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end to the extent they have not been expended. New budget appropriations are approved for the coming year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds and appropriations are carried forward until project completion. Grant funds are carried forward until the grant expires.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

On November 8, 2005, the voters of Salinas approved Measure V, a 0.50% transactions and use tax. Measure V is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund. The tax was effective April 1, 2005 and had an original sunset of ten (10) years. Measure V was revised by the voters on November 6, 2012 eliminating a termination date on the imposition of the tax through Measure E. The Measure E Oversight Committee is a fundamental provision of the voter-approved tax. The Mayor and City Council each annually appoints one member of the public to serve on the Oversight Committee. The committee is responsible for and overseeing the use of Measure E funds to assure consistency with the voter approved tax and the appropriated use of Measure E funds.

On November 4, 2014, the voters of Salinas approved Measure G (For a Safer Better Salinas), a 1.00% transactions and use tax. Measure G is a general tax and is reported as part of the General Fund. The tax was effective April 1, 2015 and had a sunset date of fifteen (15) years. The Measure G Oversight Committee is a fundamental provision of the voter-approved tax. The Mayor and City Council each annually appoints one member of the public to serve on the Oversight Committee. The committees' main responsibilities include the review of the auditor's report of the specific uses of Measure G funds and to issue a public report to the City Council regarding the use of revenue and such other matters as the City Council may assign.

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The adopted FY 2020-21 budget represents the financial and organizational plan by which the policies and programs approved by the City Council will be implemented. It includes: (1) the programs, projects, services and activities to be provided during the fiscal year; (2) estimated revenues available to finance the operating plan; and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan. The City's goals and objectives identified by the City Council in the Strategic Plan thru 2025 was approved on March 8, 2022, following a strategic planning session on December 4, 2021 and are as follows:

- Economic Development
- Affordable Housing
- Infrastructure and Environmental Sustainability
- Excellent Infrastructure
- Public Safety
- Youth and Seniors
- Effective and Culturally Responsive Government

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

On May 25, 2020, the City Council was introduced and reviewed the proposed operating budget for the City of Salinas and Successor Agency. The Salinas City Council adopted FY 2020-21 Annual Operating Budgets on June 8, 2020. Capital project budget is updated annually.

Annual budgets are prepared for General Governmental Funds, Internal Service, Enterprise Operations, Assessment and maintenance Districts, Block Grant and Home programs, certain Grant and City Agencies, Deferred Compensation and Retirement, Debt Service, Successor Agency and Capital Project Funds.

The annual appropriation resolution adopts the budget at an appropriation level by fund, with detail expenditure by departments and programs included in the budget document.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund fund balance increased \$1,409,093 to \$28,739,032, of which \$7,060,000 is Nonspendable, \$1,149,699 is Committed, \$12,023848 is Assigned and \$8,505,485 is Unassigned.

General Fund reserves have been set-aside by Council for specific purposes. Under the Reserved fund balance category, the General Fund Non-spendable fund balance of \$7,060,000 includes Due from outside agencies (\$75,000) and Advances (\$6,985,000). Committed funds balance of \$1,149,699 is designated for future encumbrances. Carryover Appropriations of \$5,223,848, \$2,500,000 assigned to fund the New York Life retirement account, and other purposes of \$4,300,000 are under the \$12,023,848 Assigned fund balance category.

The General Fund unassigned fund balance is made up of \$6,830,000 reserved for operations, coupled with \$1,675,485 of unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2021.

MEASURE E

Measure E is a general tax (discretionary) and is reported as part of the General Fund. The Measure E fund balance increased \$4,168,887 to \$9,600,987, of which \$248,454 is committed for future encumbrances, \$309,259 is assigned and \$9,043,274 is unassigned.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

MEASURE G

Measure G is a general tax (discretionary) and is reported as part of the General Fund. The Measure G fund balance increased \$3,506,538 to \$26,155,520, of which \$947,449 is Committed for future encumbrances, \$12,746,768 is Assigned and \$12,461,303 is Unassigned.

BUDGETARY RESULTS RECONCILED TO GAAP

The budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) basis. The results of operations are presented in the accompanying budget and actual comparison schedules in accordance with the budgetary process (budgetary basis) to provide a meaningful comparison with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis actual and GAAP basis are as follows:

- Year-end encumbrances are recognized as the equivalent of expenditures in the budgetary basis financial statements, while encumbered amounts are not recognized as expenditures on the GAAP basis until the equipment, supplies, or services are received.
- Certain loan transactions are recognized as expenditures for the budgetary basis but not for the GAAP basis. When these loans are made, they are recorded as receivables for the GAAP basis and as expenditures for the budgetary basis. When loan repayments are received, they are recorded as reductions to receivables for the GAAP basis, but are recognized as revenues for the budgetary basis.
- Certain accounts such as the change in fair market value of investments included in the City's GAAP basis amounts, for which no formal budgets are prepared, are excluded from the budgetary basis financial statements.
- Certain grant revenues received in advance are recognized on the budgetary basis financial statements, but are deferred and not recognized as revenue on the GAAP basis financial statements. This process normally creates a variance in recognized revenue from the prior year to the current year.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Policy and Control Budgetary Information Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

BUDGET REVISIONS

The following is a summary of the actions taken after the approval on March 8, 2022 of the midyear adjustments to the fiscal year 2020-21 budget:

• Operating budget increased by \$2.5 million. The Capital Project budget increased in the same mid-year council action by \$1.8 million for a variety of projects.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY POLICY AND CONTROL

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND, MEASURE E, & MEASURE G

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 55,411,021	\$ 55,411,021	\$ 55,411,021	\$ -
Resources (inflows):				
Taxes	117,473,000	125,463,000	144,300,725	18,837,725
Licenses and Permits	772,650	772,650	812,083	39,433
Intergovernmental	362,600	1,272,600	1,557,920	285,320
Charges for Services	4,597,200	4,597,200	4,833,230	236,030
Interest	214,000	214,000	416,580	202,580
Rental Income	362,000	362,000	418,772	56,772
Fines and forfeits	340,000	340,000	275,938	(64,062)
Miscellaneous	1,860,000	1,560,000	890,277	(669,723)
Operating Transfers In	4,088,300	4,088,300	6,096,486	2,008,186
Total Resources	130,069,750	138,669,750	159,602,011	20,932,261
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
General Government	18,417,526	19,823,494	28,416,370	(8,592,876)
Public Safety	76,519,513	80,189,658	79,299,704	889,954
Public Works	12,039,069	12,878,804	11,702,609	1,176,195
Recreation	4,123,152	4,026,596	2,647,436	1,379,160
Library	5,140,656	5,202,751	4,166,610	1,036,141
Capital Outlay	525,267	797,200	599,877	197,323
Transfers Out	17,344,496	41,509,152	23,684,887	17,824,265
Total Charges to Appropriations	134,109,679	164,427,655	150,517,493	13,910,162
Excess of Resources Over (Under)				
Charges to Appropriations	(4,039,929)	(25,757,905)	9,084,518	34,842,423
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 51,371,092	\$ 29,653,116	\$ 64,495,539	\$ 34,842,423

CITY OF SALINAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY POLICY AND CONTROL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE E FUND

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 5,432,100	\$ 5,432,100	\$ 5,432,100	\$ -
Resources (inflows):				
Taxes	10,562,000	12,033,000	15,042,746	3,009,746
Interest	60,000	60,000	17,417	(42,583)
Miscellaneous	-	-	24,563	24,563
Transfers In	700,000	700,000	700,000	
Total Resources	11,322,000	12,793,000	15,784,726	2,991,726
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
General Government	415,766	424,266	402,146	22,120
Public Safety	4,367,715	4,475,720	4,164,403	311,317
Public Works	947,294	952,594	773,718	178,876
Recreation	1,451,588	1,432,378	1,040,353	392,025
Library	5,140,656	5,202,751	4,166,610	1,036,141
Capital Outlay	83,000	77,210	77,264	(54)
Transfers Out	1,218,700	1,750,151	991,345	758,806
Total Charges to Appropriations	13,624,719	14,315,070	11,615,839	2,699,231
Excess of Resources Over (Under)				
Charges to Appropriations	(2,302,719)	(1,522,070)	4,168,887	5,690,957
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 3,129,381	\$ 3,910,030	\$ 9,600,987	\$ 5,690,957

CITY OF SALINAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY POLICY AND CONTROL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

MEASURE G FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 22,648,982	\$ 22,648,982	\$ 22,648,982	\$ -
Resources (inflows):				
Taxes	20,878,000	23,820,000	30,232,358	6,412,358
Interest	150,000	150,000	95,788	(54,212)
Total Resources	21,028,000	23,970,000	30,328,146	6,358,146
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
General Government	1,354,090	1,358,859	1,344,574	14,285
Public Safety	11,694,818	11,842,027	12,108,276	(266,249)
Public Works	1,243,080	1,328,020	1,058,249	269,771
Recreation	1,168,731	1,142,831	824,280	318,551
Capital Outlay	108,300	131,262	173,063	(41,801)
Transfers Out	9,201,444	24,185,225	11,313,166	12,872,059
Total Charges to Appropriations	24,770,463	39,988,224	26,821,608	13,166,616
Excess of Resources Over (Under)				
Charges to Appropriations	(3,742,463)	(16,018,224)	3,506,538	19,524,762
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 18,906,519	\$ 6,630,758	\$ 26,155,520	\$ 19,524,762

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS-GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	2021
Net earned required contribution	_	010 555	_	0.50.505	_	051 505	_	1.002.207	_	1 010 070	_	1.051.505	_	0.50.7.50	_	242.224	_	252101	25.000
and investment revenues	\$	910,555	\$	952,735	\$	971,785	\$	1,892,297	\$	1,019,378	\$	1,074,526	\$	863,563	\$	342,324	\$	263,104	\$ 276,393
Unallocated expenses		350,753		338,630		353,537		334,291		339,171		314,127		374,303		651,645		748,046	1,090,415
Estimated incurred claims and expe	enses,																		
end of policy year		83,079		522,131		161,668		965,536		234,565		36,271		7,532		892,986		4,006	53,317
Paid Claims as of:																			
End of policy year		7,665		30,214		18,140		55,188		116,262		15,603		6,310		75,401		3,618	2,999
One year later		245,112		172,798		635,352		282,538		20,991		227,379		22,088		387,594		7,635	
Two years later		466,599		375,290		842,560		570,687		64,153		846,232		285,818		2,660,599			
Three years later		983,571		1,021,746		1,345,021		679,871		65,043		947,734		340,771					
Four years later	1	1,081,157		1,133,620		1,635,636		732,404		66,412		1,019,825							
Five years later		935,894		1,135,208		1,676,450		779,178		835,586									
Six years later		935,894		1,217,035		1,926,852		788,081											
Seven years later		935,894		1,332,414		1,926,852													
Eight years later		935,894		1,375,687															
Nine years later		935,894																	
Reestimated incurred claims and ex	xpenses	s:																	
End of policy year	•	83,079		522,131		161,668		965,536		234,565		36,271		7,532		892,986		4,006	53,317
One year later		870,512		638,797		2,233,535		1,390,213		194,433		357,416		796,619		1,583,466		42,411	
Two years later		942,962		1,085,173		2,280,849		1,554,039		79,955		1,714,261		327,418		3,952,801			
Three years later	1	1,371,990		1,046,887		1,960,665		730,656		94,678		949,419		666,518					
Four years later	1	1,439,018		1,549,402		1,748,340		1,296,507		80,580		1,041,511							
Five years later		935,894		1,697,321		1,742,087		1,091,507		835,586									
Six years later		934,894		9,802,320		1,930,214		1,121,507											
Seven years later		935,894		5,399,014		1,926,852													
Eight years later		935,894		1,399,014															
Nine years later		935,894																	
Increase/(Decrease) in estimated in	curred	claims and	expe	nses															
End of policy year		852,815	-	876,883		1,765,184		155,971		601,021		1,005,241		658,986		3,059,815		38,405	-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS-WORKERS COMPENSATION INSURANCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018		2019	2020	 2021
Net earned required contribution									-			
and investment revenues	\$ 9,173,838	\$ 7,472,705	\$ 4,377,425	\$ 6,130,921	\$ 13,748,053	\$ 4,743,27	6 \$	4,922,253	\$	6,079,547	\$ 10,151,619	\$ 8,119,793
Unallocated expenses	292,754	323,122	360,203	335,408	471,472	334,54	-2	1,056,134		210,341	436,618	323,042
Estimated incurred claims and												
expenses, end of policy year	1,720,157	2,243,630	1,666,909	1,432,029	813,874	953,54	5	1,284,514		1,222,180	1,638,983	4,366,805
Paid claims (cumulative) as of:												
End of policy year	533,708	646,857	950,284	334,254	333,561	357,39	0	346,475		722,652	567,497	1,420,172
One year later	1,864,818	1,634,364	1,371,978	1,597,521	1,061,264	1,070,98	3	1,177,834		1,580,493	1,844,018	
Two years later	2,854,520	1,959,739	1,927,023	2,162,775	1,602,857	1,997,60	7	1,617,945		1,987,948		
Three years later	3,136,125	2,340,805	2,409,062	2,554,090	1,895,742	2,329,30	8	1,937,327				
Four years later	3,456,515	2,907,257	2,621,000	2,706,246	2,014,757	2,558,33	2					
Five years later	3,656,404	3,137,059	2,699,388	2,878,566	2,044,352							
Six years later	3,941,332	4,169,602	2,783,374	2,985,635								
Seven years later	4,403,885	4,208,586	3,670,222									
Eight years later	5,146,241	4,235,413										
Nine years later	5,375,751											
Reestimated incurred claims and ex	openses:											
End of policy year	1,720,157	2,243,630	1,666,909	1,432,029	813,874	953,54	.5	1,284,514		1,222,180	1,638,983	4,366,805
One year later	4,335,777	3,285,111	2,218,693	2,641,671	1,711,199	1,934,39	0	1,833,783		2,488,357	3,759,255	
Two years later	4,746,128	3,764,688	3,204,843	3,520,776	2,433,616	2,924,69	6	2,290,339		3,269,045		
Three years later	4,801,869	4,196,279	3,674,042	3,793,217	2,406,924	2,932,14	.7	3,249,184				
Four years later	4,995,945	4,760,993	3,643,183	3,694,285	2,505,621	3,111,76	3					
Five years later	4,894,789	4,849,355	3,745,001	3,718,134	2,618,375							
Six years later	5,124,129	5,004,810	4,104,444	3,971,493								
Seven years later	5,937,210	4,612,669	3,971,493									
Eight years later	5,912,693	4,625,068										
Nine years later	6,036,306											
Increase/(Decrease) in estimated in	curred claims and	d expenses										
End of policy year	4,316,149	2,381,438	2,304,584	2,539,464	1,804,501	2,158,21	8	1,964,670		2,046,865	2,120,272	-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

${\bf AGENT\ MULTIPLE\text{-}EMPLOYER\ DEFINED\ BENEFIT\ PENSION\ PLAN\ -\ MISCELLANEOUS\ PLAN\ }$

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

Fiscal Year	2020-21 Miscellaneous	2019-20 Miscellaneous	2018-19 Miscellaneous	2017-18 Miscellaneous	2016-17 Miscellaneous	2015-16 Miscellaneous	2014-15 Miscellaneous
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY							
Service Cost	\$ 3,162,904	\$ 3,157,247	\$ 3,099,429	\$ 2,873,548	\$ 2,135,480	\$ 2,197,484	\$ 2,331,545
Interest on Total Pension Liability	8,959,786	8,430,817	7,806,166	7,282,974	6,801,939	6,445,778	6,154,034
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between Expected and							
Actual Experience	588,822	2,005,995	1,457,261	489,759	(996,921)	(1,789,044)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	(752,607)	6,388,079	-	(1,686,636)	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of							
Employee Contributions	(5,107,076)	(4,456,008)	(3,952,236)	(3,361,268)	(3,116,204)	(2,803,130)	(2,673,091)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	7,604,436	9,138,051	7,658,013	13,673,092	4,824,294	2,364,452	5,812,488
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	125,694,950	116,556,899	108,898,886	95,225,794	90,401,500	88,037,048	82,224,560
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	133,299,386	125,694,950	116,556,899	108,898,886	95,225,794	90,401,500	88,037,048
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				·			
Contributions - Employer	7,793,322	3,511,716	3,133,948	3,232,477	2,635,818	2,037,528	2,010,590
Contributions - Employee	1,411,627	1,501,635	1,403,836	1,331,850	1,339,737	987,786	959,420
Net Investment Income	4,662,415	5,681,706	6,712,207	7,844,830	375,028	1,500,373	9,911,526
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds							
of Employee Contributions	(5,107,076)	(4,456,008)	(3,952,236)	(3,361,268)	(3,116,204)	(2,803,130)	(2,673,091)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	383,290	-	(199)	-	365	-	-
Administrative Expense	(129,381)	(61,083)	(122,563)	(102,919)	(41,756)	(77,059)	-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		199	(232,749)				
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	9,014,197	6,178,165	6,942,244	8,944,970	1,192,988	1,645,498	10,208,445
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	91,773,349	85,595,184	78,652,940	69,707,970	68,514,982	66,869,484	56,661,039
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	100,787,546	91,773,349	85,595,184	78,652,940	69,707,970	68,514,982	66,869,484
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending							
(a)-(b)	\$ 32,511,840	\$ 33,921,601	\$ 30,961,715	\$ 30,245,946	\$ 25,517,824	\$ 21,886,518	\$ 21,167,564
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage							
of the Total Pension Liability	75.61%	73.01%	73.44%	72.23%	73.20%	75.79%	75.96%
Covered Employee Payroll*	\$ 20,946,385	\$ 20,634,254	\$ 20,051,944	\$ 18,618,295	\$ 15,300,421	\$ 15,513,480	\$ 15,831,777
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a							
Percentage of Covered-Employee							
Payroll	155.21%	164.39%	154.41%	162.45%	166.78%	141.08%	133.70%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019 or 2020. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

^{*} For the year ending on the measurement date

[^] Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ THE\ CITY'S\ PENSION\ PLAN\ CONTRIBUTIONS\ AND\ NOTES\ -\ MISCELLANEOUS\ PLAN}$

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

Fiscal Year	M	2020-21 Iiscellanous	N	2019-20 Iiscellanous	2018-19 Miscellanous	2017-18 Miscellanous	2016-17 Miscellanous	2015-16 Miscellanous	2014-15 Miscellanous
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	4,273,977 4,273,977	\$	3,857,093 7,788,891	\$ 3,511,716 3,511,716	\$ 3,133,731 3,133,731	\$ 3,231,650 3,231,650	\$ 2,635,818 2,635,818	\$ 2,037,528 2,037,528
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	(3,931,798)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Employee Payroll*	\$	20,882,844	\$	20,508,948	\$ 21,485,315	\$ 20,577,688	\$ 19,120,162	\$ 16,519,247	\$ 13,444,769
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		20.47%		37.98%	16.34%	15.23%	16.90%	15.96%	15.15%

[^]Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

Notes to Schedules

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarilly determined contributions for the fiscal year 2020-21 were from the June 30, 2018 Valuations.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report
Asset Valuation Method	Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report
Inflation	2.625%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll Growth	2.875%
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation.
Retirement Age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

For changes to previous year's information, refer to prior year financial statement schedules.

^{*}For the fiscal year ending on the date shown

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - POLICE PLAN SCHEDULE OF CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

Fiscal Year	2020-21 Police	2019-20 Police	2018-19 Police	2017-18 Police	2016-17 Police	2015-16 Police	2014-15 Police
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY							
Service Cost	\$ 6,156,433	\$ 6,076,786	\$ 5,603,486	\$ 5,171,913	\$ 4,462,598	\$ 4,440,981	\$ 4,932,982
Interest on Total Pension Liability	22,017,085	21,051,415	19,772,458	18,658,643	17,933,618	17,475,350	17,097,550
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between Expected and							
Actual Experience	1,696,481	6,664,829	6,096,574	(2,807)	(4,299,665)	(5,739,808)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	(1,307,343)	16,117,523	-	(4,436,648)	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of							
Employee Contributions	(15,680,099)	(15,037,162)	(13,742,608)	(12,772,896)	(11,890,953)	(11,383,179)	(10,895,705)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	14,189,900	18,755,868	16,422,567	27,172,376	6,205,598	356,696	11,134,827
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	310,996,624	292,240,756	275,818,189	248,645,813	242,440,215	242,083,519	230,948,692
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	325,186,524	310,996,624	292,240,756	275,818,189	248,645,813	242,440,215	242,083,519
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION							
Contributions - Employer	10,297,024	9,485,870	8,260,458	7,798,560	6,462,584	5,540,793	5,285,903
Contributions - Employee	1,946,146	1,993,713	1,816,971	1,625,541	1,512,655	1,350,215	1,375,826
Net Investment Income	9,999,235	12,630,434	15,347,329	18,439,075	800,238	3,733,737	25,664,291
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds							
of Employee Contributions	(15,680,099)	(15,037,162)	(13,742,608)	(12,772,896)	(11,890,953)	(11,383,179)	(10,895,705)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	(383,290)	-	(447)	-	19,216	-	-
Administrative Expense	(283,165)	(136,963)	(282,146)	(245,410)	(103,251)	(190,690)	-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		444	(535,801)				
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	5,895,851	8,936,336	10,863,756	14,844,870	(3,199,511)	(949,124)	21,430,315
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	200,863,252	191,926,916	181,063,160	166,218,290	169,417,801	170,366,925	148,936,610
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	206,759,103	200,863,252	191,926,916	181,063,160	166,218,290	169,417,801	170,366,925
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending							
(a)-(b)	\$ 118,427,421	\$ 110,133,372	\$ 100,313,840	\$ 94,755,029	\$ 82,427,523	\$ 73,022,414	\$ 71,716,594
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage							
of the Total Pension Liability	63.58%	64.59%	65.67%	65.65%	66.85%	69.88%	70.38%
Covered Employee Payroll*	\$ 19,776,528	\$ 19,051,278	\$ 17,967,376	\$ 16,214,420	\$ 15,715,033	\$ 15,494,316	\$ 16,589,818
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a							
Percentage of Covered-Employee							
Payroll	598.83%	578.09%	558.31%	584.39%	524.51%	471.29%	432.29%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019 or 2020. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

^{*} For the year ending on the measurement date

[^] Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES - POLICE PLAN

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

Fiscal Year	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
	Police						
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 11,629,887	\$ 10,297,024	\$ 9,481,034	\$ 8,260,675	\$ 7,799,085	\$ 6,462,584	\$ 5,540,793
Actuarially Determined Contribution	11,629,887	10,296,552	9,481,034	8,260,675	7,799,085	6,462,584	5,540,793
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ 472	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Employee Payroll*	\$ 20,148,949	\$ 19,396,047	\$ 19,620,883	\$ 18,758,911	\$ 17,091,655	\$ 16,062,098	\$ 14,664,280
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	57.72%	53.09%	48.32%	44.04%	45.63%	40.23%	37.78%

[^]Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

Notes to Schedules

The actuarial methods and assumptions	s used to set the actuarilly determined contributions for the fiscal year 2020-21 were from the June 30, 2018 Valuations.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report
Asset Valuation Method	Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report
Inflation	2.625%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll Growth	2.875%
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation.
Retirement Age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

For changes to previous year's information, refer to prior year financial statement schedules.

^{*}For the fiscal year ending on the date shown

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COST -SHARING SAFETY MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE PLAN'S (PERF C)

NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

	Fire (Tier 1 & Tier 2)												
Fiscal Year Measurement Date	2020-21 06/30/2020	2019-20 06/30/2019	2018-19 06/30/2018		2017-18 06/30/2017		2016-17 06/30/2016		2015-16 06/30/2015		2014-15 06/30/2014		
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.483764%	0.467722%	0.469674%		0.580096%		0.600385%		0.643619%		0.641945%		
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 52,635,552	\$ 47,927,704	\$45,259,034	\$	57,529,594	\$	51,951,899	\$	44,177,449	\$	39,944,785		
City's Covered - Employee Payroll*	11,013,870	10,748,465	9,763,022		9,636,368		9,436,688		9,158,594		9,531,935		
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a													
percentage of Covered Payroll	477.90%	445.90%	463.58%		597.00%		550.53%		482.36%		419.06%		
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Plan's	75.10%	75.26%	75.26%		73.31%		74.06%		78.40%		79.82%		
Total Pension Liability													

[^]Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

^{*} For the year ending on the measurement date

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

	Fire (Tier 1 & Tier 2)										
Fiscal Year	 2020-21		2019-20	2018-19	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 5,708,093	\$	5,058,738	\$ 4,369,284	\$ 5,440,481	\$	5,132,440	\$	4,732,759	\$	3,811,507
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 5,708,093		5,058,738	4,369,284	16,741,091		5,132,440		4,732,759		3,811,507
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (11,300,610)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
City's Covered-Employee Payroll*	\$ 11,387,448	\$	11,013,870	\$ 10,748,465	\$ 9,763,022	\$	9,636,368	\$	9,436,688	\$	9,158,594
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	50.13%		45.93%	40.65%	171.47%		53.26%		50.15%		41.62%

[^]Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

^{*}For the fiscal year ending on the date shown

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SINGLE - EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

Fiscal Year	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service Cost	\$ 325,385	\$ 232,193	\$ 302,184	\$ 279,000	\$ 336,000	\$ 436,000
Interest	506,095	684,730	679,330	537,000	655,000	676,000
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	531,000	-
Actual vs. expected experience	-	889,365	-	2,172,000	-	-
Assumption changes	907,299	217,496	-	(106,000)	-	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions	(9,126,048)	(1,305,661)	(199,769)	(3,508,000)	(87,000)	(3,139,000)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(7,387,269)	718,123	781,745	(626,000)	1,435,000	(2,027,000)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	21,277,868	20,559,745	19,778,000	20,404,000	18,969,000	20,996,000
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	13,890,599	21,277,868	20,559,745	19,778,000	20,404,000	18,969,000
CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION						
Contributions - Employer	8,030,028	2,919,589	1,927,686	1,654,000	1,483,000	1,340,000
Contributions - Employee	52,751	71,806	70,043	69,000	82,000	77,000
Net Investment Income	338,833	503,893	60,254	(506,000)	84,000	(85,000)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions	(9,126,048)	(1,305,661)	(199,769)	(3,508,000)	(87,000)	(3,139,000)
Administrative Expense	(18,582)	(19,188)	(54,195)	(75,000)	(83,000)	(100,000)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(723,018)	2,170,439	1,804,019	(2,366,000)	1,479,000	(1,907,000)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	6,634,458	4,464,019	2,660,000	5,026,000	3,547,000	5,454,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	5,911,440	6,634,458	4,464,019	2,660,000	5,026,000	3,547,000
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending						
(a)-(b)	\$ 7,979,159	\$ 14,643,410	\$16,095,726	\$ 17,118,000	\$ 15,378,000	\$ 15,422,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the Total Pension Liability	42.56%	31.18%	21.71%	13.45%	24.63%	18.70%
Covered Employee Payroll*	\$ 1,176,879	\$ 1,628,432	\$ 1,610,679	\$ 1,649,359	\$ 1,461,000	\$ 1,738,432
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a						
Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	677.99%	899.23%	999.31%	1037.86%	1052.57%	887.12%

^{*} For the 12 month period ended on August 31 of the measurement date year

[^] Fiscal year 2016 was the 1st year of implementation

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS^

Fiscal Year	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18*	2016-17*	2015-16*
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 4,252,000	\$ 4,114,000	\$2,000,000	\$ 1,932,000	\$ 1,583,000	\$ 1,520,000
Actuarially Determined Contribution	10,212,240	5,573,828	2,135,107	1,614,000	1,571,000	1,107,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (5,960,240)	\$ (1,459,828)	\$ (135,107)	\$ 318,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 413,000
City's Covered-Employee Payroll**	\$ 804,977	\$ 1,273,326	\$1,664,538	\$ 1,693,493	\$ 1,796,000	\$ 1,872,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1268.64%	437.74%	128.27%	95.31%	87.47%	59.13%

[^]Fiscal year 2016 was the 1st year of implementation

Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Methods and assumptions for 2020-21 Actuarially Determined Contribution
Valuation Date	• September 1, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Aggregate Cost Method
Amortization Method/Period	• N/A
Asset Valuation Method	 Cash value as reported by New York Life Investment Management LLC
Discount Rate	• 3.40%
General Inflation	• 2.25%
Salary Increases	 Aggregate - 2.5% annually Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality	 CalPERS 1997-2015 Expereince Study
Mortality Improvement	 Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019

^{*}Rounded to the nearest thousand of a dollar

^{**}For the fiscal year ending on the date shown

CITY OF SALINAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF MEASUREMENT DATE

LAST 10 YEARS^

	Fis	cal Year End	Fis	cal Year End	Fis	cal Year End	Fise	cal Year End
		06/30/21		06/30/20		06/30/19		06/30/18
Measurement Date		06/30/20	-	06/30/19		06/30/18		06/30/17
Changes in total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	1,169,996	\$	1,065,470	\$	1,085,475	\$	1,209,000
Interest		974,493		1,143,094		1,064,391		951,000
Changes in benefits terms		-		574,467		-		-
Actual vs expected experience		-		(4,138,016)		-		-
Assumption changes		4,678,007		1,474,189		(609,871)		(1,765,000)
Benefit payments including refunds		(676,514)		(945,329)		(915,000)		(861,000)
Net changes in total OPEB liability		6,145,982	-	(826,125)		624,995		(466,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		21,673,870		22,499,995		21,875,000		22,341,000
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	27,819,852	\$	21,673,870	\$	22,499,995	\$	21,875,000
Changes in plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	931,063	\$	1,195,329	\$	1,165,000	\$	1,111,000
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		102,633		152,998		159,215		171,000
Benefit payments and refunds		(676,514)		(945,329)		(915,000)		(861,000)
Administrative expenses		(5,988)		(541)		(3,619)		(1,000)
Other changes		-		-				_
Net changes in plan fiduciary net position		351,194		402,457		405,596		420,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year		2,707,053		2,304,596		1,899,000		1,479,000
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$	3,058,247	\$	2,707,053	\$	2,304,596	\$	1,899,000
Net OPEB liability								
Total OPEB liability	\$	27,819,852	\$	21,673,870	\$	22,499,995	\$	21,875,000
Plan fiduciary net position		3,058,247		2,707,053		2,304,596		1,899,000
Net OPEB liability	\$	24,761,605	\$	18,966,817	\$	20,195,399	\$	19,976,000
Net OPEB liability funded percentage		11.0%		12.5%		10.2%		8.7%
Covered employee payroll *	\$	64,146,096	\$	64,026,542	\$	62,965,263	\$	48,821,000
Net OPEB liability as a percent of covered-employee payroll		38.6%		29.6%		32.1%		40.9%

 $^{^{\}wedge}$ Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation.

^{*} For the year ending on the measurement date.

CITY OF SALINAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2021 LAST 10 YEARS^

Contributions for the fiscal year ended:	06/30/21	06/30/20	06/30/19	06/30/18			
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	\$ 1,997,000	\$ 1,938,000	\$ 2,322,000	\$	2,188,000		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially							
determined contribution	959,007	931,063	1,195,329		1,165,000		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,037,993	\$ 1,006,937	\$ 1,126,671	\$	1,023,000		
City's covered-employee payroll *	\$ 64,469,561	\$ 64,146,096	\$ 64,026,452	\$	51,530,000		
Contributions as a percentage of							
covered-employee payroll	1.5%	1.5%	1.9%		2.3%		

[^] Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation.

Notes to Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions

Methods and Assumptions for 2019/20 Actuarially Determined Contribution

Valuation date • June 30, 2019

Actuarial cost method • Entry age normal, level percentage of pay

Amortization method • Level percentage of pay

Amortization period • 14 years remaining as of June 30, 2020

Assets valuation method • Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount rate • 6.75%

General inflation • 2.75%

Medical trend • Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2015 exp CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study

Mortality Improvement

• Mortality projected fully Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019

^{*} For the fiscal year ended on the date shown.



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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The Special Revenue Funds used by the City in this report are as follows:

<u>Lighting</u>, <u>Landscape and Maintenance District</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from the various maintenance districts throughout the City. Funds are used to pay for the lighting and landscape maintenance of the respective districts.

<u>Local Public Safety Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from federal and state grants, which are expended to enhance law enforcement services.

<u>Development Fees</u> - This fund accounts for the fees that subdividers and developers of property are required to pay, by Resolution 3823 (N.C.S.), covering traffic impact, annexation, use of existing or new sewers, storm drains, park facilities, library facilities and street trees.

<u>Gas Tax</u> - This fund accounts for gas tax revenues received from State apportionments of gasoline taxes. Expenditures are restricted to street maintenance and street improvements. No expenditures are made directly from this fund, but transfers are made to the General Fund for street maintenance and engineering salaries and to the Capital Projects Fund for street improvements based on actual expenditures.

<u>Emergency Medical Services Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from County Service Area (CSA) 74. Funds are used to purchase emergency medical and safety equipment under the capital improvement program.

<u>Asset Seizure</u> - This fund accounts for the proceeds from sale of assets seized primarily from illegal narcotics activity. These funds are used for law enforcement.

<u>Traffic Safety</u> - This fund accounts for revenues derived from traffic violations whose use is restricted by State statute for traffic safety and street maintenance purposes. No expenditures are made directly from this fund, but transfers are made to the General Fund for traffic safety expenditures and street maintenance.

<u>Vehicle Abatement</u> - This fund accounts for monies allocated by the State to fund the vehicle abatement program.

<u>Recreation Parks Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received from an admission fee charge that is imposed to events held at the Salinas Sports Complex (Rodeo Grounds stadium). Funds are designated for Parks and Recreation activities.

<u>Cable</u> - This funds accounts for revenues received for public, educational and governmental (PEG) fees from video service providers. Its use is restricted to provide non-commercial public, educational and government channels.

<u>Municipal Art</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received from a 0.5% charge on certain City capital improvement projects. Funds are designated for spending on public art to be located in public places throughout the City.

<u>Contributions and Donations</u> - This fund accounts for contributions and donations from different individuals and agencies to the Library, Rec-Park, Fire and Police Department. Use of the funds are restricted for use of the appropriate Department.

<u>KDF Los Padres Dev Social Services</u> - This fund accounts for social services provided by the City of Salinas to lower income residents of the Development. On June 1, 2003, the Salinas Redevelopment Agency, the City of Salinas and the KDF Los Padres, L.P. entered into a loan agreement where loan payments will be collected annually by the City and used to provide recreational and social services to lower income residents of the Development. Term of the loan is 55 years commencing in 2006. Payment will increase by 3% annually.

Measure X Transport Safety & Inv Plan Fund - This fund accounts for revenues allocated by TAMC from the transportation sales and use tax. Expenditures are restricted to road improvements, pothole repairs, street and road maintenance, traffic deduction and regional safety, mobility and walkability.

<u>SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehab & SB1 Traffic Congestion Relief</u> - This fund accounts for gas tax revenues received from State apportionments of an increased tax on gasoline and a new vehicle license fee from Senate Bill 1 (SB 1), the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. Expenditures are restricted to street maintenance and street improvements including facilities for bicycles and pedestrians. No expenditures are made directly from this fund, but transfers are made to the General Fund for street maintenance and engineering salaries and to the Capital Projects Fund for street improvements based on actual expenditures.

<u>SRA Public Improvement Grant - This fund accounts for the use of monies received from proceeds of the land sale located in Main Street where the "Taylor Farms" headquarters is constructed and other properties held for re-sale.</u>

<u>Affordable Housing Fund</u> - These funds are used to improve and increase the supply of low income housing within the City.

<u>Housing and Urban Development Grant</u> - This fund accounts for the use of community development block grant funds received from the federal government. Other revenues in this fund include repayments of commercial and residential loans and rental income from City property. Funds are used for programs or projects that increase affordable housing and benefit people with special needs such as senior and handicapped citizens.

<u>Grants Fund</u> - This fund accounts for various minor grants received for purposes ranging from library to police operations.

Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") - This fund accounts for monies awarded through the state's Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF) and funded entirely through the federal stimulus funding under the CARES Act provided by the U.S. Department of Treasury (US Treasury) to the Governor via the Office of Financial Management (OFM). The City of Salinas allocation was determined by the OFM. The Coronavirus Relief Funds may only be used for costs incurred by local governments in response to the COVID-19 public health emergency during the period of March 1, 2020, thru October 31, 2020.

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	I M		Local Public Safety	D	evelopment Fees	Gas Tax		mergency Medical Services	Asset Seizure	Traffic Safety
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	8,313,499	\$ 633,694	\$	16,730,463	\$	1,838,922	\$ 103,571	\$ 127,945	\$ -
Receivables, net:		5.020	40		11.574		1.551		252	
Accrued interest		5,820	40		11,574		1,551	-	252	-
Due from outside agencies		-	106,859		-		379,844	-	-	66,063
Advances to other agency		-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Loan receivables		-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Land and properties held for resale			 				-	 	 	
Total assets	\$	8,319,319	\$ 740,593	\$	16,742,037	\$	2,220,317	\$ 103,571	\$ 128,197	\$ 66,063
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	89,018	\$ 165	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 43,169	\$ 4,015	\$ 9,873
Due to other funds		51,281	-		122,211		1,295	-	-	15,133
Unearned revenues		-	_		_		-	 -	 	 -
Total liabilities		140,299	165		122,211		1,295	43,169	 4,015	 25,006
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - housing loans		-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Unavailable revenues - accrued interest		-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Unavailable revenues - grants Total deferred inflows			 					 	 	
of resources		-	-		-		-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE	-									
Nonspendable		_	_		_		_	_	_	_
Restricted		8,179,020	740,428		16,619,826		2,219,022	60,402	124,182	41,057
Unassigned		-	-		-,,		-	-	-	-
Total fund balances		8,179,020	740,428		16,619,826		2,219,022	60,402	124,182	41,057
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	8,319,319	\$ 740,593	\$	16,742,037	\$	2,220,317	\$ 103,571	\$ 128,197	\$ 66,063

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Vehicle batement	ecreation Parks		Cable	Municipal Art			ntributions Donations	Ι	KDF os Padres Dev Social Services	7	Ieasure X Fransport Safety & Inv Plan
ASSETS						¢ 10.011							
Cash and investments Receivables, net: Accrued interest	\$	355,765	\$ 72,597	\$	481,385	\$	10,911	\$	186,287	\$	293,697 199	\$	8,498,579 5,396
Due from outside agencies		68,818	_		44,797		_		_		-		1,415,896
Advances to other agency		-	_				_		_		_		-
Loan receivables		_	_		_		_		_		_		_
Land and properties held for resale		-	_		-		-		-		-		_
Total assets	\$	424,583	\$ 72,597	\$	526,182	\$	10,911	\$	186,287	\$	293,896	\$	9,919,871
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	8,674	\$ 1,099	\$	45,859	\$	-	\$	-	\$	105	\$	-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-		-		-		783,795
Unearned revenues		-	 -				-		-		20,472		
Total liabilities	-	8,674	 1,099		45,859		-		-		20,577		783,795
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenues - housing loans		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - accrued interest		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - grants		35,329	 						-				
Total deferred inflows		25 220											
of resources		35,329	 				<u> </u>						
FUND BALANCE													
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-		106.207		-		- 126076
Restricted		380,580	71,498		480,323		10,911		186,287		273,319		9,136,076
Unassigned			 										
Total fund balances		380,580	 71,498		480,323	-	10,911		186,287		273,319		9,136,076
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	424,583	\$ 72,597	\$	526,182	\$	10,911	\$	186,287	\$	293,896	\$	9,919,871

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	~	SB1 Road intenance & Rehab		B1 Traffic Congestion Relief	P	SRA ublic Impvt Grant	 Affordable Housing	Housing and Urban evelopment Grant	 Grants	CARES Act	Total
ASSETS	ф	1 7 11 510	4	T = = 100		1 522 244	2.0.52.050	200.015	4 520 505		10.250.120
Cash and investments	\$	4,541,619	\$	566,482	\$	1,623,341	\$ 3,062,870	\$ 288,017	\$ 1,528,795	\$ -	\$ 49,258,439
Receivables, net: Accrued interest		2.092		384		1 114	715 502	106			744 021
Due from outside agencies		2,983 548,027		384		1,114	715,502	4,272,638	664,907	-	744,921 7,567,849
Advances to other agency		346,027		-		_	-	4,272,038	004,907	-	7,307,649
Loan receivables		_		_		_	16,571	188,811	_	_	205,382
Land and properties held for resale		-		-		850,000	1,657,553	-	-	-	2,507,553
Total assets	\$	5,092,629	\$	566,866	\$	2,474,455	\$ 5,452,496	\$ 4,749,572	\$ 2,193,702	\$ -	\$ 60,284,144
LIABILITIES							 				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,298	\$ 838,457	\$ 90,229	\$ -	\$ 1,131,961
Due to other funds		-		-		-	-	3,051,414	372,826	-	4,397,955
Unearned revenues						_	-	 -	40,027	 -	 60,499
Total liabilities		-		-		-	 1,298	 3,889,871	 503,082	 -	 5,590,415
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenues - housing loans		-		-		-	16,571	188,811	-	-	205,382
Unavailable revenues - accrued interest		-		-		-	696,810	-	-	-	696,810
Unavailable revenues - grants							 	 1,546,601	 227,321	 -	 1,809,251
Total deferred inflows of resources							 713,381	 1,735,412	 227,321	 -	 2,711,443
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable		-		-		850,000	1,674,124	-	-	-	2,524,124
Restricted		5,092,629		566,866		1,624,455	3,063,693	-	1,463,299	-	50,333,873
Unassigned							 	(875,711)	 -	-	 (875,711)
Total fund balances		5,092,629		566,866		2,474,455	 4,737,817	 (875,711)	 1,463,299	 -	 51,982,286
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	5,092,629	\$	566,866	\$	2,474,455	\$ 5,452,496	\$ 4,749,572	\$ 2,193,702	\$ -	\$ 60,284,144

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Lighting, Landscape and Maintenance	Local Public	Development	Gas	Emergency Medical	Asset	Traffic
REVENUES	District	Safety	Fees	Tax	Services	Seizure	Safety
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 562,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes - special assessments	1,956,092	=	=	-	=	· -	-
Intergovernmental	-	534,611	-	3,465,446	138,815	10,812	-
Charges for services	-	-	1,375,537	-	-	-	-
Interest	38,602	55	80,652	11,436	(466)	1,599	-
Rental income	-	-	-	188,936	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	347,462
Miscellaneous	(20,322)						
Total revenues	1,974,372	1,096,946	1,456,189	3,665,818	138,349	12,411	347,462
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	18,971	-	-	-	-	-	79,165
Public safety	-	600,000	-	-	1,236,890	6,670	-
Public works	1,027,877	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Library	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	12,179				669		
Total expenditures	1,059,027	600,000			1,237,559	6,670	79,165
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	915,345	496,946	1,456,189	3,665,818	(1,099,210)	5,741	268,297
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	1,015,300	_	-
Operating transfers out	(25,652)	(311,973)	(619,898)	(2,694,733)	(8,112)		(250,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,652)	(311,973)	(619,898)	(2,694,733)	1,007,188		(250,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	889,693	184,973	836,291	971,085	(92,022)	5,741	18,297
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,289,327	555,455	15,783,535	1,247,937	152,424	118,441	22,760
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,179,020	\$ 740,428	\$ 16,619,826	\$ 2,219,022	\$ 60,402	\$ 124,182	\$ 41,057
							

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Vehicle Abatement	Recreation Parks	Cable	Municipal Art	Contributions & Donations	KDF Los Padres Dev Social Services	Measure X Transport Safety & Inv Plan
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,430	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes - special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	182,903	-	-		140	-	4,865,845
Charges for services	-	-	-	5,941	- (000)	1 527	25.007
Interest Rental income	-	-	-	-	(898)	1,527	35,987
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	- -	-	-	-	66,569	40,282	-
Total revenues	182,903		180,430	5,941	65,811	41,809	4,901,832
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	125,001	-	-	-	-
Public safety	228,856	-	-	-	10,025	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	16,736	-	-	140	3,828	-
Library	-	-	-	-	5,000	-	-
Capital outlay			61,201				
Total expenditures	228,856	16,736	186,202		15,165	3,828	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(45,953)	(16,736)	(5,772)	5,941	50,646	37,981	4,901,832
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in	50,000	-	-	-	-	_	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	(2,185)	-	(4,380,893)
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,000				(2,185)		(4,380,893)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,047	(16,736)	(5,772)	5,941	48,461	37,981	520,939
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	376,533	88,234	486,095	4,970	137,826	235,338	8,615,137
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 380,580	\$ 71,498	\$ 480,323	\$ 10,911	\$ 186,287	\$ 273,319	\$ 9,136,076

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	~	SB1 Road intenance & Rehab	 B1 Traffic ongestion Relief	Im	SRA Public nprovement Grant	A	Affordable Housing	a	Housing nd Urban evelopment Grant	Grants	CARES Act	 Total
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 742,710
Taxes - special assessments		-	-		-		-		-	-	-	1,956,092
Intergovernmental		3,007,359	-		-		-		6,137,593	3,855,007	2,002,977	24,201,508
Charges for services		-	-				-		-	4,328	-	1,385,806
Interest		23,229	2,521		7,393		13,720		931	-	-	216,288
Rental income		-	-		-		-		-	49,824	-	238,760
Fines and forfeits		-	-		-		-		-	-	-	347,462
Miscellaneous			 				111,995		888,566	 60,000	 -	 1,147,090
Total revenues		3,030,588	 2,521		7,393		125,715		7,027,090	 3,969,159	 2,002,977	 30,235,716
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		-	-		-		22,815		7,769,125	1,037,723	-	9,052,800
Public safety		-	-		-		-		-	866,298	-	2,948,739
Public works		-	-		-		-		-	10,723	-	1,038,600
Recreation		-	-		-		-		-	250,928	-	271,632
Library		-	-		-		-		-	33,746	-	38,746
Capital outlay			 						140,498	 908,956	 -	 1,123,503
Total expenditures		-	-				22,815		7,909,623	 3,108,374	 -	14,474,020
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,030,588	2,521		7,393		102,900		(882,533)	860,785	 2,002,977	15,761,696
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Operating transfers in		-	-		-		-		13,271	29,048	-	1,107,619
Operating transfers out		(542,377)	 -				(229,492)		(365,383)	 (3,016)	 (2,002,977)	 (11,436,691)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(542,377)	-		-		(229,492)		(352,112)	26,032	(2,002,977)	(10,329,072)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,488,211	 2,521		7,393		(126,592)		(1,234,645)	 886,817	 -	 5,432,624
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,604,418	564,345		2,467,062		4,864,409		358,934	576,482	 	46,549,662
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	5,092,629	\$ 566,866	\$	2,474,455	\$	4,737,817	\$	(875,711)	\$ 1,463,299	\$ -	\$ 51,982,286

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used for the accumulation and disbursement of financial resources that will be used to make principal and interest payments on general long-term debt. The debt service funds include the following debt issuances:

<u>COP 1999 & COP 2004 Consolidation (2014)</u> - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the 2014 Lease Purchase/Agreement that was issued on January 29, 2014 to refinance the portion of the 1999 Certificates of Participation that were used to finance the construction of the City Animal Shelter. Debt service for the Animal Shelter is used to finance the City's General Fund.

<u>2018 Lease-PS Building Police</u> - This fund is used to accumulate monies for the designing, permitting, constructing and equipping the new public safety building, including ancillary parking and related facilities, located at 312 E Alisal Street in Salinas. Salinas Public Safety Facilities Inc. (SPF) issued lease revenue bonds to finance the construction of the new building. Lease payments are made from the City's Measure G Funds.

<u>COP 2018B T.R.I.P. Total Rd Impv</u> - This fund is used to accumulate monies for the principal and interest payments for the Transportation Revenue COP Certificates issued to finance large scale street improvement projects. COPs will be secured by Measure X Revenues the City receives from the Transportation Agency of Monterey County (TAMC).

Energy Improvement Lease Fund - This fund is used to account for lease payments on debt incurred in fiscal year 2014-15 that funds the City's ongoing efforts to reduce energy consumption and to develop long-term cost savings through increased energy efficiency. The project will install LED lighting on street lights and parking lots in addition to building solar PV installations at the Hitchcock Road Animal Shelter, the Industrial Waste Treatment Plant, the Salinas Municipal Airport, the Permit Center, Sherwood Hall, and the Sewer Lift Station site off Work Street. The Funding came through a private placement in the amount of \$21,908,000. The Debt Service repayment will be over a 17 year period at an interest rate of 3.03%.

Certificates of Participation (2005 A & B) 2015 Refunding Fund - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of principal and interest on the 2005B Certificates of Participation. Proceeds were used to refund the Certificates of Participation 1997. The proceeds from the Certificates of Participation 1997 were used for capital improvements and to refund the Salinas Public Financing Authority's Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds that were used to purchase the 65 W. Alisal building. Debt service is financed from installment payments from the Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority (SVSWA) for the purchase of Crazy Horse Landfill and a lease on the 65 W. Alisal Building.

<u>2018 Lease-El Gabilan Library</u> - This fund is used to accumulate monies for the designing, permitting, constructing and equipping the El Gabilan Library expansion, including ancillary parking, located at 1400 N Main Street in Salinas. Salinas Public Safety Facilities, Inc. (SPF) issued lease revenue bonds to facilitate the construction of the El Gabilan Library. Lease payments are made from the City's Measure E Funds.

<u>2020A Refunding Energy</u> - This fund is used to account for the refunding of the 2014 Energy Improvement Lease and accumulate monies for the payment of principal and interest.

<u>2020A Refunding SVSWA</u> - for the refunding of the outstanding portion of the Certificates of Participation Series 2015B (1997 Capital Improvement Projects) and accumulate monies for the payment of principal and interest.

<u>Assessment District Administration Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of administering the City's assessment district bonds used to finance improvements within those districts. Funding is provided by an assessment equal to 5% of the assessment amount with a maximum \$16 levy per parcel per bond.

<u>Assessment District Reserve Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the reserves on outstanding assessment districts bonds.

<u>2019 Special Tax Bond Monte Bella</u> - This fund is used to accumulate monies for the principal and interest payments for the 2019 Special Tax Bonds to finance the acquisition and/or construction of certain public facilities and improvements within the Community Facilities District No. 2016-1 (Monte Bella) Area No. 1-3. The annual levy of special taxes on that area would be used to pay for principal and interest payments on the bonds.

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	COP 1999 & 2004 Consolidation (2014)		2018 Lease-PS Building Police		COP 2018B T.R.I.P. Total Rd Impv		Energy Improvement Lease		COP 2005 A & B 2015 Refunding		2018 Lease-El Gabilan Library	
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	398,661	\$	2,055	\$	1,140,966	\$	36,090	\$	87,234	\$	2,155
Receivables:												
Accrued interest		278		-		968		27		66		-
Restricted cash and investments		-		-				-		=		
Total assets	\$	398,939	\$	2,055	\$	1,141,934	\$	36,117	\$	87,300	\$	2,155
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,055	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,155
Due to other funds		_										
Total liabilities				2,055				-		-		2,155
FUND BALANCE												
Restricted		398,939		-		1,141,934		36,117		87,300		=
Unassigned		-						-		-		
Total fund balance		398,939				1,141,934		36,117		87,300		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	398,939	\$	2,055	\$	1,141,934	\$	36,117	\$	87,300	\$	2,155

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	2020A Refunding Energy		2020A Refunding SVSWA		Assessment District Administration		Assessment District Reserve		2019 Special Tax Bond Monte Bella			Total	
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	3,867	\$	5,234	\$	-	\$	1,842,353	\$	152,162	\$	3,670,777	
Receivables:													
Accrued interest		-		-		-		1,273		-		2,612	
Restricted cash and investments				-		-				619,329		619,329	
Total assets	\$	3,867	\$	5,234	\$		\$	1,843,626	\$	771,491	\$	4,292,718	
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,341	\$	15,551	
Due to other funds						2,178		-		5,280		7,458	
Total liabilities		-				2,178		-		16,621		23,009	
FUND BALANCE													
Restricted		3,867		5,234		-		1,843,626		754,870		4,271,887	
Unassigned		-		-		(2,178)		-		-		(2,178)	
Total fund balance		3,867		5,234		(2,178)		1,843,626		754,870		4,269,709	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,867	\$	5,234	\$		\$	1,843,626	\$	771,491	\$	4,292,718	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	COP 1999 & 2004 Consolidation (2014)	2018 Lease-PS Building Police	COP 2018B T.R.I.P. Total Rd Impv	Energy Improvement Lease	COP 2005 A & B 2015 Refunding	2018 Lease-El Gabilan Library	
REVENUES							
Taxes - special assessments Interest	\$ - 1,111	\$ - -	\$ - 15,255	\$ - 311	\$ - 434	\$ -	
Total revenues	1,111	-	15,255	311	434		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance cost	153,000 75,636	2,640,000 2,097,436	710,000 1,628,575	- - -	288	210,000 579,973	
Total expenditures	228,636	4,737,436	2,338,575	-	288	789,973	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(227,525)	(4,737,436)	(2,323,320)	311	146	(789,973)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Refunding bond proceeds Premium on refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Operating transfers in	- - -	- - - 4,739,701	- - - 2,338,575	- - - -	- - - -	- - - 792,443	
Total other financing sources		4,739,701	2,338,575			792,443	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(227,525)	2,265	15,255	311	146	2,470	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	626,464	(2,265)	1,126,679	35,806	87,154	(2,470)	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 398,939	\$ -	\$ 1,141,934	\$ 36,117	\$ 87,300	\$ -	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	2020A Refunding Energy		Assessment District Administration	Assessment District Reserve	2019 Special Tax Bond Monte Bella	Total
REVENUES						
Taxes - special assessments Interest	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 8,465	\$ 339,612 68	\$ 339,612 25,644
Total revenues				8,465	339,680	365,256
EXPENDITURES Current:					54.650	54.650
General government Debt service:	-	-	-	-	54,659	54,659
Principal retirement	540,000	580,000	-	_	50,000	4,883,000
Interest and fiscal charges	455,906	112,836	-	-	224,987	5,175,637
Bond issuance cost	334,488	89,720	-	-	160,519	584,727
Total expenditures	1,330,394	782,556			490,165	10,698,023
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,330,394)	(782,556)		8,465	(150,485)	(10,332,767)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Refunding bond proceeds	16,190,000	4,440,000	-	-	-	20,630,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued	3,230,127	561,244	-	-	-	3,791,371
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(19,081,771)	(4,906,289)	-	-	-	(23,988,060)
Operating transfers in	995,905	692,835			402,870	9,962,329
Total other financing sources	1,334,261	787,790			402,870	10,395,640
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,867	5,234	-	8,465	252,385	62,873
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR			(2,178)	1,835,161	502,485	4,206,836
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,867	\$ 5,234	\$ (2,178)	\$ 1,843,626	\$ 754,870	\$ 4,269,709

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for major capital acquisition and construction activities. The Capital Projects Funds used by the City in this report are as follows:

<u>Special Aviation Fund</u> - This fund accounts for federal and state airport grants. Funds are used to reimburse the Capital Projects Fund for airport capital expenditures.

<u>Assessment District Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for bond proceeds from assessment districts used for capital improvements. Funds are used to reimburse the Capital Projects Fund for assessment district capital project expenditures.

<u>2019 Spec Tax Bond Monte Bella</u> - This fund accounts for bond proceeds from assessments from the Monte Bella District for Capital Improvements. Funds are used to reimburse the Capital Projects Fund for Monte Bella District Capital Project Expenditures.

<u>Capital Projects</u> - This fund accounts for all capital project expenditures. Funds are transferred in from various other funds after expenditures are made. This revolving fund was established with \$2,000,000 and is used to advance capital project expenditures prior to reimbursement of Federal, State, and other construction grants and bond financing.



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CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Aviation		ssessment District Project	9 Spec Tax ond Monte Bella	Capital Projects	Total		
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	1,227,358	\$	416,288	\$ 5,982	\$ 2,000,000	\$	3,649,628	
Receivables, net:									
Accrued interest		849		292	596	-		1,737	
Due from outside agencies		420,412		-	-	-		420,412	
Due from other funds		-		-	-	2,080,093		2,080,093	
Restricted cash and investments		-			 237,672	 		237,672	
Total assets	\$	1,648,619	\$	416,580	\$ 244,250	\$ 4,080,093	\$	6,389,542	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	392,853	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,080,093	\$	2,472,946	
Due to other funds		-			 214,310			214,310	
Total liabilities		392,853			 214,310	2,080,093	1	2,687,256	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenues - grants		388,729		-	-	 		388,729	
Total deferred inflows of resources		388,729		-		 		388,729	
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted		867,037		416,580	29,940	-		1,313,557	
Committed		-		_	 _	2,000,000		2,000,000	
Total fund balance		867,037		416,580	29,940	 2,000,000		3,313,557	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$	1,648,619	\$	416,580	\$ 244,250	\$ 4,080,093	\$	6,389,542	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

		Special Aviation		Assessment District Project		9 Spec Tax and Monte Bella	Cap	ital Projects	Total	
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	531,043	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	531,043
Interest		6,461		1,972		6,610				15,043
Total revenues	-	537,504		1,972		6,610				546,086
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		1,403,476		1,403,476
Public safety		-		-		-		593,988		593,988
Public works		-		-		-		6,151,757		6,151,757
Recreation		-		-		-		16,482		16,482
Library		-		-		-		158,641		158,641
Capital outlay		472,293		-		1,977,885		266,820		2,716,998
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		1,002,528		1,002,528
Interest and fiscal charges								140,454		140,454
Total expenditures		472,293				1,977,885		9,734,146		12,184,324
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		65,211		1,972		(1,971,275)		(9,734,146)		(11,638,238)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Loan proceeds		-		-		2,937,947		-		2,937,947
Operating transfers in		-		-		(0.60, 0.62)		9,734,146		9,734,146
Operating transfers out				-		(960,062)				(960,062)
Total other financing sources (uses)						1,977,885		9,734,146		11,712,031
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		65,211		1,972		6,610		-		73,793
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		801,826		414,608		23,330		2,000,000		3,239,764
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	867,037	\$	416,580	\$	29,940	\$	2,000,000	\$	3,313,557

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Risk Management Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's risk management program which administers employee benefits and the Internal Service Funds insurance programs.

<u>General Insurance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for city-wide safety programs, employee assistance programs, unemployment claims, biennial physical exams, and insurance for property, fine arts, and reimbursable damages.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's self-insured workers compensation program.

<u>General Liability Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's self-insured general liability insurance program.

<u>Fleet Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the inspection, maintenance, and repair of all the City's vehicles and equipment.



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COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	N	Risk Ianagement	General Insurance	Workers General Compensation Liability		Fleet Maintenance		Total	
ASSETS						-			
Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,942,516	\$ 2,839,252	\$	7,825,367	\$ 2,490,564	\$	1,233,917	\$ 16,331,616
Receivables, net									
Excess insurance receivable		-	-		-	-		-	-
Accrued interest		-	-		5,530	1,962		-	7,492
Due from general fund			 		16,831,462	 -			 16,831,462
Total current assets		1,942,516	 2,839,252		24,662,359	 2,492,526		1,233,917	 33,170,570
Noncurrent Assets:									
Restricted cash and investments					264,632	129,459			394,091
Total noncurrent assets		=	=		264,632	129,459		-	394,091
Total assets		1,942,516	 2,839,252		24,926,991	 2,621,985		1,233,917	 33,564,661
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Related to pensions		-	-		29,885	58,962		236,654	325,501
Related to OPEB		-	-		12,121	30,222		59,101	101,444
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	-		42,006	89,184		295,755	426,945
Total assets and deferred outflows		1,942,516	2,839,252		24,968,997	2,711,169		1,529,672	33,991,606
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		-	23,369		7,305	17,134		83,206	131,014
Insurance claims payable		-	-		24,873,941	3,157,700		-	28,031,641
Long term debt - due within one year		-	 -		745	 7,733		19,767	 28,245
Total current liabilities			 23,369		24,881,991	 3,182,567		102,973	 28,190,900
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Long term debt - due in more than one year		-	-		2,978	30,932		79,068	112,978
Net pension liability		-	-		120,294	237,336		952,597	1,310,227
Net OPEB liability		-	 -		47,587	 118,650		232,026	398,263
Total noncurrent liabilities			 		170,859	 386,918		1,263,691	 1,821,468
Total liabilities			 23,369		25,052,850	 3,569,485		1,366,664	 30,012,368
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Related to pensions		-	-		1,008	1,988		7,976	10,972
Related to OPEB		-	-		8,949	22,314		43,635	74,898
Total deferred inflows			 		9,957	 24,302		51,611	 85,870
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
Restricted		-	-		-	-		-	-
Unrestricted		1,942,516	 2,815,883		(93,810)	 (882,618)		111,397	 3,893,368
Total net position (deficit)	\$	1,942,516	\$ 2,815,883	\$	(93,810)	\$ (882,618)	\$	111,397	\$ 3,893,368

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Risk Management		General Insurance	Workers mpensation	General Liability	M	Fleet aintenance	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					 			
Charges for services	\$	500	\$ 276,946	\$ 8,673,931	\$ 262,552	\$	1,712	\$ 9,215,641
Total operating revenues		500	276,946	8,673,931	262,552		1,712	9,215,641
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel services		-	-	253,332	389,341		1,257,957	1,900,630
Contractual services		-	11,456	323,041	87,361		138,991	560,849
Supplies		-	-	-	-		691,171	691,171
Insurance		-	441,347	305,109	1,003,055		-	1,749,511
Insurance claims		-	-	8,908,373	(157,432)		-	8,750,941
Other		_	541,347	-			25,856	567,203
Total operating expenses		_	 994,150	 9,789,855	 1,322,325		2,113,975	 14,220,305
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		500	 (717,204)	 (1,115,924)	 (1,059,773)		(2,112,263)	 (5,004,664)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income		-	 	 37,739	13,840			 51,579
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		_	 _	 37,739	 13,840		_	 51,579
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE								
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		500	(717,204)	(1,078,185)	(1,045,933)		(2,112,263)	(4,953,085)
Transfers in				1,000,000	2,661,300		1,995,400	5,656,700
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		500	 (717,204)	(78,185)	 1,615,367		(116,863)	 703,615
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,942,016	 3,533,087	(15,625)	 (2,497,985)		228,260	 3,189,753
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$	1,942,516	\$ 2,815,883	\$ (93,810)	\$ (882,618)	\$	111,397	\$ 3,893,368

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Risk Management Fund		General Insurance Fund		Workers Compensation Fund		General Liability Fund		Fleet Maintenance Fund			Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:												
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	500	\$	276,946	\$	8,673,931	\$	262,552	\$	1,712	\$	9,215,641
Payments to Suppliers		-		(977,783)		(628,150)		(1,090,416)		(849,394)		(3,545,743)
Payments to Employees		-		-		(157,194)		(401,785)		(956,266)		(1,515,245)
Payments to Claimants				<u>-</u>		(4,042,778)		(3,228,413)				(7,271,191)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		500	-	(700,837)	-	3,845,809		(4,458,062)		(1,803,948)	-	(3,116,538)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:												
Operating Transfers In		<u>-</u>		-		(2,449,899)		2,661,300		1,995,400		2,206,801
Net Cash Provided by												
Non-capital Financing Activities				<u> </u>		(2,449,899)		2,661,300		1,995,400		2,206,801
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:												
Interest received		-		-		37,739		13,840		-		51,579
Increase in fair value of LAIF investments						12,854		8,098				20,952
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities						50,593		21,938				72,531
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		500		(700,837)		1,446,503		(1,774,824)		191,452		(837,206)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,942,016		3,540,089		6,643,496		4,394,847		1,042,465		17,562,913
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,942,516	\$	2,839,252	\$	8,089,999	\$	2,620,023	\$	1,233,917	\$	16,725,707

CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	M	Risk anagement Fund		General Insurance Fund		Workers ompensation Fund		General Liability Fund	N	Fleet Iaintenance Fund		Total
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position												
Ending cash and cash equivalents - statement of cash flows Less amounts reported in restricted cash and investments	\$	1,942,516	\$	2,839,252	\$	8,089,999 (264,632)	\$	2,620,023 (129,459)	\$	1,233,917	\$	16,725,707 (394,091)
Cash and cash equivalents - statement of net position	\$	1,942,516	\$	2,839,252	\$	7,825,367	\$	2,490,564	\$	1,233,917	\$	16,331,616
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	500	\$	(717,204)	\$	(1,115,924)	\$	(1,059,773)	\$	(2,112,263)	\$	(5,004,664)
	Ф	300	.	(717,204)	<u> </u>	(1,113,924)	<u> </u>	(1,039,773)	- P	(2,112,203)	<u> </u>	(3,004,004)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to												
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						(20.005)		cc 01c		10.000		40,422
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pension		-		-		(29,885)		66,016		13,302		49,433
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - OPEB		-		-		(7,862)		(19,911)		(37,359)		(65,132)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-		16,367		1,175		2,577		14,083		34,202
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims		-		-		4,865,595		(3,385,845)		15.712		1,479,750
Increase (decrease) in accrued leave		-		-		1,151 120,294		19,327 (101,880)		15,713 274,165		36,191 292,579
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		-		-		120,294		31,403		48,048		91,001
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension		-		-		1,008		(7,495)		(10,987)		(17,474)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB		-		-		(1,293)		(2,481)		` ' '		` ' '
` '		<u>-</u>					-		-	(8,650)		(12,424)
Total Adjustments to Net Income				16,367		4,961,733		(3,398,289)		308,315		1,888,126
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	500	\$	(700,837)	\$	3,845,809	\$	(4,458,062)	\$	(1,803,948)	\$	(3,116,538)

Fiduciary Funds

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

The private-purpose trust funds accounts for assets and activities of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency, which is accounted for in the Successor Agency Trust, and other trust arrangement not otherwise reported in a pension trust.

Successor Agency -

RORF - This fund accounts for all the financial activities of the Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund (RORF) related to the former Redevelopment Project Area in accordance with AB 1x26 and AB 1484 which unwind the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Salinas.

Administration – This fund accounts for the administrative activities of the Successor Agency to the former Salinas Redevelopment Agency which was dissolved on February 1, 2012 in accordance with AB 1x26 (enacted June 28, 2011).

Other Private Purpose Trust Funds – These funds are used to account for other trust arrangements not properly reported in a pension trust fund under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The City accounts for the following trust funds: Community Center, Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA) Fees, Sales Tax, Payroll Taxes, Developer Deposits, Evidence Room, Construction Bonds, Monterey County Tourism Improvement District, Leadership Salinas, and miscellaneous.



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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Successor Agency Trust								
	0	levelopment bligation rement Fund	Admi	inistration		Total Sucessor gency Trust	Other Private Purpose Trust		Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	3,092,840	\$	14,624	\$	3,107,464	\$	1,098,115	\$ 4,205,579
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent		1,640,648		-		1,640,648		-	1,640,648
Receivables									
Accounts		-		-		-		7,653	7,653
Interest		1,127		-		1,127		-	1,127
Loans and notes receivable		173,900		-		173,900		-	173,900
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		149,270		-		149,270			149,270
Total assets		5,057,785		14,624		5,072,409		1,105,768	 6,178,177
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		-		92		92		201,682	201,774
Interest payable		703,145		-		703,145		-	703,145
Deposits		-		-		-		55,186	55,186
Long term debt									
Due within one year		293,487		-		293,487		-	293,487
Due in more than one year		1,795,798		_		1,795,798			1,795,798
Total liabilities		2,792,430		92		2,792,522		256,868	 3,049,390
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Future ROPS		2,167,683		10,000		2,177,683			2,177,683
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,167,683		10,000		2,177,683			2,177,683
NET POSITION Restricted for:									
Individuals and organizations		97,672		4,532		102,204		848,900	 951,104
Total net position	\$	97,672	\$	4,532	\$	102,204	\$	848,900	\$ 951,104

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	(development Obligation rement Fund	A dmir	nistration		Total Sucessor ency Trust	Other Private Purpose Trust		Total
ADDITIONS	Keu	rement rund	Aum	instration	Ag	gency Trust	<u>rurj</u>	Jose Trust	 10tai
Taxes	\$	4,993,062	\$	10,000	\$	5,003,062	\$	_	\$ 5,003,062
Contributions									
Private contributions		-		-		-		1,062,508	1,062,508
Investment earnings									
Interest		74,953				74,953		<u>-</u> _	74,953
Total additions		5,068,015		10,000		5,078,015		1,062,508	6,140,523
DEDUCTIONS									
Expenses		1,270,810		5,322		1,276,132		139,358	1,415,490
Payments on behalf of trustees		-		-		-		651,826	651,826
Contribution to other agencies		3,427,846		-		3,427,846		_	3,427,846
Total deductions		4,698,656		5,322		4,703,978		791,184	5,495,162
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		369,359		4,678		374,037		271,324	645,361
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) BEGINNING OF YEAR		(271,687)		(146)		(271,833)		577,576	 305,743

4,532 \$

102,204

848,900 \$

951,104

97,672

END OF YEAR

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds operate as a clearing mechanism. Cash resources are collected, held for a brief period and then distributed to the proper recipients. The City has a fiduciary responsibility for the assets, which it does not own outright.

<u>Business Improvements District Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the business license surcharged assessment imposed on Alisal businesses, and are used to promote and revitalize the business district. Expenditures are determined by the districts' Board of Directors and approved by the City Council.

<u>Flexible Spending</u> - This fund is used to account for revenues resulting of employee concessions contributions used to reduce the cost of medical, vision and dental health insurance premiums.

<u>Cafeteria Plan</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's Cafeteria Plan for unreimbursed medical and dependent care payments (Flexible Spending Account) operated under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. Pre-tax monies are deducted from employees in accordance with their Salary Redirection Agreements and used to reimburse employees for qualified unreimbursed medical and dependent care expenses after obtaining approval from the City's cafeteria plan administrator.

<u>Downtown Community Benefit District</u> - This fund accounts for the property assessment generated revenues imposed on the Downtown Community Benefit District. The concept is that eventually the Downtown Community Benefit District will grow and receive revenues from multiple sources within a defined boundary that can among other things, including entrepreneurial activities, special mandate, are not be excluded, and no exemptions for not-for-profit entities are being considered. It can be governed by a 501(c)3 non-profit corporation, merging the existing energies in Downtown into just one organization, rather than the 501(c)6 BID and the OSA Foundation. It can receive grants and donations, and merge these with more assessments that are powerful.



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CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Impr	SUBA Business Improvement District		Flexible Spending		Cafeteria Plan		Downtown Community Benefit District		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	518	\$	131,988	\$	1	\$	5,034	\$	137,541
Receivables										
Accounts				140,461		_		_		140,461
Total assets		518		272,449		1		5,034		278,002
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable				195,395		_		5,034		200,429
Total liabilities		_		195,395		_		5,034		200,429
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
Individuals and organizations		518		77,054		1				77,573
	\$	518	\$	77,054	\$	1	\$		\$	77,573

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ADDITIONS	Impr	Business covement istrict		Flexible pending	Cafeto Pla		Con	vntown nmunity it District	 Total
ADDITIONS Contributions									
Contributions			Φ.	•00 =00			Φ.		****
Plan members	\$	-	\$	289,782	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 289,782
Assessments collected for other governments		488		-				464,111	464,599
Total additions		488		289,782		_		464,111	754,381
DEDUCTIONS									
Expenses		-		7,500		-		-	7,500
Benefit payments		-		290,946		-		-	290,946
Assessments disbursed to other governments		-		-		-		464,111	464,111
Total deductions		_		298,446		-		464,111	762,557
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		488		(8,664)		_			(8,176)
NET POSITION									
BEGINNING OF YEAR		30		85,718		1			85,749
END OF YEAR	\$	518	\$	77,054	\$	1	\$		\$ 77,573
NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	30	\$	85,718	\$	1 1	\$		\$ 8

GENERAL, MEASURE E, & MEASURE G FUNDS



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CITY OF SALINAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL, MEASURE E, & MEASURE G FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General]	Measure E	I	Measure G	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 24,712,081	\$	6,995,906	\$	20,918,683	\$ 52,626,670
Receivables, net						
Taxes	10,296,449		3,073,632		6,158,362	19,528,443
Accounts	304,226		-		-	304,226
Accrued interest	54,120		4,534		14,796	73,450
Due from outside agencies	75,000		-		-	75,000
Due from other funds	7,076,357		-		-	7,076,357
Advances to other funds	6,985,000					6,985,000
Total assets	\$ 49,503,233	\$	10,074,072	\$	27,091,841	\$ 86,669,146
LIABILITIES	 _		_		_	 _
Accounts payable	\$ 3,821,348	\$	472,848	\$	608,749	\$ 4,902,945
Deposits	10,856		-		-	10,856
Due to other funds	16,931,997		237		327,572	17,259,806
Total liabilities	 20,764,201		473,085		936,321	 22,173,607
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	7,060,000		-		-	7,060,000
Committed	1,149,699		248,454		947,449	2,345,602
Assigned	12,023,848		309,259		12,746,768	25,079,875
Unassigned	 8,505,485		9,043,274		12,461,303	 30,010,062
Total fund balance	28,739,032		9,600,987		26,155,520	64,495,539
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$ 49,503,233	\$	10,074,072	\$	27,091,841	\$ 86,669,146

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL, MEASURE E, & MEASURE G FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General		Measure E	I	Measure G		Total
REVENUES		-	_				
Taxes	\$ 99,025,621	\$	15,042,746	\$	30,232,358	\$	144,300,725
Licenses and permits	812,083		-		-		812,083
Intergovernmental	1,557,920		-		-		1,557,920
Charges for services	4,833,230		-		-		4,833,230
Interest	303,375		17,417		95,788		416,580
Rental income	418,772		-		-		418,772
Fines and forfeits	275,938		-		-		275,938
Miscellaneous	865,714		24,563		_		890,277
Total revenues	 108,092,653	-	15,084,726		30,328,146		153,505,525
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	26,669,650		402,146		1,344,574		28,416,370
Public safety	63,027,025		4,164,403		12,108,276		79,299,704
Public works	9,870,642		773,718		1,058,249		11,702,609
Recreation	782,803		1,040,353		824,280		2,647,436
Library	-		4,166,610		-		4,166,610
Capital outlay	 349,550		77,264		173,063		599,877
Total expenditures	 100,699,670		10,624,494		15,508,442		126,832,606
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 7,392,983	1	4,460,232		14,819,704	-	26,672,919
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in	5,396,486		700,000		-		6,096,486
Operating transfers out	 (11,380,376)		(991,345)		(11,313,166)	-	(23,684,887)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,983,890)		(291,345)		(11,313,166)		(17,588,401)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,409,093		4,168,887		3,506,538		9,084,518
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	27,329,939		5,432,100		22,648,982		55,411,021
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 28,739,032	\$	9,600,987	\$	26,155,520	\$	64,495,539



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